

Adult Sentencing Guidelines Manual – 2003 –

STATE OF WASHINGTON



SENTENCING GUIDELINES COMMISSION

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USE OF THIS MANUAL

The Adult Sentencing Guidelines Manual provides comprehensive information for criminal justice practitioners, public officials and citizens on adult felony sentencing in the state of Washington. This manual offers specific guidance on how to determine the appropriate standard sentence range for an offense by identifying the seriousness level of the offense and by “scoring” the offender’s criminal history. This manual also lists and describes all current sentencing options, addresses reviews, modifications, discharges of sentences, as well as vacating conviction records. As an aid to judges, prosecutors, defense attorneys and other criminal justice professionals, this manual also includes forms for use in “scoring” an offender’s criminal history.

Adult felony sentencing in Washington is governed by the Sentencing Reform Act (SRA) of 1981, RCW Chapter 9.94A, as amended. This manual includes the text of the SRA, commentaries to amendments to the SRA and a digest of recent appellate and Supreme Court decisions interpreting and affecting the meaning of the SRA prepared by the Office of Attorney General of Washington. Persons interested in a comprehensive legal analysis of the SRA are advised to read *Sentencing in Washington*, by David Boerner (Butterworth Legal Publishers) and the 1996 supplement to *Washington Practice Volume 13A: Criminal Law*, by Seth Aaron Fine (West Publishing Co.).

This edition of the Manual has been updated to reflect amendments to the SRA enacted during the 2003 legislative session. Earlier editions of this manual should be retained for reference on offenses committed prior to the effective dates of the recently enacted legislation.

The Commission staff acknowledges those who assisted in the publication of this latest edition of the Manual. Contributors include the members of the Commission, chaired by David Boerner, who provided support and leadership; the staff of the Office of the Code Reviser, who assisted in identifying statutory changes; and the staff of the Office of the Attorney General who updated the applicable appellate case law. The Commission also appreciates the suggestions for improvements and additions to the Manual received throughout the year from attorneys, judges and criminal justice professionals. We always welcome suggestions for making the Manual easier to use.

Copies of the FY1996 through FY2002 Adult Sentencing Guidelines Manuals are available electronically on the Commission’s website at:

<http://www.sgc.wa.gov>

Comments or suggestions related to this Manual or to any other Commission publications should be directed to:

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INTRODUCTION

Adult offenders who committed felonies on or after July 1, 1984 are subject to the provisions of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1981, as amended (SRA). The goal of Washington's sentencing system, which is based on a determinate sentencing model and eliminates parole and probation, is to ensure that offenders who commit similar crimes and have similar criminal histories receive equivalent sentences. The enabling legislation, RCW Section 9.94A *et seq.*, contains guidelines and procedures used by courts to impose sentences that apply equally to offenders in all parts of the state, without discrimination as to any element that does not relate to the crime or to a defendant's previous criminal record. The SRA guides judicial discretion by providing presumptive sentencing ranges for the courts to follow. The ranges are structured so that offenses involving greater harm to a victim and to society result in greater punishment. Sentences that depart from the standard presumptive ranges must be based upon substantial and compelling reasons and may be appealed by either the prosecutor or the defendant.

The Sentencing Guidelines Commission developed the initial guidelines and continues to advise the Legislature on necessary adjustments. The Commission is composed of twenty voting members; sixteen appointed by the Governor. Those sixteen appointed members include: four Superior Court judges; two defense attorneys; two elected county prosecutors; four citizens (one of whom is a victim of crime or a crime victims' advocate); one juvenile court administrator; one elected city official; one elected county official; and the chief of a local law enforcement agency. Four voting members serve in an *ex-officio* capacity to their state positions: the Secretary of the Department of Corrections; the Director of the Office of Financial Management; the Assistant Secretary of the Department of Social and Health Services' Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration; and the Chair of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board. The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate each appoint two nonvoting members from their respective chamber, one from each of the two largest caucuses in each body.

In order to carry out its mandate, the Commission relies upon the cooperation and assistance of the superior court clerks of all 39 counties in the state. The clerks transmit copies of Judgment and Sentence forms issued in all adult felony convictions to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission. Commission staff extract data from the forms relating to the crime, the offender, the sentencing judge, the sentence, and alternatives to incarceration, where applicable, and enter the information into a computerized database. Using this database the Commission produces and distributes descriptive reports on actual sentences and analyzes the effects of changes in the law on prison and jail populations.

The Commission database is also the source of information used in preparation of annual statistical summaries of sentencing practices and other reports and studies related to felony sentencing in the state. Please direct questions about the guidelines, requests for notice of public meetings or copies of the minutes of Commission meetings or any other Commission publication, to the Commission office.

SECTION I - SENTENCING GUIDELINES

This section explains the rules for applying the sentencing guidelines to **felony crimes committed after June 30, 1984**, including changes enacted by the 2003 regular session of the Legislature. The instructions cover the following:

- Offense Seriousness Level
- Offender Score
- Standard Sentence Range
- Sentencing Options
- Review of Sentences
- Penalty and Modification Hearing
- Discharge and Vacation of Conviction Record

DETERMINING THE OFFENSE SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

The offense of *conviction* determines the offense seriousness level.

The seriousness level is measured on the vertical axis of the sentencing guidelines grid (See Table 1, page I-2). Felony non-drug offenses are divided into 16 seriousness levels ranging from low (Level I) to high (Level XVI). RCW 9.94A.510, 515 and 517 list the crimes included within each seriousness level (Table 2, page I-3).

The 1990 Legislature amended the sentencing grid for the first time, adding a new seriousness level and changing the penalties for Level XI. The 1997 Legislature changed the standard ranges at Level XIII. The 1999 Legislature subsequently restored the original standard ranges in Level XIII and modified the standard ranges in Level XIV. Crimes committed between July 27, 1997 and July 24, 1999 should be scored according to the 1997 sentencing grid, and crimes committed on or after July 25, 1999 should be scored according to the 1999 sentencing grid. This edition of the Manual includes the grids applicable to offenses committed after July 24, 1999 as well as the 2002 and 2003 changes to the list of offense ranked on the adult felony sentencing grid. Previous versions of the grid can be found in Appendix D.

Some felonies, those rarely charged or recently created by the Legislature, are not included in the Seriousness Level table and are referred to as “unranked.” Sentences for unranked felonies are entered without reference to the grid’s standard sentence ranges and do not require sentence calculations. The sentencing options for unranked felonies are described on page I-20.

**TABLE 1
SENTENCING GRID
FOR CRIMES COMMITTED AFTER JULY 24, 1999**

SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
XVI	Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty									
XV	23y 4m 240 – 320	24y 4m 250 – 333	25y 4m 261 – 347	26y 4m 271 – 361	27y 4m 281 – 374	28y 4m 291 – 388	30y 4m 312 – 416	32y 10m 338 – 450	36y 370 – 493	40y 411 – 548
XIV	14y 4m 123 – 220	15y 4m 134 – 234	16y 2m 144 – 244	17y 154 – 254	17y 11m 165 – 265	18y 9m 175 – 275	20y 5m 195 – 295	22y 2m 216 – 316	25y 7m 257 – 357	29y 298 – 397
XIII	12y 123 – 164	13y 134 – 178	14y 144 – 192	15y 154 – 205	16y 165 – 219	17y 175 – 233	19y 195 – 260	21y 216 – 288	25y 257 – 342	29y 298 – 397
XII	9y 93 – 123	9y 11m 102 – 136	10y 9m 111 – 147	11y 8m 120 – 160	12y 6m 129 – 171	13y 5m 138 – 184	15y 9m 162 – 216	17y 3m 178 – 236	20y 3m 209 – 277	23y 3m 240 – 318
XI	7y 6m 78 – 102	8y 4m 86 – 114	9y 2m 95 – 125	9y 11m 102 – 136	10y 9m 111 – 147	11y 7m 120 – 158	14y 2m 146 – 194	15y 5m 159 – 211	17y 11m 185 – 245	20y 5m 210 – 280
X	5y 51 – 68	5y 6m 57 – 75	6y 62 – 82	6y 6m 67 – 89	7y 72 – 96	7y 6m 77 – 102	9y 6m 98 – 130	10y 6m 108 – 144	12y 6m 129 – 171	14y 6m 149 – 198
IX	3y 31 – 41	3y 6m 36 – 48	4y 41 – 54	4y 6m 46 – 61	5y 51 – 68	5y 6m 57 – 75	7y 6m 77 – 102	8y 6m 87 – 116	10y 6m 108 – 144	12y 6m 129 – 171
VIII	2y 21 – 27	2y 6m 26 – 34	3y 31 – 41	3y 6m 36 – 48	4y 41 – 54	4y 6m 46 – 61	6y 6m 67 – 89	7y 6m 77 – 102	8y 6m 87 – 116	10y 6m 108 – 144
VII	18m 15 – 20	2y 21 – 27	2y 6m 26 – 34	3y 31 – 41	3y 6m 36 – 48	4y 41 – 54	5y 6m 57 – 75	6y 6m 67 – 89	7y 6m 77 – 102	8y 6m 87 – 116
VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 – 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 – 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
V	9m 6 – 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 – 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
IV	6m 3 – 9	9m 6 – 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 – 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
III	2m 1 – 3	5m 3 – 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 – 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
II	0 - 90 Days	4m 2 – 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 – 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
I	0 - 60 Days	0 – 90 Days	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 – 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
XVI	Life/Death	Aggravated Murder 1° (RCW 10.95.020)
XV	240 - 320	Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) Malicious Explosion 1° (RCW 70.74.280(1)) Murder 1° (RCW 9A.32.030)
XIV	123 - 220	Murder 2° (RCW 9A.32.050)
XIII	123 - 164	Malicious Explosion 2° (RCW 70.74.280(2)) Malicious Placement of an Explosive 1° (RCW 70.74.270(1))
XII	93 - 123	Assault 1° (RCW 9A.36.011) Assault of a Child 1° (RCW 9A.36.120) Malicious Placement of an Imitation Device 1° (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a)) Rape 1° (RCW 9A.44.040) Rape of a Child 1° (RCW 9A.44.073)
XI	78 - 102	Manslaughter 1° (RCW 9A.32.060) Rape 2° (RCW 9A.44.050) Rape of a Child 2° (RCW 9A.44.076)
X	51 - 68	Child Molestation 1° (RCW 9A.44.083) Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a)) Kidnapping 1° (RCW 9A.40.020) Leading Organized Crime (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a)) Malicious Explosion 3° (RCW 70.74.280(3)) Manufacture of Methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)) Over 18 and Deliver Heroin, Methamphetamine, a Narcotic from Schedule I or II, or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18 (RCW 69.50.406) Sexually Violent Predator Escape (RCW 9A.76.115)
IX	31 - 41	Assault of a Child 2° (RCW 9A.36.130) Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 69.50.415) Explosive Devices Prohibited (RCW 70.74.180) Hit and Run—Death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a)) Homicide by Watercraft by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug (RCW 79A.60.050) Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b)) Malicious Placement of an Explosive 2° (RCW 70.74.270(2)) Over 18 and Deliver Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or a Nonnarcotic, except Flunitrazepam or Methamphetamine, from Schedule I-V to Someone Under 18 and 3 Years Junior (RCW 69.50.406)

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
		Robbery 1° (RCW 9A.56.200) Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040) Vehicular Homicide, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug (RCW 46.61.520)
VIII	21 - 27	Arson 1° (RCW 9A.48.020) Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)) Homicide by Watercraft by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner (RCW 79A.60.050) Manslaughter 2° (RCW 9A.32.070) Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)) Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)) Possession of Ephedrine or any of its Salts or Isomers or Salts of Isomers, Pseudoephedrine or any of its Salts or Isomers or Salts of Isomers, Pressurized Ammonia Gas, or Pressurized Ammonia Gas Solution with intent to manufacture methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.440) Promoting Prostitution 1° (RCW 9A.88.070) Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) Any Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.410) Theft of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.010) Vehicular Homicide, by the Operation of Any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner (RCW 46.61.520)
VII	15 - 20	Burglary 1° (RCW 9A.52.020) Child Molestation 2° (RCW 9A.44.086) Civil Disorder Training (RCW 9A.48.120) Dealing in Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct (RCW 9.68A.050) Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045) Homicide by Watercraft by Disregard for the Safety of Others (RCW 79A.60.050) Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(b) and (c)) Introducing Contraband 1° (RCW 9A.76.140) Involving a Minor in Drug Dealing (RCW 69.50.401(f)) Malicious Placement of an Explosive 3° (70.74.270(3)) Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (Except When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
		Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct (RCW 9.68A.060) Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° (RCW 9.41.040(1)(a)) Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony (RCW 9.41.225) Vehicular Homicide, by Disregard for the Safety of Others (RCW 46.61.520)
VI	12+ - 14	Bail Jumping with Murder 1° (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(a)) Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010) Incest 1° (RCW 9A.64.020(1)) Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160) Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW 9A.72.110, RCW 9A.72.130)0 Malicious Placement of an Imitation Device 2° (RCW 70.74.272.(1)(b)) Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule I or II (Except Heroin or Cocaine) or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)) Rape of a Child 3° (RCW 9A.44.079) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300) Unlawful Storage of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.020)
V	6 - 12	Abandonment of a Dependent Person 1° (RCW 9A.42.060) Advancing Money or Property for Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.030) Bail Jumping with Class A Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(b)) Child Molestation 3° (RCW 9A.44.089) Criminal Mistreatment 1° (RCW 9A.42.020) Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1° (RCW 9A.44.160) Delivery of Imitation Controlled Substance by Person Eighteen or Over to Person Under Eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2)) Domestic Violence Court Order Violation (RCW 10.99.040, 10.99.050, 26.09.300, 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070 or 74.34.145) Extortion 1° (RCW 9A.56.120) Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020) Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040) Incest 2° (RCW 9A.64.020(2)) Kidnapping 2° (RCW 9A.40.030) Perjury 1° (RCW 9A.72.020) Persistent Prison Misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310) Rape 3° (RCW 9A.44.060) Rendering Criminal Assistance 1° (RCW 9A.76.070) Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1° (RCW 9A.44.093) Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
		Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110) Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1° (RCW 9A.56.070(1))
IV	3 - 9	Arson 2° (RCW 9A.48.030) Assault 2° (RCW 9A.36.021) Assault by Watercraft (RCW 79A.60.060) Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100) Cheating 1° (RCW 9.46.1961) Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060) Counterfeiting (9.16.035(4)) Endangerment With a Controlled Substance (RCW 9A.42.100) Escape 1° (RCW 9A.76.110) Hit and Run - Injury (RCW 46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run with Vessel, Injury Accident (RCW 79A.60.200(3)) Identity Theft 1 (RCW 9.35.020(2)(a)) Indecent Exposure to Person Under Age Fourteen (Subsequent Sex Offense) (RCW 9A.88.010) Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070) Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(2)) Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080) Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii) through (v)) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025) Robbery 2° (RCW 9A.56.210) Theft of Livestock 1° (RCW 9A.56.080) Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160) Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2)) Vehicular Assault, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner (RCW 46.61.522) Willful Failure to Return from Furlough (RCW 72.66.060)
III	1 – 3	Abandonment of a Dependent Person 2° (RCW 9A.42.070) Assault 3° (RCW 9A.36.031) Assault of a Child 3° (RCW 9A.36.140) Bail Jumping with Class B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(c)) Burglary 2° (RCW 9A.52.030) Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120) Criminal Mistreatment 2° (RCW 9A.42.030) Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100) Delivery of a Material in Lieu of a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.401(c)) Escape 2° (RCW 9A.76.120)

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
		Extortion 2° (RCW 9A.56.130)
		Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
		Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW 9A.76.180)
		Introducing Contraband 2° (RCW 9A.76.150)
		Maintain a Dwelling or Place for Controlled Substances (RCW 69.50.402(a)(6))
		Malicious Injury to Railroad Property (RCW 81.60.070)
		Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))
		Manufacture, Distribute, or Possess with Intent to Distribute an Imitation Controlled Substance (RCW 69.52.030(1))
		Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100)
		Perjury 2° (RCW 9A.72.030)
		Possession of Incendiary Device (RCW 9.40.120)
		Possession of Machine Gun or Short Barreled Shotgun or Rifle (RCW 9.41.190)
		Promoting Prostitution 2° (RCW 9A.88.080)
		Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(1))
		Securities Act Violation (RCW 21.20.400)
		Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
		Telephone Harassment (Subsequent Conviction or Threat of Death) (RCW 9.61.230)
		Theft of Livestock 2° (RCW 9A.56.080)
		Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
		Unlawful Possession of Firearm 2° (RCW 9.41.040(1)(b))
		Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes (RCW 69.53.010)
		Vehicular Assault, by the Operation or driving of a Vehicle with Disregard for the Safety of Others (RCW 46.61.522)
		Willful Failure to Return from Work Release (RCW 72.65.070)
II	0 - 3	Computer Trespass 1° (RCW 9A.52.110)
		Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(3))
		Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.401(b))
		Escape from Community Custody (RCW 72.09.310)
		Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
		Identity Theft 2° (RCW 9.35.020(2)(b))
		Improperly Obtaining Financial Information (RCW 9.35.010)
		Malicious Mischief 1° (RCW 9A.48.070)
		Possession of Controlled Substance that is Either Heroin or Narcotics from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(d))
		Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW 69.50.401(d))
		Possession of Stolen Property 1° (RCW 9A.56.150)
		Theft 1° (RCW 9A.56.030)
		Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (Valued at \$1,500 or More) (RCW 9A.56.096(4))

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

Level	Standard Range* (Months)	Offense
		Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW 48.30A.015) Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180) Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
I	0 - 2	Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024) False Verification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055) Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020) Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403) Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020) Malicious Mischief 2° (RCW 9A.48.080) Possess Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Phencyclidine or Flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(d)) Possession of Stolen Property 2° (RCW 9A.56.160) Reckless Burning 1° (RCW 9A.48.040) Taking Motor Vehicle without Permission 2° (RCW 9A.56.070(2)) Theft 2° (RCW 9A.56.040) Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (Valued at \$250 or More but Less than \$1,500) (RCW 9A.56.096(4)) Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW 9A.56.060) Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140 (2) and (3)) Vehicle Prowl 1° (RCW 9A.52.095)

*The standard range listed is for an offender score of zero.

DETERMINING THE OFFENDER SCORE

Offender score, one factor affecting a felony sentence, is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing guidelines grid. An offender may receive from 0 to 9+ points on that axis. In general, the number of points an offender receives depends on five factors: (1) the number of prior felony criminal convictions; (2) the relationship between any prior offense(s) and the current offense of conviction; (3) the presence of multiple prior or current convictions; (4) the offender's community placement status at the time the crime was committed; and (5) the length of the offender's crime-free behavior between offenses.

CRIMINAL HISTORY COLLECTION

Pursuant to RCW 9.94A.030(13), criminal history includes the defendant's prior adult convictions state and federal, and juvenile court dispositions. In some instances, the effect of criminal history is related to the felony class of the crime (Class A, Class B or Class C). Appendix B contains a list of felony offenses by class and an explanation of how to determine the class of a felony.

Adult Criminal History

The Criminal Justice Information Act (RCW 10.98) established the Washington State Patrol Identification and Criminal History Section (the Section) as the primary source of information on state felony conviction histories. After filing charges, prosecutors contact the Section for an offender's Washington criminal history. The Act directs judges to ensure that felony defendants are fingerprinted and that arrest and fingerprint forms are transmitted to the Washington State Patrol (RCW 10.98.050(2)). Prosecutors obtain out-of-state or federal criminal history information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or other appropriate sources.

An offender's criminal history consists almost exclusively of *felony* convictions. A conviction is defined as a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty or an acceptance of a plea of guilty. A prior conviction is defined as one existing before the date of the sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed are deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.589.

RCW 9.94A.030 provides that when the information is available, criminal history should include the length and terms of any probation and/or incarceration. This information is often collected as part of the Pre-sentence Investigation Report.

Juvenile Criminal History

All felony dispositions in juvenile court must be counted as criminal history for purposes of adult sentencing, except under the general "wash-out" provisions that apply to adult offenses. Juvenile offenses sentenced on the same day must be counted separately unless they constitute the "same criminal conduct" as defined in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a) or unless the date of the offenses were prior to July 1, 1986.

Although juvenile records generally are sealed, RCW 13.50.050(10) provides that after a charge has been filed, juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal

proceeding shall be released upon request to the prosecution and defense counsel, subject to the rules of discovery. An adult felony charge nullifies the sealing of a juvenile record. (RCW 13.50.050(16)).

"Wash Out" of Certain Prior Felonies

The rules governing which prior convictions are included in the offender score can be found in RCW 9.94A.525(2) and are summarized as follows:

- Prior Class A and felony sex convictions are always included in the offender score.
- Prior Class B (juvenile or adult) felony convictions other than sex offenses are *not* included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or since the entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without having been convicted of any crime.
- Prior Class C (juvenile or adult) felony convictions other than sex offenses are *not* included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or since the entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without having been convicted of any crime.
- Prior (juvenile or adult) serious traffic convictions are *not* included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or since the entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five years in the community without having been convicted of any crime.

The Sentencing Reform Act permits vacating records of conviction under certain conditions and provides that vacated convictions "shall not be included in the offender's criminal history for purposes of determining a sentence in any subsequent conviction." RCW 9.94A.640. Vacation of conviction record does not affect or prevent the use of an offender's prior conviction in a later criminal prosecution.

The eligibility rules for vacation of conviction record are similar to the "wash-out" rules. Because the washout rules are automatic and do not require court action, an offense will "wash out" before formal record vacation occurs. (The main distinction between vacation of record of conviction and "wash-out" is that, after vacation, an offender may indicate on employment forms that he or she was not convicted of that crime.)

Federal, Out-of-state or Foreign Convictions

In order for a prior federal, out-of-state or foreign conviction to be included in an offender's history and thereby affect the offender score, the elements of the offense in other jurisdictions must be compared with Washington State laws. (RCW 9.94A.525(3)). In instances where the foreign conviction is not clearly comparable to an offense under Washington State law, or where the offense is usually considered a felony subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense is scored as a Class C felony equivalent.

SCORING CRIMINAL HISTORY

Once relevant prior convictions are identified, the criminal history portion of the offender score may be calculated. The rules for scoring prior convictions are contained in RCW 9.94A.525. It should be noted that the scoring rules for some offenses are calculated differently, depending upon the category of the offense. (*See RCW 9.94A.525*). To make application of these rules easier, the offense reference sheets and scoring forms found in Section III of this Manual specify the correct number of points for prior convictions depending on the current offense. The forms are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules. A thorough understanding of the criminal history rules is important in order to use these forms correctly and to perform calculations not covered by the forms.

General consideration should also be given to often-applicable exceptions to general scoring rules. For instance, misdemeanors generally are not included in offender score calculations. An exception exists where the current conviction is for a felony traffic offense.¹ In such cases, serious traffic offenses² are included in the offender score. Additionally, with present convictions of anticipatory offenses (criminal attempt, solicitation or conspiracy) prior convictions of felony anticipatory offenses count the same and are scored as if they were convictions for completed offenses. *See RCW 9.94A.525(4)-(6)*.

An exception should also be noted for convictions with a finding of sexual motivation. A finding of sexual motivation changes the underlying offense to a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(38), changing the scoring rules and influencing the sentence options. This scoring rule only applies to crimes committed on or after July 1, 1990. *See RCW 9.94A.525 (16)*.

SCORING MULTIPLE CURRENT CONVICTIONS

Multiple convictions may also influence the offender score. For multiple current offenses, separate sentence calculations are necessary for *each* offense because the law requires that each receive a separate sentence (RCW 9.94A.589), unless the offenses are ruled the same criminal conduct (RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a)).

Multiple Offense Scoring Steps:

- (A) If the current offenses do *not* include two or more serious violent offenses³ arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct, apply RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a):
- Calculate the score for *each* offense.

¹ Vehicular Homicide, Vehicular Assault, Hit-and-Run Injury Accident and Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle.

² RCW 9.94A.030(36) provides: "Serious traffic offense" means: (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

³ RCW 9.94A.030(37) provides: "'Serious violent offense' is a subcategory of violent offense and means: (a) Murder 1°, Homicide by Abuse, Murder 2°, Assault 1°, Kidnapping 1°, Rape 1°, Manslaughter 1°, Assault of a Child 1°, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection."

- For each offense, score the prior adult and juvenile convictions. Also, score the other current offenses on the scoring form line entitled "Other Current Offenses."
 - The court may find that some or all of the current offenses encompass the same criminal conduct⁴ and are to be counted as one crime.
 - In cases of Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault with multiple victims, offenses against each victim may be charged as separate offenses, even if the victims occupied the same vehicle. The resulting multiple convictions need not be scored as constituting the same criminal conduct.
 - Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed are scored as "other current offenses" (*See RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a)*).
- (B) If the current offenses include two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct conduct, apply RCW 9.94A.589(1)(b):
- Calculate the score for *each* offense.
 - Identify the serious violent offense with the *highest* seriousness level. Calculate the sentence for that crime using the offender's prior adult and juvenile convictions. Do not include any other current serious violent offenses as part of the offender score, but do include other current offenses that are not serious violent offenses.
 - Score all remaining serious violent current offenses, calculating the sentence for the crime using an offender score of *zero*.
 - For any current offenses that are not serious violent offenses, score according to the rules in (A) above.
- (C) If the current offenses include Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and one, or both, of the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, score according to the rules in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c).

Example: Assume that an offender is convicted of one count of First Degree Theft and one count of Forgery with both offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct and that the offender's criminal history consisted of one conviction for Second Degree Burglary. In this case, the rules in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a) apply, and the theft and forgery must be separately scored. The prior burglary and the current forgery are included in the offender score for the theft, resulting in an offender score of two and a sentence range of three to nine months. The prior burglary and the current theft are included in the offender score for the forgery, resulting in an offender score of two and a sentence range of two to five months. The sentence for each offense should run concurrently.

Example: Assume that an offender is convicted of one count of Second Degree Theft and one count of Second Degree Possession of Stolen Property in a circumstance where both counts encompassed the same criminal conduct, and that the offender had no criminal history. In this case, the other current offense is not counted in the offender score because under RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a) where current offenses are found to encompass the same criminal conduct, those current offenses shall be

⁴ RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a) provides: "... 'Same criminal conduct'... means...two or more crimes that require the same criminal intent, are committed at the same time and place, and involve the same victim." Cases involving vehicular homicide or vehicular assault need not be considered same criminal conduct.

counted as one crime. Therefore, the theft and possession would both be scored with offender scores of zero, with a sentence range for each crime of 0 to 60 days. The sentence for each offense run concurrently.

Example: Assume that an offender is convicted of two counts of First Degree Kidnapping and one count of First Degree Assault. These offenses, constitute serious violent offenses. Assume further that these offenses arose from separate and distinct criminal conduct and that the offender's criminal history consists of one Third Degree Assault conviction. The scoring for this offender follows the rules in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(b). First, the crime with the highest seriousness level must be identified and scored. Since First Degree Assault is more serious (Level XII) than First Degree Kidnapping (Level X), that offense is scored by counting the prior Third Degree Assault as part of the adult criminal history. This calculation results in an offender score of one and a sentence range of 102 to 136 months. Next, the First Degree Kidnapping convictions are scored using a criminal history of zero. These calculations result in two sentence ranges of 51 to 68 months. The three sentences run *consecutively*.

Example: Assume an offender is convicted on one count of Third Degree Assault, with a criminal history consisting of adult convictions for Second Degree Theft and Forgery and one adjudication of Second Degree Assault as a juvenile. Pursuant to RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), the prior Second Degree Theft and Forgery are included in the offender score as one point each, and the juvenile Second Degree Assault also scores as one point, resulting in an offender score of three points. The sentence range is 9 to 12 months.

SCORING OFFENDER STATUS WHILE ON COMMUNITY PLACEMENT

The offender score also reflects whether the offense was committed while the offender was under community placement. An additional point is added to the offender score for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1988 while the offender was on community placement. RCW 9.94A.525(17).

DETERMINING THE STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE

SENTENCING GRID

Once the offense seriousness level has been determined and the offender score has been calculated, the presumptive standard sentence range may be identified.

The standard sentence range is established by referring to the sentencing grid (RCW 9.94A.510, .515, and .517, Table 1, page I-2). For each current offense, the intersection of the column defined by the offender score and the row defined by the offense seriousness level determines the standard sentence range. Alternatively, the same range is identified for individual offenses on the offense reference sheets in Section III of this Manual. In those cases where the presumptive sentence exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the crime, the statutory maximum sentence is the presumptive sentence (RCW 9.94A.599), as shown on the offense reference sheets in Section III of this Manual.

Sentences for drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2003 should be calculated and entered in accordance with the grid set forth in Table ____

Sentences for certain non-drug crimes committed on or after July 1, 2002 should be calculated and entered in accordance with the grid and offenses listed at each seriousness level as set forth in Tables 1 and 2 in this Manual.

Sentences for crimes committed on or after July 25, 1999, and not affected by the 2002 amendments to the SRA, should be determined by reference to Tables 1 and 2 in this Manual.

Sentences for crimes committed on or after July 27, 1997 and before July 25, 1999, should be determined by reference to Sentencing Grid C in Appendix D.

Sentences for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1990 and before July 27, 1997, should be determined by reference to Sentencing Grid B in Appendix D.

Sentences for crimes committed prior to July 1, 1990, should be determined by reference to Sentencing Grid A in Appendix D.

ANTICIPATORY OFFENSES (Non-VUCSA Attempts, Conspiracies and Solicitations)

The standard sentence range for persons convicted of an anticipatory offense (criminal attempt, solicitation or conspiracy) is 75 percent of the standard sentence range of the completed offense, determined by using the offender score and offense seriousness level. RCW 9.94A.595. For aid in calculating the range, refer to the anticipatory offense grid reproduced in the following Table 3.

TABLE 3
ANTICIPATORY OFFENSE GRID
(75% of the standard sentence range for completed offenses in months)
(Does not apply to attempts or conspiracies to violate the
Uniform Controlled Substance Act)

Seriousness Level	LOW END OF RANGE (in months)									
	Offender Score									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9/more
XV	180.00	187.50	195.75	203.25	210.75	218.25	234.00	253.50	227.50	308.25
XIV	92.25	100.50	108.00	115.50	123.75	131.25	146.25	162.00	192.75	223.50
XIII	92.25	100.50	108.00	115.50	123.75	131.25	146.25	162.00	192.75	223.50
XII	69.75	76.50	83.25	90.00	96.75	103.50	121.50	133.50	156.75	180.00
XI	58.50	64.50	71.25	76.50	83.25	90.00	109.50	119.25	138.75	157.50
X	38.25	42.75	46.50	50.25	54.00	57.75	73.50	81.00	96.75	111.75
IX	23.25	27.00	30.75	34.50	38.25	42.75	57.75	65.25	81.00	96.75
VIII	15.75	19.50	23.25	27.00	30.75	34.50	50.25	57.75	65.25	81.00
VII	11.25	15.75	19.50	23.25	27.00	30.75	42.75	50.25	57.75	65.25
VI	9.00	11.25	15.75	19.50	23.25	27.00	34.50	42.75	50.25	57.75
V	4.50	9.00	9.75	11.25	16.50	24.75	30.75	38.25	46.50	54.00
IV	2.25	4.50	9.00	9.75	11.25	16.50	24.75	32.25	39.75	47.25
III	0.75	2.25	3.00	6.75	9.00	12.75	16.50	24.75	32.25	38.25
II	0.00	1.50	2.25	3.00	9.00	10.50	12.75	16.50	24.75	32.25
I	0.00	0.00	1.50	1.50	2.25	3.00	9.00	10.50	12.75	16.50

Seriousness Level	HIGH END OF RANGE (in months)									
	Offender Score									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9/more
XV	240.00	249.75	260.25	270.75	280.50	291.00	312.00	337.50	369.75	411.00
XIV	165.00	175.50	183.00	190.50	198.75	206.25	221.25	237.00	267.75	297.75
XIII	123.00	133.50	144.00	153.75	164.25	174.75	195.00	216.00	256.50	297.75
XII	92.25	102.00	110.25	120.00	128.25	138.00	162.00	177.00	207.75	238.50
XI	76.50	85.50	93.75	102.00	110.25	118.50	145.50	158.25	183.75	210.00
X	51.00	56.25	61.50	66.75	72.00	76.50	97.50	108.00	128.25	148.50
IX	30.75	36.00	40.50	45.75	51.00	56.25	76.50	87.00	108.00	128.25
VIII	20.25	25.50	30.75	36.00	40.50	45.75	66.75	76.50	87.00	108.00
VII	15.00	20.25	25.50	30.75	36.00	40.50	56.25	66.75	76.50	87.00
VI	10.50	15.00	20.25	25.50	30.75	36.00	45.75	56.25	66.75	76.50
V	9.00	10.50	12.75	15.00	21.75	32.25	40.50	51.00	61.50	72.00
IV	6.75	9.00	10.50	12.75	15.00	21.75	32.25	42.75	52.50	63.00
III	2.25	6.00	9.00	9.00	12.00	16.50	21.75	32.25	42.75	51.00
II	2.25	4.50	6.75	9.00	10.50	13.50	16.50	21.75	32.25	42.75
I	1.50	2.25	3.75	4.50	6.00	9.00	10.50	13.50	16.50	21.75

Note: The "low end" indicates the bottom end of the standard range, and the "high end" category indicates the top of the range. Determine the Seriousness Level and Offender Score; then find the low end of the range from the first grid and the high end from the second.

ATTEMPTS, CONSPIRACIES AND SOLICITATIONS TO VIOLATE THE UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT (“VUCSA” OFFENSES)

The calculation of sentences stemming from anticipatory VUCSA offenses (RCW 69.50) presents different challenges than calculating sentences for anticipatory offenses arising under the criminal code.

An attempt or conspiracy to commit a drug offense is specifically addressed in RCW 69.50.407, which provides that such offenses are punishable by "...imprisonment or fine or both which may not exceed the maximum punishment prescribed for the offense..." The appellate courts have consistently held that for VUCSA offenses, RCW 69.50.407 takes precedence over RCW 9A.28. Although current statute and case law should be reviewed for definitive guidance in this area, the following summarizes current sentencing practices:

An attempt or conspiracy to commit a drug offense is typically sentenced as an “unranked” offense (0-12 months). In *State v. Mendoza*, the Court of Appeals held that since “ a conspiracy conviction under RCW 69.50.407 has no sentencing directions from the Legislature, it is punished under the unspecified crimes provisions of RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b).” 63 Wn. App. 373 (1991).

A *solicitation* to commit a drug offense is not specifically addressed in RCW 69.50. It is usually charged under RCW 9A.28 and sentenced under RCW 9.94A.510(2) at 75 percent of the standard range. Solicitations to commit VUCSA offenses are not considered “drug offenses”, but do score as such and are subject to the multiple “scoring” requirement. See RCW 9.94A.525(4), (6) and *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P. 3d 1201 (2000).

Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

A solicitation to commit a Class C felony is a gross misdemeanor under RCW 9A.28.

FELONY TRAFFIC ENHANCEMENT

The 1998 Legislature added a two-year enhancement to the presumptive sentence for Vehicular Homicide while Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, under RCW 46.61.502. A two-year enhancement is added for *each prior offense* as defined in RCW 46.61.505⁵. The enhancement portion is subject to earned release time.

⁵ RCW 46.61.505(11): A “prior offense” means any of the following:

- (i) A conviction of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or equivalent local ordinance;
- (ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance;
- (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- (v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or RCW 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or RCW 46.61.522;
- (vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this subsection if committed in this state;
- (vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, RCW 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance; or
- (viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522; and

DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT

For specified crimes, when a court makes a finding of fact or when a jury returns a special verdict finding that the accused or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon⁶ at the time of the commission of the crime, the sentence must be enhanced, increased.

The deadly weapon sentence enhancement also applies to anticipatory offenses, which include attempts, conspiracies and solicitations to commit a crime. (RCW 9.94A.510(3), (4). Additional time under a deadly weapon enhancement is added to the sentence *after* it has been calculated based on the particular seriousness level and the offender score (RCW 9.94A.530), and after the range adjustment for any anticipatory offense (if appropriate).

Initiative 159, "Hard Time for Armed Crime," was passed during the 1995 legislative session and became effective for offenses committed after July 23, 1995. This initiative increased penalties and expanded the range of crimes eligible for weapon enhancements. Enhancements apply to all felonies except where the use of a firearm is an element of the offense (Possession of a Machine Gun, Possession of a Stolen Firearm, Drive-by Shooting, Theft of a Firearm, Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First and Second Degrees and Use of a Machine Gun in a Felony). Weapon enhancements for firearms differ from enhancements for deadly weapons other than firearms. For scoring, see page III-18 and III-19 for the weapon enhancement scoring forms, including for offenses committed prior to July 24, 1995. If the presumptive standard range sentence exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence becomes the presumptive sentence, unless the offender is a persistent offender, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(32). The 1998 Legislature required that if the firearm enhancement or the deadly weapon enhancement increases a sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced. As a result, in such a case the underlying sentence must be reduced so that the total confinement time does not exceed the statutory maximum. This takes effect for crimes committed on or after June 11, 1998.

Figure 1 outlines the weapon enhancements for each type of offense and offender:

Figure 1. Weapon Enhancements*

FIREARM ONLY		
Class	First Offense	Repeat Offender**
A	60 Months	120 Months
B	36 Months	72 Months
C	18 Months	36 Months

(b) "Within seven years" means that the arrest for a prior offense occurred within seven years of the arrest for the current offense

⁶ RCW 9.94A.602 provides: Deadly Weapon means "...an implement or instrument which has the capacity to inflict death and from the manner in which it is used, is likely to produce or may easily and readily produce death. The following instruments are included in the term deadly weapon: Blackjack, sling shot, billy, sand club, sandbag, metal knuckles, any dirk, dagger, pistol, revolver, or any other firearm, any knife having a blade longer than three inches, any razor with an unguarded blade, any metal pipe or bar used or intended to be used as a club, any explosive, and any weapon containing poisonous or injurious gas."

OTHER DEADLY WEAPON

Class	First Offense	Repeat Offender**
A	24 Months	48 Months
B	12 Months	24 Months
C	6 Months	12 Months

*All firearm and other deadly weapon enhancements are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other additional firearm or other deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under RCW 9.94A.510.

** To be sentenced as a repeat offender, the offense with a weapon finding must have occurred after July 23, 1995.

If an offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the firearm enhancement and other enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a firearm enhancement.

DRUG-RELATED ENHANCEMENTS

Enhancements to the presumptive range are required for certain drug offenses that occur in a protected zone (RCW 9.94A.510(6)) or in correctional facilities (RCW 9.94A.510(5)).

Protected Zone

If an offender is sentenced for committing certain drug offenses in a protected zone, 24 months are added to the presumptive sentence, and the maximum imprisonment and fine are doubled (RCW 69.50.435).⁷ Protected zones include the following:

- Schools or school buses;
- 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop or a school ground perimeter;
- Public parks;
- Public transit vehicles or public transit stops;
- Civic centers or public housing projects designated as a drug-free zone by the local governing authority; or
- 1,000 feet of the perimeter of a facility designated as a civic center, if the local governing authority specifically designates the 1,000-foot perimeter.

When a convicted drug offender is subject to both RCW 69.50.435 (which doubles the maximum sentence that may be imposed for a drug offense committed in or near a public place or facility as specified by the statute) and RCW 9.94A.510(3) (which mandates enhanced sentences for offenses committed while armed with a firearm), the maximum sentence for the firearm enhancement should

⁷ Drug offenses include violations of RCW 69.50.401(a): manufacturing, selling, delivering, or possessing with intent to manufacture, sell or deliver a controlled substance; and RCW 69.50.410: Selling for profit any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marijuana.

equal the statutory maximum for the offenses as doubled by RCW 69.50.435. *State v. Barajas*, 88 Wn. App 387 (1997).

Presence of a Child

When an offender is convicted of the manufacture of a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.401, (a) relating to the manufacture of methamphetamine; or (b) possession of ephedrine or pseudo-ephedrine with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, and there was a special allegation proven that the offender committed the crime when a person under the age of eighteen was present in or upon the premises of the manufacture, then 24 months are added to the presumptive sentence.

Correctional Facility

If an offender or an accomplice committed certain violations of the Uniform Controlled Substance Act (VUCSA) while in a county jail or state correctional facility, the following additional time is added to the presumptive sentence range:

Figure 2. VUCSA Offense Enhancements in a Correctional Facility

Crime	Enhancement
Manufacture, Deliver, Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine	18 Months
Manufacture, Deliver, Possess with Intent to Deliver Schedule I or II Narcotics (Except Heroin or Cocaine) or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	18 Months
Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) Any Controlled Substance	18 Months
Deliver or Possess with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine	18 Months
Manufacture of Methamphetamine	18 Months
Manufacture, Deliver, Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine	18 Months
Manufacture, Deliver, Possess with Intent to Deliver Schedule III-V Narcotics or Schedule I-V Nonnarcotic (Except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine or Flunitrazepam)	15 Months
Manufacture, Deliver, Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana	15 Months
Possession of Controlled Substance that is either Heroin or Narcotics from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	12 Months
Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP)	12 Months
Possession of a Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Phencyclidine)	12 Months

DETERMINING THE SENTENCING OPTIONS

The sentencing options available to a court vary depending on the offender's criminal history and the crime(s) of conviction. The court must impose a determinate sentence⁸ in every case.

The following sections examine the standard sentence range, alternative sentencing options and supervision in the community. Sentencing options include the First-time Offender Waiver (FTOW), the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA), the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (SSOSA), Work Ethic Camp (WEC), Work Crew, sentence enhancements, home detention and other alternatives. Please refer to the individual offense reference sheets in Section III of this Manual for the sentencing options available for individual felonies.

TERMS OF CONFINEMENT

STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE

The sentencing grid prescribes the standard sentence range for the most commonly charged felonies. RCW 9.94A.599 provides that if the presumptive sentence duration given in the sentencing grid exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence.

The ranges in the sentencing grid are expressed in terms of total confinement. A term of confinement of one year and one day (12+), or a sentence under the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative, is to be served in a state facility or institution. In addition, any sex offense sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712 of one year or less will be served in a state facility or institution. A term of one year or less (other than those described above) is to be served in a county facility unless, when combined with other felony terms, the total time to be served exceeds one year (RCW 9.94A.190). A court may convert total confinement sentences to partial confinement or community service (see the discussion of alternative conversions, page I-35) for some offenders. Offenders who have received a sentence greater than one year, and who also have received another sentence less than one year, are required to serve the entire period of time in a state institution.

“UNRANKED” CRIMES

Offenders convicted of “unranked crimes,” crimes without an established seriousness level, are not subject to standard sentence ranges. In such cases, courts are required to impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement and may also include community service, legal financial obligations, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year and/or a fine. Orders of confinement longer than one year constitute exceptional sentences, which must be justified in writing. (RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b)).

⁸ RCW 9.94A.030(17) provides: "...a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. . ."

PERSISTENT OFFENDERS

Voters approved Initiative 593 ("Three Strikes and You're Out") in 1993. The law, which became effective on December 2, 1993, established the penalty of life in prison without the possibility of release for "persistent offenders." The life sentence applies to both "Three Strikes" and "Two Strikes" offenders.

"Three Strikes"

The original "Three Strikes" legislation defined a "persistent offender" as an offender who is convicted of a "most serious offense" and who has at least two prior convictions for most serious offenses that would be included in the offender score under 9.94A.525. In order to be applicable to the three strikes statute, the first prior conviction must have occurred before the second prior conviction offense was committed. A "most serious offense" is defined as any of a list of enumerated offenses. (*See RCW 9.94A.030(28)*). The definition includes any Class B felony committed with sexual motivation and any felony committed with a deadly weapon.

"Two Strikes"

The definition of persistent offender also includes "Two Strike" sex offenders. To qualify as a persistent sex offender, an offender must have two separate convictions of specified sex offenses. The 1997 Legislature broadened the list of offenses that qualify as strikes under the "Two Strike" law. The specific offenses qualifying as "Two Strikes" are enumerated in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b) and include: a) Rape First Degree, Rape Second Degree, Indecent Liberties by Forcible Compulsion, Rape of a Child First Degree (where the offender was age 16 or older at the time of the offense) Rape of a Child Second Degree (where the offender was 18 or older at the time the offense), Child Molestation in the First Degree; or b) Murder First Degree, Murder Second Degree, Kidnapping First Degree, Kidnapping Second Degree, Assault First Degree, Assault Second Degree, Burglary First Degree, Homicide by Abuse or Assault of a Child in the First Degree with a finding of sexual motivation; or c) an attempt to commit any of the crimes listed above. An offender convicted of one of these offenses, who has at least one previous conviction for one of these offenses, must be sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of release.

NONPERSISTENT SEX OFFENDERS

During the 2001 Second Special Session, the Legislature enacted 3ESSB 6151 – The Management of Sex Offenders in the Civil Commitment and Criminal Justice Systems. Any offender, who is not a persistent offender, who is sentenced for any one of the offenses enumerated in RCW 9.94A.712(1)(a)(i) or (ii), or an attempt to commit any of those offenses, or is convicted of any sex offense, except failure to register, and has a prior conviction for a "two-strike" offense under RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), must be sentenced to an indeterminate term. This sentencing rule does not apply to offenders seventeen years old or younger at the time of the offense and who have been convicted of rape of a child in the first degree, rape of a child in the second degree or child molestation in the first degree.

A "6151" sentence must contain a minimum term of confinement that falls within the standard range, according to the seriousness level of the offense and the offender score, and a maximum term

equaling the statutory maximum sentence for the offense. The minimum term may also constitute an exceptional sentence as provided by RCW 9.94A.535. Sixty-one fifty one offenders are eligible for earned release pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728; given the opportunity of receiving sex offender treatment while incarcerated; and are eligible for the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative as provided in RCW 9.94A.670. Additionally, all sentences under this provision must be served in prison, regardless of the sentence length.

Offenders sentenced under “6151” fall under the purview of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board through the maximum term of the sentence. Those released from prison will be supervised by the Department of Corrections and will remain on community custody through the maximum term of the sentence.

EXCEPTIONAL SENTENCES

The standard sentence range is presumed to be appropriate for the *typical* felony case. The SRA, at RCW 9.94A.535, however, provides that the court "may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

An exceptional sentence must be for a determinate term and cannot exceed the statutory maximum for the crime. In the case of the five crimes with statutory mandatory minimum sentences (Aggravated First Degree Murder, First Degree Murder, First Degree Assault, First Degree Assault of a Child and First Degree Rape), an exceptional sentence cannot include a term less than the mandatory minimum term of confinement (RCW 10.95.030 and RCW 9.94A.540). Accordingly, persistent offenders sentenced to life in prison are not eligible for exceptional sentences (RCW 9.94A.570).

Before imposing a sentence outside a standard range, the court must set forth the reasons for the decision in written Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law (RCW 9.94A.535). The same requirement applies when the court departs from the consecutive/concurrent policy in RCW 9.94A.589(1) and (2). Exceptional sentences may be appealed to the Court of Appeals by the defendant or by the prosecutor.

RCW 9.94A.535 provides an illustrative list of factors the court may consider in deciding whether to impose an exceptional sentence. These mitigating and aggravating circumstances for exceptional sentences are provided as examples and are not intended to be exclusive reasons for departures:

Mitigating Circumstances for Exceptional Sentences

- To a significant degree, the victim was an initiator, willing participant, aggressor, or provoker of the incident.
- Before detection, the defendant compensated, or made a good faith effort to compensate, the victim of the criminal conduct for any damage or injury sustained.
- The defendant committed the crime under duress, coercion, threat, or compulsion insufficient to constitute a complete defense, but which significantly affected his or her conduct.

- The defendant, with no apparent predisposition to do so, was induced by others to participate in the crime.
- The defendant's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the requirements of the law was significantly impaired (voluntary use of drugs or alcohol is excluded).
- The offense was principally accomplished by another person, and the defendant manifested extreme caution or sincere concern for the safety or well being of the victim.
- The operation of the multiple offense policy of RCW 9.94A.589 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly excessive in light of the purpose of the Sentencing Reform Act, as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.
- The defendant or the defendant's children suffered a continuing pattern of physical or sexual abuse by the victim of the offense, and the offense is a response to that abuse.

Aggravating Circumstances for Exceptional Sentences

- The defendant's conduct during the commission of the current offense manifested deliberate cruelty to the victim.
- The defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance due to extreme youth, advanced age, disability or ill health.
- The current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses, so identified by a consideration of any of the following factors:
 - (a) The current offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim;
 - (b) The current offense involved attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense;
 - (c) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning, or occurred over a lengthy period of time; or
 - (d) The defendant used his or her position of trust, confidence or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the commission of the current offense.
- The current offense was a major violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (VUCSA, RCW Chapter 69.50), related to trafficking in controlled substances, which was more onerous than the typical offense of its statutory definition. The presence of any of the following may identify an offense as a major VUCSA offense:
 - (a) The current offense involved at least three separate transactions in which controlled substances were sold, transferred, or possessed with intent to do so;
 - (b) The current offense involved an attempted or actual sale or transfer of controlled substances in quantities substantially larger than for personal use;
 - (c) The current offense involved the manufacture of controlled substances for use by other parties;
 - (d) The circumstances of the current offense reveal the offender to have occupied a high position in the drug distribution hierarchy;

- (e) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning, or occurred over a lengthy period of time, or involved a broad geographic area of disbursement; or
 - (f) The offender used his or her position or status to facilitate the commission of the current offense, including positions of trust, confidence or fiduciary responsibility (e.g., pharmacist, physician or other medical professional).
- The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW 9.94A.835.
 - The offense was part of an ongoing pattern of sexual abuse of the same victim under the age of 18 years, manifested by multiple incidents over a prolonged period of time.
 - The current offense involved domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020 and one or more of the following was present:
 - (a) The offense was part of an ongoing pattern of psychological, physical, or sexual abuse of the victim manifested by multiple incidents over a prolonged period of time;
 - (b) The offense occurred within sight or sound of the victim's or offender's minor children under the age of eighteen years; or
 - (c) The offender's conduct during the commission of the current offense manifested deliberate cruelty or intimidation of the victim.
 - The operation of the multiple offense policy of RCW 9.94A.589 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient in light of the purpose of the Sentencing Reform Act, as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.
 - The defendant's prior un-scored misdemeanor or prior un-scored foreign criminal history results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient in light of the purpose of the Sentencing Reform Act as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.
 - The current offense was a violent offense, and the defendant knew that the victim of the current offense was pregnant.
 - The offense resulted in the pregnancy of a child rape victim.
 - The defendant knew that the victim of the current offense was a youth who was not residing with a legal custodian and the defendant established or promoted the relationship for the primary purpose of victimization.

CONSECUTIVE AND CONCURRENT SENTENCES

RCW 9.94A.589 sets forth several rules regarding consecutive and concurrent sentences. Generally, sentences for multiple offenses set at one sentencing hearing are served concurrently unless there are two or more separate serious violent offenses or weapon offenses. In those cases, the sentences are served consecutively. In some cases, the decision to run the sentences consecutively or concurrently is discretionary, but in others, a departure from the policy requires an exceptional sentence. The specific rules are as follows:

Sentencing Persons Convicted of Multiple Offenses

Except for convictions of two or more separate serious violent offenses, deadly weapon enhancements and certain firearm-related sentences, all sentences for multiple offenses are served concurrently. (*See* RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a)). Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed are deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.589.

Multiple Serious Violent Offenses

In the case of two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct, the sentences for these serious violent offenses are served consecutively to each other and concurrently with any other sentences imposed for current offenses (RCW 9.94A.589(1)(b)). A departure from this rule requires an exceptional sentence (RCW 9.94A.535).

Certain Firearm-related Offenses

In the case of an offender convicted of Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree *and* for one or both of the crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, the sentences for these crimes are served consecutively for each conviction of the felony crimes listed and for each firearm unlawfully possessed⁹. A departure from this rule requires an exceptional sentence (RCW 9.94A.535).

Weapon Enhancements

In the case of an offender receiving a deadly weapon enhancement for offenses committed after July 23, 1995, the deadly weapon enhancement portion of the standard range is served consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements (RCW 9.94A.510). A departure from this rule requires an exceptional sentence (RCW 9.94A.535).

Felony Committed While Offender was Under Sentence for Another Felony

Whenever a current offense is committed while the offender is under sentence for a previous felony and the offender was also sentenced for another term of imprisonment, the latter term may not begin until expiration of all prior terms (RCW 9.94A.589(2)). A departure from this rule requires an exceptional sentence (RCW 9.94A.535).

Felonies Committed While Offender was not Under Sentence for Another Felony

Subject to the above policies, whenever a person is sentenced under a felony that was committed while the person was *not* under sentence for a felony, the sentence runs concurrently with felony sentences previously imposed by any court in this or another state or by a federal court, unless the court pronouncing the subsequent sentence expressly orders that they be served consecutively (RCW 9.94A.589(3)). This rule applies when offenders face multiple charges or have multiple convictions from different jurisdictions.

⁹ Effective for offenses committed after July 23, 1995 (RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c)).

Probation Revocation

Whenever any person granted probation under RCW 9.95.210 or RCW 9.92.060, or both, has a probationary sentence revoked and a prison sentence imposed, this sentence runs consecutively to any sentence imposed, unless the court pronouncing the subsequent sentence expressly orders that they be served concurrently (RCW 9.94A.589(4)). This rule applies when an offender's pre-Sentencing Reform Act case probation is revoked and he or she is also sentenced on a conviction for a crime committed after June 30, 1984, the inception date of the SRA.

Serving Total Confinement with Consecutive Sentences

In the case of consecutive sentences, all periods of total confinement must be served before any periods of partial confinement, community service, community supervision or any other requirement or condition of a sentence (RCW 9.94A.589(5)). This rule applies to offenders who have not completed their sentence requirements from a previous conviction and are sentenced to total confinement on a new offense.

LIMITS ON EARNED RELEASE

During 2003 session the legislature passed ESSB 5990. That legislation amended RCW 9.94A.728, in part, to increase earned release time for good behavior up to fifty (50) percent of a sentence. The right to earn early release time at the rate of 50 percent will not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.

The right to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate release time is limited to offenders who are not confined pursuant to a sentence for a sex offense, violent offense, crime against persons, felony domestic violence, residential burglary, drug offense involving methamphetamine or delivery of any controlled substance to a child. This prohibition extends to persons convicted of any offense who have a prior conviction for any of these offenses.

Offenders convicted of a serious violent offense or a sex offense that is a Class A felony committed between July 1, 1990 and July 1, 2003 are prohibited from earning release time in excess of fifteen (15) percent. Offenders committing these offenses on or after July 1, 2003 will not earn release time credit in excess of ten (10) percent.

Offenders sentenced under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (see below) are not eligible to accrue any earned release time while serving a suspended sentence.

An offender may not receive any earned release time for that portion of a sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.

SENTENCING ALTERNATIVES

For some types of offenses and offenders, sentencing courts have discretion to order alternative sentences, including: (1) the First-time Offender Waiver (FTOW); (2) the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA); (3) the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (SSOSA); and (4) Work Ethic Camp (WEC).

FIRST-TIME OFFENDER WAIVER (FTOW)

There is a statutory alternative to the standard range for certain first-time offenders (RCW 9.94A.650). Offenders are eligible for the First-time Offender Waiver when they:

- Have not been convicted of a violent offense;
- Have not been convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver a Schedule I or II Narcotic Drug, Flunitrazepam classified in Schedule IV or Methamphetamine;
- Have not been convicted of Selling for Profit any Controlled or Counterfeit Substance;
- Have not been convicted of a sex offense;
- Have not previously been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, another state or foreign country;
- Have never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense; and
- Have no juvenile adjudication for any felony offense.

For these offenders, the court is given broad discretion in setting the sentence. Choices available to the court include:

- Imposing up to 90 days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county;
- Requiring that the offender refrain from committing new offenses;
- Requiring up to one year of community supervision which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions¹⁰, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
 - (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
 - (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
 - (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or a community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
 - (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
 - (f) Pay all court-ordered financial obligations, and/or perform some community service work.

¹⁰ RCW 9.94A.030(12) provides: "'Crime-related prohibition' means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct."

If an ongoing treatment program continues after the first year of the offender's community supervision, supervision may continue until the end of treatment. In total, community supervision under the First-time Offender Waiver may not exceed two years.

A court's decision to impose or not to impose the First-time Offender Waiver cannot be appealed by the prosecutor or defendant (RCW 9.94A.585(1)).

DRUG OFFENDER SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE (DOSA)

Effective July 25, 1999, all offenders convicted of a Violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act ("VUCSA") are eligible for the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA). Offenders convicted of inchoate VUCSA offenses, attempt, and/or conspiracy, receive sentences of 0–12 months, and are therefore not eligible. *All other non-violent, non-sex offenders* are eligible, if the court deems that the offender and the community would benefit from the use of the DOSA option.

For eligible offenders, the following conditions must be met:

- Standard sentence for the offense is more than one year (prison sentence);
- No current or prior sex offense;
- No current or prior violent offense;
- No current deadly weapon enhancement (*prior* weapon enhancements are allowed);
- Not subject to a federal INS deportation detainer or deportation order;
- The offense involved a small amount of drugs, as determined by the court; and
- The court determines that the community and the offender would benefit from the imposition of the alternative.

Chemical Dependency Screening Reports

Prior to sentencing, the court is required to order a chemical dependency screening report, to be completed by the Department of Corrections, for all offenders convicted of a VUCSA offense. The court may explicitly waive that requirement. The court may also, in its discretion, order a chemical dependency screening report for any other eligible, non-violent, non-sex offender who the court finds has a chemical dependency that contributed to the crime. *See* RCW 9.94A.500.

Crime-Related Prohibitions, Affirmative Conditions, Violations and Sanctions

Should the court elect to impose the DOSA alternative, it must impose a sentence of one-half of the midpoint of the offender's standard range, to be served in a prison facility. The Department of Corrections is required to provide an assessment and appropriate treatment during the period of confinement. The court must also impose the remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term of community custody, which must include appropriate outpatient substance abuse treatment,

crime-related prohibitions and a requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor compliance. The court is also required to impose at least three additional conditions from a list of allowed conditions of sentence. See RCW 9.94A.660.

Not only may courts impose crime-related prohibitions on offenders sentenced to DOSA, but courts may now also impose affirmative conditions reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime, including rehabilitative treatment programs. See RCW 9.94A.607. Offenders who violate the conditions of DOSA (including those offenders who successfully complete the prison portion of the program and have been placed on community custody for the remainder of their sentence) are subject to graduated sanctions, including termination and reclassification to serve the un-expired term of total confinement in prison.

Local Options for Chemically Dependent Offenders

Offenders whose standard range sentence amounts to one year or less are not eligible for DOSA and serve their confinement time in a local jail. However, courts are now permitted to authorize county jails to convert confinement time to a county-supervised community option for those offenders deemed to have a chemical dependency that contributed to the crime. In addition, courts may impose affirmative conditions on such chemically dependent offenders. See RCW 9.94A.680(3).

SPECIAL SEX OFFENDER SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE (SSOSA)

The Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (SSOSA) is a special sentencing option which allows community treatment of sex offenders. SSOSA provides for a suspended sentence that may include a jail term of up to six months and required outpatient or inpatient treatment (RCW 9.94A.670). Offenders sentenced under this alternative are not eligible to accrue earned release time while serving the suspended sentence. Examinations and treatment under SSOSA may only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the Department of Health, unless the offender leaves the state for reasons other than for certification, or if there are no certified providers available near the offender's home.

To be eligible for the SSOSA option, offenders must:

- Not be convicted of a serious violent offense with a sexual motivation finding, nor of Rape in the First Degree, nor of Attempted Rape in the First Degree nor of Rape in the Second Degree.
- Be convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44, Incest (RCW 9A.64.020), Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090) or an offense with a finding of sexual motivation.
- Have had no prior convictions for sex offenses in this or any other state.
- Have a current offense and criminal history that permits the court to impose a sentence within the standard range of less than 11 years of confinement.

If those criteria are met, the court, on its own motion or on the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine if the defendant is amenable to treatment. The examination report must include the following:

- The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts;
- The defendant's offense history;
- An assessment of problems in addition to the alleged deviant behavior;
- The defendant's social and employment situation; and
- Other evaluation measures used.

The examiner must assess the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan must be provided and must include, at a minimum:

- Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
- Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements and monitoring by family members and others;
- Anticipated length of treatment; and
- Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

Upon the motion of the state or the court, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment may be ordered. The defendant is to pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds that the defendant is indigent, in which case the state pays the cost.

Once the examination report is received, the court must determine whether the defendant and the community will benefit from use of this special sentencing alternative. The court must also consider the victim's opinion regarding whether the offender should receive a treatment sentence.

If a court decides to exercise the SSOSA option, it must impose a sentence within the standard sentence range, suspend execution of the sentence and order the defendant to spend up to six months in confinement (not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense).

The court is required to order treatment during the suspended sentence for a period up to three years and may order outpatient or inpatient treatment. A community mental health center may not be used for treatment unless it has a special sex offender treatment program. The offender cannot change sex offender treatment providers without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer and the court. In addition, the offender cannot change treatment providers without court approval if the prosecutor or community corrections officer objects to the change.

Community Custody for SSOSA Offenders

As part of the SSOSA sentence, the court is required to place the offender on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater. The court may impose crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender:

- Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- Report as directed to the court and to a community corrections officer;
- Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform some community service work or any combination thereof;
- Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime.

Several options are available should the offender violate these sentence conditions. The court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the sentence or order up to 60 days in confinement. If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the Department of Corrections is authorized to return the offender to more restrictive confinement immediately. All confinement time served during the period of community custody is credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

During the period of treatment, the sex offender therapist must submit quarterly reports on the offender's treatment progress to the court and to the parties of record. At a minimum, the reports must reference the treatment plan and include the dates of attendance, offender's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the offender's relative progress in treatment and any other material specified by the court at sentencing.

At the sentencing hearing, the court sets a treatment termination hearing three months prior to the anticipated date of treatment completion. The sex offender therapist and community corrections officer submit written reports to the court and to parties of record prior to this hearing. The reports must address the offender's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements and must contain recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community custody conditions.

A second evaluation regarding the advisability of treatment termination may be requested by either party and ordered by the court. The cost must be borne by the offender unless the court finds the person to be indigent, in which case the state pays the cost.

As a result of the hearing, the court may modify the supervision conditions and must either terminate treatment or extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.

Other Sex Offender Treatment in Prison

Inpatient sex offender treatment programs are available for some other sex offenders. This program is not a sentencing option; offenders are admitted at the discretion of the Department of Corrections rather than by court order. The statutory authorization and procedures vary depending on the date the offender committed the crime. No authority exists for converting confinement time to community supervision for offenders who successfully complete the program.

For an offender who committed a felony sex offense between July 1, 1987 and July 1, 1990, and who received a sentence of more than one year but less than six years of confinement, a court may request the DOC to evaluate the offender's amenability to treatment, and the DOC may place the

offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility. If the offender completes a program before the expiration of the sentence, the DOC may request that the balance of confinement be converted to community supervision (except for offenders convicted of Rape in the First or Second Degree or of the anticipatory offense of Rape in the First Degree). If the offender violates a condition of this community supervision, the court may impose a 60-day penalty or order the balance of community supervision to be served in prison.

Sex offenders who committed crimes prior to July 1, 1987 may request an evaluation by DOC regarding their amenability to treatment. If such amenability is determined, an offender may request placement in a treatment program within the prison, subject to available funding.

Community Custody for Sex Offenses Committed on or after June 6, 1996

A court is required to sentence sex offenders who commit sex offenses on or after June 6, 1996, to a term of community custody of three years or the period of earned release, whichever is longer. At any time prior to the completion of the terms of community custody, the court may extend any or all of the conditions of community custody for a period up to the length of the statutory maximum for the offense. If the victim was a minor child, a condition may be imposed prohibiting contact between the sex offender and the minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.

WORK ETHIC CAMP (WEC)

Effective July 25, 1999, offenders are eligible for the Work Ethic Camp if they:

- Are sentenced to between 12.03 months and 36 months of confinement;
- Have no current drug offense (violation of the Uniform Controlled Substance Act, or “VUCSA”), including solicitation to commit a VUCSA offense;
- Have no current or prior violent or sex offense convictions;
- Are not subject to an INS deportation detainer or deportation order; and
- Have not participated in Work Ethic Camp in the past.

The sentencing court must refer eligible offenders to be admitted to Work Ethic Camp. The Department of Corrections is required to place referred offenders in the program, subject to capacity and to the offender's agreement to participate, unless physical or mental impairments are judged to preclude participation. The length of the program is between 120 and 180 days, including a two-week period of transition training. Upon completion of the program, offenders are released to complete the remaining sentence on community custody. Participants who fail to complete the program are required to serve the un-expired term of their sentence. *See* RCW 9.94A.690.

SUPERVISION IN THE COMMUNITY

COMMUNITY CUSTODY FOR SENTENCES ONE YEAR OR LESS

For sentences of one year or less (jail sentences), and for a First-time Offender Waiver, a court may impose up to one year of community custody. Community custody is limited to 24 months for consecutive sentences (RCW 9.94A.589(5)). Community custody must be imposed on the date of sentencing. This period of custody is tolled while the offender is in total or partial confinement.

Community custody under the First-time Offender Waiver may include rehabilitative conditions, which may include crime-related prohibitions.¹¹ All community custody for crimes committed on or after July 28, 1991, include a requirement that offenders cannot own, use or possess firearms or ammunition (RCW 9.94A.720).

If a court finds that an offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the court may prohibit such use during community custody, with regular monitoring by urinalysis or Breathalyzer tests. The court may also impose affirmative conditions reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime, such as participation in drug and alcohol treatment, depending on available resources.

A court may, as part of community custody, also order an offender to undergo a mental status evaluation and participate in available outpatient mental health treatment.

A court is permitted to require an offender to participate in a domestic violence perpetrator program if the offender has a minor child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was convicted has a minor child.

COMMUNITY CUSTODY

The Offender Accountability Act became effective July 1, 2000, and requires sentencing to include a term of community custody for all offenses enumerated in the Act. The Act is aimed at strengthening the law to hold offenders more accountable in the community and further requires the Department of Corrections to supervise offenders based upon their risk to the community's safety.

For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, "community custody" will be the only form of supervision required for all sex offenses, all serious violent offenses, all violent offenses, all "crimes against persons" (defined in RCW 9.94A.411) and all felony drug offenses. Conditions of community custody and levels of supervision will be based on risk.

Courts sentence all offenders, except those sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712, to a determinate period of confinement and to community custody for the period set forth in the community custody range or for the period of earned release time, whichever is longer. Courts may impose conditions of supervision,

¹¹ RCW 9.94A.030(12) provides: "'Crime-related prohibition' means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstance of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct."

including affirmative conditions such as rehabilitative treatment, which are reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, to the risk of recidivism and to community safety. Offenders may not be discharged from community custody before the end of the period of earned release, the Department of Corrections, however, may discharge an offender at any time during the period between the end of the earned release and the end of the range specified by the court.

When sentencing sex offenders who commit offenses on or after September 1, 2001, and who fall within the scope of RCW 9.94A.712, the court is required to impose a sentence to a maximum term of confinement, the statutory maximum for the offense, and a minimum term within the standard range for the offense or exceptional outside the standard sentence range as allowed under RCW 9.94A.535. In addition to other terms of the sentence, the court must also sentence the offender to community custody under the supervision of the Department of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time remaining between the date of release from total confinement and before the expiration of the statutory maximum sentence.

The Sentencing Guidelines Commission established community custody ranges for eligible offenses through the administrative process. The community custody ranges became effective July 1, 2000. The Commission is empowered to modify the ranges annually but subsequent modifications will require enactment by the Legislature before becoming effective. The ranges are as follows:

Figure 3. Community Custody Ranges, Chapter 437-20 WAC

Offense Type	Community Custody Range
Sex Offenses (Not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.670)	36 to 48 months
Serious Violent Offenses	24 to 48 months
Violent Offenses	18 to 36 months
Crimes Against Persons (As defined in RCW 9.94A.411(2))	9 to 18 months
Offenses under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW (Not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660)	9 to 12 months

The ranges specified in this section are not intended to affect or limit the authority to impose exceptional community custody ranges, either above or below the standard community custody range as authorized by RCW 9.94A.535 and pursuant to such guidelines. The community custody range for offenders with multiple convictions must be based on the offense that dictates the longest term of community custody. The community custody range for offenders convicted of an offense that falls into more than one of the five categories of offense types listed in this section must be based on the offense type that dictates the longest term of community custody.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 9.94A.850(6) (rule-making authority under chapter 34.05 RCW). 00-11-052, § 437-20-010, filed 5/12/00, effective 7/1/00.]

While on community custody, offenders will be subject to affirmative conditions imposed by the court and by the Department of Corrections. The Department will supervise offenders according to identified risk. Violations of conditions of community custody will be sanctioned by the Department

under a system of graduated sanctions, including confinement. An appeals process for violations and sanctions has been established by the Department.

Effective July 1, 2000, the one-year term of community supervision for unranked felonies becomes a term of community custody. Effective July 25, 1999, offenders sentenced under the First-time Offender Waiver are required to be supervised in the community for one year, unless an ongoing treatment program continues beyond the first year, after which supervision ends with treatment. Such supervision cannot exceed two years.

ALTERNATIVES TO CONFINEMENT

ALTERNATIVE CONVERSIONS

The sentencing grid ranges are expressed in terms of total confinement (RCW 9.94A.530). For certain offenders, a court may convert terms of total confinement to partial confinement or to community service. This provision allows courts to take advantage of available alternatives to confinement in cases where it is deemed appropriate. *If the court does not use an alternative conversion for a nonviolent offense with a sentence range of one year or less, the reason why must be stated on the Judgment and Sentence form (RCW 9.94A.680).*

The 1999 Legislature modified the requirements for non-violent and non-sex offenders sentenced to one year or less. Where a court finds that a chemical dependency contributed to the crime, the court may authorize the county jail to convert jail confinement to an available county-supervised community option. The court may require the offender to perform affirmative conditions, such as rehabilitative treatment, which are reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime and are reasonably necessary or beneficial to the offender and to the community.

For all offenders with sentences of one year or less, one day of total confinement may be converted to one day of partial confinement. Non-violent offenders with sentences of one year or less are also eligible for conversion of total confinement to community service (one day of confinement equals eight hours of service). This community service conversion, however, is limited to 30 days or 240 hours. If a community service conversion is ordered, and the determinate sentence is greater than 30 days, the balance of the term is to be served in total or partial confinement.

Partial confinement sentences may allow the offender to serve the sentence in work release, home detention, work crew or a combination of work crew and home detention. If the offender violates the rules of the work release facility, work crew or home detention program, or fails to remain employed or enrolled in school, the facility director may transfer the offender to the county detention facility. The offender may then request an administrative hearing. Pending the hearing, or in the absence of a request for such a hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the term of confinement in total confinement (RCW 9.94A.731).

WORK CREW

Work crew is a partial confinement option created by the 1991 Legislature. Offenders who qualify must have committed the offense on or after July 28, 1991. The offense may not be a sex offense.¹² For offenses committed before July 25, 1993, the offender must be sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county (*i.e.*, the sentence must be one year or less in length); this restriction does not apply to offenses committed after that date. If the sentence is 9 months or more, at least 30 days of total confinement must be served before the offender becomes eligible for work crew. Work crew may be simultaneously imposed with electronic home detention. Work crew hours served may include work on civic improvement tasks, substance abuse counseling, job skills training or a maximum of 24 hours per week at approved, verified work.

To be eligible to receive credit for approved, verified work, offenders must first successfully complete 4 weeks of work crew, each week comprised of 35 hours of service. Work crew projects specified by the work crew supervisor must be completed in coordination with approved, verified work. Unless exempted by the court, offenders using approved, verified employment as part of their work crew hours must pay a monthly supervision assessment.

HOME DETENTION

Home detention is a partial confinement option in which an offender is confined to a private residence and subject to electronic surveillance. The option was created by the 1988 Legislature and is available for offenders convicted of crimes committed on or after June 9, 1988. Because partial confinement programs are limited to sentences of one year or less, home detention is not an option for offenders with prison sentences.

Convictions for any of the following offenses make the offender ineligible for home detention: a violent offense, a sex offense, a drug offense, First or Second Degree Reckless Burning, Third Degree Assault, Third Degree Assault of a Child, Unlawful Imprisonment or Harassment.

Eligibility for home detention is conditioned upon (a) employment or school attendance, (b) program rules adherence, and (c) compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations (RCW 9.94A.731(2)).

Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of Possession of a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or of Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403), providing the offender is monitored for drug use.

Offenders convicted of Second Degree Burglary or Residential Burglary must meet the following eligibility conditions for home detention: (a) successful completion of a twenty-one day work release program; (b) no convictions for Second Degree Burglary or Residential Burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for burglary; (c) no convictions for a

¹² RCW 9.94A.030(38) provides: "'Sex offense' means: (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW, other than RCW 9A.44.130(10), or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes; (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex offense in (a) of this subsection; (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection."

violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense; (d) no prior charges of escape; and (e) fulfillment of the other conditions of the home detention program.

Home detention may also be ordered for offenders whose medical or health-related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, other inmates or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered legal financial obligations.

RESTITUTION

A court must order restitution whenever a felony results in injury to a person or damage or property loss. If restitution is not ordered, the court must indicate the extraordinary reasons on the record (RCW 9.94A.505(7)).

Restitution may also be ordered to pay for an injury, loss or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that he or she pay restitution for any offenses not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement.

Restitution is based on three factors:

- Easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property;
- Actual expenses incurred in treatment for injury to persons; and
- Lost wages resulting from injury.

Restitution for the crimes of Rape of a Child in the First, Second or Third Degree, in which the victim becomes pregnant, must include:

- Victim's medical expenses associated with the rape; and
- Support for any child born as a result of the rape, if child support is ordered.

Restitution may *not* include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering and other intangible losses, but may include reimbursement for counseling reasonably related to the offense. The amount of restitution may not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain or the victim's loss from the commission of the crime. (*See RCW 9.94A.753(1)*).

Restitution is to be determined at the sentencing hearing or within 180 days. As part of the sentence, the court must set the terms and conditions under which the defendant makes restitution. It is required that the court be specific about the payment schedule for restitution, so that these sentence conditions may be appropriately monitored by the community corrections officer. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because of the offender's lack of ability to pay the total amount.

For offenses committed prior to July 1, 2000, an offender's compliance with the restitution requirement may be supervised for ten years after the date of sentence or release from confinement. The restitution portion of a sentence may be modified as to amount, terms and conditions during this period regardless of the community supervision term and the statutory maximum of the crime. A court may extend the restitution requirement for a second ten-year period.

For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, RCW 9.94A.760(4) reads: *“For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for purposes of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. The department of corrections shall supervise the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations for ten years following the entry of the judgment and sentence or ten years following the offender's release from total confinement, whichever period ends later. The department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during any subsequent period of time the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction.”*

Restitution for victims is the first priority for payment by an offender.

CASES INVOLVING FRAUD OR DECEPTIVE PRACTICE

If an offender or organization is found guilty of an offense involving fraud or other deceptive practice, a court may require that notice be given to the class of persons or sector of the public affected by the conviction or financially interested in the subject matter of the offense. The notice may be accomplished by mail, by advertising through designated media, or by other appropriate means (RCW 9.94A.753(5), RCW 9.94A.750(4)).

FINES

The court may impose fines as part of all sentences for felony offenses according to the following ranges (RCW 9.94A.550):

Class A felonies	\$0 - \$50,000
Class B felonies	\$0 - \$20,000
Class C felonies	\$0 - \$10,000

Unless the court finds the offender to be indigent, every person convicted of certain VUCSA violations (RCW 69.50.401, 69.50.402, 69.50.403, 69.50.406, 69.50.407, 69.50.410, 69.50.415) shall be fined \$1,000 in addition to any other fine or penalty imposed. This fine increases to \$2,000 if the violation is a second or subsequent violation of one of the laws specified.

When a fine is imposed for Manufacture, Delivery or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Methamphetamine, or for Possession of Ephedrine or Pseudo Ephedrine with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine, the first \$3,000 may not be suspended and must be provided to the law enforcement entity responsible for cleaning up the methamphetamine lab site.

OTHER LEGAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS

The Sentencing Reform Act allows a court to impose several additional monetary obligations. These include:

- Court costs, including reimbursement for extradition costs (RCW 9.94A.030(27));
- Defense attorney's fees and defense costs (RCW 9.94A.030(27));
- Contributions to a county or local drug fund (RCW 9.94A.030(27));
- Crime victims' compensation assessment (RCW 7.68.035);
- Recoupments to the victim for the cost of counseling as a result of the offender's crime, in cases where the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is exercised (RCW 9.94A.670(4)(b));
- Payment for the cost of incarceration, at the rate of \$50 per day; and/or
- Payment of up to \$1,000 in costs incurred by public agencies in an emergency response to the incident that resulted in conviction for Vehicular Assault or Vehicular Homicide by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug.

All such monetary obligations, except probationer assessments, are monitored by the Department of Corrections (DOC) for up to ten years after the last date of release from confinement or the date the sentence was entered (RCW 9.94A.505(4)). The court may extend its jurisdiction an additional ten years.

A court must designate the total amount of a legal financial obligation, distinguishing a separate assessment for restitution, costs, fines and other assessments. This designation must appear on the Judgment and Sentence form or on a subsequent order to pay, and must include the required schedule for monthly payment. If the court fails to set the monthly payment amount, the DOC sets the amount.

In order to assist the court in setting the monthly payment sum, the offender must truthfully report to the DOC regarding earnings, property and assets, and must supply requested documentation.

The DOC may recommend to the court modifications in the payment schedule if the offender's financial circumstances change during the period of supervision. In cases where the DOC sets the monthly assessment amount, the DOC may modify the monthly assessment without consulting the court.

Civil action for collection of unpaid legal financial obligations may be initiated by the DOC or by any obligee. Such collection is effected through a wage assignment process. (*See RCW 9.94A.760(3) and 9.94A.7701.*)

CONTACT WITH INDIVIDUALS

A court may prohibit an offender from contacting with specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the community supervision or community placement term. The order prohibiting contact must relate directly to the circumstances of the crime of conviction (RCW 9.94A.505(8)).

REVIEW OF SENTENCES

Sentences within the standard range cannot be appealed (RCW 9.94A.585). Sentences outside the standard range may be appealed by the defendant or by the prosecutor. Before reversing a sentence that is outside the sentence range, the Court of Appeals must find that:

- The reasons supplied by the sentencing judge were not supported by the record, or they do not justify a sentence outside the range; or
- The sentence imposed was clearly excessive or clearly too lenient.

The Department of Corrections may request a review of a sentence committing an offender to the custody or jurisdiction of the department. This review must be limited to errors of law and must be filed with the Court of Appeals no later than 90 days after the Department has actual knowledge of the term of the sentence. The Department must certify that all reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute at the Superior Court level have been exhausted.

PENALTY AND MODIFICATION HEARING

If an offender violates any sentence condition or requirement, the court may modify its judgment and sentence according to the rules in RCW 9.94A.634. The court, upon motion of the state or upon its own motion, must first require the offender to show cause why he or she shall not be punished for the non-compliance. A summons or arrest warrant may be issued by the court for the offender's appearance.

If a court finds that a violation of sentence conditions or requirements has occurred, it may order the offender confined for a period not to exceed 60 days for each violation. The court may: (1) convert a partial confinement term to total confinement; (2) convert community service to total or partial confinement; or (3) convert monetary obligations (except restitution and the crime victim penalty assessment) to community service hours by calculating the obligation into hours using the state minimum wage as a calculation basis.

Any time served in confinement awaiting the hearing must be credited against any confinement order. If a court finds that a violation was not willful, the court may modify its previous order regarding payment of legal financial obligations and community service obligations. In all cases, escape charges may also be filed if appropriate.

DISCHARGE AND VACATION OF CONVICTION RECORD

DISCHARGE

When an offender completes his or her sentence requirements, the Department of Corrections must notify the sentencing court in accordance with RCW 9.94A.637. The court then discharges the offender and provides him or her with a certificate of discharge. This certificate restores all civil rights lost upon conviction. It is not, however, based on a finding of rehabilitation.

Following discharge, the offender's prior record may be used to determine the sentence for any later convictions and may also be used in later criminal prosecution as an element of an offense or for impeachment purposes.

VACATION OF CONVICTION RECORD

Every offender discharged under the above provision may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the conviction record as provided in RCW 9.94A.640. The offender's record cannot be cleared if:

- Any criminal charges are pending against the offender in any court in this state, another state or federal court;
- The offense was a violent offense (as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(45));
- The offense was a crime against persons (as defined in RCW 43.43.830);
- The offender has been convicted of a new crime in this state, another state or federal court since the date of the offender's discharge;
- The offense was a Class B felony, and less than ten years have passed since the date the applicant was discharged; or
- The offense was a Class C felony, and less than five years have passed since the date the applicant was discharged.

If the offender meets these tests, the court may clear the record of conviction by:

- Permitting the offender to withdraw his/her guilty plea and to enter a plea of not guilty; or
- Setting aside the guilty verdict, if the offender was convicted after a plea of not guilty; and
- Dismissing the information or indictment against the offender.

Once the court vacates a record of conviction, the offender's conviction may not be included in the offender's criminal history for purposes of determining a sentence in any subsequent conviction, and the offender must be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offenses. For all purposes, including responding to questions on employment applications, an offender whose record of conviction has been vacated may state that he or she has never been convicted of that crime.

However, a vacated conviction record may be used as an element of a crime in a later criminal prosecution for a limited number of offenses whose classification as a felony requires proof of a prior conviction (*e.g.*, Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes).

The sentencing guidelines allow automatic "wash-out" of prior convictions that meet the requirements of vacation of conviction. This policy allows offenders who do not formally apply to the court to have eligible offenses excluded from their criminal history in subsequent convictions. (See page I-10 for further discussion of this policy.)

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CHAPTER 9.94A RCW

SENTENCING REFORM ACT OF 1981

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RCW 9.94A.010 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to make the criminal justice system accountable to the public by developing a system for the sentencing of felony offenders which structures, but does not eliminate, discretionary decisions affecting sentences, and to:

- (1) Ensure that the punishment for a criminal offense is proportionate to the seriousness of the offense and the offender's criminal history;
- (2) Promote respect for the law by providing punishment which is just;
- (3) Be commensurate with the punishment imposed on others committing similar offenses;
- (4) Protect the public;
- (5) Offer the offender an opportunity to improve him or herself;
- (6) Make frugal use of the state's and local governments' resources; and
- (7) Reduce the risk of reoffending by offenders in the community. [1999 c 196 § 1; 1981 c 137 §

1.]

Comment

In 1983, the Legislature considered enumerating specific factors which could not be considered in sentencing the offender, including race, creed and gender. However, the Legislature decided that to list such factors could narrow the scope of their intent, which was to prohibit discrimination as to any element that does not relate to the crime or the previous record of the defendant. For this reason, the statute requires that the sentencing guidelines and prosecuting standards be applied equally "without discrimination."

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, established another purpose of the Sentencing Reform Act: to "reduce the risk of reoffending by offenders in the community." The Legislature also expanded upon the goal of making frugal use of state resources to promote frugal use of local governments' resources, as well.

RCW 9.94A.015 Finding--Intent--2000 c 28. The sentencing reform act has been amended many times since its enactment in 1981. While each amendment promoted a valid public purpose, some sections of the act have become unduly lengthy and repetitive. The legislature finds that it is appropriate to adopt clarifying amendments to make the act easier to use and understand.

The legislature does not intend chapter 28, Laws of 2000 to make, and no provision of chapter 28, Laws of 2000 shall be construed as making, a substantive change in the sentencing reform act.

The legislature does intend to clarify that persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement. [2000 c 28 § 1.]

RCW 9.94A.020 Short title. This chapter may be known and cited as the sentencing reform act of 1981. [1981 c 137 § 2.]

RCW 9.94A.030 Definitions. (Effective July 1, 2004.) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created under chapter 9.95 RCW.

(2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b), 9.94A.650 through 9.94A.670, 9.94A.690, 9.94A.700 through 9.94A.715, or 9.94A.545, served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department. For offenders placed on community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify conditions of community custody, in addition to those imposed by the court, based upon the risk to community safety.

(6) "Community custody range" means the minimum and maximum period of community custody included as part of a sentence under RCW 9.94A.715, as established by the commission or the legislature under RCW 9.94A.850, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.

(7) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(8) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(9) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. Where the court finds that any offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the conditions of supervision may, subject to available resources, include treatment. For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(10) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

(11) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(12) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

(13) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.

(a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon.

(c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.

(14) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

(15) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.

(16) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(17) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

(18) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

(19) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of a felony offense other than a violent offense or a sex offense and who are eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.

(20) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

(21) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

(22) "Escape" means:

(a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (. *RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (. *RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

(23) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(24) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.

(25) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

(26) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.

(27) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

(28) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(b) Assault in the second degree;

(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;

(d) Child molestation in the second degree;

(e) Controlled substance homicide;

(f) Extortion in the first degree;

(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;

(h) Indecent liberties;

(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;

(j) Leading organized crime;

(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;

(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

(n) Rape in the third degree;

(o) Robbery in the second degree;

(p) Sexual exploitation;

(q) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner;

(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation;

(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.602;

(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;

(v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under .*.RCW 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;

(ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997.

(29) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(30) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(31) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention.

(32) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

(a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the

first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (32)(b)(i); and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.

(33) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

(34) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.

(35) "Risk assessment" means the application of an objective instrument supported by research and adopted by the department for the purpose of assessing an offender's risk of reoffense, taking into consideration the nature of the harm done by the offender, place and circumstances of the offender related to risk, the offender's relationship to any victim, and any information provided to the department by victims. The results of a risk assessment shall not be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations.

(36) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(37) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:

(a)(i) Murder in the first degree;

(ii) Homicide by abuse;

(iii) Murder in the second degree;

(iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;

(v) Assault in the first degree;

(vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;

(vii) Rape in the first degree;

(viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or

(ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

(38) "Sex offense" means:

(a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other than RCW 9A.44.130(11);

(ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;

(iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other than RCW 9.68A.070 or 9.68A.080; or

(iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a sex offense in (a) of this subsection;

(c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or

(d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

(39) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.

(40) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

(41) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.

(42) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(43) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

(44) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

(45) "Violent offense" means:

(a) Any of the following felonies:

(i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony;

(ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;

(iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;

(v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;

(vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;

(vii) Arson in the second degree;

(viii) Assault in the second degree;

(ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;

(x) Extortion in the first degree;

(xi) Robbery in the second degree;

(xii) Drive-by shooting;

(xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner; and

(xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(46) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.

(47) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

(48) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. [2003 c 53 § 55. Prior: 2002 c 175 § 5; 2002 c 107 § 2; prior: 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 301; 2001 c 300 § 3; 2001 c 7 § 2; prior: 2001 c 287 § 4; 2001 c 95 § 1; 2000 c 28 § 2; 1999 c 352 § 8; 1999 c 197 § 1; 1999 c 196 § 2; 1998 c 290 § 3; prior: 1997 c 365 § 1; 1997 c 340 § 4; 1997 c 339 § 1; 1997 c 338 § 2; 1997 c 144 § 1; 1997 c 70 § 1; prior: 1996 c 289 § 1; 1996 c 275 § 5; prior: 1995 c 268 § 2; 1995 c 108 § 1; 1995 c 101 § 2; 1994 c 261 § 16; prior: 1994 c 1 § 3 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993); 1993 c 338 § 2; 1993 c 251 § 4; 1993 c 164 § 1; prior: 1992 c 145 § 6; 1992 c 75 § 1; prior: 1991 c 348 § 4; 1991 c 290 § 3; 1991 c 181 § 1; 1991 c 32 § 1; 1990 c 3 § 602; prior: 1989 c 394 § 1; 1989 c 252 § 2; prior: 1988 c 157 § 1; 1988 c 154 § 2; 1988 c 153 § 1; 1988 c 145 § 11; prior: 1987 c 458 § 1; 1987 c 456 § 1; 1987 c 187 § 3; 1986 c 257 § 17; 1985 c 346 § 5; 1984 c 209 § 3; 1983 c 164 § 9; 1983 c 163 § 1; 1982 c 192 § 1; 1981 c 137 § 3.]

NOTES:

Reviser's note: .*(1) RCW 72.66.060 and 72.65.070 were repealed by 2001 c 264 § 7. Cf. 2001 c 264 § 8.

.*.(2) RCW 9A.88.100 was recodified as RCW 9A.44.100 pursuant to 1979 ex.s. c 244 § 17.

Comment

“Community Custody” was first defined in 1988 in relation to the community placement program. The 1996 Legislature amended the definition of “community custody” to include the status of persons sentenced under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (see RCW 9.94A.120(8)).

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, extended community custody to apply to all sex offenses, all violent offenses, all crimes against persons (defined in RCW 9.94A.440) and all felony drug offenses (except DOSA sentences) committed on or after July 1, 2000. The term “community custody” replaced “community supervision,” “community placement” and “post-release supervision.” Offenders required to serve a period of community custody as part of the sentence will be supervised according to the risk they pose and may be subject to the imposition of affirmative conditions by sentencing courts (such as rehabilitative treatment), as long as such conditions are reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the risk of recidivism and community safety. The Department of Corrections may also impose affirmative conditions, as long as they are not in contravention of court orders. See RCW 9.94A.120(5)(b)(ii), (7), (11), (14), (15) and (16). Courts are permitted to impose affirmative

conditions on sex offenders beyond their term of community custody.

“Community Custody Range” was defined by the 1999 Legislature as part of the Offender Accountability Act. The Sentencing Guidelines Commission was directed by the Legislature to formulate community custody ranges by December 31, 1999. The ranges became effective for eligible offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000. Future modifications of community custody ranges will require the enactment of a bill by the Legislature. See RCW 9.94A.040(5). Courts must sentence offenders to community custody for the period of the community custody range or for the period of earned release time, whichever is longer. Offenders must remain on community custody for either the period of earned release or at least the minimum of their community custody range, whichever is longer.

“Community Placement” was established by the 1988 Legislature and included “community custody” and “post-release supervision.” The 1999 Legislature required a one-year period of community placement for all violent offenses and for all crimes against persons (defined in RCW 9.94A.440), committed between July 25, 1999 and June 30, 2000. For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, the term “community placement” no longer applies and all forms of supervision in the community will fall under the definition of “community custody”.

“Crime-Related Prohibition” was amended by the 1997 Legislature to clarify that “crime-related prohibition,” while generally not including orders that offenders perform affirmative conduct, nevertheless allows the Department of Corrections to require certain affirmative acts, such as undergoing drug testing or polygraph examinations, necessary to monitor compliance with crime-related prohibitions.

“Criminal History” was first amended in 1986 to reflect the serious nature of Class A felonies, so that prior juvenile Class A felonies do not “wash out” when the defendant becomes 23 years of age.

In 1988, the Commission recommended that the definition of juvenile criminal history (RCW 9.94A.030(12)(b)) be amended to include serious traffic offenses. The offender scoring rules (RCW 9.94A.360) include serious traffic offenses when determining the sentence range for felony traffic offenses; therefore, this section was changed to be consistent.

The 1990 Legislature amended the definition of “criminal history” so that juvenile convictions for sex offenses are always included in criminal history despite the offender’s age or the class of the crime.

The 1995 Legislature expanded the definition of “criminal history” to include juvenile convictions for serious violent offenses, regardless of the offender’s age at the time of the offense.

The 1997 Legislature removed the provision for “wash out” at age 23 for all juvenile felonies, repealing language that excluded certain adjudications for non-violent, non-sex offenses committed before the offender was 15 years old.

In 1999, the Court of Appeals ruled that pre-1997 plea agreements, providing that certain juvenile offenses would not be counted in criminal history, do not insulate current offenders from

changes in the law and cannot be relied upon when an offender is sentenced on a subsequent conviction for an offense committed after the effective date of the change in 1997. See State v. McRae, 96 Wn. App. 298 (1999).

“Drug Offense,” as defined in the Sentencing Reform Act, excludes simple possession, forged prescriptions and violations of the Legend Drug Act.

In 1999, the Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the multiple “scoring” requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.360, or to the community placement requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.120(9)(a). See In re Hopkins, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

“Escape” was amended in 1988 to include failure to comply with movement limitations while on community custody.

“Felony Traffic Offense” was amended in 1984 to include Eluding a Police Officer. That provision was removed from the definition in 1986. The 1987 Legislature once again defined this crime as a felony traffic offense.

“Financial Obligation” was amended by the 1993 Legislature to expand the range of financial obligations that may be imposed against offenders convicted of Vehicular Assault or of Vehicular Homicide While Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug. The court may now impose up to \$1,000 in costs incurred by public agencies in an emergency response to the incident that resulted in a conviction.

“First-time Offender” at first confused practitioners and raised questions concerning whether prior juvenile convictions precluded an adult offender from being sentenced as a “First-time Offender.” Changes in the definition in 1986 made it clear that a juvenile offense committed at the age of 15 years or older disqualifies the offender from being sentenced under the First-time Offender Waiver. The 1995 Legislature modified the definition of “First-time Offender” to exclude persons with prior juvenile adjudications of serious violent offenses, regardless of age at the time of adjudication. The 1997 Legislature further disqualified offenders with any prior juvenile felony adjudication from the First-time Offender Waiver.

The definition of “First-time Offender” was amended in 1987 to exclude the use of the waiver for persons convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Schedule I or II Narcotics.

In order to include certain Vehicular Homicide offenders in the First-time Offender Waiver, the definition of “violent offenses” was amended in 1987 to include Vehicular Homicide only when caused by driving under the influence or by reckless driving. Vehicular Homicide is not classified as a violent offense if caused by disregard for the safety of others.

The 1995 Legislature amended the definition of “First-time Offender” to exclude persons convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine.

The 1998 Legislature amended the definition of “First-time Offender” to exclude persons

convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (commonly known as Rohypnol).

“Most Serious Offense” was first defined in 1993, as part of Initiative Measure No. 593, which added the definitions of “most serious offense” and “persistent offender.” The definition of “persistent offender” requires two previous convictions “as an offender” of “most serious offenses.”

“Offender” was defined in 1993 to include juveniles whose cases are transferred from juvenile court to adult criminal court when the juvenile court declines jurisdiction after a hearing under RCW 13.40.110. However, the definition did not include juveniles whose cases are transferred automatically to adult criminal court under RCW 13.04.030(1)(e)(iv), a provision added by the Youth Violence Act of 1994. That legislation gave criminal courts exclusive original jurisdiction of certain cases involving juveniles age 16 or older, without requiring juvenile courts to decline jurisdiction. The 1997 Legislature clarified that a conviction of a 16- or 17-year-old in adult criminal court counts as a “strike” under Initiative 593 if the court’s jurisdiction were based either on an automatic decline (RCW 13.04.030(1)(e)(v) or a transfer following a hearing (RCW 13.40.110).

“Persistent Offender” was defined in 1993 as part of Initiative Measure No. 593. The definition of “persistent offender” requires two previous convictions “as an offender” of “most serious offenses.” Each “most serious offense” must have been committed after conviction of the previous such offense. A persistent offender is sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of release, under RCW 9.94A.120(4).

The 1996 Legislature amended the definition of “persistent offender” to include persons convicted of specified sex offenses with one previous conviction “as an offender” of one of the specified sex offenses. The second such offense must have been committed after conviction of the first.

The 1997 Legislature amended the definition of “persistent offender” to include persons convicted of additional sex offenses against children after a previous conviction of one of the specified sex offenses. The offenses added in 1997 are Rape of a Child 1 and 2, Child Molestation 1, Homicide by Abuse with sexual motivation, and Assault of a Child 1 with sexual motivation. The legislation specified that, for a conviction to be counted in determining “persistent offender” status, Rape of a Child 1 must have been committed when the offender was 16 or older, and Rape of a Child 2 must have been committed when the offender was 18 or older.

The 1997 Legislature also clarified that a prior conviction of Indecent Liberties is counted in determining “persistent offender” status under all definitions of the offense in effect since 1975, except for cases under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed between June 11, 1986 and July 1, 1988, where the victim was 14 or 15 years old, the offender was at least 48 months older, and the offender was in a position of authority over the victim.

“Post-release Supervision” was defined in 1988 in relation to the community placement program. For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, the term “post-release supervision” will no longer apply and all forms of supervision in the community will fall under the definition of “community custody”.

“Risk Assessment” was defined in 1999 as part of the Offender Accountability Act.

“Serious Offense” was amended in 1987 to include federal and out-of-state convictions.

“Serious Violent Offense” was expanded in 1986 to include attempts, solicitations and conspiracies to commit any of the felonies listed in the definition. Previously, the law was not clear in three areas: (1) Whether anticipatory crimes were included in this definition; (2) whether anticipatory crimes are eligible for a deadly weapon enhancement; and (3) how anticipatory crimes are to be “scored” in criminal history. The statutes in this section make clear that anticipatory crimes are considered the same as completed crimes for purposes of determining whether the crime is a serious violent offense, whether the crime warrants a longer sentence for a deadly weapon and/or whether to increase the offender’s criminal history score.” The 1997 Legislature added Manslaughter 1 to the definition of “serious violent offense.”

“Sex Offense” was added in 1986 to clarify which offenses qualify for the sex offender sentencing option and which are precluded from being considered for the First-time Offender Waiver. Anticipatory crimes are included within the definition.

The 1990 Legislature amended the definition of “sex offense” to include crimes committed with sexual motivation.

The 1995 Legislature amended the definition of “sex offense” to include only felonies. However, a criminal attempt, solicitation or conspiracy to commit a sex offense triggers the requirement to register as a sex offender under 9A.44.130, even when the offense is classified as a gross misdemeanor.

The 1999 Legislature amended the definition of “sex offense” to exclude offenders convicted of Failure to Register as a Kidnapper, unless the original kidnapping offense was sexually motivated. Kidnapping offenders are still required to register with the county sheriff (See RCW 9A.44.130(9) and (10)).

The 1999 Legislature also modified the definition of “sex offense” to include, for the purpose of “scoring” an offender’s criminal history, those convictions of comparable felony sex offenses before July 1, 1976.

“Violent Offense” was amended in 1986 to include the crime of Vehicular Assault. The Commission decided that this crime involves basically the same offender behavior as Vehicular Homicide, which is already classified as a “violent offense.”

The 1990 Legislature deleted Child Molestation 1 and Rape 2 from the specific list of “violent offenses,” because those offenses were raised from Class B to Class A offenses. All Class A offenses are defined as “violent offenses.”

The 1997 Legislature amended the definition of “violent offense” to include federal and out-of-state convictions.

The 1997 Legislature also added Drive-by Shooting (formerly Reckless Endangerment 1,

nonviolent) to the specific list of offenses defined as “violent offenses.”

“Work Crew” eligibility was broadened in 1993, removing the language that limited the performance of civic improvement tasks to public or private nonprofit property.

The 1999 Legislature expanded eligibility for work crew to offenders on community custody, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.205(2)(c).

RCW 9.94A.031 "Offender" and "defendant." (Expires July 1, 2005.) For purposes of judicial and criminal justice forms promulgated under this chapter and related to corrections and sentencing, the terms "offender" and "defendant" may be used interchangeably without substantive effect.

This section expires July 1, 2005. [2000 c 28 § 3.]

RCW 9.94A.035 Classification of felonies not in Title 9A RCW. For a felony defined by a statute of this state that is not in Title 9A RCW, unless otherwise provided:

(1) If the maximum sentence of imprisonment authorized by law upon a first conviction of such felony is twenty years or more, such felony shall be treated as a class A felony for purposes of this chapter;

(2) If the maximum sentence of imprisonment authorized by law upon a first conviction of such felony is eight years or more, but less than twenty years, such felony shall be treated as a class B felony for purposes of this chapter;

(3) If the maximum sentence of imprisonment authorized by law upon a first conviction of such felony is less than eight years, such felony shall be treated as a class C felony for purposes of this chapter. [1996 c 44 § 1.]

Comment

This section, added in 1996 at the Commission’s request, provides a means of classifying, for purposes of the Sentencing Reform Act, felonies that are not classified in the statutes defining them. The classification system is consistent with RCW 9A.20.040 for offenses related to other felonies, and to RCW 9A.28.010 for anticipatory offenses. It is also consistent with State v. Kelley, 77 Wn. App. 66 (1995), which held that doubling the statutory maximum sentence for an offense under RCW 69.50.408 does not change the classification of the offense.

RCW 9.94A.190 Terms of more than one year or less than one year--Where served--Reimbursement of costs. (1) A sentence that includes a term or terms of confinement totaling more than one year shall be served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state. Except as provided in subsection (3) or (5) of this section, a sentence of not more than one year of confinement shall be served in a facility operated, licensed, or utilized under contract, by the county, or if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in the residence of either the offender or a member of the offender's immediate family.

(2) If a county uses a state partial confinement facility for the partial confinement of a person sentenced to confinement for not more than one year, the county shall reimburse the state for the use of the facility as provided in this subsection. The office of financial management

shall set the rate of reimbursement based upon the average per diem cost per offender in the facility. The office of financial management shall determine to what extent, if any, reimbursement shall be reduced or eliminated because of funds provided by the legislature to the department for the purpose of covering the cost of county use of state partial confinement facilities. The office of financial management shall reestablish reimbursement rates each even-numbered year.

(3) A person who is sentenced for a felony to a term of not more than one year, and who is committed or returned to incarceration in a state facility on another felony conviction, either under the indeterminate sentencing laws, chapter 9.95 RCW, or under this chapter shall serve all terms of confinement, including a sentence of not more than one year, in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state, consistent with the provisions of *RCW 9.94A.589.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a sentence imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.660 which has a standard sentence range of over one year, regardless of length, shall be served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state.

(5) Sentences imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.712 shall be served in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state. [2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 313; 2000 c 28 § 4; 1995 c 108 § 4; 1991 c 181 § 5; 1988 c 154 § 5; 1986 c 257 § 21; 1984 c 209 § 10; 1981 c 137 § 19.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

See also RCW 70.48.400: "Persons sentenced to felony terms or a combination of terms of more than three hundred sixty-five days of incarceration shall be committed to state institutions under the authority of the Department of Corrections. Persons serving sentences of three hundred sixty-five consecutive days or less may be sentenced to a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020. All persons convicted of felonies or misdemeanors and sentenced to jail shall be the financial responsibility of the city or county."

The 1986 Legislature provided that offenders with a sentence greater than a year, who also have a sentence less than a year, will serve the entire period of time in a state institution. Prior to this amendment, offenders were transferred from the state institution to a local facility to serve sentences of less than one year.

The 1995 Legislature, in creating the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (see RCW 9.94A.660), provided that a term of confinement imposed under that alternative must be served, regardless of length, in a state correctional facility.

RCW 9.94A.340 Equal application. The sentencing guidelines and prosecuting standards apply equally to offenders in all parts of the state, without discrimination as to any element that does not relate to the crime or the previous record of the defendant. [1983 c 115 § 5.]

RCW 9.94A.345 Timing. Any sentence imposed under this chapter shall be determined in accordance with the law in effect when the current offense was committed. [2000 c 26 § 2.]

RCW 9.94A.401 Introduction. These standards are intended solely for the guidance of prosecutors in the state of Washington. They are not intended to, do not and may not be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by a party in litigation with the state. [1983 c 115 § 14. Formerly RCW 9.94A.430.]

RCW 9.94A.411 Evidentiary sufficiency. (1) Decision not to prosecute.

STANDARD: A prosecuting attorney may decline to prosecute, even though technically sufficient evidence to prosecute exists, in situations where prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question or would result in decreased respect for the law.

GUIDELINE/COMMENTARY:

Examples

The following are examples of reasons not to prosecute which could satisfy the standard.

(a) **Contrary to Legislative Intent** - It may be proper to decline to charge where the application of criminal sanctions would be clearly contrary to the intent of the legislature in enacting the particular statute.

(b) **Antiquated Statute** - It may be proper to decline to charge where the statute in question is antiquated in that:

- (i) It has not been enforced for many years; and
- (ii) Most members of society act as if it were no longer in existence; and
- (iii) It serves no deterrent or protective purpose in today's society; and
- (iv) The statute has not been recently reconsidered by the legislature.

This reason is not to be construed as the basis for declining cases because the law in question is unpopular or because it is difficult to enforce.

(c) **De Minimus Violation** - It may be proper to decline to charge where the violation of law is only technical or insubstantial and where no public interest or deterrent purpose would be served by prosecution.

(d) **Confinement on Other Charges** - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused has been sentenced on another charge to a lengthy period of confinement; and

(i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;

(ii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and

(iii) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(e) **Pending Conviction on Another Charge** - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused is facing a pending prosecution in the same or another county; and

(i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;

(ii) Conviction in the pending prosecution is imminent;

(iii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and

(iv) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(f) **High Disproportionate Cost of Prosecution** - It may be proper to decline to charge where the cost of locating or transporting, or the burden on, prosecution witnesses is highly disproportionate to the importance of prosecuting the offense in question. This reason should be limited to minor cases and should not be relied upon in serious cases.

(g) Improper Motives of Complainant - It may be proper to decline charges because the motives of the complainant are improper and prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question or would result in decreased respect for the law.

(h) Immunity - It may be proper to decline to charge where immunity is to be given to an accused in order to prosecute another where the accused's information or testimony will reasonably lead to the conviction of others who are responsible for more serious criminal conduct or who represent a greater danger to the public interest.

(i) Victim Request - It may be proper to decline to charge because the victim requests that no criminal charges be filed and the case involves the following crimes or situations:

- (i) Assault cases where the victim has suffered little or no injury;
- (ii) Crimes against property, not involving violence, where no major loss was suffered;
- (iii) Where doing so would not jeopardize the safety of society.

Care should be taken to insure that the victim's request is freely made and is not the product of threats or pressure by the accused.

The presence of these factors may also justify the decision to dismiss a prosecution which has been commenced.

Notification

The prosecutor is encouraged to notify the victim, when practical, and the law enforcement personnel, of the decision not to prosecute.

(2) Decision to prosecute.

(a) STANDARD:

Crimes against persons will be filed if sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify conviction by a reasonable and objective fact-finder. With regard to offenses prohibited by RCW 9A.44.040, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.089, and 9A.64.020 the prosecutor should avoid pre-filing agreements or diversions intended to place the accused in a program of treatment or counseling, so that treatment, if determined to be beneficial, can be provided pursuant to RCW 9.94A.670.

Crimes against property/other crimes will be filed if the admissible evidence is of such convincing force as to make it probable that a reasonable and objective fact-finder would convict after hearing all the admissible evidence and the most plausible defense that could be raised.

See table below for the crimes within these categories.

CATEGORIZATION OF CRIMES FOR PROSECUTING STANDARDS

CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS

- Aggravated Murder
- 1st Degree Murder
- 2nd Degree Murder
- 1st Degree Manslaughter
- 2nd Degree Manslaughter
- 1st Degree Kidnapping
- 2nd Degree Kidnapping
- 1st Degree Assault
- 2nd Degree Assault
- 3rd Degree Assault
- 1st Degree Assault of a Child
- 2nd Degree Assault of a Child

3rd Degree Assault of a Child
 1st Degree Rape
 2nd Degree Rape
 3rd Degree Rape
 1st Degree Rape of a Child
 2nd Degree Rape of a Child
 3rd Degree Rape of a Child
 1st Degree Robbery
 2nd Degree Robbery
 1st Degree Arson
 1st Degree Burglary
 1st Degree Extortion
 2nd Degree Extortion
 Indecent Liberties
 Incest
 Vehicular Homicide
 Vehicular Assault
 1st Degree Child Molestation
 2nd Degree Child Molestation
 3rd Degree Child Molestation
 1st Degree Promoting Prostitution
 Intimidating a Juror
 Communication with a Minor
 Intimidating a Witness
 Intimidating a Public Servant
 Bomb Threat (if against person)
 Unlawful Imprisonment
 Promoting a Suicide Attempt
 Riot (if against person)
 Stalking
 Custodial Assault
 Domestic Violence Court Order Violation (RCW 10.99.040, 10.99.050, 26.09.300,
 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070, or 74.34.145)
 Counterfeiting (if a violation of RCW 9.16.035(4))

CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY/OTHER CRIMES
 2nd Degree Arson
 1st Degree Escape
 2nd Degree Escape
 2nd Degree Burglary
 1st Degree Theft
 2nd Degree Theft
 1st Degree Perjury
 2nd Degree Perjury
 1st Degree Introducing Contraband
 2nd Degree Introducing Contraband
 1st Degree Possession of Stolen Property
 2nd Degree Possession of Stolen Property

Bribery
Bribing a Witness
Bribe received by a Witness
Bomb Threat (if against property)
1st Degree Malicious Mischief
2nd Degree Malicious Mischief
1st Degree Reckless Burning
Taking a Motor Vehicle without Authorization
Forgery
2nd Degree Promoting Prostitution
Tampering with a Witness
Trading in Public Office
Trading in Special Influence
Receiving/Granting Unlawful Compensation
Bigamy
Eluding a Pursuing Police Vehicle
Willful Failure to Return from Furlough
Escape from Community Custody
Riot (if against property)
1st Degree Theft of Livestock
2nd Degree Theft of Livestock

ALL OTHER UNCLASSIFIED FELONIES

Selection of Charges/Degree of Charge

(i) The prosecutor should file charges which adequately describe the nature of defendant's conduct. Other offenses may be charged only if they are necessary to ensure that the charges:

- (A) Will significantly enhance the strength of the state's case at trial; or
- (B) Will result in restitution to all victims.

(ii) The prosecutor should not overcharge to obtain a guilty plea. Overcharging includes:

- (A) Charging a higher degree;
- (B) Charging additional counts.

This standard is intended to direct prosecutors to charge those crimes which demonstrate the nature and seriousness of a defendant's criminal conduct, but to decline to charge crimes which are not necessary to such an indication. Crimes which do not merge as a matter of law, but which arise from the same course of conduct, do not all have to be charged.

(b) GUIDELINES/COMMENTARY:

(i) Police Investigation

A prosecuting attorney is dependent upon law enforcement agencies to conduct the necessary factual investigation which must precede the decision to prosecute. The prosecuting attorney shall ensure that a thorough factual investigation has been conducted before a decision to prosecute is made. In ordinary circumstances the investigation should include the following:

- (A) The interviewing of all material witnesses, together with the obtaining of written statements whenever possible;
- (B) The completion of necessary laboratory tests; and
- (C) The obtaining, in accordance with constitutional requirements, of the suspect's version of the events.

If the initial investigation is incomplete, a prosecuting attorney should insist upon further investigation before a decision to prosecute is made, and specify what the investigation needs to include.

(ii) Exceptions

In certain situations, a prosecuting attorney may authorize filing of a criminal complaint before the investigation is complete if:

(A) Probable cause exists to believe the suspect is guilty; and

(B) The suspect presents a danger to the community or is likely to flee if not apprehended; or

(C) The arrest of the suspect is necessary to complete the investigation of the crime.

In the event that the exception to the standard is applied, the prosecuting attorney shall obtain a commitment from the law enforcement agency involved to complete the investigation in a timely manner. If the subsequent investigation does not produce sufficient evidence to meet the normal charging standard, the complaint should be dismissed.

(iii) Investigation Techniques

The prosecutor should be fully advised of the investigatory techniques that were used in the case investigation including:

(A) Polygraph testing;

(B) Hypnosis;

(C) Electronic surveillance;

(D) Use of informants.

(iv) Pre-Filing Discussions with Defendant

Discussions with the defendant or his/her representative regarding the selection or disposition of charges may occur prior to the filing of charges, and potential agreements can be reached.

(v) Pre-Filing Discussions with Victim(s)

Discussions with the victim(s) or victims' representatives regarding the selection or disposition of charges may occur before the filing of charges. The discussions may be considered by the prosecutor in charging and disposition decisions, and should be considered before reaching any agreement with the defendant regarding these decisions. [2000 c 119 § 28; 2000 c 28 § 17. Prior: 1999 c 322 § 6; 1999 c 196 § 11; 1996 c 93 § 2; 1995 c 288 § 3; prior: 1992 c 145 § 11; 1992 c 75 § 5; 1989 c 332 § 2; 1988 c 145 § 13; 1986 c 257 § 30; 1983 c 115 § 15. Formerly RCW 9.94A.440.]

Comment

Decision Not to Prosecute: This standard and the examples previously listed were taken in large measure from the 1980 Washington Association of Prosecuting Attorneys' Standards for Charging and Plea Bargaining.

The 1995 Legislature added a guideline calling for prosecutors to consult with victims or their representatives about the selection or disposition of charges, and to consider those discussions before reaching any agreement with a defendant about charging or disposition.

The 1999 Legislature added the following offenses to the list of "Crimes Against Persons:" Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100); Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110); No-Contact Order Violation: Domestic Violence Pre-Trial Condition (RCW 10.99.040(4)(b) and (c)); No-Contact Order Violation: Domestic Violence Sentence Condition (RCW 10.99.050(2)); Protection Order

Violation: Domestic Violence Civil Action (RCW 26.50.110(4) and (5)); and Counterfeiting While Endangering Public Health and Safety (RCW 9.16.035(4)).

RCW 9.94A.421 Plea agreements--Discussions--Contents of agreements. The prosecutor and the attorney for the defendant, or the defendant when acting pro se, may engage in discussions with a view toward reaching an agreement that, upon the entering of a plea to a charged offense or to a lesser or related offense, the prosecutor will do any of the following:

- (1) Move for dismissal of other charges or counts;
- (2) Recommend a particular sentence within the sentence range applicable to the offense or offenses to which the offender pled guilty;
- (3) Recommend a particular sentence outside of the sentence range;
- (4) Agree to file a particular charge or count;
- (5) Agree not to file other charges or counts; or
- (6) Make any other promise to the defendant, except that in no instance may the prosecutor agree not to allege prior convictions.

In a case involving a crime against persons as defined in *RCW 9.94A.411, the prosecutor shall make reasonable efforts to inform the victim of the violent offense of the nature of and reasons for the plea agreement, including all offenses the prosecutor has agreed not to file, and ascertain any objections or comments the victim has to the plea agreement.

The court shall not participate in any discussions under this section. [1995 c 288 § 1; 1981 c 137 § 8. Formerly RCW 9.94A.080.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

Pursuant to subsection (6), agreements may be reached regarding the filing or dismissal of deadly weapon allegations, the amount of restitution to be paid, whether an alternative conversion from total confinement to community service will be recommended and whether confinement shall be total or partial. These examples are not exclusive, and subsection (6) was designed to allow agreements appropriate to the specific facts of individual cases permitted under the Act. See RCW 9.94A.450, the Recommended Prosecuting Standards for Charging and Plea Dispositions.

The requirement that in no instance may the prosecutor agree not to allege prior convictions does not apply to situations in which the conviction is constitutionally invalid on its face. Similarly, it need not be alleged if the prior conviction has been previously determined through a personal restraint petition (or equivalent process) to have been unconstitutionally obtained. See State v. Ammons, 105 Wn.2d 175, 187 (1986).

The 1995 Legislature added a requirement that prosecutors consult with the victims of violent offenses about plea agreements in such cases.

A defendant may not assert a cruel and unusual punishment claim or an equal protection claim in challenging a standard range sentence negotiated as part of a plea agreement. A plea agreement for a standard range sentence operates as a waiver of nonjurisdictional challenges to the sentence. See State v. Moton, 976 P.2d 1286 (1999).

RCW 9.94A.431 Plea agreements--Information to court--Approval or disapproval--Sentencing judge not bound. (1) If a plea agreement has been reached by the prosecutor and the defendant pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.421, they shall at the time of the defendant's plea state to the court, on the record, the nature of the agreement and the reasons for the agreement. The prosecutor shall inform the court on the record whether the victim or victims of all crimes against persons, as defined in *RCW 9.94A.411, covered by the plea agreement have expressed any objections to or comments on the nature of and reasons for the plea agreement. The court, at the time of the plea, shall determine if the agreement is consistent with the interests of justice and with the prosecuting standards. If the court determines it is not consistent with the interests of justice and with the prosecuting standards, the court shall, on the record, inform the defendant and the prosecutor that they are not bound by the agreement and that the defendant may withdraw the defendant's plea of guilty, if one has been made, and enter a plea of not guilty.

(2) The sentencing judge is not bound by any recommendations contained in an allowed plea agreement and the defendant shall be so informed at the time of plea. [1995 c 288 § 2; 1984 c 209 § 4; 1981 c 137 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.090.]

Comment

Subsection (1) gives the judge hearing a defendant's plea of guilty the authority to void the plea agreement upon which it is based if it is not consistent with the interests of justice and the prosecuting standards. This includes the authority to deny an amendment of the information. CrR 2.1(e).

A sentencing judge is not bound by the recommendations of any party, even if that judge also accepted the defendant's plea of guilty. This is consistent with Washington law preceding implementation of the Sentencing Reform Act.

The 1995 Legislature added a requirement that prosecutors inform the sentencing court whether the victims of violent crimes have expressed any objections or comments on the plea agreement.

RCW 9.94A.441 Plea agreements--Criminal history. The prosecuting attorney and the defendant shall each provide the court with their understanding of what the defendant's criminal history is prior to a plea of guilty pursuant to a plea agreement. All disputed issues as to criminal history shall be decided at the sentencing hearing. [1981 c 137 § 10. Formerly RCW 9.94A.100.]

Comment

This section does not violate a defendant's freedom against self-incrimination. State v. Ammons, 105 Wn.2d 175, 183-184 (1986).

RCW 9.94A.450 Plea dispositions. STANDARD: (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a defendant will normally be expected to plead guilty to the charge or charges which adequately describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct or go to trial.

(2) In certain circumstances, a plea agreement with a defendant in exchange for a plea of guilty to a charge or charges that may not fully describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct may be necessary and in the public interest. Such situations may include the following:

- (a) Evidentiary problems which make conviction on the original charges doubtful;
- (b) The defendant's willingness to cooperate in the investigation or prosecution of others whose criminal conduct is more serious or represents a greater public threat;
- (c) A request by the victim when it is not the result of pressure from the defendant;
- (d) The discovery of facts which mitigate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct;
- (e) The correction of errors in the initial charging decision;
- (f) The defendant's history with respect to criminal activity;
- (g) The nature and seriousness of the offense or offenses charged;
- (h) The probable effect on witnesses. [1983 c 115 § 16.]

RCW 9.94A.460 Sentence recommendations. STANDARD:

The prosecutor may reach an agreement regarding sentence recommendations.

The prosecutor shall not agree to withhold relevant information from the court concerning the plea agreement. [1983 c 115 § 17.]

RCW 9.94A.470 Armed offenders. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) Notwithstanding the current placement or listing of crimes in categories or classifications of prosecuting standards for deciding to prosecute under *RCW 9.94A.411(2), any and all felony crimes involving any deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602, any deadly weapon enhancements under *RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4), or both, and any and all felony crimes as defined in *RCW 9.94A.510 (3)(f) or (4)(f), or both, which are excluded from the deadly weapon enhancements shall all be treated as crimes against a person and subject to the prosecuting standards for deciding to prosecute under *RCW 9.94A.411(2) as crimes against persons. [1995 c 129 § 4 (Initiative Measure No. 159).]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.470 Armed offenders. (Effective July 1, 2004.) Notwithstanding the current placement or listing of crimes in categories or classifications of prosecuting standards for deciding to prosecute under *RCW 9.94A.411(2), any and all felony crimes involving any deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602, any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, and any and all felony crimes as defined in RCW 9.94A.533 (3)(f) or (4)(f), or both, which are excluded from the deadly weapon enhancements shall all be treated as crimes against a person and subject to the prosecuting standards for deciding to prosecute under *RCW 9.94A.411(2) as crimes against persons. [2002 c 290 § 14; 1995 c 129 § 4 (Initiative Measure No. 159).]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.475 Plea agreements and sentences for certain offenders Public records. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) Any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes shall be made and retained as public records if the felony crime involves:

- (1) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
- (2) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
- (3) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602;
- (4) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under *RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(5) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony. [1997 c 338 § 48; 1995 c 129 § 5 (Initiative Measure No. 159). Formerly RCW 9.94A.103.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.475 Plea agreements and sentences for certain offenders Public records. (Effective July 1, 2004.) Any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes shall be made and retained as public records if the felony crime involves:

- (1) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
- (2) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
- (3) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602;
- (4) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(5) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony. [2002 c 290 § 15; 1997 c 338 § 48; 1995 c 129 § 5 (Initiative Measure No. 159). Formerly RCW 9.94A.103.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

Initiative Measure No. 159 added this section, requiring the maintenance as public records of all plea or recommended sentencing agreements involving violent offenses, most serious offenses or felonies involving deadly weapons.

RCW 9.94A.480 Judicial records for sentences of certain offenders. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) (1) A current, newly created or reworked judgment and sentence document for each felony sentencing shall record any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes kept as public records under *RCW 9.94A.475 shall contain the clearly printed name and legal signature of the sentencing judge. The judgment and sentence document as defined in this section shall also provide additional space for the sentencing judge's reasons for going either above or below the presumptive

sentence range for any and all felony crimes covered as public records under *RCW 9.94A.475. Both the sentencing judge and the prosecuting attorney's office shall each retain or receive a completed copy of each sentencing document as defined in this section for their own records.

(2) The sentencing guidelines commission shall be sent a completed copy of the judgment and sentence document upon conviction for each felony sentencing under subsection (1) of this section and shall compile a yearly and cumulative judicial record of each sentencing judge in regards to his or her sentencing practices for any and all felony crimes involving:

- (a) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
- (b) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
- (c) Any felony with any deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602;
- (d) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under *RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(e) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

(3) The sentencing guidelines commission shall compare each individual judge's sentencing practices to the standard or presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes listed in subsection (2) of this section for the appropriate offense level as defined in *RCW 9.94A.515, offender score as defined in *RCW 9.94A.525, and any applicable deadly weapon enhancements as defined in *RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4), or both. These comparative records shall be retained and made available to the public for review in a current, newly created or reworked official published document by the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) Any and all felony sentences which are either above or below the standard or presumptive sentence range in subsection (3) of this section shall also mark whether the prosecuting attorney in the case also recommended a similar sentence, if any, which was either above or below the presumptive sentence range and shall also indicate if the sentence was in conjunction with an approved alternative sentencing option including a first-time offender waiver, sex offender sentencing alternative, or other prescribed sentencing option.

(5) If any completed judgment and sentence document as defined in subsection (1) of this section is not sent to the sentencing guidelines commission as required in subsection (2) of this section, the sentencing guidelines commission shall have the authority and shall undertake reasonable and necessary steps to assure that all past, current, and future sentencing documents as defined in subsection (1) of this section are received by the sentencing guidelines commission.

[1997 c 338 § 49; 1995 c 129 § 6 (Initiative Measure No. 159). Formerly RCW 9.94A.105.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.480 Judicial records for sentences of certain offenders. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) A current, newly created or reworked judgment and sentence document for each felony sentencing shall record any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes kept as public records under *RCW 9.94A.475 shall contain the clearly printed name and legal signature of the sentencing judge. The judgment and sentence document as defined in this section shall also provide additional space for the sentencing judge's reasons for going either above or below the presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes covered as public records under *RCW 9.94A.475. Both the sentencing judge and the prosecuting attorney's office shall each retain or receive a

completed copy of each sentencing document as defined in this section for their own records.

(2) The sentencing guidelines commission shall be sent a completed copy of the judgment and sentence document upon conviction for each felony sentencing under subsection (1) of this section and shall compile a yearly and cumulative judicial record of each sentencing judge in regards to his or her sentencing practices for any and all felony crimes involving:

(a) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;

(b) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;

(c) Any felony with any deadly weapon special verdict under *RCW 9.94A.602;

(d) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(e) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

(3) The sentencing guidelines commission shall compare each individual judge's sentencing practices to the standard or presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes listed in subsection (2) of this section for the appropriate offense level as defined in RCW *9.94A.515 or 9.94A.518, offender score as defined in *RCW 9.94A.525, and any applicable deadly weapon enhancements as defined in RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both. These comparative records shall be retained and made available to the public for review in a current, newly created or reworked official published document by the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) Any and all felony sentences which are either above or below the standard or presumptive sentence range in subsection (3) of this section shall also mark whether the prosecuting attorney in the case also recommended a similar sentence, if any, which was either above or below the presumptive sentence range and shall also indicate if the sentence was in conjunction with an approved alternative sentencing option including a first-time offender waiver, sex offender sentencing alternative, or other prescribed sentencing option.

(5) If any completed judgment and sentence document as defined in subsection (1) of this section is not sent to the sentencing guidelines commission as required in subsection (2) of this section, the sentencing guidelines commission shall have the authority and shall undertake reasonable and necessary steps to assure that all past, current, and future sentencing documents as defined in subsection (1) of this section are received by the sentencing guidelines commission. [2002 c 290 § 16; 1997 c 338 § 49; 1995 c 129 § 6 (Initiative Measure No. 159). Formerly RCW 9.94A.105.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

Initiative Measure No. 159 added this section, requiring that every felony Judgment and Sentence document includes all recommended plea or sentencing agreements, the printed name of the sentencing judge and space for the judge's reasons to impose an exceptional sentence. Records of sentences above or below the standard range must reveal whether the prosecuting attorney recommended a similar sentence.

The Sentencing Guidelines Commission is required to compile annual and cumulative records of each judge's sentencing practices involving violent offenses, most serious offenses and felonies involving deadly weapons. The Commission is to compare each judge's sentencing practices to

the standard range for each of these offenses, and to publish these comparative records.

RCW 9.94A.500 Sentencing hearing--Presentencing procedures--Disclosure of mental health services information. (1) Before imposing a sentence upon a defendant, the court shall conduct a sentencing hearing. The sentencing hearing shall be held within forty court days following conviction. Upon the motion of either party for good cause shown, or on its own motion, the court may extend the time period for conducting the sentencing hearing.

Except in cases where the defendant shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of release or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death, the court may order the department to complete a risk assessment report. If available before sentencing, the report shall be provided to the court.

Unless specifically waived by the court, the court shall order the department to complete a chemical dependency screening report before imposing a sentence upon a defendant who has been convicted of a violation of the uniform controlled substances act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW where the court finds that the offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense. In addition, the court shall, at the time of plea or conviction, order the department to complete a presentence report before imposing a sentence upon a defendant who has been convicted of a felony sexual offense. The department of corrections shall give priority to presentence investigations for sexual offenders. If the court determines that the defendant may be a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, although the defendant has not established that at the time of the crime he or she lacked the capacity to commit the crime, was incompetent to commit the crime, or was insane at the time of the crime, the court shall order the department to complete a presentence report before imposing a sentence.

The court shall consider the risk assessment report and presentence reports, if any, including any victim impact statement and criminal history, and allow arguments from the prosecutor, the defense counsel, the offender, the victim, the survivor of the victim, or a representative of the victim or survivor, and an investigative law enforcement officer as to the sentence to be imposed.

If the court is satisfied by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has a criminal history, the court shall specify the convictions it has found to exist. All of this information shall be part of the record. Copies of all risk assessment reports and presentence reports presented to the sentencing court and all written findings of facts and conclusions of law as to sentencing entered by the court shall be sent to the department by the clerk of the court at the conclusion of the sentencing and shall accompany the offender if the offender is committed to the custody of the department. Court clerks shall provide, without charge, certified copies of documents relating to criminal convictions requested by prosecuting attorneys.

(2) To prevent wrongful disclosure of information related to mental health services, as defined in RCW 71.05.445 and 71.34.225, a court may take only those steps necessary during a sentencing hearing or any hearing in which the department presents information related to mental health services to the court. The steps may be taken on motion of the defendant, the prosecuting attorney, or on the court's own motion. The court may seal the portion of the record relating to information relating to mental health services, exclude the public from the hearing during presentation or discussion of information relating to mental health services, or grant other relief to achieve the result intended by this subsection, but nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the subsequent release of information related to mental health services as authorized

by RCW 71.05.445, 71.34.225, or 72.09.585. Any person who otherwise is permitted to attend any hearing pursuant to chapter 7.69 or 7.69A RCW shall not be excluded from the hearing solely because the department intends to disclose or discloses information related to mental health services. [2000 c 75 § 8. Prior: 1999 c 197 § 3; 1999 c 196 § 4; 1998 c 260 § 2; 1988 c 60 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 34; 1985 c 443 § 6; 1984 c 209 § 5; 1981 c 137 § 11. Formerly RCW 9.94A.110.]

Comment

This section is procedurally implemented through CrR 7.1. Relevant information for purposes of sentencing is to be submitted through written presentence reports. Information set forth in the presentence reports of the prosecuting attorney and the Department of Corrections will be considered admitted, unless specifically controverted by the defendant. State v. Ammons, 105 Wn.2d 175, 184 (1986).

A comprehensive discussion regarding the determination of a defendant's criminal history at the sentencing hearing is contained in State v. Ammons, 105 Wn.2d 175 (1986). See RCW 9.94A.370 for a discussion of other disputed facts that may affect the defendant's sentence.

The 1988 Legislature directed the court to order presentence reports on all offenders convicted of felony sex offenses.

The 1998 Legislature directed the courts to order the Department of Corrections to complete presentence reports before imposing sentences where the court determines the offender may be a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025.

The 1999 Legislature authorized courts to order the Department of Corrections to complete presentence risk assessment reports for offenders and directed courts to consider risk assessment reports as part of the determination of what sentence to impose, although sentences may be entered without considering a risk assessment report. The 1999 Legislature also mandated presentence chemical dependency screening reports to be completed for all offenders violating the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50). A court may specifically waive a chemical dependency screening in such cases. In other cases (non-drug offenses), a court may order a chemical dependency screening where the court finds that a chemical dependency contributed to the crime.

RCW 9.94A.501 Risk assessment--Risk categories--Department must supervise specified offenders. (Expires July 1, 2010.) (1) When the department performs a risk assessment pursuant to RCW 9.94A.500, or to determine a person's conditions of supervision, the risk assessment shall classify the offender into one of at least four risk categories.

(2) The department shall supervise every offender sentenced to a term of community custody, community placement, or community supervision:

(a) Whose risk assessment places that offender in one of the two highest risk categories;

or

(b) Regardless of the offender's risk category if:

(i) The offender's current conviction is for:

(A) A sex offense;

(B) A violent offense;

(C) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

- (D) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
- (E) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (F) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (G) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (ii) The offender has a prior conviction for:
 - (A) A sex offense;
 - (B) A violent offense;
 - (C) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (D) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (E) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
 - (F) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
 - (G) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (iii) The conditions of the offender's community custody, community placement, or community supervision include chemical dependency treatment;
- (iv) The offender was sentenced under RCW 9.94A.650 or 9.94A.670; or
- (v) The offender is subject to supervision pursuant to RCW 9.94A.745.
- (3) The department is not authorized to, and may not, supervise any offender sentenced to a term of community custody, community placement, or community supervision unless the offender is one for whom supervision is required under subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) This section expires July 1, 2010. [2003 c 379 § 3.]

NOTES: Severability--Effective dates--2003 c 379: See notes following RCW 9.94A.728.

RCW 9.94A.505 Sentences. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) (1) When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this chapter.

(2)(a) The court shall impose a sentence as provided in the following sections and as applicable in the case:

- (i) Unless another term of confinement applies, the court shall impose a sentence within the standard sentence range established in *RCW 9.94A.510;
- (ii) RCW 9.94A.700 and 9.94A.705, relating to community placement;
- (iii) RCW 9.94A.710 and 9.94A.715, relating to community custody;
- (iv) *RCW 9.94A.545, relating to community custody for offenders whose term of confinement is one year or less;
- (v) *RCW 9.94A.570, relating to persistent offenders;
- (vi) *RCW 9.94A.540, relating to mandatory minimum terms;
- (vii) RCW 9.94A.650, relating to the first-time offender waiver;
- (viii) RCW 9.94A.660, relating to the drug offender sentencing alternative;
- (ix) RCW 9.94A.670, relating to the special sex offender sentencing alternative;
- (x) RCW 9.94A.712, relating to certain sex offenses;
- (xi) *RCW 9.94A.535, relating to exceptional sentences;
- (xii) *RCW 9.94A.589, relating to consecutive and concurrent sentences.

(b) If a standard sentence range has not been established for the offender's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement;

community restitution work; until July 1, 2000, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year and on and after July 1, 2000, a term of community custody not to exceed one year, subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.710 (2) and (3); and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds reasons justifying an exceptional sentence as provided in *RCW 9.94A.535.

(3) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(4) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, it shall be imposed as provided in RCW *9.94A.750, 9.94A.753, 9.94A.760, and 43.43.7541.

(5) Except as provided under *RCW 9.94A.750(4) and 9.94A.753(4), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision, community placement, or community custody which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(6) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

(7) The court shall order restitution as provided in *RCW 9.94A.750 and 9.94A.753.

(8) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions as provided in this chapter.

(9) The court may order an offender whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. An order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based on a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency or eligibility for a defense of insanity. The court may order additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate.

(10) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the offender to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(11) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was convicted has a minor child, the court may, as part of any term of community supervision, community placement, or community custody, order the offender to participate in a domestic violence perpetrator program approved under RCW 26.50.150. [2002 c 289 § 6; 2002 c 175 § 6; 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 312; 2001 c 10 § 2. Prior: 2000 c 226 § 2; 2000 c 43 § 1; 2000 c 28 § 5; prior: 1999 c 324 § 2; 1999 c 197 § 4; 1999 c 196 § 5; 1999 c 147 § 3; 1998 c 260 § 3; prior: 1997 c 340 § 2; 1997 c 338 § 4; 1997 c 144 § 2; 1997 c 121 § 2; 1997 c 69 § 1; prior: 1996 c 275 § 2; 1996 c 215 § 5; 1996 c 199 § 1; 1996 c 93 § 1; 1995 c 108 § 3; prior: 1994 c 1 § 2 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993); 1993 c 31 § 3; prior: 1992 c 145 § 7; 1992 c 75 § 2; 1992 c 45 § 5; prior: 1991 c 221 § 2; 1991 c 181 § 3; 1991 c 104 § 3; 1990 c 3 § 705; 1989 c 252 § 4; prior: 1988 c 154 § 3; 1988 c 153 § 2; 1988 c 143 § 21; prior: 1987 c 456 § 2; 1987 c 402 § 1; prior: 1986 c 301 § 4; 1986 c 301 § 3; 1986 c 257 § 20; 1984 c 209 § 6; 1983 c 163 § 2; 1982 c 192 § 4; 1981 c 137 § 12. Formerly RCW 9.94A.120.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2002 c 175 § 6 and by 2002 c 289 § 6, each without reference to the other. Both amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

RCW 9.94A.505 Sentences. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this chapter.

(2)(a) The court shall impose a sentence as provided in the following sections and as applicable in the case:

(i) Unless another term of confinement applies, the court shall impose a sentence within the standard sentence range established in RCW *9.94A.510 or 9.94A.517;

(ii) RCW 9.94A.700 and 9.94A.705, relating to community placement;

(iii) RCW 9.94A.710 and 9.94A.715, relating to community custody;

(iv) *RCW 9.94A.545, relating to community custody for offenders whose term of confinement is one year or less;

(v) *RCW 9.94A.570, relating to persistent offenders;

(vi) *RCW 9.94A.540, relating to mandatory minimum terms;

(vii) RCW 9.94A.650, relating to the first-time offender waiver;

(viii) RCW 9.94A.660, relating to the drug offender sentencing alternative;

(ix) RCW 9.94A.670, relating to the special sex offender sentencing alternative;

(x) RCW 9.94A.712, relating to certain sex offenses;

(xi) *RCW 9.94A.535, relating to exceptional sentences;

(xii) *RCW 9.94A.589, relating to consecutive and concurrent sentences.

(b) If a standard sentence range has not been established for the offender's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement; community restitution work; until July 1, 2000, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year and on and after July 1, 2000, a term of community custody not to exceed one year, subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.710 (2) and (3); and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds reasons justifying an exceptional sentence as provided in *RCW 9.94A.535.

(3) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(4) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, it shall be imposed as provided in RCW *9.94A.750, 9.94A.753, 9.94A.760, and 43.43.7541.

(5) Except as provided under *RCW 9.94A.750(4) and 9.94A.753(4), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision, community placement, or community custody which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(6) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

(7) The court shall order restitution as provided in *RCW 9.94A.750 and 9.94A.753.

(8) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions as provided in this chapter.

(9) The court may order an offender whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. An order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based

on a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency or eligibility for a defense of insanity. The court may order additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate.

(10) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the offender to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(11) In sentencing an offender convicted of a crime of domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, if the offender has a minor child, or if the victim of the offense for which the offender was convicted has a minor child, the court may, as part of any term of community supervision, community placement, or community custody, order the offender to participate in a domestic violence perpetrator program approved under RCW 26.50.150. [2002 c 290 § 17; 2002 c 289 § 6; 2002 c 175 § 6; 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 312; 2001 c 10 § 2. Prior: 2000 c 226 § 2; 2000 c 43 § 1; 2000 c 28 § 5; prior: 1999 c 324 § 2; 1999 c 197 § 4; 1999 c 196 § 5; 1999 c 147 § 3; 1998 c 260 § 3; prior: 1997 c 340 § 2; 1997 c 338 § 4; 1997 c 144 § 2; 1997 c 121 § 2; 1997 c 69 § 1; prior: 1996 c 275 § 2; 1996 c 215 § 5; 1996 c 199 § 1; 1996 c 93 § 1; 1995 c 108 § 3; prior: 1994 c 1 § 2 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993); 1993 c 31 § 3; prior: 1992 c 145 § 7; 1992 c 75 § 2; 1992 c 45 § 5; prior: 1991 c 221 § 2; 1991 c 181 § 3; 1991 c 104 § 3; 1990 c 3 § 705; 1989 c 252 § 4; prior: 1988 c 154 § 3; 1988 c 153 § 2; 1988 c 143 § 21; prior: 1987 c 456 § 2; 1987 c 402 § 1; prior: 1986 c 301 § 4; 1986 c 301 § 3; 1986 c 257 § 20; 1984 c 209 § 6; 1983 c 163 § 2; 1982 c 192 § 4; 1981 c 137 § 12. Formerly RCW 9.94A.120.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2002 c 175 § 6, 2002 c 289 § 6, and by 2002 c 290 § 17, each without reference to the other. All amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

Comment

RCW 9.94A.505(6) codifies the constitutional requirement that offenders receive credit for time served prior to sentencing. See State v. Phelan, 100 Wn.2d 508, 671 P.2d 1212 (1983).

The 1988 Legislature directed that restitution to victims shall be the first payment of monetary obligations. The Legislature also clarified that the Department of Corrections is responsible for supervising payment of monetary obligations, and if the court does not set a schedule for payments, the Department can set one.

The 1999 Legislature also authorized courts to order certain domestic violence offenders to participate in domestic violence perpetrator programs as part of their term of supervision in the community. See RCW 9.94A.505(11)

RCW 9.94A.510 Table 1—Sentencing grid.
(Effective Until July 1, 2004)

		Offender Score									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or More
Seriousness Level	XVI	Life Sentence Without Parole/Death Penalty									
	XV	23y 4m 240 - 320	24y 4m 250 - 333	25y 4m 261 - 347	26y 4m 271 - 361	27y 4m 281 - 374	28y 4m 291 - 388	30y 4m 312 - 416	32y 10m 338 - 450	36y 370 - 493	40y 411 - 548
	XIV	14y 4m 123 - 220	15y 4m 134 - 234	16y 2m 144 - 244	17y 154 - 254	17y 11m 165 - 265	18y 9m 175 - 275	20y 5m 195 - 295	22y 2m 216 - 316	25y 7m 257 - 357	29y 298 - 397
	XIII	12y 123 - 164	13y 134 - 178	14y 144 - 192	15y 154 - 205	16y 165 - 219	17y 175 - 233	19y 195 - 260	21y 216 - 288	25y 257 - 342	29y 298 - 397
	XII	9y 93 - 123	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 8m 120 - 160	12y 6m 129 - 171	13y 5m 138 - 184	15y 9m 162 - 216	17y 3m 178 - 236	20y 3m 209 - 277	23y 3m 240 - 318
	XI	7y 6m 78 - 102	8y 4m 86 - 114	9y 2m 95 - 125	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 7m 120 - 158	14y 2m 146 - 194	15y 5m 159 - 211	17y 11m 185 - 245	20y 5m 210 - 280
	X	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 62 - 82	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 72 - 96	7y 6m 77 - 102	9y 6m 98 - 130	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171	14y 6m 149 - 198
	IX	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171
	VIII	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144
	VII	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116
	VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
	V	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
	IV	6m 3 - 9	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
	III	2m 1 - 3	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 - 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
	II	45d 0 - 90 ^(Days)	4m 2 - 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
	I	30d 0 - 60 ^(Days)	45d 0 - 90 ^(Days)	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 - 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29

Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent standard sentence ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the standard sentence range is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the firearm enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a firearm enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under *RCW 9.94A.728(4).

(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a firearm enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being

sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the deadly weapon enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a deadly weapon enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9A.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under *RCW 9.94A.728(4).

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a deadly weapon enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;

(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);

(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the standard sentence range for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435 or *9.94A.605.

(7) An additional two years shall be added to the standard sentence range for vehicular homicide committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502 for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055. [2000 c 132 § 2; 2000 c 28 § 11. Prior: 1999 c 352 § 2; 1999 c 324 § 3; prior: 1998 c 235 § 1; 1998 c 211 § 3; prior: 1997 c 365 § 3; 1997 c 338 § 50; 1996 c 205 § 5; 1995 c 129 § 2 (Initiative Measure No. 159); (1994 sp.s. c 7 § 512 repealed by 1995 c 129 § 19 (Initiative Measure No. 159)); 1992 c 145 § 9; 1991 c 32 § 2; 1990 c 3 § 701; prior: 1989 c 271 § 101; 1989 c 124 § 1; 1988 c 218 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 22; 1984 c 209 § 16; 1983 c 115 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.310.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2000 c 28 § 11 and by 2000 c 132 § 2, each without reference to the other. Both amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

RCW 9.94A.510 Table 1—Sentencing grid.
(Effective July 1, 2004)

		Offender Score									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or More
Seriousness Level	XVI	Life Sentence Without Parole/Death Penalty									
	XV	23y 4m 240 - 320	24y 4m 250 - 333	25y 4m 261 - 347	26y 4m 271 - 361	27y 4m 281 - 374	28y 4m 291 - 388	30y 4m 312 - 416	32y 10m 338 - 450	36y 370 - 493	40y 411 - 548
	XIV	14y 4m 123 - 220	15y 4m 134 - 234	16y 2m 144 - 244	17y 154 - 254	17y 11m 165 - 265	18y 9m 175 - 275	20y 5m 195 - 295	22y 2m 216 - 316	25y 7m 257 - 357	29y 298 - 397
	XIII	12y 123 - 164	13y 134 - 178	14y 144 - 192	15y 154 - 205	16y 165 - 219	17y 175 - 233	19y 195 - 260	21y 216 - 288	25y 257 - 342	29y 298 - 397
	XII	9y 93 - 123	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 8m 120 - 160	12y 6m 129 - 171	13y 5m 138 - 184	15y 9m 162 - 216	17y 3m 178 - 236	20y 3m 209 - 277	23y 3m 240 - 318
	XI	7y 6m 78 - 102	8y 4m 86 - 114	9y 2m 95 - 125	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 7m 120 - 158	14y 2m 146 - 194	15y 5m 159 - 211	17y 11m 185 - 245	20y 5m 210 - 280
	X	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 62 - 82	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 72 - 96	7y 6m 77 - 102	9y 6m 98 - 130	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171	14y 6m 149 - 198
	IX	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171
	VIII	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144
	VII	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116
	VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
	V	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
	IV	6m 3 - 9	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
	III	2m 1 - 3	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 - 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
	II	45d 0 - 90 ^(Days)	4m 2 - 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
	I	30d 0 - 60 ^(Days)	45d 0 - 90 ^(Days)	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 - 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29

Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent standard sentence ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day. [2002 c 290 § 10. Prior: 2000 c 132 § 2; 2000 c 28 § 11; prior: 1999 c 352 § 2; 1999 c 324 § 3; prior: 1998 c 235 § 1; 1998 c 211 § 3; prior: 1997 c 365 § 3; 1997 c 338 § 50; 1996 c 205 § 5; 1995 c 129 § 2 (Initiative Measure No. 159); (1994 sp.s. c 7 § 512 repealed by 1995 c 129 § 19 (Initiative Measure No. 159)); 1992 c 145 § 9; 1991 c 32 § 2; 1990 c 3 § 701; prior: 1989 c 271 § 101; 1989 c 124 § 1; 1988 c 218 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 22; 1984 c 209 § 16; 1983 c 115 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.310.]

Comment

The 1986 amendments provided that the 12-month deadly weapon penalty applies to those offenses defined in RCW 9.94A.030 as drug offenses, instead of applying only to Delivery or Possession of a Controlled Substance with Intent to Deliver. The term "drug offense," as defined in the SRA, excludes simple possession, forged prescriptions and violations of the Legend Drug Act.

The 1986 revisions also clarified that the deadly weapon penalties apply to anticipatory offenses.

The 1989 Legislature added two enhancements for some drug crimes committed in certain locations: (1) violations of RCW 69.50.401(a) committed within 1,000 feet of a school or school bus zone, and (2) violations of RCW 69.50.401(a) or (d) committed within a county jail or state correctional facility.

The 1990 Legislature amended the sentencing grid to add a new Level XII, and renumber Levels XII through XIV. The sentence ranges in Level XI were increased.

The 1990 Legislature amended the enhancement for certain drug crimes near schools to also apply to Manufacture, Delivery, and Possession with Intent to Deliver in parks, public transit vehicles and transit stop shelters (RCW 69.50.435).

The 1992 Legislature added Assault of a Child 2 to the crimes eligible for deadly weapon penalties.

The 1994 Legislature amended subsection (4)(c) to apply the previous 12-month deadly weapon enhancement to all violent offenses not subject to a longer enhancement. This was repealed and replaced in 1995 by Initiative 159.

The enactment of Initiative Measure No. 159 by the 1995 Legislature split the previous deadly weapon enhancement into separate enhancements for firearms and for other deadly weapons, and broadened their application to all felonies except those in which using a firearm is an element of the offense. The enhancements double when the offender has previously (but on or after July 23, 1995) been sentenced to a deadly weapon enhancement under (3) or (4). The enhancements must run consecutively to any other sentence, as long as the period of total confinement does not exceed the statutory maximum for the offense. The amendments increased the enhancement (where the weapon is not a firearm) for Burglary 1 from 18 months to two years and reduced the enhancement for Theft of Livestock 2 from one year to six months.

Although the 1995 amendments to subsections (3) and (4) in Initiative 159 prohibit weapon

enhancements from running concurrently to other sentencing provisions, the Initiative did not amend RCW 9.94A.400, which provides for concurrent sentencing of multiple counts except under circumstances specified in that section.

Subsections (3) and (4) limit the total sentence for each count to the statutory maximum, even with weapon enhancements. However, it is unclear whether the maximum consists of the entire weapon enhancement plus the remainder of the base sentence, or of the base sentence plus whatever part of the weapon enhancement remains within the maximum. This issue is especially important in multiple-count cases, where the statutory maximum for the most serious count would limit the total sentence in the absence of weapon enhancements, but may not if weapon enhancements are computed consecutively.

The 1996 Legislature increased from 15 months to 18 months the enhancement for Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Methamphetamine in a county jail or state correctional facility. The Legislature also authorized local governments to designate additional “drug free zones” at or around defined “civic centers,” under RCW 69.50.435, for purposes of the 24-month enhancement for drug offenses committed within such areas.

The 1998 Legislature clarified that when an offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the firearm enhancement or enhancements and or deadly weapon enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to the enhancement. This takes effect for crimes committed on or after June 11, 1998.

The 1998 Legislature also clarified that for all offenses sentenced under RCW 9.94A.310, all firearm or deadly weapon enhancements run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements. This takes effect for crimes committed on or after June 11, 1998.

The 1998 Legislature required that an additional two years be added to the presumptive sentence for Vehicular Homicide committed while under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502 for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055.

The 1998 Legislature required that if the firearm enhancement or the deadly weapon enhancement increases a sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced. As a result, in such a case the underlying sentence must be reduced so that the total confinement time does not exceed the statutory maximum. This takes effect for crimes committed on or after June 11, 1998.

The Supreme Court of Washington in Post Sentencing Review of Charles, 135 Wn.2d 239 (1998), ruled that when two or more offenses each carry firearm enhancements, the determination of whether multiple current sentences are to run concurrently or consecutively is governed by RCW 9.94A.400. (See 9.94A.589 for current rule.)

In State v. Barajas, 88 Wn. App. 387 (1997), the Court of Appeals ruled that when a convicted drug offender is subject to both RCW 69.50.435 (which doubles the maximum sentence that may be imposed for a drug offense committed in or near a public place or facility as specified by the statute) and RCW 9.94A.310(3) (which mandates enhanced sentences for offenses committed

while armed with a firearm), the maximum sentence on which to determine the length of the firearm enhancement is the statutory maximum for the offenses as doubled by RCW 69.50.435.

The 1997 Legislature increased the maximum term of total confinement in the standard range for Level XIII. However, the minimum term in that range applied only to sentences for Murder 2 because the Legislature amended limiting language in RCW 9.94A.040(4)(b) only for Murder 2 offenses. The new standard ranges for Murder 2 applied to crimes committed on or after July 27, 1997. The 1999 Legislature resolved the conflict within Level XIII that arose after the 1997 legislative session. A new Level XIV was created for Murder 2 only, with its unique “range widths” as outlined in 9.94A.040(4)(b). The “range widths” for the offenses remaining at Level XIII were returned to their pre-1997 status, and offenses previously at Levels XIV and XV were moved up to Level XV and a new Level XVI, respectively (for offenses committed on or after July 25, 1999).

The 1999 Legislature provided exceptions to serving mandatory minimum sentences in total confinement for offenders granted an “extraordinary medical placement” authorized under RCW 9.94A.150(4).

RCW 9.94A.515 Table 2--Crimes included within each seriousness level. (Expires July 1, 2004.)

[SGC Note: Our practice requires us to use the annotated law as provided by the Code Reviser’s Office. We note the Code Reviser’s Office has not made changes to the effective date passed during the 2003 Legislative Session under ESSB 5990. Changes to the SRA labeled July 1, 2004 should be July 1, 2003.]

TABLE 2

CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

XVI	Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020)
XV	Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055)
	Malicious explosion 1 (RCW 70.74.280(1))
	Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030)
XIV	Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050)
	Trafficking 1 (RCW 9A.40.100(1))
XIII	Malicious explosion 2 (RCW 70.74.280(2))
	Malicious placement of an explosive 1 (RCW 70.74.270(1))
XII	Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011)
	Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120)

- Malicious placement of an imitation device 1 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))
- Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040)
- Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073)
- Trafficking 2 (RCW 9A.40.100(2))
- XI Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
 - Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050)
 - Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076)
- X Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083)
 - Indecent Liberties (with forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))
 - Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020)
 - Leading Organized Crime (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a))
 - Malicious explosion 3 (RCW 70.74.280(3))
 - Manufacture of methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
 - Over 18 and deliver heroin, methamphetamine, a narcotic from Schedule I or II, or flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to someone under 18 (RCW 69.50.406)
 - Sexually Violent Predator Escape (RCW 9A.76.115)
- IX Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)
 - Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 69.50.415)
 - Explosive devices prohibited (RCW 70.74.180)
 - Hit and Run--Death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a))
 - Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 79A.60.050)
 - Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b))
 - Malicious placement of an explosive 2 (RCW 70.74.270(2))
 - Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic, except flunitrazepam or methamphetamine, from Schedule I-V to someone under 18 and 3 years junior (RCW 69.50.406)
 - Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
 - Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)

- Vehicular Homicide, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
- VIII Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
- Deliver or possess with intent to deliver methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
- Homicide by Watercraft, by the operation of any vessel in a reckless manner (RCW 79A.60.050)
- Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver amphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver heroin or cocaine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
- Possession of Ephedrine or any of its Salts or Isomers or Salts of Isomers, Pseudoephedrine or any of its Salts or Isomers or Salts of Isomers, Pressurized Ammonia Gas, or Pressurized Ammonia Gas Solution with intent to manufacture methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.440)
- Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070)
- Selling for profit (controlled or counterfeit) any controlled substance (RCW 69.50.410)
- Theft of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.010)
- Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)
- VII Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
- Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
- Civil Disorder Training (RCW 9A.48.120)
- Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.050)
- Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045)
- Homicide by Watercraft, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 79A.60.050)
- Indecent Liberties (without forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and (c))
- Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
- Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW 69.50.401(f))
- Malicious placement of an explosive 3 (RCW 70.74.270(3))

- Sending, bringing into state depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
- Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(a))
- Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony (RCW 9.41.225)
- Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
- VI Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(a))
- Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
- Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
- Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
- Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW 9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
- Malicious placement of an imitation device 2 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule I or II (except heroin or cocaine) or flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
- Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
- Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)
- Unlawful Storage of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.020)
- V Abandonment of dependent person 1 (RCW 9A.42.060)
- Advancing money or property for extortionate extension of credit (RCW 9A.82.030)
- Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(b))
- Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
- Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
- Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1 (RCW 9A.44.160)
- Delivery of imitation controlled substance by person eighteen or over to person under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
- Domestic Violence Court Order Violation (RCW 10.99.040, 10.99.050, 26.09.300, 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070, or 74.34.145)
- Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
- Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020)
- Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
- Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))

- Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
- Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
- Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
- Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310)
- Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
- Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
- Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
- Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
- Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110)
- Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070(1))
- IV Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
- Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
- Assault by Watercraft (RCW 79A.60.060)
- Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
- Cheating 1 (RCW 9.46.1961)
- Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
- Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(4))
- Endangerment with a Controlled Substance (RCW 9A.42.100)
- Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
- Hit and Run--Injury (RCW 46.52.020(4)(b))
- Hit and Run with Vessel--Injury Accident (RCW 79A.60.200(3))
- Identity Theft 1 (RCW 9.35.020(2)(a))
- Indecent Exposure to Person Under Age Fourteen (subsequent sex offense) (RCW 9A.88.010)
- Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070)
- Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(2))
- Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except marijuana, amphetamine, methamphetamines, or flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii) through (v))

- Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
- Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
- Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
- Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
- Unlawful factoring of a credit card or payment card transaction (RCW 9A.56.290(4)(b))
- Unlawful transaction of health coverage as a health care service contractor (RCW 48.44.016(3))
- Unlawful transaction of health coverage as a health maintenance organization (RCW 48.46.033(3))
- Unlawful transaction of insurance business (RCW 48.15.023(3))
- Unlicensed practice as an insurance professional (RCW 48.17.063(3))
- Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))
- Vehicular Assault, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.522)
- Willful Failure to Return from Furlough (. *RCW 72.66.060)
- III Abandonment of dependent person 2 (RCW 9A.42.070)
- Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
- Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
- Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(c))
- Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
- Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
- Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120)
- Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
- Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
- Delivery of a material in lieu of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(c))
- Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
- Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
- Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
- Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW 9A.76.180)
- Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)

- Maintaining a Dwelling or Place for Controlled Substances (RCW 69.50.402(a)(6))
- Malicious Injury to Railroad Property (RCW 81.60.070)
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver marijuana (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))
- Manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute an imitation controlled substance (RCW 69.52.030(1))
- Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100)
- Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
- Possession of Incendiary Device (RCW 9.40.120)
- Possession of Machine Gun or Short-Barreled Shotgun or Rifle (RCW 9.41.190)
- Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW 9A.88.080)
- Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(1))
- Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)
- Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
- Telephone Harassment (subsequent conviction or threat of death) (RCW 9.61.230)
- Theft of Livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.080)
- Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
- Unlawful possession of firearm in the second degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(b))
- Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes (RCW 69.53.010)
- Vehicular Assault, by the operation or driving of a vehicle with disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.522)
- Willful Failure to Return from Work Release (. *RCW 72.65.070)
- II Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
- Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(3))
- Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(b))
- Escape from Community Custody (RCW 72.09.310)
- Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
- Identity Theft 2 (RCW 9.35.020(2)(b))
- Improperly Obtaining Financial Information (RCW 9.35.010)
- Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
- Possession of controlled substance that is either heroin or narcotics from Schedule I or II or flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(d))

Possession of phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW 69.50.401(d))

Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.56.150)

Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)

Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at one thousand five hundred dollars or more) (RCW 9A.56.096(4))

Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW 48.30A.015)

Unlawful factoring of a credit card or payment card transaction (RCW 9A.56.290(4)(a))

Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180)

Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))

I Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)

False Verification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055)

Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)

Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403)

Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)

Fraudulent Creation or Revocation of a Mental Health Advance Directive (RCW 9A.60.060)

Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)

Mineral Trespass (RCW 78.44.330)

Possess Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or Non-narcotic from Schedule I-V (except phencyclidine or flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(d))

Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW 9A.56.160)

Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)

Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 9A.56.070(2))

Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)

Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at two hundred fifty dollars or more but less than one thousand five hundred dollars) (RCW 9A.56.096(4))

Transaction of insurance business beyond the scope of licensure (RCW 48.17.063(4))

Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW 9A.56.060)

Unlawful Possession of Fictitious Identification (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Possession of Instruments of Financial Fraud (RCW 9A.56.320)
Unlawful Possession of Payment Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)
Unlawful Possession of a Personal Identification Device (RCW 9A.56.320)
Unlawful Production of Payment Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)
Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140 (2) and (3))
Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)

[2003 c 335 § 4; 2003 c 283 § 32; 2003 c 267 § 2; 2003 c 250 § 13; 2003 c 119 § 7; 2003 c 52 § 3. Prior: 2002 c 340 § 2; 2002 c 324 § 2; (2002 c 290 § 2 expired July 1, 2003); 2002 c 253 § 4; 2002 c 229 § 2; 2002 c 134 § 2; 2002 c 133 § 4; prior: 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 361; 2001 c 300 § 4; 2001 c 217 § 12; 2001 c 17 § 1; prior: 2001 c 310 § 4; 2001 c 287 § 3; 2001 c 224 § 3; 2001 c 222 § 24; 2001 c 207 § 3; 2000 c 225 § 5; 2000 c 119 § 17; 2000 c 66 § 2; prior: 1999 c 352 § 3; 1999 c 322 § 5; 1999 c 45 § 4; prior: 1998 c 290 § 4; 1998 c 219 § 4; 1998 c 82 § 1; 1998 c 78 § 1; prior: 1997 c 365 § 4; 1997 c 346 § 3; 1997 c 340 § 1; 1997 c 338 § 51; 1997 c 266 § 15; 1997 c 120 § 5; prior: 1996 c 302 § 6; 1996 c 205 § 3; 1996 c 36 § 2; prior: 1995 c 385 § 2; 1995 c 285 § 28; 1995 c 129 § 3 (Initiative Measure No. 159); prior: (1994 sp.s. c 7 § 510 repealed by 1995 c 129 § 19 (Initiative Measure No. 159)); 1994 c 275 § 20; 1994 c 53 § 2; prior: 1992 c 145 § 4; 1992 c 75 § 3; 1991 c 32 § 3; 1990 c 3 § 702; prior: 1989 2nd ex.s. c 1 § 3; 1989 c 412 § 3; 1989 c 405 § 1; 1989 c 271 § 102; 1989 c 99 § 1; prior: 1988 c 218 § 2; 1988 c 145 § 12; 1988 c 62 § 2; prior: 1987 c 224 § 1; 1987 c 187 § 4; 1986 c 257 § 23; 1984 c 209 § 17; 1983 c 115 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.320.]

NOTES: **Reviser's note:** *(1) RCW 72.66.060 and 72.65.070 were repealed by 2001 c 264 § 7. Cf. 2001 c 264 § 8.

(2) This section was amended by 2003 c 52 § 3, 2003 c 119 § 7, 2003 c 250 § 13, 2003 c 267 § 2, 2003 c 283 § 32, and by 2003 c 335 § 4, each without reference to the other. All amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

RCW 9.94A.515 Table 2--Crimes included within each seriousness level. (Effective July 1, 2004.)

[SGC Note: Our practice requires us to use the annotated law as provided by the Code Reviser's Office. We note the Code Reviser's Office has not made changes to the effective date passed during the 2003 Legislative Session under ESSB 5990. Changes to the SRA labeled July 1, 2004 should be July 1, 2003.]

TABLE 2

CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

XVI	Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020)
XV	Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055)
	Malicious explosion 1 (RCW 70.74.280(1))
	Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030)
XIV	Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050)
	Trafficking 1 (RCW 9A.40.100(1))
XIII	Malicious explosion 2 (RCW 70.74.280(2))
	Malicious placement of an explosive 1 (RCW 70.74.270(1))
XII	Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011)
	Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120)
	Malicious placement of an imitation device 1 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))
	Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040)
	Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073)
	Trafficking 2 (RCW 9A.40.100(2))
XI	Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
	Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050)
	Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076)
X	Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083)
	Indecent Liberties (with forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))
	Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020)
	Leading Organized Crime (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a))
	Malicious explosion 3 (RCW 70.74.280(3))
	Sexually Violent Predator Escape (RCW 9A.76.115)
IX	Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)

- Explosive devices prohibited (RCW 70.74.180)
- Hit and Run--Death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a))
- Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 79A.60.050)
- Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b))
- Malicious placement of an explosive 2 (RCW 70.74.270(2))
- Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
- Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
- Vehicular Homicide, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
- VIII Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
- Homicide by Watercraft, by the operation of any vessel in a reckless manner (RCW 79A.60.050)
- Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
- Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070)
- Theft of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.010)
- Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)
- VII Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
- Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
- Civil Disorder Training (RCW 9A.48.120)
- Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.050)
- Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045)
- Homicide by Watercraft, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 79A.60.050)
- Indecent Liberties (without forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and (c))
- Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
- Malicious placement of an explosive 3 (RCW 70.74.270(3))
- Sending, bringing into state depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
- Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.41.040(1))
- Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony (RCW 9.41.225)

- Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
- VI Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(a))
Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW 9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
Malicious placement of an imitation device 2 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))
Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)
Unlawful Storage of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.020)
- V Abandonment of dependent person 1 (RCW 9A.42.060)
Advancing money or property for extortionate extension of credit (RCW 9A.82.030)
Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(b))
Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1 (RCW 9A.44.160)
Domestic Violence Court Order Violation (RCW 10.99.040, 10.99.050, 26.09.300, 26.10.220, 26.26.138, 26.50.110, 26.52.070, or 74.34.145)
Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020)
Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310)
Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110)

- Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070)
- IV Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
- Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
- Assault by Watercraft (RCW 79A.60.060)
- Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
- Cheating 1 (RCW 9.46.1961)
- Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
- Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(4))
- Endangerment with a Controlled Substance (RCW 9A.42.100)
- Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
- Hit and Run--Injury (RCW 46.52.020(4)(b))
- Hit and Run with Vessel--Injury Accident (RCW 79A.60.200(3))
- Identity Theft 1 (RCW 9.35.020(2))
- Indecent Exposure to Person Under Age Fourteen (subsequent sex offense)
(RCW 9A.88.010)
- Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070)
- Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
- Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
- Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
- Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
- Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
- Trafficking in Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.82.050)
- Unlawful factoring of a credit card or payment card transaction (RCW
9A.56.290(4)(b))
- Unlawful transaction of health coverage as a health care service contractor
(RCW 48.44.016(3))
- Unlawful transaction of health coverage as a health maintenance organization
(RCW 48.46.033(3))
- Unlawful transaction of insurance business (RCW 48.15.023(3))
- Unlicensed practice as an insurance professional (RCW 48.17.063(3))
- Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))

- Vehicular Assault, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.522)
- Willful Failure to Return from Furlough (. *RCW 72.66.060)
- III Abandonment of dependent person 2 (RCW 9A.42.070)
- Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
- Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
- Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(3)(c))
- Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
- Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
- Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120)
- Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
- Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
- Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
- Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
- Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
- Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW 9A.76.180)
- Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)
- Malicious Injury to Railroad Property (RCW 81.60.070)
- Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100)
- Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
- Possession of Incendiary Device (RCW 9.40.120)
- Possession of Machine Gun or Short-Barreled Shotgun or Rifle (RCW 9.41.190)
- Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW 9A.88.080)
- Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)
- Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
- Telephone Harassment (subsequent conviction or threat of death) (RCW 9.61.230(2))
- Theft of Livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.083)
- Trafficking in Stolen Property 2 (RCW 9A.82.055)

- Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
- Unlawful possession of firearm in the second degree (RCW 9.41.040(2))
- Vehicular Assault, by the operation or driving of a vehicle with disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.522)
- Willful Failure to Return from Work Release (. *RCW 72.65.070)
- II Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
 - Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(3))
 - Escape from Community Custody (RCW 72.09.310)
 - Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
 - Identity Theft 2 (RCW 9.35.020(3))
 - Improperly Obtaining Financial Information (RCW 9.35.010)
 - Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
 - Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.56.150)
 - Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
 - Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at one thousand five hundred dollars or more) (RCW 9A.56.096(5)(a))
 - Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW 48.30A.015)
 - Unlawful factoring of a credit card or payment card transaction (RCW 9A.56.290(4)(a))
 - Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180)
 - Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
- I Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
 - False Verification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055)
 - Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)
 - Fraudulent Creation or Revocation of a Mental Health Advance Directive (RCW 9A.60.060)
 - Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
 - Mineral Trespass (RCW 78.44.330)
 - Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW 9A.56.160)
 - Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
 - Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 9A.56.075)

Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)

Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at two hundred fifty dollars or more but less than one thousand five hundred dollars) (RCW 9A.56.096(5)(b))

Transaction of insurance business beyond the scope of licensure (RCW 48.17.063(4))

Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW 9A.56.060)

Unlawful Possession of Fictitious Identification (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Possession of Instruments of Financial Fraud (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Possession of Payment Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Possession of a Personal Identification Device (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Production of Payment Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)

Unlawful Trafficking in Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.142)

Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.144)

Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)

[2003 c 335 § 5; 2003 c 283 § 33; 2003 c 267 § 3; 2003 c 250 § 14; 2003 c 119 § 8; 2003 c 53 § 56; 2003 c 52 § 4. Prior: 2002 c 340 § 2; 2002 c 324 § 2; 2002 c 290 § 7; 2002 c 253 § 4; 2002 c 229 § 2; 2002 c 134 § 2; 2002 c 133 § 4; prior: 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 361; 2001 c 300 § 4; 2001 c 217 § 12; 2001 c 17 § 1; prior: 2001 c 310 § 4; 2001 c 287 § 3; 2001 c 224 § 3; 2001 c 222 § 24; 2001 c 207 § 3; 2000 c 225 § 5; 2000 c 119 § 17; 2000 c 66 § 2; prior: 1999 c 352 § 3; 1999 c 322 § 5; 1999 c 45 § 4; prior: 1998 c 290 § 4; 1998 c 219 § 4; 1998 c 82 § 1; 1998 c 78 § 1; prior: 1997 c 365 § 4; 1997 c 346 § 3; 1997 c 340 § 1; 1997 c 338 § 51; 1997 c 266 § 15; 1997 c 120 § 5; prior: 1996 c 302 § 6; 1996 c 205 § 3; 1996 c 36 § 2; prior: 1995 c 385 § 2; 1995 c 285 § 28; 1995 c 129 § 3 (Initiative Measure No. 159); prior: (1994 sp.s. c 7 § 510 repealed by 1995 c 129 § 19 (Initiative Measure No. 159)); 1994 c 275 § 20; 1994 c 53 § 2; prior: 1992 c 145 § 4; 1992 c 75 § 3; 1991 c 32 § 3; 1990 c 3 § 702; prior: 1989 2nd ex.s. c 1 § 3; 1989 c 412 § 3; 1989 c 405 § 1; 1989 c 271 § 102; 1989 c 99 § 1; prior: 1988 c 218 § 2; 1988 c 145 § 12; 1988 c 62 § 2; prior: 1987 c 224 § 1; 1987 c 187 § 4; 1986 c 257 § 23; 1984 c 209 § 17; 1983 c 115 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.320.]

NOTES: **Reviser's note:** *(1) RCW 72.66.060 and 72.65.070 were repealed by 2001 c 264 § 7. Cf. 2001 c 264 § 8.

(2) This section was amended by 2003 c 52 § 4, 2003 c 53 § 56, 2003 c 119 § 8, 2003 c 250 § 14, 2003 c 267 § 3, 2003 c 283 § 33, and by 2003 c 335 § 5, each without reference to the other. All amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

Comment

Crime Label: *Offense seriousness is established by the actual crime of conviction. The crime of conviction is therefore far more significant in determining a sentence than under the former indeterminate system.*

Crime Ranking: *One of the most significant and time-consuming decisions made by the Commission was its ranking of crimes by seriousness. The three mandatory minimum sentences originally established by the Sentencing Reform Act (First Degree Murder, First Degree Assault, First Degree Rape) served as bench marks for the Commission's work. The Commission was also assisted by the general felony classifications established by the Legislature (classes A, B and C felonies-RCW 9A.20.020). The Commission decided that given the law's emphasis on violent crimes, the seriousness levels needed to reflect this priority. Certain Class C felonies were eventually ranked higher than some Class B felonies because they constituted a crime against a person.*

Offense Date: *The date of the offense is important because it establishes whether the guidelines apply to a particular offender's case. If the date of offense is on or before June 30, 1984, the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board and its successors must make decisions with reference to the purposes, standards, and ranges of the Sentencing Reform Act and the minimum term recommendations of the sentencing judge and prosecuting attorney. See *In Re Myers*, 105 Wn.2d 257 (1986). The date of the offense also influences what portion of an offender's juvenile record will be used to calculate criminal history.*

Ranked Felonies: *The most common felonies have been included in the Seriousness Level Table. The Commission decided not to rank certain felonies that seldom occur. The Commission will continue to recommend adjustments in seriousness levels as new felonies are created by the Legislature. If a significant number of persons are convicted of offenses not included in the Seriousness Level table, the Commission will recommend to the Legislature ranking those offenses at the appropriate seriousness levels. In 1999, the Commission recommended, and the Legislature enacted, legislation that ranked certain previously unranked felonies on the sentencing grid.*

The 1990 Legislature created an additional seriousness level at Level XI, and renumbered Levels XI through XIV, making these Levels XII through XV.

The 1994 Legislature created a new Class C felony offense, Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300) at Level V, and increased the severity of Reckless Endangerment 1 (RCW 9A.36.045) from Level II to Level V. These amendments to this section were repealed and replaced in 1995 by Initiative Measure No. 159.

The 1994 Legislature increased the severity level of Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug (RCW 46.61.520) from Level VIII to Level IX. Vehicular Homicide by Operating a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner remains at Level VIII.

The enactment of Initiative Measure No. 159 by the 1995 Legislature made numerous changes in definitions and seriousness levels of felonies involving firearms:

- *Increased the seriousness level of Reckless Endangerment 1 from Level V to Level VII.*

- Expanded the definition of *Burglary 1* to cover entry into a non-residential building.
- Increased the seriousness level of *Theft of a Firearm* from a Class C felony at Level V to a Class B felony at Level VI.
- Created the Class B felony of *Possessing a Stolen Firearm* at Level V.
- Narrowed the definitions of *Theft* and *Possession of Stolen Property* to exclude *Theft or Possession of a Firearm*.
- Created two degrees of *Unlawful Possession of a Firearm*. *Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1* is a Class B felony at Level VII. *Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2* is a Class C felony at Level III. See RCW 9.41.040.
- Authorized separate convictions for *Theft of a Firearm*, *Possession of a Stolen Firearm*, and *Unlawful Possession of a Firearm* arising from the same actions, required that sentences for each of these offenses run consecutively, and provided that each firearm constitutes a separate offense.
- Expanded the definition of *Aggravated Murder 1*, subject to the death penalty, to include gang-related murders, "drive-by" shootings and murders to avoid prosecution as a persistent ("third strike") offender.

The 1995 Legislature created the Class C felony offense of *Persistent Prison Misbehavior*, ranked at Level V (see RCW 9.94.070).

The 1995 Legislature created several new felony offenses: *Commercial Bribery* (Class B at Level IV, see RCW 9A.68.060), *Unlawful Practice of Law* (Class C at Level II after the first violation, see RCW 2.48.180), *Trafficking in Insurance Claims* (Class C at Level II after the first violation, see RCW 48.30A.015), and *Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business* (Class C at Level II after the first violation, see RCW 18.130.190).

Health Care False Claims, a Class C felony, was ranked at Level II in 1995 (see RCW 48.80.030).

The 1996 Legislature created the following new ranked offenses: *Possession of Ephedrine or Pseudoephedrine with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine*, a Class B felony at Level VIII; *Hit and Run with Vessel - Injury Accident*, a Class C felony at Level IV; *Abandonment of a Dependent Person 1*, a Class B felony at Level V; and *Abandonment of a Dependent Person 2*, a Class C felony at Level III.

The 1997 Legislature increased the seriousness of *Rape 1* and *Rape of a Child 1* to Level XII, *Rape 2* and *Rape of a Child 2* to Level XI, and *Indecent Liberties with force* to Level X. The Legislature also increased the seriousness of *Manslaughter 1* to Level XI and *Manslaughter 2* to Level VIII.

The 1997 Legislature added new offenses relating to explosives and imitation explosives at Levels VI, VII, IX, X, XII, XIII and XIV.

The 1997 Legislature also added new felonies: *Criminal Gang Intimidation* at Level III, and *Theft of Rental Property* at Levels I and II. The Legislature also redesignated *Reckless Endangerment 1* (at Level VII) as "Drive-by Shooting."

The 1998 Legislature added new felonies: *Homicide by Watercraft*, by being under the Influence of

Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug at Level IX; Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner at Level VIII; Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others at Level VII; and Assault by Watercraft at Level IV.

The 1998 Legislature also enacted and ranked three new felonies involving the drug Flunitrazepam (commonly known as Rohypnol). The Possession of Flunitrazepam is ranked at Level II (RCW 69.50.401(d)). The Manufacture, Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver Flunitrazepam is ranked at Level VI (RCW 69.50.401(1)(iii) through (v)). The Delivery of Flunitrazepam by a Person over 18 Years of Age to a Person less than 18 Years of Age is ranked at Level X (RCW 69.50.406).

In addition, the 1998 Legislature increased the seriousness level of Manufacture, Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine from Level IV to Level VIII (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)) and increased the seriousness level for Manufacturing Methamphetamine from Level VIII to Level X (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)).

The 1999 Legislature amended Table 2 in RCW 9.94A.320 to add Seriousness Level XVI and to adjust the list of crimes in Levels XIII, XIV, XV and XVI to correspond to the 1999 amendments to the sentencing grid in RCW 9.94A.310.

The 1999 Legislature ranked some previously unranked felonies and created some new felonies, and listed them accordingly by Seriousness Level in Table 2 of RCW 9.94A.320, including: Over 18 and Deliver Methamphetamine to Persons Under 18 at Level X (RCW 69.50.406); Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony at Level VII (RCW 9.41.225); Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1 at Level V (RCW 9A.44.160); Stalking (on or after July 1, 2000) at Level V (RCW 9A.46.110); No-Contact Order Violation: Domestic Violence Pre-Trial Condition (on or after July 1, 2000) at Level V (RCW 10.99.040(4)(b) and (c)); No-Contact Order Violation: Domestic Violence Sentence Condition (on or after July 1, 2000) at Level V (RCW 10.99.050(2)); Protection Order Violation: Domestic Violence Civil Action (on or after July 1, 2000) at Level V (RCW 26.50.110(4) and (5)); Indecent Exposure to Person Under Age 14 (repeat offense or with previous sex offense) at Level IV (RCW 9A.88.010); Counterfeiting While Endangering Public Health and Safety at Level IV (RCW 9.16.035(4)); Maintaining a Dwelling or Place for Controlled Substances at Level III (RCW 69.50.402(a)(6)); Malicious Injury to Railroad Property at Level III (RCW 81.60.070); Possession of an Incendiary Device at Level III (RCW 9.40.120); Possession of a Machine Gun or Short-Barreled Shotgun or Rifle at Level III (RCW 9.41.190); Telephone Harassment (subsequent conviction or threat of death) at Level III (RCW 9.61.230); Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes at Level III (RCW 69.53.010); and Counterfeiting (with two or more previous convictions and more than 1000 counterfeit items with a retail value of \$10,000 or more) at Level I (RCW 9.16.035(3)).

RCW 9.94A.517 Table 3—Drug offense sentencing grid.
(Effective July 1, 2004)

Seriousness Level	Offender Score 0 to 2	Offender Score 3 to 5	Offender Score 6 to 9+
Level III	51 to 68 Months	68+ to 100 Months	100+ to 120 Months
Level II	12+ to 20 Months	20+ to 60 Months	60+ to 120 Months
Level I	0 to 6 Months	6+ to 18 Months	12+ to 24 Months

References to months represent the standard sentence ranges. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) The court may utilize any other sanctions or alternatives as authorized by law, including but not limited to the special drug offender sentencing alternative under RCW 9.94A.660 or drug court under RCW 2.28.170.

(3) Nothing in this section creates an entitlement for a criminal defendant to any specific sanction, alternative, sentence option, or substance abuse treatment. [2002 c 290 § 8.]

RCW 9.94A.518 Table 4--Drug offenses seriousness level. (Effective July 1, 2004.)

[SGC Note: Our practice requires us to use the annotated law as provided by the Code Reviser’s Office. We note the Code Reviser’s Office has not made changes to the effective date passed during the 2003 Legislative Session under ESSB 5990. Changes to the SRA labeled July 1, 2004 should be July 1, 2003.]

TABLE 4
DRUG OFFENSES
INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

- III Any felony offense under chapter 69.50 RCW with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.602
 - Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 69.50.415)
 - Delivery of imitation controlled substance by person eighteen or over to person under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
 - Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW 69.50.4015)
 - Manufacture of methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(2)(b))

- Over 18 and deliver heroin, methamphetamine, a narcotic from Schedule I or II, or flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to someone under 18 (RCW 69.50.406)
- Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic, except flunitrazepam or methamphetamine, from Schedule I-V to someone under 18 and 3 years junior (RCW 69.50.406)
- Possession of Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, or Anhydrous Ammonia with intent to manufacture methamphetamine .* (RCW 69.50.440)
- Selling for profit (controlled or counterfeit) any controlled substance (RCW 69.50.410)
- II Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4011)
- Deliver or possess with intent to deliver methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(2)(b))
- Delivery of a material in lieu of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4012)
- Maintaining a Dwelling or Place for Controlled Substances (RCW 69.50.402(1)(f))
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver amphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(2)(b))
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule I or II or flunitrazepam from Schedule IV (RCW 69.50.401(2)(a))
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except marijuana, amphetamine, methamphetamines, or flunitrazepam) (RCW 69.50.401(2)(c) through (e))
- Manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute an imitation controlled substance (RCW 69.52.030(1))
- I Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
- Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403)
- Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver marijuana (RCW 69.50.401(2)(c))
- Possess Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (RCW 69.50.4013)
- Possession of Controlled Substance that is either heroin or narcotics from Schedule I or II (RCW 69.50.4013)
- Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes (RCW 69.53.010)

[2003 c 53 § 57; 2002 c 290 § 9.]

NOTES: .***Reviser's note:** cf. 2002 c 134 § 1.

RCW 9.94A.520 Offense seriousness level. The offense seriousness level is determined by the offense of conviction. [1990 c 3 § 703; 1983 c 115 § 6. Formerly RCW 9.94A.350.]

RCW 9.94A.525 Offender score. The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of *RCW 9.94A.589.

(2) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score. Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. This subsection applies to both adult and juvenile prior convictions.

(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.

(4) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

(5)(a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

(i) Prior offenses which were found, under *RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in *RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on

separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations;

(ii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.

(b) As used in this subsection (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.

(6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense. When these convictions are used as criminal history, score them the same as a completed crime.

(7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (11) or (12) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior nonviolent felony conviction.

(8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(9) If the present conviction is for a serious violent offense, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in this category, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction; for each serious traffic offense, other than those used for an enhancement pursuant to RCW 46.61.520(2), count one point for each adult and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction.

(12) If the present conviction is for manufacture of methamphetamine count three points for each adult prior manufacture of methamphetamine conviction and two points for each juvenile manufacture of methamphetamine offense. If the present conviction is for a drug offense and the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile felonies are scored as in subsection (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.

(13) If the present conviction is for Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as 1/2 point.

(14) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions as 1/2 point.

(15) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (7) of this section; however, count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(16) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections (7) through (15) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.

(17) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community placement, add one point.

(18) The fact that a prior conviction was not included in an offender's offender score or criminal history at a previous sentencing shall have no bearing on whether it is included in the criminal history or offender score for the current offense. Accordingly, prior convictions that were not counted in the offender score or included in criminal history under repealed or previous versions of the sentencing reform act shall be included in criminal history and shall count in the offender score if the current version of the sentencing reform act requires including or counting those convictions. [2002 c 290 § 3; 2002 c 107 § 3; 2001 c 264 § 5; 2000 c 28 § 15. Prior: 1999 c 352 § 10; 1999 c 331 § 1; 1998 c 211 § 4; 1997 c 338 § 5; prior: 1995 c 316 § 1; 1995 c 101 § 1; prior: 1992 c 145 § 10; 1992 c 75 § 4; 1990 c 3 § 706; 1989 c 271 § 103; prior: 1988 c 157 § 3; 1988 c 153 § 12; 1987 c 456 § 4; 1986 c 257 § 25; 1984 c 209 § 19; 1983 c 115 § 7. Formerly RCW 9.94A.360.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2002 c 107 § 3 and by 2002 c 290 § 3, each without reference to the other. Both amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

Comment

Misdemeanors: The Commission decided not to include misdemeanors in the offender score for two reasons: 1) the emphasis of the legislation was on felonies, and 2) the reliability of court records varies greatly throughout the state. An exception to this policy was made in the case of felony traffic offenses. The Commission decided that for these crimes, previous serious driving misdemeanors are relevant in establishing the offender's history of similar behavior. The Commission anticipates that in some instances an offender's history of misdemeanors may be used by the court in selecting a sentence within the standard sentence range or in departing from the range to administer an exceptional sentence.

Role of Criminal History: The Commission's mandate from the Legislature was to consider both the seriousness of the crime and the nature and extent of criminal history. The Commission decided to emphasize the current offense in establishing standard sentence ranges but also to give weight to a person's past convictions, including the pattern of those convictions. Given the legislation's emphasis on sanctions for violent crimes, the Commission decided that repeat violent offenders needed to be identified and dealt with severely. As a result, the grid places an accelerated emphasis on criminal history for the repeat violent offender.

Prior Offenses: The Commission decided that the weighing of prior offenses should vary depending on the present offense. Thus, a criminal history with serious violent crime convictions counts most heavily when the current offense is also a serious violent offense; previous convictions for violent offenses count more heavily when the current offense is violent; prior

burglary convictions count more heavily when the current offense is a burglary; prior drug offenses count more heavily when the current offense is a drug offense; and prior violent felony traffic offenses count more heavily when the current offense is a felony traffic offense. The Legislature has subsequently provided for counting sex offenses more heavily when the current offense is a sex offense. Subsection 5(b) refers to prior convictions "served concurrently." The meaning of this term was addressed in State v. Hartley, 41 Wn. App. 669 (1985).

Anticipatory Offenses: *A prior conviction for an anticipatory crime (attempt, solicitation, conspiracy) counts as two points if the completed crime constitutes a "violent offense." State v. Becker, 59 Wn. App. 848(1990). In 1999, The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act ("VUCSA") fall under RCW 9A.28.030 and are not "drug offenses" under RCW 69.50. Solicitations to commit VUCSA offenses are not subject to community placement requirements for completed VUCSA offenses. See In re Hopkins, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999); but see State vs. Howell, 902 Wn. App. 288 (2000) (scoring anticipatory VUSCA offenses as completed).*

Juvenile Criminal History: *Since the legislation required that certain prior juvenile felony adjudications be included as part of criminal history, the Commission needed to establish the relative weight of these felonies in comparison to adult prior felonies. The Commission decided that prior violent felony convictions, whether committed by an adult or a juvenile, should receive the same number of points if the instant offense was violent. The Commission believed that a distinction was necessary between nonviolent adult felonies and nonviolent juvenile felonies because nonviolent juvenile felonies often represent less serious conduct.*

In addition, under the definition of juvenile criminal history in RCW 9.94.030, the legislation originally specified that prior juvenile convictions are not considered after the offender reaches age 23; the Commission therefore wanted to avoid a significant disparity between the potential Offender Score for someone at age 22 and someone at age 23. Thus, the decision was to count juvenile nonviolent felony adjudications at one-half point (rounding down to the nearest whole number). In 1986 and 1997, the Legislature expanded the definition of criminal history to include all juvenile felony adjudications.

In 1999, the Court of Appeals, Division I, ruled that pre-1997 plea agreements, providing that certain juvenile offenses would not be counted in criminal history, do not insulate current offenders from changes in the law and cannot be relied upon when an offender is sentenced for a subsequent conviction for an offense committed after the effective date of the change in 1997. See State v. McRae, 96 Wn. App. 298 (1999).

"Wash Out" of Priors: *The Commission decided that adult Class A felonies should always be considered as part of the Offender Score. The Commission decided that prior Class B and C felonies should eventually "wash out" and be eliminated from the Offender Score. The 1995 Legislature amended the "wash-out" rule to preclude "wash-out" based on misdemeanor as well as felony convictions. In State V. Watkins, 86 Wn. App. 852 (1997), the court held that the 1995 amendment applies to all prior felony convictions, regardless of whether the conviction was previously washed out.*

Out-of-state Convictions: *In calculating the Offender Score, out-of-state convictions must be compared to Washington law.*

The question of whether a foreign conviction constituted a felony was discussed in State v. Southerland, 43 Wn. App. 246 (1986).

The 1986 Amendments:

The 1986 amendments made several changes to this section:

- *Added a definition of "prior conviction" and a definition of "other current offenses" in subsection (1);*
- *Provided that Class A juvenile convictions always count in the criminal history score if a juvenile was at least 15 at the time of the offense (previously, juvenile convictions no longer counted after the person was 23 years of age);*
- *Changed the scoring rules for felony traffic offenses;*
- *Clarified the fact that anticipatory offenses are to be counted the same as completed offenses for the purpose of scoring current convictions; and*
- *Allowed post-1986 prior adult convictions which were served concurrently to be counted separately.*

The 1987 Amendments:

The 1987 amendments changed the scoring rules for First and Second Degree Escape. All prior felony convictions count in the criminal history score instead of only prior escapes counting. However, only prior escape convictions count against Willful Failure to Return from Furlough and Willful Failure to Return from Work Release or Escape from Community Custody.

The 1988 Amendments:

The Commission recommended some changes to this section to clarify ambiguities and correct previous drafting errors. The rule on scoring for serious violent offenses (RCW 9.94A.360(10)) as amended to include Homicide by Abuse. The 1987 Legislature defined this crime as a serious violent offense, but neglected to reference it in the rules on offender scoring.

The scoring rules for felony traffic offenses were amended to clarify that prior Vehicular Assaults also receive two points. This scoring procedure was previously reflected in the Offender Score Matrix, but the narrative was not accurate. Because of drafting errors caused by having the scoring rules in two sections, the Commission recommended the Offender Score Matrix (RCW 9.94A.330) be repealed, which it was in 1988.

The 1988 Legislature added a point to the offender score if the current offense was committed while the offender was on community placement.

The 1990 Amendments:

Several scoring rules were changed by the 1990 Legislature. These changes are effective for crimes committed after June 30, 1990, and include:

- *Adult and juvenile prior sex offenses are always included in the offender score; they do not wash out.*

- Juvenile sex offenses are counted regardless of the age of the offender at the time of commission of the juvenile offense or the current offense.
- Juvenile prior convictions for violent offenses that are sentenced on the same day now count as separate crimes in cases involving separate victims.
- Residential Burglary was included with First and Second Degree Burglary in the offender scoring rules. The 1989 Legislature neglected to amend this section in the bill creating the crime of Residential Burglary.
- Prior and other current sex offenses count three points when the current conviction is a sex offense.

The 1995 Amendments:

The 1995 Legislature required that juvenile convictions for serious violent offenses (as defined in RCW 9.94A.030(29)) always be counted in the offender score, regardless of the offender's age at the time of the offense. The Legislature also prohibited "wash out" of a prior conviction if, within the prescribed time period, an offender commits a crime for which he or she is subsequently convicted. Thus the qualifying period is measured not from release until a subsequent conviction, but from release until a subsequent offense. Intervening misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors, as well as felonies, appear to preclude "wash out." The legislation also amended (3) to classify federal convictions according to comparable Washington definitions and sentences, and to classify federal felony convictions as class C felonies, for purposes of calculating the offender score, when there is no clearly comparable Washington offense. In addition, (6) was amended to permit a sentencing court to presume that certain prior offenses did not encompass the same criminal conduct for scoring purposes. The term "served concurrently" in (6) was defined by adding (6)(b).

The 1997 Amendments:

The 1997 Legislature required that all prior juvenile felonies be counted as criminal history if they were sentenced consecutively, unless the court determines that they constituted the "same criminal conduct" as defined in RCW 9.94A.400. The Legislature did not change the fractional point values assigned to certain juvenile offenses.

The 1999 Amendments:

The 1999 Legislature amended RCW 9.94A.360 to ensure that all "serious violent" offenses are "triples scored" as criminal history when the current offense is another "serious violent" offense, including Manslaughter 1, which was added to the list of "serious violent" offenses in 1997.

The 1999 Legislature also clarified that, although prior DUI-related convictions may not be considered in history when the current offenses is Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug (because a two-year enhancement results from each prior DUI-related offense in such cases), other prior non-DUI-related serious traffic offenses should be included in the offender score when the current offense is Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug.

RCW 9.94A.530 Standard sentence range. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) (1) The intersection of the column defined by the offender score and the row defined by the offense seriousness score determines the standard sentence range (see *RCW 9.94A.510, (Table 1)). The additional time for deadly weapon findings or for those offenses enumerated in *RCW 9.94A.510(4) that were committed in a state correctional facility or county jail shall be added to the entire standard sentence range. The court may impose any sentence within the range that it deems appropriate. All standard sentence ranges are expressed in terms of total confinement.

(2) In determining any sentence, the trial court may rely on no more information than is admitted by the plea agreement, or admitted, acknowledged, or proved in a trial or at the time of sentencing. Acknowledgement includes not objecting to information stated in the presentence reports. Where the defendant disputes material facts, the court must either not consider the fact or grant an evidentiary hearing on the point. The facts shall be deemed proved at the hearing by a preponderance of the evidence. Facts that establish the elements of a more serious crime or additional crimes may not be used to go outside the standard sentence range except upon stipulation or when specifically provided for in *RCW 9.94A.535(2) (d), (e), (g), and (h). [2000 c 28 § 12; 1999 c 143 § 16; 1996 c 248 § 1; 1989 c 124 § 2; 1987 c 131 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 26; 1984 c 209 § 20; 1983 c 115 § 8. Formerly RCW 9.94A.370.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.530 Standard sentence range. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) The intersection of the column defined by the offender score and the row defined by the offense seriousness score determines the standard sentence range (see *RCW 9.94A.510, (Table 1) and RCW 9.94A.517, (Table 3)). The additional time for deadly weapon findings or for those offenses enumerated in RCW 9.94A.533(4) that were committed in a state correctional facility or county jail shall be added to the entire standard sentence range. The court may impose any sentence within the range that it deems appropriate. All standard sentence ranges are expressed in terms of total confinement.

(2) In determining any sentence, the trial court may rely on no more information than is admitted by the plea agreement, or admitted, acknowledged, or proved in a trial or at the time of sentencing. Acknowledgement includes not objecting to information stated in the presentence reports. Where the defendant disputes material facts, the court must either not consider the fact or grant an evidentiary hearing on the point. The facts shall be deemed proved at the hearing by a preponderance of the evidence. Facts that establish the elements of a more serious crime or additional crimes may not be used to go outside the standard sentence range except upon stipulation or when specifically provided for in *RCW 9.94A.535(2) (d), (e), (g), and (h). [2002 c 290 § 18; 2000 c 28 § 12; 1999 c 143 § 16; 1996 c 248 § 1; 1989 c 124 § 2; 1987 c 131 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 26; 1984 c 209 § 20; 1983 c 115 § 8. Formerly RCW 9.94A.370.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The Commission believed that defendants should be sentenced on the basis of facts which are acknowledged, proven, or pleaded to. Concerns were raised about facts which were not proven as an element of the conviction or the plea being used as a basis for sentence decisions, including decisions to depart from the sentence range. As a result, the "real facts policy" was adopted. Amendments in 1986 clarified that facts proven in a trial can be used by a court in determining a sentence.

If the defendant disputes information in the presentence investigation, it is anticipated that an evidentiary hearing will be held to resolve the issue.

RCW 9.94A.533 Adjustments to standard sentences. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) The provisions of this section apply to the standard sentence ranges determined by RCW 9.94A.510 or 9.94A.517.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the standard sentence range is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by seventy-five percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the firearm enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a firearm enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed;

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW 9.94A.728(4);

(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony;

(g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a firearm enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the

sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9A.01.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense, the deadly weapon enhancement or enhancements must be added to the total period of confinement for all offenses, regardless of which underlying offense is subject to a deadly weapon enhancement. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9A.01.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a statutory maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection;

(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed;

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall run consecutively to all other sentencing provisions, including other firearm or deadly weapon enhancements, for all offenses sentenced under this chapter. However, whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, an offender serving a sentence under this subsection may be granted an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under RCW 9A.04.020(4);

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony;

(g) If the standard sentence range under this section exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender. If the addition of a deadly weapon enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the standard sentence range determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(2) (a) or (b) or 69.50.410;

(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(2) (c), (d), or (e);

(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.4013.

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the standard sentence range for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435 or 9.94A.605.

(7) An additional two years shall be added to the standard sentence range for vehicular homicide committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502 for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055. [2003 c 53 § 58; 2002 c 290 § 11.]

RCW 9.94A.535 Departures from the guidelines. The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for an offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence. Whenever a sentence outside the standard sentence range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard sentence range shall be a determinate sentence unless it is imposed on an offender sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712. An exceptional sentence imposed on an offender sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712 shall be to a minimum term set by the court and a maximum term equal to the statutory maximum sentence for the offense of conviction under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

If the sentencing court finds that an exceptional sentence outside the standard sentence range should be imposed, the sentence is subject to review only as provided for in RCW 9.94A.585(4).

A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.589 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in this section, and may be appealed by the offender or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.585 (2) through (6).

The following are illustrative factors which the court may consider in the exercise of its discretion to impose an exceptional sentence. The following are illustrative only and are not intended to be exclusive reasons for exceptional sentences.

(1) Mitigating Circumstances

(a) To a significant degree, the victim was an initiator, willing participant, aggressor, or provoker of the incident.

(b) Before detection, the defendant compensated, or made a good faith effort to compensate, the victim of the criminal conduct for any damage or injury sustained.

(c) The defendant committed the crime under duress, coercion, threat, or compulsion insufficient to constitute a complete defense but which significantly affected his or her conduct.

(d) The defendant, with no apparent predisposition to do so, was induced by others to participate in the crime.

(e) The defendant's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of his or her conduct, or to conform his or her conduct to the requirements of the law, was significantly impaired. Voluntary use of drugs or alcohol is excluded.

(f) The offense was principally accomplished by another person and the defendant manifested extreme caution or sincere concern for the safety or well-being of the victim.

(g) The operation of the multiple offense policy of RCW 9.94A.589 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly excessive in light of the purpose of this chapter, as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.

(h) The defendant or the defendant's children suffered a continuing pattern of physical or sexual abuse by the victim of the offense and the offense is a response to that abuse.

(2) Aggravating Circumstances

(a) The defendant's conduct during the commission of the current offense manifested deliberate cruelty to the victim.

(b) The defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance due to extreme youth, advanced age, disability, or ill health.

(c) The current offense was a violent offense, and the defendant knew that the victim of the current offense was pregnant.

(d) The current offense was a major economic offense or series of offenses, so identified by a consideration of any of the following factors:

(i) The current offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim;

(ii) The current offense involved attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense;

(iii) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time; or

(iv) The defendant used his or her position of trust, confidence, or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the commission of the current offense.

(e) The current offense was a major violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, chapter 69.50 RCW (VUCSA), related to trafficking in controlled substances, which was more onerous than the typical offense of its statutory definition: The presence of ANY of the following may identify a current offense as a major VUCSA:

(i) The current offense involved at least three separate transactions in which controlled substances were sold, transferred, or possessed with intent to do so;

(ii) The current offense involved an attempted or actual sale or transfer of controlled substances in quantities substantially larger than for personal use;

(iii) The current offense involved the manufacture of controlled substances for use by other parties;

(iv) The circumstances of the current offense reveal the offender to have occupied a high position in the drug distribution hierarchy;

(v) The current offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning, occurred over a lengthy period of time, or involved a broad geographic area of disbursement; or

(vi) The offender used his or her position or status to facilitate the commission of the current offense, including positions of trust, confidence or fiduciary responsibility (e.g., pharmacist, physician, or other medical professional).

(f) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW 9.94A.835.

(g) The offense was part of an ongoing pattern of sexual abuse of the same victim under the age of eighteen years manifested by multiple incidents over a prolonged period of time.

(h) The current offense involved domestic violence, as defined in RCW 10.99.020, and one or more of the following was present:

(i) The offense was part of an ongoing pattern of psychological, physical, or sexual abuse of the victim manifested by multiple incidents over a prolonged period of time;

(ii) The offense occurred within sight or sound of the victim's or the offender's minor

children under the age of eighteen years; or

(iii) The offender's conduct during the commission of the current offense manifested deliberate cruelty or intimidation of the victim.

(i) The operation of the multiple offense policy of RCW 9.94A.589 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient in light of the purpose of this chapter, as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.

(j) The defendant's prior unscored misdemeanor or prior unscored foreign criminal history results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient in light of the purpose of this chapter, as expressed in RCW 9.94A.010.

(k) The offense resulted in the pregnancy of a child victim of rape.

(l) The defendant knew that the victim of the current offense was a youth who was not residing with a legal custodian and the defendant established or promoted the relationship for the primary purpose of victimization.

(m) The offense was committed with the intent to obstruct or impair human or animal health care or agricultural or forestry research or commercial production.

(n) The current offense is trafficking in the first degree or trafficking in the second degree and any victim was a minor at the time of the offense. [2003 c 267 § 4; 2002 c 169 § 1; 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 314; 2000 c 28 § 8; 1999 c 330 § 1; 1997 c 52 § 4. Prior: 1996 c 248 § 2; 1996 c 121 § 1; 1995 c 316 § 2; 1990 c 3 § 603; 1989 c 408 § 1; 1987 c 131 § 2; 1986 c 257 § 27; 1984 c 209 § 24; 1983 c 115 § 10. Formerly RCW 9.94A.390.]

Comment

Standard sentence ranges represent the appropriate sanction for the "typical" case. The judge will consider individual factors when setting the determinate sentence within the standard sentence range. Some cases, however, are exceptional and require departure from the standard sentence range.

Although it was recognized that not all exceptional fact patterns can be anticipated, the Commission determined that a carefully considered nonexclusive list of appropriate justifications for departures from the standard range would be helpful to both the trial and appellate courts. This list is intended as a frame of reference for the court to use in identifying the exceptional case. The list includes examples of mitigating and aggravating factors. As the state has gained more experience with this new sentencing system, additional factors have been added to this list.

One illustrative mitigating factor concerns operation of the multiple offense policy. The Commission was particularly concerned about multiple offenses committed in separate jurisdictions where separate sentencing hearings would occur, thus resulting in a higher presumptive sentence than if the crimes were committed in a single jurisdiction and there was only one hearing. In that instance, if the multiple offense policy results in such comparatively high presumptive sentences, the judge might want to consider departing from the standard sentence range in order to impose a less severe sentence, depending, of course, on the particular set of case facts. There was also concern that the multiple offense policy might sometimes result in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient in light of the purposes of this chapter.

The 1986 amendments provided better enumeration of the aggravating and mitigating factors. In

addition, the reference to firearm possession in major VUCSA offenses was removed. The Commission decided that when firearm use was charged, it should be used to set a sentence within the standard range or as part of a sentence enhancement under RCW9.94A.310; if firearm use is not charged, it can influence the sentence only upon the stipulation of both parties under RCW9.94A.370. The other 1986 amendment added the adjective "current" to subsection (2) to make it clear that aggravating factors only apply to the circumstances surrounding the charged offense.

The 1990 Legislature added a finding of sexual motivation as an aggravating factor.

The 1995 Legislature authorized an exceptional sentence above the standard range when a defendant's prior unscored misdemeanor or foreign criminal history results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too lenient.

The 1996 Legislature added two new statutory aggravating factors: (1) that the offense was violent and the defendant knew the victim was pregnant, and (2) that the offense involved domestic violence and additional circumstances as defined.

The 1997 Legislature authorized an exceptional sentence above the range in cases where a rape resulted in the pregnancy of a child victim.

The 1999 Legislature added a new aggravating factor: the defendant knew that the victim of the current offense was a youth who was not residing with a legal custodian and the defendant established or promoted the relationship for the primary purpose of victimization.

The Supreme Court reaffirmed in 1999 that an aggravating factor of "future dangerousness" may not be used as a justification to impose an exceptional sentence, unless the offense is a sex offense. See State v. Halgren, 137 Wn.2d 340 (1999).

RCW 9.94A.540 Mandatory minimum terms. (1) The following minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified under *RCW 9.94A.535:

(a) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years.

(b) An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years.

(c) An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years.

(d) An offender convicted of the crime of sexually violent predator escape shall be sentenced to a minimum term of total confinement not less than sixty months.

(2) During such minimum terms of total confinement, no offender subject to the provisions of this section is eligible for community custody, earned release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release authorized under *RCW 9.94A.728, or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply: (a) In the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment; (b) for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an

offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree; or (c) for an extraordinary medical placement when authorized under *RCW 9.94A.728(4). [2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 315; 2000 c 28 § 7. Formerly RCW 9.94A.590.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The 1999 Legislature provided an exception to the mandatory minimum confinement requirement for offenders granted an “extraordinary medical placement” by the Secretary of Corrections pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150(4). See RCW 9.94A.120(4).

RCW 9.94A.545 Community custody. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.650, on all sentences of confinement for one year or less, in which the offender is convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, a crime against a person under RCW 9.94A.411, or felony violation of chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW or an attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit such a crime, the court may impose up to one year of community custody, subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.715 and 9.94A.720. An offender shall be on community custody as of the date of sentencing. However, during the time for which the offender is in total or partial confinement pursuant to the sentence or a violation of the sentence, the period of community custody shall toll. [2003 c 379 § 8; 2000 c 28 § 13; 1999 c 196 § 10; 1988 c 143 § 23; 1984 c 209 § 22. Formerly RCW 9.94A.383.]

RCW 9.94A.550 Fines. (Effective July 1, 2004.) Unless otherwise provided by a statute of this state, on all sentences under this chapter the court may impose fines according to the following ranges:

Class A felonies	\$0 - 50,000
Class B felonies	\$0 - 20,000
Class C felonies	\$0 - 10,000

[2003 c 53 § 59; 1984 c 209 § 23. Formerly RCW 9.94A.386.]

RCW 9.94A.555 Findings and intent--1994 c 1. (1) The people of the state of Washington find and declare that:

- (a) Community protection from persistent offenders is a priority for any civilized society.
 - (b) Nearly fifty percent of the criminals convicted in Washington state have active prior criminal histories.
 - (c) Punishments for criminal offenses should be proportionate to both the seriousness of the crime and the prior criminal history.
 - (d) The public has the right and the responsibility to determine when to impose a life sentence.
- (2) By sentencing three-time, most serious offenders to prison for life without the possibility of parole, the people intend to:
- (a) Improve public safety by placing the most dangerous criminals in prison.

- (b) Reduce the number of serious, repeat offenders by tougher sentencing.
- (c) Set proper and simplified sentencing practices that both the victims and persistent offenders can understand.
- (d) Restore public trust in our criminal justice system by directly involving the people in the process. [1994 c 1 § 1 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993). Formerly RCW 9.94A.392.]

RCW 9.94A.561 Offender notification and warning. A sentencing judge, law enforcement agency, or state or local correctional facility may, but is not required to, give offenders who have been convicted of an offense that is a most serious offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 either written or oral notice, or both, of the sanctions imposed upon persistent offenders. General notice of these sanctions and the conditions under which they may be imposed may, but need not, be given in correctional facilities maintained by state or local agencies. This section is enacted to provide authority, but not requirement, for the giving of such notice in every conceivable way without incurring liability to offenders or third parties. [1994 c 1 § 4 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993). Formerly RCW 9.94A.393.]

RCW 9.94A.565 Governor's powers. (1) Nothing in chapter 1, Laws of 1994 shall ever be interpreted or construed as to reduce or eliminate the power of the governor to grant a pardon or clemency to any offender on an individual case-by-case basis. However, the people recommend that any offender subject to total confinement for life without the possibility of parole not be considered for release until the offender has reached the age of at least sixty years old and has been judged to be no longer a threat to society. The people further recommend that sex offenders be held to the utmost scrutiny under this subsection regardless of age.

(2) Nothing in this section shall ever be interpreted or construed to grant any release for the purpose of reducing prison overcrowding. Furthermore, the governor shall provide twice yearly reports on the activities and progress of offenders subject to total confinement for life without the possibility of parole who are released through executive action during his or her tenure. These reports shall continue for not less than ten years after the release of the offender or upon the death of the released offender. [1994 c 1 § 5 (Initiative Measure No. 593, approved November 2, 1993). Formerly RCW 9.94A.394.]

RCW 9.94A.570 Persistent offenders. Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence or any other provision of this chapter, a persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of release or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death. In addition, no offender subject to this section may be eligible for community custody, earned release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of release as defined under *RCW 9.94A.728 (1), (2), (3), (4), (6), (8), or (9), or any other form of authorized leave from a correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers, except: (1) In the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment; or (2) for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree. [2000 c 28 § 6. Formerly RCW 9.94A.560.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

In 1993, Initiative Measure No. 593 amended the Act to require that persistent offenders be sentenced to life in prison without the possibility of release, unless the death penalty is imposed for Aggravated Murder under RCW 10.95.030. See also RCW 9.94A.030(32).

*Initiative 593 also provided that mandatory periods of total confinement under this subsection (for persistent offenders and those convicted of Murder 1, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1, and Rape 1) may not be reduced during the mandatory minimum term of confinement for any reason other than emergency medical treatment or, in the case of those convicted of Rape 1, commitment to an inpatient treatment facility. In 1999, the Court of Appeals, Division I, invalidated the provision of Initiative 593 that made Murder 1, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1 and Rape 1 offenders ineligible for earned release during their mandatory minimum terms, because that issue did not relate to the subject title of the Initiative (the “three strikes” provision), thereby violating the single-subject rule of the state Constitution. See *State v. Cloud*, 976 P.2d 649 (1999).*

RCW 9.94A.575 Power to defer or suspend sentences abolished--Exceptions. The power to defer or suspend the imposition or execution of sentence is hereby abolished in respect to sentences prescribed for felonies committed after June 30, 1984, except for offenders sentenced under RCW 9.94A.670, the special sex offender sentencing alternative, whose sentence may be suspended. [2000 c 28 § 9; 1999 c 143 § 12; 1984 c 209 § 7; 1981 c 137 § 13. Formerly RCW 9.94A.130.]

RCW 9.94A.580 Specialized training. The department is authorized to determine whether any person subject to the confines of a correctional facility would substantially benefit from successful participation in: (1) Literacy training, (2) employment skills training, or (3) educational efforts to identify and control sources of anger and, upon a determination that the person would, may require such successful participation as a condition for eligibility to obtain early release from the confines of a correctional facility.

The department shall adopt rules and procedures to administer this section. [1994 sp.s. c 7 § 533. Formerly RCW 9.94A.132.]

RCW 9.94A.585 Which sentences appealable--Procedure--Grounds for reversal--Written opinions. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) (1) A sentence within the standard sentence range for the offense shall not be appealed. For purposes of this section, a sentence imposed on a first-time offender under RCW 9.94A.650 shall also be deemed to be within the standard sentence range for the offense and shall not be appealed.

(2) A sentence outside the standard sentence range for the offense is subject to appeal by the defendant or the state. The appeal shall be to the court of appeals in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court.

(3) Pending review of the sentence, the sentencing court or the court of appeals may order the defendant confined or placed on conditional release, including bond.

(4) To reverse a sentence which is outside the standard sentence range, the reviewing court must find: (a) Either that the reasons supplied by the sentencing court are not supported by the

record which was before the judge or that those reasons do not justify a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense; or (b) that the sentence imposed was clearly excessive or clearly too lenient.

(5) A review under this section shall be made solely upon the record that was before the sentencing court. Written briefs shall not be required and the review and decision shall be made in an expedited manner according to rules adopted by the supreme court.

(6) The court of appeals shall issue a written opinion in support of its decision whenever the judgment of the sentencing court is reversed and may issue written opinions in any other case where the court believes that a written opinion would provide guidance to sentencing courts and others in implementing this chapter and in developing a common law of sentencing within the state.

(7) The department may petition for a review of a sentence committing an offender to the custody or jurisdiction of the department. The review shall be limited to errors of law. Such petition shall be filed with the court of appeals no later than ninety days after the department has actual knowledge of terms of the sentence. The petition shall include a certification by the department that all reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute at the superior court level have been exhausted. [2000 c 28 § 10; 1989 c 214 § 1; 1984 c 209 § 13; 1982 c 192 § 7; 1981 c 137 § 21. Formerly RCW 9.94A.210.]

RCW 9.94A.585 Which sentences appealable--Procedure--Grounds for reversal--Written opinions. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) A sentence within the standard sentence range, under RCW 9.94A.510 or 9.94A.517, for an offense shall not be appealed. For purposes of this section, a sentence imposed on a first-time offender under RCW 9.94A.650 shall also be deemed to be within the standard sentence range for the offense and shall not be appealed.

(2) A sentence outside the standard sentence range for the offense is subject to appeal by the defendant or the state. The appeal shall be to the court of appeals in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court.

(3) Pending review of the sentence, the sentencing court or the court of appeals may order the defendant confined or placed on conditional release, including bond.

(4) To reverse a sentence which is outside the standard sentence range, the reviewing court must find: (a) Either that the reasons supplied by the sentencing court are not supported by the record which was before the judge or that those reasons do not justify a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense; or (b) that the sentence imposed was clearly excessive or clearly too lenient.

(5) A review under this section shall be made solely upon the record that was before the sentencing court. Written briefs shall not be required and the review and decision shall be made in an expedited manner according to rules adopted by the supreme court.

(6) The court of appeals shall issue a written opinion in support of its decision whenever the judgment of the sentencing court is reversed and may issue written opinions in any other case where the court believes that a written opinion would provide guidance to sentencing courts and others in implementing this chapter and in developing a common law of sentencing within the state.

(7) The department may petition for a review of a sentence committing an offender to the custody or jurisdiction of the department. The review shall be limited to errors of law. Such petition shall be filed with the court of appeals no later than ninety days after the department has actual knowledge of terms of the sentence. The petition shall include a certification by the department that all reasonable efforts to resolve the dispute at the superior court level have been exhausted. [2002 c 290 § 19; 2000 c 28 § 10; 1989 c 214 § 1; 1984 c 209 § 13; 1982 c 192 § 7; 1981 c 137 § 21. Formerly RCW 9.94A.210.]

RCW 9.94A.589 Consecutive or concurrent sentences. (1)(a) Except as provided in (b) or (c) of this subsection, whenever a person is to be sentenced for two or more current offenses, the sentence range for each current offense shall be determined by using all other current and prior convictions as if they were prior convictions for the purpose of the offender score: PROVIDED, That if the court enters a finding that some or all of the current offenses encompass the same criminal conduct then those current offenses shall be counted as one crime. Sentences imposed under this subsection shall be served concurrently. Consecutive sentences may only be imposed under the exceptional sentence provisions of *RCW 9.94A.535. "Same criminal conduct," as used in this subsection, means two or more crimes that require the same criminal intent, are committed at the same time and place, and involve the same victim. This definition applies in cases involving vehicular assault or vehicular homicide even if the victims occupied the same vehicle.

(b) Whenever a person is convicted of two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct, the standard sentence range for the offense with the highest seriousness level under *RCW 9.94A.515 shall be determined using the offender's prior convictions and other current convictions that are not serious violent offenses in the offender score and the standard sentence range for other serious violent offenses shall be determined by using an offender score of zero. The standard sentence range for any offenses that are not serious violent offenses shall be determined according to (a) of this subsection. All sentences imposed under (b) of this subsection shall be served consecutively to each other and concurrently with sentences imposed under (a) of this subsection.

(c) If an offender is convicted under RCW 9.41.040 for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree and for the felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, the standard sentence range for each of these current offenses shall be determined by using all other current and prior convictions, except other current convictions for the felony crimes listed in this subsection (1)(c), as if they were prior convictions. The offender shall serve consecutive sentences for each conviction of the felony crimes listed in this subsection (1)(c), and for each firearm unlawfully possessed.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, whenever a person while under sentence for conviction of a felony commits another felony and is sentenced to another term of confinement, the latter term shall not begin until expiration of all prior terms.

(b) Whenever a second or later felony conviction results in community supervision with conditions not currently in effect, under the prior sentence or sentences of community supervision the court may require that the conditions of community supervision contained in the second or later sentence begin during the immediate term of community supervision and continue throughout the duration of the consecutive term of community supervision.

(3) Subject to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, whenever a person is sentenced for a felony that was committed while the person was not under sentence for conviction of a felony, the sentence shall run concurrently with any felony sentence which has been imposed by any court in this or another state or by a federal court subsequent to the commission of the crime being sentenced unless the court pronouncing the current sentence expressly orders that they be served consecutively.

(4) Whenever any person granted probation under RCW 9.95.210 or 9.92.060, or both, has the probationary sentence revoked and a prison sentence imposed, that sentence shall run consecutively to any sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter, unless the court pronouncing the subsequent sentence expressly orders that they be served concurrently.

(5) In the case of consecutive sentences, all periods of total confinement shall be served

before any partial confinement, community restitution, community supervision, or any other requirement or conditions of any of the sentences. Except for exceptional sentences as authorized under *RCW 9.94A.535, if two or more sentences that run consecutively include periods of community supervision, the aggregate of the community supervision period shall not exceed twenty-four months. [2002 c 175 § 7; 2000 c 28 § 14; 1999 c 352 § 11; 1998 c 235 § 2; 1996 c 199 § 3; 1995 c 167 § 2; 1990 c 3 § 704. Prior: 1988 c 157 § 5; 1988 c 143 § 24; 1987 c 456 § 5; 1986 c 257 § 28; 1984 c 209 § 25; 1983 c 115 § 11. Formerly RCW 9.94A.400.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

Under the SRA, a sentencing judge must impose concurrent sentences. There are two exceptions to this policy: (1) under subsection (b), a person convicted of two or more serious violent offenses arising from separate and distinct criminal conduct must be sentenced consecutively (the criminal history score is calculated differently than in subsection (a)); and (2) under subsection (3), the sentencing judge may expressly order that the sentence be served consecutively to sentences already imposed in other jurisdictions. This comment was addressed by State v. Moore, 63 Wn. App. 466 (1991).

Unless the offenses fall under the exceptions listed in subsection (1) (b) or subsection (3), consecutive sentences imposed for current offenses constitute exceptional sentences and must comply with the exceptional sentence provisions of the Act. See RCW 9.94A.535.

The 1986 amendment to subsection (3) changed this section so sentences for all current offenses run concurrently with the sentences for all other current offenses from any other state or federal court, unless the sentencing court expressly orders the sentences to be consecutive. Previously, the presumption was that such sentences would be consecutive unless the sentencing court expressly ordered otherwise. This subsection is now consistent with pre-SRA law.

Subsections (2) and (3) cover situations where, at the time the defendant is sentenced on a present conviction, he or she has not yet completed a sentence for another felony conviction. The difference between the two subsections is the phrase "under sentence of a felony." Under (2), if at the time the present crime is committed, the defendant has not completed confinement for another sentence, the confinement for the present sentence does not begin until expiration of his or her prior sentence. These sentences are to run consecutively, and an exceptional sentence is necessary to impose concurrent sentences. Under (3), if the latter crime was committed at a point before the offender was sentenced for the previous crime, the presumption is toward a concurrent sentence but the court can decide to order a consecutive sentence.

Subsection (3) will often be relevant where the defendant has been charged in multiple informations or has committed a series of crimes across court jurisdictions (crimes in more than one county, more than one state, or crimes for which he or she has been sentenced under both state and federal jurisdictions) and where the defendant will be sentenced by more than one judge. The purpose of this subsection is to allow the judge some flexibility within the guidelines in order to minimize the incidental factors of geographical boundaries and jurisdictions.

Subsection (4) covers the situation in which a court is imposing a prison sentence for a crime committed prior to July 1, 1984, where the defendant previously received a deferred or suspended sentence and now is having that probation revoked. The sentence for the revocation runs consecutively to any sentence imposed under the new presumptive scheme unless the court expressly orders a concurrent sentence.

Subsection (5) points out that the defendant must serve all terms of total confinement on consecutive sentences before other conditions are performed. As stated earlier, the multiple offense policy was among the most complex issues confronted by the Commission and the Legislature. The Legislature acknowledged in RCW 9.94A.535 (aggravating and mitigating factors) that the operation of the multiple offense policy might, in individual cases, result in a "clearly excessive" or "clearly too lenient" presumptive sentence, and therefore, departures from the range may be appropriate.

This section does not apply to First-time Offenders sentenced under RCW 9.94A.650.

In 1988, the Commission recommended RCW 9.94A.589(1)(b) be clarified to substitute the phrase "prior convictions and other current convictions that are not serious violent offenses" for the term "criminal history." In the Commission's review of sentences it was discovered that offenders convicted of multiple serious violent offenses with additional convictions for offenses that were not serious violent offenses (for example, a burglary), the lesser offenses were frequently not calculated into the offender score. The Commission decided the problem was the use of the term "criminal history" because it appeared to only include prior offenses, not additional current offenses. Thus, the new phrase was recommended.

The 1990 Legislature changed the rules regarding consecutive sentencing for multiple serious violent offenses. The consecutive sentencing requirement now applies to two or more serious violent offenses instead of three.

The 1995 Legislature added (2)(b), for cases where an offender under community supervision is sentenced to additional conditions of community supervision for a subsequent offense.

The 1996 Legislature required that Vehicular Assault and Vehicular Homicide be treated as different criminal conduct even if the victims occupied the same vehicle, and repealed language authorizing the court to consider multiple victims in such cases as an aggravating circumstance justifying an exceptional sentence.

The enactment of Initiative Measure No. 159 by the 1995 Legislature amended RCW 9.41.010 to require "notwithstanding any other law," that an offender convicted under RCW 9.41.010 for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1 or 2, and for Theft of a Firearm and/or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, serve consecutive sentences for each of those offenses. The 1998 Legislature subsequently clarified that sentences for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and for Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm or both, must be served consecutively for each current conviction of the felony crimes listed and for each firearm unlawfully possessed.

In State v. Roose, 90 Wn. App 513(1998), the Court of Appeals ruled that a court is not precluded from counting multiple counts of the offense of firearm theft as a single offense for

sentencing purposes under RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), if the court enters a finding that those current offenses encompass the same criminal conduct.

The 1999 Legislature clarified RCW 9.94A.589(c) to permit all current offenses, other than current weapon-related offenses, to be considered as prior offenses when calculating an offender's criminal history score to determine a sentence for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1 or 2 and Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both.

RCW 9.94A.595 Anticipatory offenses. For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent. [2000 c 28 § 16; 1986 c 257 § 29; 1984 c 209 § 26; 1983 c 115 § 12. Formerly RCW 9.94A.410.]

RCW 9.94A.599 Presumptive ranges that exceed the statutory maximum. If the presumptive sentence duration given in the sentencing grid exceeds the statutory maximum sentence for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence. If the addition of a firearm or deadly weapon enhancement increases the sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the enhancement may not be reduced. [1998 c 235 § 3; 1983 c 115 § 13. Formerly RCW 9.94A.420.]

Comment

The 1998 Legislature clarified that if a firearm or deadly weapon enhancement increases a sentence so that it would exceed the statutory maximum for the offense, the portion of the sentence representing the weapon enhancement may not be reduced. As a result, in such a case the underlying sentence must be reduced so that the total confinement time does not exceed the statutory maximum.

RCW 9.94A.602 Deadly weapon special verdict--Definition. In a criminal case wherein there has been a special allegation and evidence establishing that the accused or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of the commission of the crime, the court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not the accused or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of the commission of the crime, or if a jury trial is had, the jury shall, if it find[s] the defendant guilty, also find a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of the commission of the crime.

For purposes of this section, a deadly weapon is an implement or instrument which has the capacity to inflict death and from the manner in which it is used, is likely to produce or may easily and readily produce death. The following instruments are included in the term deadly weapon: Blackjack, sling shot, billy, sand club, sandbag, metal knuckles, any dirk, dagger, pistol, revolver, or any other firearm, any knife having a blade longer than three inches, any razor with an unguarded blade, any metal pipe or bar used or intended to be used as a club, any explosive, and any weapon containing poisonous or injurious gas. [1983 c 163 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.125.]

Comment

The SRA did not originally provide sentence enhancement for all crimes involving a deadly weapon. In 1983, the Legislature adopted the Commission's recommendations that additional time be added to the offender's presumptive sentence for some crimes where the use of the deadly weapon warranted additional punishment. These crimes were Kidnapping 1 and 2, Rape 1, Robbery 1, Burglary 1, Burglary 2 (non-dwelling), Assault 2, Escape 1 and Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled Substance (RCW 9.94A.310). The 1988 Legislature added Theft of Livestock 1 and 2 to this list and the 1992 Legislature added Assault of a Child 2 to the list. The 1986 Legislature had also clarified that the deadly weapon enhancements apply to anticipatory offenses and to all the drug offenses enumerated in RCW 9.94A.030(19).

Initiative 159, enacted in 1995, made the deadly weapon enhancement applicable to nearly all felonies, doubled that enhancement for subsequent offenses, and created a separate, more severe enhancement where the weapon was a firearm. State v. Workman, 90 Wn.2d 443 (1978), prohibits "double counting" an element of an offense for the purpose of proving the existence of the crime and using it to enhance the sentence, without specific legislative intent to so allow. Consistent with Workman, neither the firearm enhancement nor the "other deadly weapon" enhancement applies to specified crimes where the use of a firearm is an element of the offense (listed in RCW 9.94A.310(3)(f) and (4)(f)). These sentence enhancements apply to crimes committed on and after July 23, 1995. They are to be served consecutively to any other sentence. The sentencing court should first calculate the presumptive sentence range for the current offense, using the appropriate Offense Seriousness Level and Offender Score. Then the firearm or other deadly weapon enhancement is added to the entire range. See RCW 9.94A.310(3) and (4).

A car is not a deadly weapon for sentencing enhancement purposes. See State v. Shepherd, 977 P.2d 635 (1999).

**RCW 9.94A.605 Methamphetamine--Manufacturing with child on premises--
Special allegation. (Effective July 1, 2004.)** In a criminal case where:

(1) The defendant has been convicted of (a) manufacture of a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.401 relating to manufacture of methamphetamine; or (b) possession of ephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pseudoephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pressurized ammonia gas, or pressurized ammonia gas solution with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, as defined in RCW 69.50.440; and

(2) There has been a special allegation pleaded and proven beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant committed the crime when a person under the age of eighteen was present in or upon the premises of manufacture;

the court shall make a finding of fact of the special allegation, or if a jury trial is had, the jury shall, if it finds the defendant guilty, also find a special verdict as to the special allegation. [2003 c 53 § 60; 2002 c 134 § 3; 2000 c 132 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.128.]

RCW 9.94A.607 Chemical dependency. (1) Where the court finds that the offender has a chemical dependency that has contributed to his or her offense, the court may, as a condition of the sentence and subject to available resources, order the offender to participate in

rehabilitative programs or otherwise to perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted and reasonably necessary or beneficial to the offender and the community in rehabilitating the offender.

(2) This section applies to sentences which include any term other than, or in addition to, a term of total confinement, including suspended sentences. [1999 c 197 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.129.]

RCW 9.94A.610 Drug offenders--Notice of release or escape. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1)

At the earliest possible date, and in no event later than ten days before release except in the event of escape or emergency furloughs as defined in RCW 72.66.010, the department of corrections shall send written notice of parole, community placement, work release placement, furlough, or escape about a specific inmate convicted of a serious drug offense to the following if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific inmate convicted of a serious drug offense:

(a) Any witnesses who testified against the inmate in any court proceedings involving the serious drug offense; and

(b) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney.

Information regarding witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the inmate.

(2) If an inmate convicted of a serious drug offense escapes from a correctional facility, the department of corrections shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the inmate resided immediately before the inmate's arrest and conviction. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses who are entitled to notice under this section. If the inmate is recaptured, the department shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.

(3) If any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.

(4) The department of corrections shall send the notices required by this section to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.

(5) For purposes of this section, "serious drug offense" means an offense under RCW 69.50.401(2) (a) or (b) or 69.50.4011(2) (a) or (b). [2003 c 53 § 61; 1996 c 205 § 4; 1991 c 147 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.154.]

Comment

As originally enacted, this section applied to offenders convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Narcotics Classified in Schedule I or II under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, or counterfeits of such narcotics. The 1996 Legislature

expanded the notification requirement in this section to offenders convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Methamphetamine or Counterfeit Methamphetamine.

RCW 9.94A.612 Prisoner escape, parole, release, placement, or furlough-- Notification procedures. (1) At the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before release except in the event of escape or emergency furloughs as defined in RCW 72.66.010, the department of corrections shall send written notice of parole, release, community placement, work release placement, furlough, or escape about a specific inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110, to the following:

(a) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the inmate will reside or in which placement will be made in a work release program; and

(b) The sheriff of the county in which the inmate will reside or in which placement will be made in a work release program.

The sheriff of the county where the offender was convicted shall be notified if the department does not know where the offender will reside. The department shall notify the state patrol of the release of all sex offenders, and that information shall be placed in the Washington crime information center for dissemination to all law enforcement.

(2) The same notice as required by subsection (1) of this section shall be sent to the following if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110:

(a) The victim of the crime for which the inmate was convicted or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;

(b) Any witnesses who testified against the inmate in any court proceedings involving the violent offense;

(c) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney; and

(d) Any person who requests such notice about a specific inmate convicted of a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 from the department of corrections at least sixty days prior to the expected release date of the offender.

Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the inmate. Whenever the department of corrections mails notice pursuant to this subsection and the notice is returned as undeliverable, the department shall attempt alternative methods of notification, including a telephone call to the person's last known telephone number.

(3) The existence of the notice requirements contained in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall not require an extension of the release date in the event that the release plan changes after notification.

(4) If an inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110, escapes from a correctional facility, the department of corrections shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the inmate resided immediately before the inmate's arrest and conviction. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the crime for which the inmate was convicted or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. If the

inmate is recaptured, the department shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.

(5) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.

(6) The department of corrections shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.

(7) The department of corrections shall keep, for a minimum of two years following the release of an inmate, the following:

(a) A document signed by an individual as proof that that person is registered in the victim or witness notification program; and

(b) A receipt showing that an individual registered in the victim or witness notification program was mailed a notice, at the individual's last known address, upon the release or movement of an inmate.

(8) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

(b) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings and children.

(9) Nothing in this section shall impose any liability upon a chief of police of a city or sheriff of a county for failing to request in writing a notice as provided in subsection (1) of this section. [1996 c 215 § 4. Prior: 1994 c 129 § 3; 1994 c 77 § 1; prior: 1992 c 186 § 7; 1992 c 45 § 2; 1990 c 3 § 121; 1989 c 30 § 1; 1985 c 346 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.155.]

RCW 9.94A.614 Prisoner escape, release, or furlough--Homicide, violent, and sex offenses--Rights of victims and witnesses. The department of corrections shall provide the victims and next of kin in the case of a homicide and witnesses involved in violent offense cases or sex offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 where a judgment and sentence was entered after October 1, 1983, a statement of the rights of victims and witnesses to request and receive notification under *RCW 9.94A.612 and 9.94A.616. [1989 c 30 § 2; 1985 c 346 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.156.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.616 Prisoner escape, release, or furlough--Requests for notification. Requests for notification under *RCW 9.94A.612 shall be made by sending a written request by certified mail directly to the department of corrections and giving the defendant's name, the name of the county in which the trial took place, and the month of the trial. Notification information and necessary forms shall be available through the department of corrections, county prosecutors' offices, and other agencies as deemed appropriate by the department of corrections. [1985 c 346 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.157.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.618 Prisoner escape, release, or furlough--Notification as additional requirement. The notification requirements of *RCW 9.94A.612 are in addition to any requirements in RCW 43.43.745 or other law. [1985 c 346 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.158.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.620 Prisoner escape, release, or furlough--Consequences of failure to notify. Civil liability shall not result from failure to provide notice required under RCW *9.94A.612 through 9.94A.618, 9.94A.030, and 43.43.745 unless the failure is the result of gross negligence. [1985 c 346 § 7. Formerly RCW 9.94A.159.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.625 Tolling of term of confinement, supervision. (1) A term of confinement ordered in a sentence pursuant to this chapter shall be tolled by any period of time during which the offender has absented himself or herself from confinement without the prior approval of the entity in whose custody the offender has been placed. A term of partial confinement shall be tolled during any period of time spent in total confinement pursuant to a new conviction or pursuant to sanctions for violation of sentence conditions on a separate felony conviction.

(2) Any term of community custody, community placement, or community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time during which the offender has absented himself or herself from supervision without prior approval of the entity under whose supervision the offender has been placed.

(3) Any period of community custody, community placement, or community supervision shall be tolled during any period of time the offender is in confinement for any reason. However, if an offender is detained pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.740 or 9.94A.631 and is later found not to have violated a condition or requirement of community custody, community placement, or community supervision, time spent in confinement due to such detention shall not toll the period of community custody, community placement, or community supervision.

(4) For terms of confinement or community custody, community placement, or community supervision, the date for the tolling of the sentence shall be established by the entity responsible for the confinement or supervision. [2000 c 226 § 5. Prior: 1999 c 196 § 7; 1999 c 143 § 14; 1993 c 31 § 2; 1988 c 153 § 9; 1981 c 137 § 17. Formerly RCW 9.94A.170.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

In 1993, the Legislature amended RCW 9.94A.170. The power to establish a tolling date for sentences involving supervision was shifted from the court to the Department of Corrections.

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, amended this section to substitute the term “community custody” for the word “supervision.” Under that Act, all forms

of supervision in the community, for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, will be called "community custody."

RCW 9.94A.628 Postrelease supervision--Violations--Expenses. If the offender violates any condition of postrelease supervision, a hearing may be conducted in the same manner as provided in *RCW 9.94A.634. Jurisdiction shall be with the court of the county in which the offender was sentenced. However, the court may order a change of venue to the offender's county of residence or where the violation occurred, for the purpose of holding a violation hearing.

After the hearing, the court may order the offender to be confined for up to sixty days per violation in the county jail. Reimbursement to a city or county for the care of offenders who are detained solely for violating a condition of postrelease supervision shall be under RCW 70.48.440. A county shall be reimbursed for indigent defense costs for offenders who are detained solely for violating a condition of postrelease supervision in accordance with regulations to be promulgated by the office of financial management. An offender may be held in jail at state expense pending the hearing, and any time served while awaiting the hearing shall be credited against confinement imposed for a violation. The court shall retain jurisdiction for the purpose of holding the violation hearing and imposing a sanction. [1988 c 153 § 8. Formerly RCW 9.94A.175.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.631 Violation of condition or requirement of sentence--Arrest by community corrections officer--Confinement in county jail. If an offender violates any condition or requirement of a sentence, a community corrections officer may arrest or cause the arrest of the offender without a warrant, pending a determination by the court. If there is reasonable cause to believe that an offender has violated a condition or requirement of the sentence, an offender may be required to submit to a search and seizure of the offender's person, residence, automobile, or other personal property. A community corrections officer may also arrest an offender for any crime committed in his or her presence. The facts and circumstances of the conduct of the offender shall be reported by the community corrections officer, with recommendations, to the court.

If a community corrections officer arrests or causes the arrest of an offender under this section, the offender shall be confined and detained in the county jail of the county in which the offender was taken into custody, and the sheriff of that county shall receive and keep in the county jail, where room is available, all prisoners delivered to the jail by the community corrections officer, and such offenders shall not be released from custody on bail or personal recognizance, except upon approval of the court, pursuant to a written order. [1984 c 209 § 11. Formerly RCW 9.94A.195.]

Comment

The Sentencing Guidelines Commission intends that Community Corrections Officers exercise their arrest powers sparingly, with due consideration for the seriousness of the violation alleged and the impact of confinement on jail population. Violations may be charged by the Community Corrections Officer upon notice of violation and summons, without arrest.

The search and seizure authorized by this section should relate to the violation that the Community Corrections Officer believes to have occurred.

RCW 9.94A.634 Noncompliance with condition or requirement of sentence--Procedure--Penalty. (1) If an offender violates any condition or requirement of a sentence, the court may modify its order of judgment and sentence and impose further punishment in accordance with this section.

(2) In cases where conditions from a second or later sentence of community supervision begin prior to the term of the second or later sentence, the court shall treat a violation of such conditions as a violation of the sentence of community supervision currently being served.

(3) If an offender fails to comply with any of the requirements or conditions of a sentence the following provisions apply:

(a)(i) Following the violation, if the offender and the department make a stipulated agreement, the department may impose sanctions such as work release, home detention with electronic monitoring, work crew, community restitution, inpatient treatment, daily reporting, curfew, educational or counseling sessions, supervision enhanced through electronic monitoring, jail time, or other sanctions available in the community.

(ii) Within seventy-two hours of signing the stipulated agreement, the department shall submit a report to the court and the prosecuting attorney outlining the violation or violations, and sanctions imposed. Within fifteen days of receipt of the report, if the court is not satisfied with the sanctions, the court may schedule a hearing and may modify the department's sanctions. If this occurs, the offender may withdraw from the stipulated agreement.

(iii) If the offender fails to comply with the sanction administratively imposed by the department, the court may take action regarding the original noncompliance. Offender failure to comply with the sanction administratively imposed by the department may be considered an additional violation.

(b) In the absence of a stipulated agreement, or where the court is not satisfied with the department's sanctions as provided in (a) of this subsection, the court, upon the motion of the state, or upon its own motion, shall require the offender to show cause why the offender should not be punished for the noncompliance. The court may issue a summons or a warrant of arrest for the offender's appearance;

(c) The state has the burden of showing noncompliance by a preponderance of the evidence. If the court finds that the violation has occurred, it may order the offender to be confined for a period not to exceed sixty days for each violation, and may (i) convert a term of partial confinement to total confinement, (ii) convert community restitution obligation to total or partial confinement, (iii) convert monetary obligations, except restitution and the crime victim penalty assessment, to community restitution hours at the rate of the state minimum wage as established in RCW 49.46.020 for each hour of community restitution, or (iv) order one or more of the penalties authorized in (a)(i) of this subsection. Any time served in confinement awaiting a hearing on noncompliance shall be credited against any confinement order by the court;

(d) If the court finds that the violation was not willful, the court may modify its previous order regarding payment of legal financial obligations and regarding community restitution obligations; and

(e) If the violation involves a failure to undergo or comply with mental status evaluation and/or outpatient mental health treatment, the community corrections officer shall consult with the treatment provider or proposed treatment provider. Enforcement of orders concerning outpatient mental health treatment must reflect the availability of treatment and must pursue the least

restrictive means of promoting participation in treatment. If the offender's failure to receive care essential for health and safety presents a risk of serious physical harm or probable harmful consequences, the civil detention and commitment procedures of chapter 71.05 RCW shall be considered in preference to incarceration in a local or state correctional facility.

(4) The community corrections officer may obtain information from the offender's mental health treatment provider on the offender's status with respect to evaluation, application for services, registration for services, and compliance with the supervision plan, without the offender's consent, as described under RCW 71.05.630.

(5) An offender under community placement or community supervision who is civilly detained under chapter 71.05 RCW, and subsequently discharged or conditionally released to the community, shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections for the duration of his or her period of community placement or community supervision. During any period of inpatient mental health treatment that falls within the period of community placement or community supervision, the inpatient treatment provider and the supervising community corrections officer shall notify each other about the offender's discharge, release, and legal status, and shall share other relevant information.

(6) Nothing in this section prohibits the filing of escape charges if appropriate. [2002 c 175 § 8; 1998 c 260 § 4. Prior: 1995 c 167 § 1; 1995 c 142 § 1; 1989 c 252 § 7; prior: 1988 c 155 § 2; 1988 c 153 § 11; 1984 c 209 § 12; 1981 c 137 § 20. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200.]

Comment

The 1998 Legislature authorized the courts to order a mental status evaluation and to require participation in available outpatient mental health treatment for offenders whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision if a court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025 and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense.

Although the Legislature has not adopted specific guidelines for the length of sanctions for various violations, the imposition of sanctions should be evaluated with reference to the standard range of the original offense. Rarely should the time to be served for violations exceed the underlying standard range.

The 1995 Legislature added (2), for cases where an offender under community supervision is sentenced for a subsequent offense under RCW 9.94A.400.

The 1995 Legislature also authorized the Department of Corrections to enter into agreements with non-complying offenders to impose alternative sanctions. Such agreements must be reported to the sentencing court and prosecutor, and the court may modify the sanctions after a hearing.

RCW 9.94A.637 Discharge upon completion of sentence--Certificate of discharge--Obligations, counseling after discharge. (1)(a) When an offender has completed all requirements of the sentence, including any and all legal financial obligations, and while under the custody and supervision of the department, the secretary or the secretary's designee shall notify the sentencing court, which shall discharge the offender and provide the offender with a certificate of discharge by issuing the certificate to the offender in person or by mailing the

certificate to the offender's last known address.

(b)(i) When an offender has reached the end of his or her supervision with the department and has completed all the requirements of the sentence except his or her legal financial obligations, the secretary's designee shall provide the county clerk with a notice that the offender has completed all nonfinancial requirements of the sentence.

(ii) When the department has provided the county clerk with notice that an offender has completed all the requirements of the sentence and the offender subsequently satisfies all legal financial obligations under the sentence, the county clerk shall notify the sentencing court, including the notice from the department, which shall discharge the offender and provide the offender with a certificate of discharge by issuing the certificate to the offender in person or by mailing the certificate to the offender's last known address.

(2) The court shall send a copy of every signed certificate of discharge to the auditor for the county in which the court resides and to the department. The department shall create and maintain a data base containing the names of all felons who have been issued certificates of discharge, the date of discharge, and the date of conviction and offense.

(3) An offender who is not convicted of a violent offense or a sex offense and is sentenced to a term involving community supervision may be considered for a discharge of sentence by the sentencing court prior to the completion of community supervision, provided that the offender has completed at least one-half of the term of community supervision and has met all other sentence requirements.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the discharge shall have the effect of restoring all civil rights lost by operation of law upon conviction, and the certificate of discharge shall so state. Nothing in this section prohibits the use of an offender's prior record for purposes of determining sentences for later offenses as provided in this chapter. Nothing in this section affects or prevents use of the offender's prior conviction in a later criminal prosecution either as an element of an offense or for impeachment purposes. A certificate of discharge is not based on a finding of rehabilitation.

(5) Unless otherwise ordered by the sentencing court, a certificate of discharge shall not terminate the offender's obligation to comply with an order issued under chapter 10.99 RCW that excludes or prohibits the offender from having contact with a specified person or coming within a set distance of any specified location that was contained in the judgment and sentence. An offender who violates such an order after a certificate of discharge has been issued shall be subject to prosecution according to the chapter under which the order was originally issued.

(6) Upon release from custody, the offender may apply to the department for counseling and help in adjusting to the community. This voluntary help may be provided for up to one year following the release from custody. [2003 c 379 § 19; 2002 c 16 § 2; 2000 c 119 § 3; 1994 c 271 § 901; 1984 c 209 § 14; 1981 c 137 § 22. Formerly RCW 9.94A.220.]

RCW 9.94A.640 Vacation of offender's record of conviction. (1) Every offender who has been discharged under *RCW 9.94A.637 may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the offender's record of conviction. If the court finds the offender meets the tests prescribed in subsection (2) of this section, the court may clear the record of conviction by: (a) Permitting the offender to withdraw the offender's plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty; or (b) if the offender has been convicted after a plea of not guilty, by the court setting aside the verdict of guilty; and (c) by the court dismissing the information or indictment against the offender.

(2) An offender may not have the record of conviction cleared if: (a) There are any criminal charges against the offender pending in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal court; (b) the offense was a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; (c) the offense was a crime against persons as defined in RCW 43.43.830; (d) the offender has been convicted of a new crime in this state, another state, or federal court since the date of the offender's discharge under *RCW 9.94A.637; (e) the offense is a class B felony and less than ten years have passed since the date the applicant was discharged under *RCW 9.94A.637; and (f) the offense was a class C felony and less than five years have passed since the date the applicant was discharged under *RCW 9.94A.637.

(3) Once the court vacates a record of conviction under subsection (1) of this section, the fact that the offender has been convicted of the offense shall not be included in the offender's criminal history for purposes of determining a sentence in any subsequent conviction, and the offender shall be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense. For all purposes, including responding to questions on employment applications, an offender whose conviction has been vacated may state that the offender has never been convicted of that crime. Nothing in this section affects or prevents the use of an offender's prior conviction in a later criminal prosecution. [1987 c 486 § 7; 1981 c 137 § 23. Formerly RCW 9.94A.230.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

While all offenders may obtain a discharge under RCW 9.94A.220, only those convicted of a nonviolent offense who have remained crime-free for a specific period may earn a vacation of their conviction. This vacation of the conviction is analogous to the dismissal obtained under RCW 9.95.240 (deferred sentence). See also RCW 9.96 (Restoration of Civil Rights) and 9.96A (Employment Rights). A vacated conviction under this statute cannot be used as criminal history. The issue of whether a vacated conviction entitles an offender to possess a firearm under state law has yet to be determined by the courts; federal law precludes such possession.

RCW 9.94A.650 First-time offender waiver. (1) This section applies to offenders who have never been previously convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who have never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony, and who are convicted of a felony that is not:

- (a) Classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter;
- (b) Manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam classified in Schedule IV;
- (c) Manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver a methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2); or
- (d) The selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marijuana.

(2) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include a term of community supervision or community custody as specified in subsection (3) of this section, which,

in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to the period specified in subsection (3) of this section, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
- (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
- (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (e) Report as directed to a community corrections officer; or
- (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community restitution work.

(3) The terms and statuses applicable to sentences under subsection (2) of this section are:

(a) For sentences imposed on or after July 25, 1999, for crimes committed before July 1, 2000, up to one year of community supervision. If treatment is ordered, the period of community supervision may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years; and

(b) For crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, up to one year of community custody unless treatment is ordered, in which case the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years. Any term of community custody imposed under this section is subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in this section and in RCW 9.94A.715 (2) and (3).

(4) The department shall discharge from community supervision any offender sentenced under this section before July 25, 1999, who has served at least one year of community supervision and has completed any treatment ordered by the court. [2002 c 175 § 9; 2000 c 28 § 18.]

Comment

The First-time Offender Waiver allows a court to impose up to 90 days of confinement, even for offenders with a sentence of 0 to 60 days.

RCW 9.94A.660 Drug offender sentencing alternative. (Effective until July 1, 2004.)

(1) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:

(a) The offender is convicted of a felony that is not a violent offense or sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under *RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4);

(b) The offender has no current or prior convictions for a sex offense or violent offense in this state, another state, or the United States;

(c) For a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance; and

(d) The offender has not been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order and does not become subject to a deportation order during the period of the sentence.

(2) If the standard sentence range is greater than one year and the sentencing court determines that the offender is eligible for this alternative and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the alternative, the judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a

state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections.

The court shall also impose:

- (a) The remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term of community custody which must include appropriate substance abuse treatment in a program that has been approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services;
- (b) Crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances;
- (c) A requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status; and
- (d) A term of community custody pursuant to RCW 9.94A.715 to be imposed upon failure to complete or administrative termination from the special drug offender sentencing alternative program.

The court may prohibit the offender from using alcohol or controlled substances and may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following conditions:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
- (iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- (v) Perform community restitution work;
- (vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing court;
- (vii) Such other conditions as the court may require such as affirmative conditions.

(3) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in subsection (2) of this section or is found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation order, a violation hearing shall be held by the department unless waived by the offender.

(a) If the department finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the offender may be reclassified to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence.

(b) If the department finds that the offender is subject to a valid deportation order, the department may administratively terminate the offender from the program and reclassify the offender to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence.

(4) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.

(5) An offender who fails to complete the special drug offender sentencing alternative program or who is administratively terminated from the program shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time. An offender who violates any conditions of supervision as defined by the department shall be sanctioned. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, reclassifying the offender to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court. If an offender is reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence, the offender shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time. [2002 c 175 § 10; 2001 c 10 § 4; 2000 c 28

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.660 Drug offender sentencing alternative. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:

(a) The offender is convicted of a felony that is not a violent offense or sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4);

(b) The offender has no current or prior convictions for a sex offense or violent offense in this state, another state, or the United States;

(c) For a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance; and

(d) The offender has not been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order and does not become subject to a deportation order during the period of the sentence.

(2) If the standard sentence range is greater than one year and the sentencing court determines that the offender is eligible for this alternative and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the alternative, the judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard sentence range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard sentence range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections.

The court shall also impose:

(a) The remainder of the midpoint of the standard range as a term of community custody which must include appropriate substance abuse treatment in a program that has been approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services;

(b) Crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances;

(c) A requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status; and

(d) A term of community custody pursuant to RCW 9.94A.715 to be imposed upon failure to complete or administrative termination from the special drug offender sentencing alternative program.

The court may prohibit the offender from using alcohol or controlled substances and may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following conditions:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;

(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment;

(iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;

- (iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- (v) Perform community restitution work;
- (vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing court;
- (vii) Such other conditions as the court may require such as affirmative conditions.

(3) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in subsection (2) of this section or is found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation order, a violation hearing shall be held by the department unless waived by the offender.

(a) If the department finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the offender may be reclassified to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence.

(b) If the department finds that the offender is subject to a valid deportation order, the department may administratively terminate the offender from the program and reclassify the offender to serve the remaining balance of the original sentence.

(4) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.

(5) An offender who fails to complete the special drug offender sentencing alternative program or who is administratively terminated from the program shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time. An offender who violates any conditions of supervision as defined by the department shall be sanctioned. Sanctions may include, but are not limited to, reclassifying the offender to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court. If an offender is reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence, the

offender shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time. [2002 c 290 § 20; 2002 c 175 § 10; 2001 c 10 § 4; 2000 c 28 § 19.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: This section was amended by 2002 c 175 § 10 and by 2002 c 290 § 20, each without reference to the other. Both amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

Comment

At the request of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission, the 1995 Legislature created an optional, treatment-oriented Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative for offenders convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver a small quantity of a narcotic drug, where the offender has no previous felony convictions, where there is no deadly weapon enhancement, and where the sentencing court determines that the offender would benefit from substance abuse treatment. The definition of "small quantity" was intended to be determined by the court based on local standards. A defendant need not be dependent on a drug to be eligible for the alternative sentence.

Under the alternative, an eligible offender is sentenced to total confinement for a period equal to half of the midpoint of the offender's standard range sentence (e.g., 12 months if the standard range is 21 to 27 months). The period of confinement must be served in a state correctional facility, even if it is for less than 12 months. Substance abuse treatment must be provided within the facility during total confinement, as well as after release on an outpatient basis. Offenders sentenced under this alternative may not be placed on work release for more than three months, unless the midpoint

of the standard range is more than 24 months (i.e., their period of total confinement is more than 12 months).

Upon release at half the midpoint of the standard range, offenders sentenced under the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative remain on community custody status for an additional year, not including any period in which they are returned to confinement for violating the terms of their release. During this period they are subject to urinalysis or other testing to monitor drug-free status.

The Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative was not intended to be available to offenders convicted of Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Methamphetamine, because such offenders were eligible for the First-time Offender Waiver. However, the Legislature amended RCW 9.94A.030 to exclude such offenders from the definition of "First-time Offender," and thus those offenders were rendered ineligible for either of the sentencing alternatives.

The 1999 Legislature expanded the eligibility for the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative to include all non-violent, non-sex offenders convicted of violating the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50), including methamphetamine offenses, and also any other non-violent, non-sex offenders deemed by the court to have a chemical dependency that contributed to the crime. Effective July 25, 1999, offenders with prior felony convictions are now eligible, so long as their convictions were not violent or sex offense convictions. Offenders subject to federal INS deportation detainers or orders are not eligible. Offenders whose standard sentence is more than one year are now eligible (reduced from two years). Courts may prohibit DOSA offenders from drug and alcohol use and may impose other affirmative conditions, and violators are subject to graduated sanctions, including reclassification to serve the unexpired term of total confinement.

RCW 9.94A.670 Special sex offender sentencing alternative. (1) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this subsection apply to this section only.

(a) "Sex offender treatment provider" or "treatment provider" means a certified sex offender treatment provider as defined in RCW 18.155.020.

(b) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(2) An offender is eligible for the special sex offender sentencing alternative if:

(a) The offender has been convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense;

(b) The offender has no prior convictions for a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state; and

(c) The offender's standard sentence range for the offense includes the possibility of confinement for less than eleven years.

(3) If the court finds the offender is eligible for this alternative, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the offender, may order an examination to determine whether the offender is amenable to treatment.

(a) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following:

(i) The offender's version of the facts and the official version of the facts;

(ii) The offender's offense history;

- (iii) An assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors;
- (iv) The offender's social and employment situation; and
- (v) Other evaluation measures used.

The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner's information.

(b) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the offender's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

- (i) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
- (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
- (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

(c) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The examiner shall be selected by the party making the motion. The offender shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(4) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence or, pursuant to RCW 9.94A.712, a minimum term of sentence, within the standard sentence range. If the sentence imposed is less than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(a) The court shall place the offender on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence, the length of the maximum term imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.712, or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.720.

(b) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court, in its discretion, shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court. If any party or the court objects to a proposed change, the offender shall not change providers or conditions without court approval after a hearing.

(5) As conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose one or more of the following:

(a) Up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense;

- (b) Crime-related prohibitions;
- (c) Require the offender to devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
- (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030;
- (g) Perform community restitution work; or
- (h) Reimburse the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's

crime.

(6) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment.

(7) The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the offender's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, offender's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the offender's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at sentencing.

(8) Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment provider and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the offender's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community custody conditions. Either party may request, and the court may order, another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The offender shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the offender to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (a) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (b) terminate treatment, or (c) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.

(9) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in *RCW 9.94A.737(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in subsections (6) and (8) of this section.

(10) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if: (a) The offender violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (b) the court finds that the offender is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(11) Examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW unless the court finds that:

(a) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; or

(b)(i) No certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and

(ii) The evaluation and treatment plan comply with this section and the rules adopted by the department of health.

(12) If the offender is less than eighteen years of age when the charge is filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment. [2002 c 175 § 11; 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 316; 2000 c 28 § 20.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The 1990 Legislature revised several aspects of the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative. These include increasing the accountability of the treatment provider to the court, changing the maximum sentence allowed from six years to eight years, increasing the length of community supervision and treatment and directing that, after July 1991, examinations and treatment under SSOSA be conducted by certified sex offender treatment providers.

The 1996 Legislature also converted the status of offenders sentenced under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative from community supervision to community custody and authorized the Department of Corrections to impose sanctions administratively. The same legislation extended the period of community custody for sex offenders sentenced to prison to three years or the period of earned release, whichever is longer, and also authorized courts to extend conditions of community custody for a period up to the statutory maximum sentence for the offense. The same legislation authorized the Department of Corrections to impose additional conditions on sex offenders serving in community custody status.

The 1997 Legislature increased from less than eight to less than eleven years the length of a standard-range sentence that may be suspended under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative. Therefore SSOSA remains available in cases eligible under prior law, despite increases in the seriousness levels of certain offenses under RCW 9.94A.320. The Legislature also required that the state pay for initial evaluation and treatment in SSOSA cases where the defendant was under 18 years old when the charge was filed.

The 1997 Legislature also clarified that offenders sentenced under SSOSA are not eligible to accrue earned early release time while serving a suspended sentence.

RCW 9.94A.680 Alternatives to total confinement. Alternatives to total confinement are available for offenders with sentences of one year or less. These alternatives include the following sentence conditions that the court may order as substitutes for total confinement:

- (1) One day of partial confinement may be substituted for one day of total confinement;
- (2) In addition, for offenders convicted of nonviolent offenses only, eight hours of community restitution may be substituted for one day of total confinement, with a maximum conversion limit of two hundred forty hours or thirty days. Community restitution hours must be completed within the period of community supervision or a time period specified by the court, which shall not exceed twenty-four months, pursuant to a schedule determined by the department; and
- (3) For offenders convicted of nonviolent and nonsex offenses, the court may authorize county jails to convert jail confinement to an available county supervised community option and may require the offender to perform affirmative conduct pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.607.

For sentences of nonviolent offenders for one year or less, the court shall consider and give priority to available alternatives to total confinement and shall state its reasons in writing on the judgment and sentence form if the alternatives are not used. [2002 c 175 § 12; 1999 c 197 § 6. Prior: 1988 c 157 § 4; 1988 c 155 § 3; 1984 c 209 § 21; 1983 c 115 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.380.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

One of the legislative directions to the Commission was to "emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to total confinement for the nonviolent offender" (RCW 9.94A.040). In fulfilling this directive, the Commission believed it was necessary to develop a flexible policy, but one that also ensures some standardization in its application. The

Commission decided that by having the court set the sentence in terms of total confinement (i.e., jail time), proportionality among like offenders would be maintained. The court then has the discretion to apply alternative conversions as a substitute for total confinement for offenders with sentences less than a year. One day of partial confinement (typically work release) or eight hours of community service may replace one day of total confinement. The community service hours, however, are limited to 240 hours (30 days) and thus may only be a partial equivalent for any sentence over 30 days.

A converted sentence may include an equivalent combination of jail time, work release, and community service hours. As an example, a sentence of total confinement for nine months may be converted to five months of jail, three months of partial confinement, and one month of community service.

In 1988, the Commission recommended this subsection be rewritten to clarify that conversions to community service hours are not available for offenders convicted of violent offenses. The court is directed to indicate its reasons in writing for not using alternatives to confinement for eligible offenders.

The 1999 Legislature permitted courts to authorize county jails to convert jail confinement to an available county-supervised option for any non-violent, non-sex offender whom the courts finds has a chemical dependency that contributed to the offense. Courts are permitted to require such offenders to perform affirmative conduct and/or to participate in rehabilitative programs.

RCW 9.94A.685 Alien offenders. (1) Subject to the limitations of this section, any alien offender committed to the custody of the department under the sentencing reform act of 1981, chapter 9.94A RCW, who has been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a final order of deportation or exclusion, may be placed on conditional release status and released to the immigration and naturalization service for deportation at any time prior to the expiration of the offender's term of confinement. Conditional release shall continue until the expiration of the statutory maximum sentence provided by law for the crime or crimes of which the offender was convicted. If the offender has multiple current convictions, the statutory maximum sentence allowed by law for each crime shall run concurrently.

(2) No offender may be released under this section unless the secretary or the secretary's designee find [finds] that such release is in the best interests of the state of Washington. Further, releases under this section may occur only with the approval of the sentencing court and the prosecuting attorney of the county of conviction.

(3) No offender may be released under this section who is serving a sentence for a violent offense or sex offense, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, or any other offense that is a crime against a person.

(4) The unserved portion of the term of confinement of any offender released under this section shall be tolled at the time the offender is released to the immigration and naturalization service for deportation. Upon the release of an offender to the immigration and naturalization service, the department shall issue a warrant for the offender's arrest within the United States. This warrant shall remain in effect until the expiration of the offender's conditional release.

(5) Upon arrest of an offender, the department shall seek extradition as necessary and the offender shall be returned to the department for completion of the unserved portion of the

offender's term of total confinement. The offender shall also be required to fully comply with all the terms and conditions of the sentence.

(6) Alien offenders released to the immigration and naturalization service for deportation under this section are not thereby relieved of their obligation to pay restitution or other legal financial obligations ordered by the sentencing court.

(7) Any offender released pursuant to this section who returns illegally to the United States may not thereafter be released again pursuant to this section.

(8) The secretary is authorized to take all reasonable actions to implement this section and shall assist federal authorities in prosecuting alien offenders who may illegally reenter the United States and enter the state of Washington. [1993 c 419 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.280.]

Comment

The 1993 Legislature added section RCW 9.94A.280 authorizing the Department of Corrections to release certain alien offenders to the Immigration and Naturalization Service for deportation

RCW 9.94A.690 Work ethic camp program--Eligibility--Sentencing. (1)(a) An offender is eligible to be sentenced to a work ethic camp if the offender:

(i) Is sentenced to a term of total confinement of not less than twelve months and one day or more than thirty-six months;

(ii) Has no current or prior convictions for any sex offenses or for violent offenses; and

(iii) Is not currently subject to a sentence for, or being prosecuted for, a violation of the uniform controlled substances act or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 or 69.50 RCW.

(b) The length of the work ethic camp shall be at least one hundred twenty days and not more than one hundred eighty days.

(2) If the sentencing court determines that the offender is eligible for the work ethic camp and is likely to qualify under subsection (3) of this section, the judge shall impose a sentence within the standard sentence range and may recommend that the offender serve the sentence at a work ethic camp. In sentencing an offender to the work ethic camp, the court shall specify: (a) That upon completion of the work ethic camp the offender shall be released on community custody for any remaining time of total confinement; (b) the applicable conditions of supervision on community custody status as required by RCW 9.94A.700(4) and authorized by RCW 9.94A.700(5); and (c) that violation of the conditions may result in a return to total confinement for the balance of the offender's remaining time of confinement.

(3) The department shall place the offender in the work ethic camp program, subject to capacity, unless: (a) The department determines that the offender has physical or mental impairments that would prevent participation and completion of the program; (b) the department determines that the offender's custody level prevents placement in the program; (c) the offender refuses to agree to the terms and conditions of the program; (d) the offender has been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order; or (e) the offender has participated in the work ethic camp program in the past.

(4) An offender who fails to complete the work ethic camp program, who is administratively terminated from the program, or who otherwise violates any conditions of supervision, as defined by the department, shall be reclassified to serve the unexpired term of his or her sentence as ordered by the sentencing court and shall be subject to all rules relating to earned release time.

(5) During the last two weeks prior to release from the work ethic camp program the department shall provide the offender with comprehensive transition training. [2000 c 28 § 21; 1999 c 197 § 5; 1995 1st sp.s. c 19 § 20; 1993 c 338 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.137.]

Comment

The 1993 Legislature established the Work Ethic Camp program sentencing alternative.

The 1995 Legislature authorized a sentence to Work Ethic Camp for offenders convicted of drug delivery. That sentence to Work Ethic Camp was intended as an alternative to the Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative, not for use in conjunction with it. The 1999 Legislature subsequently made all drug offenders ineligible for the Work Ethic Camp (see RCW 9.94A.137).

The 1995 Legislature expanded eligibility for Work Ethic Camp by including those sentenced for Possession, Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled Substance, eliminating age-based qualifications and reducing from 22 to 16 months the minimum term of confinement qualifying an offender for Work Ethic Camp. The legislation also requires the sentencing court to specify conditions of supervision on community custody status after completion of the Work Ethic Camp, and to specify that violating those conditions may return the offender to total confinement for the remainder of the sentence. The Department of Corrections may deny placement in the Work Ethic Camp on the basis of an offender's custody level. This sentencing option was intended to be an alternative to the treatment-oriented Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative, not for use in conjunction with it.

The 1999 Legislature revised the eligibility criteria for the Work Ethic Camp, effective for offenses committed on or after July 25, 1999. Offenders violating the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not eligible, nor are offenders subject to federal INS deportation detainers or orders. Offenders who have previously participated in Work Ethic Camp are also not eligible. The 1999 Legislature also reduced the minimum sentence qualifying an offender for Work Ethic Camp from 16 months down to 12 months and a day (and a maximum sentence of 36 months). In addition, the 1999 Legislature eliminated the "three-to-one conversion," whereby one day in Work Ethic Camp equaled three days of total confinement.

RCW 9.94A.700 Community placement. When a court sentences an offender to a term of total confinement in the custody of the department for any of the offenses specified in this section, the court shall also sentence the offender to a term of community placement as provided in this section. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any sentence of community placement imposed under this section.

(1) The court shall order a one-year term of community placement for the following:

(a) A sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990; or

(b) An offense committed on or after July 1, 1988, but before July 25, 1999, that is:

(i) Assault in the second degree;

(ii) Assault of a child in the second degree;

(iii) A crime against persons where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.602

that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission;
or

(iv) A felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660.

(2) The court shall sentence the offender to a term of community placement of two years or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer, for:

(a) An offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, including those sex offenses also included in other offense categories;

(b) A serious violent offense other than a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000; or

(c) A vehicular homicide or vehicular assault committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before July 1, 2000.

(3) The community placement ordered under this section shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release. When the court sentences an offender to the statutory maximum sentence then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible. Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(4) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of any community placement imposed under this section shall include the following conditions:

(a) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;

(b) The offender shall work at department-approved education, employment, or community restitution, or any combination thereof;

(c) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

(d) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department; and

(e) The residence location and living arrangements shall be subject to the prior approval of the department during the period of community placement.

(5) As a part of any terms of community placement imposed under this section, the court may also order one or more of the following special conditions:

(a) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;

(b) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;

(c) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;

(d) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or

(e) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.

(6) An offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.

(7) Prior to or during community placement, upon recommendation of the department, the sentencing court may remove or modify any conditions of community placement so as not to be more restrictive. [2003 c 379 § 4; 2002 c 175 § 13; 2000 c 28 § 22.]

Comment

The 1996 Legislature required that persons sentenced to prison for Vehicular Assault or Vehicular Homicide also be sentenced to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned release time, whichever is longer.

The 1996 Legislature also authorized courts to require that sex offenders whose victims were minors comply with conditions of community placement imposed by the Department of Corrections regarding contact with minor victims or with children of similar age or circumstances.

RCW 9.94A.705 Community placement for specified offenders. Except for persons sentenced under RCW 9.94A.700(2) or 9.94A.710, when a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department for a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660, committed on or after July 25, 1999, but before July 1, 2000, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2). When the court sentences the offender under this section to the statutory maximum period of confinement, then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any sentence of community placement or community custody imposed under this section. [2003 c 379 § 5; 2000 c 28 § 23.]

RCW 9.94A.710 Community custody for sex offenders. (1) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department for an offense categorized as a sex offense, including those sex offenses also included in other offense categories, committed on or after June 6, 1996, and before July 1, 2000, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.728, whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release.

(2) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody imposed under this section shall be the same as those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(4) and may include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(5). As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this section, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.720.

(3) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community

custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of *RCW 9.94A.631 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040. [2000 c 28 § 24.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.712 Sentencing of nonpersistent offenders. (1) An offender who is not a persistent offender shall be sentenced under this section if the offender:

(a) Is convicted of:

(i) Rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion;

(ii) Any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree; or

(iii) An attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (1)(a); committed on or after September 1, 2001; or

(b) Has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and is convicted of any sex offense which was committed after September 1, 2001.

For purposes of this subsection (1)(b), failure to register is not a sex offense.

(2) An offender convicted of rape of a child in the first or second degree or child molestation in the first degree who was seventeen years of age or younger at the time of the offense shall not be sentenced under this section.

(3) Upon a finding that the offender is subject to sentencing under this section, the court shall impose a sentence to a maximum term consisting of the statutory maximum sentence for the offense and a minimum term either within the standard sentence range for the offense, or outside the standard sentence range pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.535, if the offender is otherwise eligible for such a sentence.

(4) A person sentenced under subsection (3) of this section shall serve the sentence in a facility or institution operated, or utilized under contract, by the state.

(5) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department under this section, the court shall, in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody under the supervision of the department and the authority of the board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence.

(6)(a) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the conditions of community custody shall include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(4). The conditions may also include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(5). The court may also order the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community, and the department and the board shall enforce such conditions pursuant to RCW 9.94A.713, 9.95.425, and 9.95.430.

(b) As part of any sentence under this section, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the board under RCW 9.94A.713 and 9.95.420 through 9.95.435. [2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 303.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.713 Nonpersistent offenders--Conditions. (1) When an offender is sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712, the department shall assess the offender's risk of recidivism and shall recommend to the board any additional or modified conditions of the offender's community custody based upon the risk to community safety. In addition, the department shall make a recommendation with regard to, and the board may require the offender to participate in, rehabilitative programs, or otherwise perform affirmative conduct, and obey all laws. The board must consider and may impose department-recommended conditions.

(2) The department may not recommend and the board may not impose conditions that are contrary to those ordered by the court and may not contravene or decrease court-imposed conditions. The board shall notify the offender in writing of any such conditions or modifications.

(3) In setting, modifying, and enforcing conditions of community custody, the department shall be deemed to be performing a quasi-judicial function.

(4) If an offender violates conditions imposed by the court, the department, or the board during community custody, the board or the department may transfer the offender to a more restrictive confinement status and impose other available sanctions as provided in RCW 9.95.435.

(5) By the close of the next business day, after receiving notice of a condition imposed by the board or the department, an offender may request an administrative hearing under rules adopted by the board. The condition shall remain in effect unless the hearing examiner finds that it is not reasonably related to any of the following:

- (a) The crime of conviction;
- (b) The offender's risk of reoffending; or
- (c) The safety of the community.

(6) An offender released by the board under RCW 9.95.420 shall be subject to the supervision of the department until the expiration of the maximum term of the sentence. The department shall monitor the offender's compliance with conditions of community custody imposed by the court, department, or board, and promptly report any violations to the board. Any violation of conditions of community custody established or modified by the board shall be subject to the provisions of RCW 9.95.425 through 9.95.440.

(7) If the department finds that an emergency exists requiring the immediate imposition of conditions of release in addition to those set by the board under RCW 9.95.420 and subsection (1) of this section in order to prevent the offender from committing a crime, the department may impose additional conditions. The department may not impose conditions that are contrary to those set by the board or the court and may not contravene or decrease court-imposed or board-imposed conditions. Conditions imposed under this subsection shall take effect immediately after notice to the offender by personal service, but shall not remain in effect longer than seven working days unless approved by the board under subsection (1) of this section within seven working days. [2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 304.]

RCW 9.94A.715 Community custody for specified offenders. (1) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department for a sex offense not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.712, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony

offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for the community custody range established under RCW 9.94A.850 or up to the period of earned release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin: (a) Upon completion of the term of confinement; (b) at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.728 (1) and (2); or (c) with regard to offenders sentenced under RCW 9.94A.660, upon failure to complete or administrative termination from the special drug offender sentencing alternative program. Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, the department shall supervise any sentence of community custody imposed under this section.

(2)(a) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the conditions of community custody shall include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(4). The conditions may also include those provided for in RCW 9.94A.700(5). The court may also order the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs or otherwise perform affirmative conduct reasonably related to the circumstances of the offense, the offender's risk of reoffending, or the safety of the community, and the department shall enforce such conditions pursuant to subsection (6) of this section.

(b) As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department under RCW 9.94A.720. The department shall assess the offender's risk of reoffense and may establish and modify additional conditions of the offender's community custody based upon the risk to community safety. In addition, the department may require the offender to participate in rehabilitative programs, or otherwise perform affirmative conduct, and to obey all laws.

(c) The department may not impose conditions that are contrary to those ordered by the court and may not contravene or decrease court imposed conditions. The department shall notify the offender in writing of any such conditions or modifications. In setting, modifying, and enforcing conditions of community custody, the department shall be deemed to be performing a quasi-judicial function.

(3) If an offender violates conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to this section during community custody, the department may transfer the offender to a more restrictive confinement status and impose other available sanctions as provided in RCW 9.94A.737 and 9.94A.740.

(4) Except for terms of community custody under RCW 9.94A.670, the department shall discharge the offender from community custody on a date determined by the department, which the department may modify, based on risk and performance of the offender, within the range or at the end of the period of earned release, whichever is later.

(5) At any time prior to the completion or termination of a sex offender's term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.631 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040. If the court extends a condition beyond the expiration of the term of community custody, the department is not responsible for supervision of the offender's compliance with the condition.

(6) Within the funds available for community custody, the department shall determine

conditions and duration of community custody on the basis of risk to community safety, and shall supervise offenders during community custody on the basis of risk to community safety and conditions imposed by the court. The secretary shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

(7) By the close of the next business day after receiving notice of a condition imposed or modified by the department, an offender may request an administrative review under rules adopted by the department. The condition shall remain in effect unless the reviewing officer finds that it is not reasonably related to any of the following: (a) The crime of conviction; (b) the offender's risk of reoffending; or (c) the safety of the community. [2003 c 379 § 6; 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 302; 2001 c 10 § 5; 2000 c 28 § 25.]

Comment

The 1997 Legislature also clarified that the Department of Corrections, in monitoring offenders' compliance with conditions of community placement, community supervision, community service, or payment of legal financial obligations, may require them to perform affirmative actions (such as submitting to drug testing or polygraph examination).

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, modified RCW 9.94A.120 to authorize the imposition of affirmative conditions, both by courts and by the Department of Corrections, on eligible offenders serving a period of community custody, for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000. Offenders will be supervised according to their risk and will be subject to administrative sanctions by the Department of Corrections. Community custody is required for all sex offenses, all violent offenses, all crimes against persons (defined in RCW 9.94A.440) and all felony drug offenses (except DOSA sentences) committed on or after July 1, 2000, and community custody will replace "community placement" and "community supervision" for offenses committed on or after that date.

RCW 9.94A.720 Supervision of offenders.

(1)(a) Except as provided in RCW 9.94A.501, all offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community restitution, community placement, or community custody shall be under the supervision of the department and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department. The department may require an offender to perform affirmative acts it deems appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions of the sentence imposed. The department may only supervise the offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations during any period in which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.94A.501.

(b) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(c) For offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (b) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals.

(d) For offenders sentenced to terms of community custody for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000, the department may impose conditions as specified in RCW 9.94A.715.

The conditions authorized under (c) of this subsection may be imposed by the department prior to or during an offender's community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.710 occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.740 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.737. At any time prior to the completion of an offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.710 or 9.94A.715 be continued beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as authorized in RCW 9.94A.715 (3) or (5).

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

(2) No offender sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community restitution, community custody, or community placement under the supervision of the department may own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the violation process and sanctions under RCW 9.94A.634, 9.94A.737, and 9.94A.740. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection has the same definition as in RCW 9.41.010. [2003 c 379 § 7; 2002 c 175 § 14; 2000 c 28 § 26.]

Comment

The 1993 Legislature authorized the Department of Corrections, after July 25, 1993, to require offenders under its supervision to pay for special services including electronic monitoring, day reporting and telephone reporting, depending on the offender's ability to pay.

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.725 Offender work crews. Participation in a work crew is conditioned upon the offender's acceptance into the program, abstinence from alcohol and controlled substances as demonstrated by urinalysis and breathalyzer monitoring, with the cost of monitoring to be paid by the offender, unless indigent; and upon compliance with the rules of the program, which rules require the offender to work to the best of his or her abilities and provide the program with accurate, verified residence information. Work crew may be imposed simultaneously with electronic home detention.

Where work crew is imposed as part of a sentence of nine months or more, the offender must serve a minimum of thirty days of total confinement before being eligible for work crew.

Work crew tasks shall be performed for a minimum of thirty-five hours per week. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state, or sanctioned under *RCW 9.94A.737, are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense are not eligible for the work crew program.

An offender who has successfully completed four weeks of work crew at thirty-five hours per week shall thereafter receive credit toward the work crew sentence for hours worked at approved, verified employment. Such employment credit may be earned for up to twenty-four hours actual employment per week provided, however, that every such offender shall continue active participation in work crew projects according to a schedule approved by a work crew supervisor until the work crew sentence has been served.

The hours served as part of a work crew sentence may include substance abuse counseling and/or job skills training.

The civic improvement tasks performed by offenders on work crew shall be unskilled labor for the benefit of the community as determined by the head of the county executive branch or his or her designee. Civic improvement tasks shall not be done on private property unless it is owned or operated by a nonprofit entity, except that, for emergency purposes only, work crews may perform snow removal on any private property. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. In case any dispute arises as to a civic improvement task having more than minimum negative impact on existing private industries or labor force in the county where their service or labor is performed, the matter shall be referred by an interested party, as defined in RCW 39.12.010(4), for arbitration to the director of the department of labor and industries of the state.

Whenever an offender receives credit against a work crew sentence for hours of approved, verified employment, the offender shall pay to the agency administering the program the monthly assessment of an amount not less than ten dollars per month nor more than fifty dollars per month. This assessment shall be considered payment of the costs of providing the work crew program to an offender. The court may exempt a person from the payment of all or any part of the assessment based upon any of the following factors:

(1) The offender has diligently attempted but has been unable to obtain employment that provides the offender sufficient income to make such payment.

(2) The offender is a student in a school, college, university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to fit the student for gainful employment.

(3) The offender has an employment handicap, as determined by an examination acceptable to or ordered by the court.

(4) The offender is responsible for the support of dependents and the payment of the assessment constitutes an undue hardship.

(5) Other extenuating circumstances as determined by the court. [2000 c 28 § 27; 1991 c 181 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.135.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.728 Earned release time. No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and

promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.

(a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.

(b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.

(ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or she:

(A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under (b)(iii) of this subsection;

(B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:

(I) A sex offense;

(II) A violent offense;

(III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

(IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;

(V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

(VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

(VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor); and

(C) Has no prior conviction for:

(I) A sex offense;

(II) A violent offense;

(III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;

(IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;

(V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

(VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or

(VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor).

(iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture

or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest risk.

(iv) The department shall recalculate the earned release time and reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under this subsection (1)(b).

(v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional facility as of July 1, 2003.

(vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.

(c) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence;

(2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense or an offense categorized as a serious violent offense, assault in the second degree, vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against persons where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.602 that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed before July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(b) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;

(c) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community placement or community custody terms eligible for release to community custody status in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;

(d) The department may deny transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody or community placement;

(3) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;

(4)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:

(i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious enough to require costly care or treatment;

(ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition; and

(iii) Granting the extraordinary medical placement will result in a cost savings to the state.

(b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement.

(c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.

(d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement under this subsection at any time;

(5) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or other extraordinary circumstances;

(6) No more than the final six months of the sentence may be served in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the community;

(7) The governor may pardon any offender;

(8) The department may release an offender from confinement any time within ten days before a release date calculated under this section; and

(9) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement. [2003 c 379 § 1. Prior: 2002 c 290 § 21; 2002 c 50 § 2; 2000 c 28 § 28; prior: 1999 c 324 § 1; 1999 c 37 § 1; 1996 c 199 § 2; 1995 c 129 § 7 (Initiative Measure No. 159); 1992 c 145 § 8; 1990 c 3 § 202; 1989 c 248 § 2; prior: 1988 c 153 § 3; 1988 c 3 § 1; 1984 c 209 § 8; 1982 c 192 § 6; 1981 c 137 § 15. Formerly RCW 9.94A.150.]

Comment

The 1990 Legislature changed the maximum earned early release time to fifteen percent of the sentence for offenders convicted of Class A sex offenses and serious violent offenses. The Legislature also clarified that earned early release credits shall not be granted until earned.

Initiative 159 excluded the portion of any sentence attributable to a firearm or other deadly weapon enhancement (RCW 9.94A.310(3) and (4)) from reduction by earned early release time. This exclusion applies to sentences for crimes committed after July 23, 1995.

The 1996 Legislature provided for transfer to community custody in lieu of earned early release for persons convicted of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault.

The Court of Appeals in Personal Restraint of Mahrle, 88 Wn. App. 410 (1997), ruled that the fifteen percent cap on good time credit applies only to an offender convicted of both a Class A Serious Violent Offense and a Class A Sex Offense, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and that all other offenders may earn up to one-third earned early release time. The 1999 Legislature added punctuation to the provision in RCW 9.94A.150(1) limiting earned release time for certain

offenses, clarifying that offenders convicted of serious violent offenses and offenders convicted of Class A sex offenses may receive a reduction in confinement time of no more than 15 percent of the sentence. This language change expressed the Legislature's original intent, and although the Mahrle case was not overturned, it no longer applies to future cases.

The 1999 Legislature authorized the Secretary of Corrections to grant an "extraordinary medical placement" for any offender whose medical condition is serious enough to require costly treatment and who poses a low risk to the community because of physical incapacitation, and where cost savings will result to the state. The Department of Corrections must subject all offenders granted an extraordinary medical placement to electronic monitoring, unless it interferes with medical equipment or jeopardizes eligibility for medical care funding. Offenders under a sentence of death or of life without the possibility of release are not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement, and the Secretary of Corrections may revoke such a placement at any time. The Secretary of Corrections is also required to report annually to the Legislature on the use of the "extraordinary medical placement" option.

RCW 9.94A.7281 Legislative declaration--Earned release time not an entitlement.

The legislature declares that the changes to the maximum percentages of earned release time in chapter 379, Laws of 2003 do not create any expectation that the percentage of earned release time cannot be revised and offenders have no reason to conclude that the maximum percentage of earned release time is an entitlement or creates any liberty interest. The legislature retains full control over the right to revise the percentages of earned release time available to offenders at any time. This section applies to persons convicted on or after July 1, 2003. [2003 c 379 § 2.]

RCW 9.94A.7282 Earned release study. The Washington state institute for public policy shall study the results of the changes in earned release under section 1, chapter 379, Laws of 2003. The study shall determine whether the changes in earned release affect the rate of recidivism or the type of offenses committed by persons whose release dates were affected by the changes in chapter 379, Laws of 2003. The Washington state institute for public policy shall report its findings to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December 1, 2008. [2003 c 379 § 12.]

RCW 9.94A.731 Term of partial confinement, work release, home detention. (1) An offender sentenced to a term of partial confinement shall be confined in the facility for at least eight hours per day or, if serving a work crew sentence shall comply with the conditions of that sentence as set forth in RCW 9.94A.030(31) and 9.94A.725. The offender shall be required as a condition of partial confinement to report to the facility at designated times. During the period of partial confinement, an offender may be required to comply with crime-related prohibitions and affirmative conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to this chapter.

(2) An offender in a county jail ordered to serve all or part of a term of less than one year in work release, work crew, or a program of home detention who violates the rules of the work release facility, work crew, or program of home detention or fails to remain employed or enrolled in school may be transferred to the appropriate county detention facility without further court order but shall, upon request, be notified of the right to request an administrative hearing on the issue of whether or not the offender failed to comply with the order and relevant

conditions. Pending such hearing, or in the absence of a request for the hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the term of confinement as total confinement. This subsection shall not affect transfer or placement of offenders committed to the department.

(3) Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility. [2003 c 254 § 2; 2000 c 28 § 29; 1999 c 143 § 15; 1991 c 181 § 4; 1988 c 154 § 4; 1987 c 456 § 3; 1981 c 137 § 18. Formerly RCW 9.94A.180.]

RCW 9.94A.734 Home detention--Conditions. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) Home detention may not be imposed for offenders convicted of:

- (a) A violent offense;
- (b) Any sex offense;
- (c) Any drug offense;
- (d) Reckless burning in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050;
- (e) Assault in the third degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031;
- (f) Assault of a child in the third degree;
- (g) Unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040; or
- (h) Harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020.

Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.4013 or forged prescription for a controlled substance under RCW 69.50.403 if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this section and is monitored for drug use by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program.

(2) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or residential burglary conditioned upon the offender:

- (a) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program;
- (b) Having no convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for burglary or residential burglary;
- (c) Having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense;
- (d) Having no prior charges of escape; and
- (e) Fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention program.

(3) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned upon:

(a) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender;

(b) Abiding by the rules of the home detention program; and

(c) Compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-

ordered restitution. [2003 c 53 § 62; 2000 c 28 § 30; 1995 c 108 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.185.]

RCW 9.94A.737 Community custody--Violations. (1) If an offender violates any condition or requirement of community custody, the department may transfer the offender to a more restrictive confinement status to serve up to the remaining portion of the sentence, less credit for any period actually spent in community custody or in detention awaiting disposition of an alleged violation and subject to the limitations of subsection (2) of this section.

(2)(a) For a sex offender sentenced to a term of community custody under *RCW 9.94A.670 who violates any condition of community custody, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days' confinement in a local correctional facility for each violation. If the department imposes a sanction, the department shall submit within seventy-two hours a report to the court and the prosecuting attorney outlining the violation or violations and the sanctions imposed.

(b) For a sex offender sentenced to a term of community custody under *RCW 9.94A.710 who violates any condition of community custody after having completed his or her maximum term of total confinement, including time served on community custody in lieu of earned release, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days in a local correctional facility for each violation.

(c) For an offender sentenced to a term of community custody under *RCW 9.94A.505(2)(b), 9.94A.650, or 9.94A.715, or under *RCW 9.94A.545, for a crime committed on or after July 1, 2000, who violates any condition of community custody after having completed his or her maximum term of total confinement, including time served on community custody in lieu of earned release, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days in total confinement for each violation. The department may impose sanctions such as work release, home detention with electronic monitoring, work crew, community restitution, inpatient treatment, daily reporting, curfew, educational or counseling sessions, supervision enhanced through electronic monitoring, or any other sanctions available in the community.

(d) For an offender sentenced to a term of community placement under *RCW 9.94A.705 who violates any condition of community placement after having completed his or her maximum term of total confinement, including time served on community custody in lieu of earned release, the department may impose a sanction of up to sixty days in total confinement for each violation. The department may impose sanctions such as work release, home detention with electronic monitoring, work crew, community restitution, inpatient treatment, daily reporting, curfew, educational or counseling sessions, supervision enhanced through electronic monitoring, or any other sanctions available in the community.

(3) If an offender is accused of violating any condition or requirement of community custody, he or she is entitled to a hearing before the department prior to the imposition of sanctions. The hearing shall be considered as offender disciplinary proceedings and shall not be subject to chapter 34.05 RCW. The department shall develop hearing procedures and a structure of graduated sanctions.

(4) The hearing procedures required under subsection (3) of this section shall be developed by rule and include the following:

(a) Hearing officers shall report through a chain of command separate from that of community corrections officers;

(b) The department shall provide the offender with written notice of the violation, the evidence relied upon, and the reasons the particular sanction was imposed. The notice shall include a statement of the rights specified in this subsection, and the offender's right to file a personal

restraint petition under court rules after the final decision of the department;

(c) The hearing shall be held unless waived by the offender, and shall be electronically recorded. For offenders not in total confinement, the hearing shall be held within fifteen working days, but not less than twenty-four hours, after notice of the violation. For offenders in total confinement, the hearing shall be held within five working days, but not less than twenty-four hours, after notice of the violation;

(d) The offender shall have the right to: (i) Be present at the hearing; (ii) have the assistance of a person qualified to assist the offender in the hearing, appointed by the hearing officer if the offender has a language or communications barrier; (iii) testify or remain silent; (iv) call witnesses and present documentary evidence; and (v) question witnesses who appear and testify; and

(e) The sanction shall take effect if affirmed by the hearing officer. Within seven days after the hearing officer's decision, the offender may appeal the decision to a panel of three reviewing officers designated by the secretary or by the secretary's designee. The sanction shall be reversed or modified if a majority of the panel finds that the sanction was not reasonably related to any of the following: (i) The crime of conviction; (ii) the violation committed; (iii) the offender's risk of reoffending; or (iv) the safety of the community.

(5) For purposes of this section, no finding of a violation of conditions may be based on unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations. [2002 c 175 § 15; 1999 c 196 § 8; 1996 c 275 § 3; 1988 c 153 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.205.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The 1996 Legislature authorized a 60-day jail sanction, imposed administratively by the Department of Corrections, for violation of a condition of community custody imposed as part of a sentence under the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative, and for violations of a condition of community custody by offenders who have completed their maximum terms of total confinement. The Department may, alternatively, refer SSOSA community custody violations to the court.

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, expanded the authority of the Department of Corrections to impose sanctions, including up to 60 days in confinement, on all offenders required to be on community custody for part of their sentence, for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000. Offenders subject to sanctions for violations have the right to a hearing, which they may waive, before Department of Corrections hearing officers. Violation hearing officers and community corrections officers must report through separate chains of command. A violation finding cannot be based on "unconfirmed or unconfirmable allegations," and due process protections for offenders include notice, timely hearings, the right to testify or remain silent, the right to call and question witnesses and the right to present documentary evidence. A sanction takes effect if affirmed by a hearing officer, but the offender may appeal the hearing officer's decision to a panel of three reviewing officers designated by the Secretary of Corrections. The appeal panel is required to overturn sanctions that are not reasonably related to the crime of conviction; the violation committed; the offender's risk of reoffending or to the safety of the community.

RCW 9.94A.740 Community placement, custody violators--Arrest, detention, financial responsibility. (1) The secretary may issue warrants for the arrest of any offender who violates a condition of community placement or community custody. The arrest warrants shall authorize any law enforcement or peace officer or community corrections officer of this state or any other state where such offender may be located, to arrest the offender and place him or her in total confinement pending disposition of the alleged violation. The department shall compensate the local jurisdiction at the office of financial management's adjudicated rate, in accordance with RCW 70.48.440. A community corrections officer, if he or she has reasonable cause to believe an offender in community placement or community custody has violated a condition of community placement or community custody, may suspend the person's community placement or community custody status and arrest or cause the arrest and detention in total confinement of the offender, pending the determination of the secretary as to whether the violation has occurred. The community corrections officer shall report to the secretary all facts and circumstances and the reasons for the action of suspending community placement or community custody status. A violation of a condition of community placement or community custody shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for purposes of *RCW 9.94A.631. The authority granted to community corrections officers under this section shall be in addition to that set forth in *RCW 9.94A.631.

(2) Inmates, as defined in RCW 72.09.015, who have been transferred to community custody and who are detained in a local correctional facility are the financial responsibility of the department of corrections, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The community custody inmate shall be removed from the local correctional facility, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, not later than eight days, excluding weekends and holidays, following admittance to the local correctional facility and notification that the inmate is available for movement to a state correctional institution.

(3) The department may negotiate with local correctional authorities for an additional period of detention; however, sex offenders sanctioned for community custody violations under *RCW 9.94A.737(2) to a term of confinement shall remain in the local correctional facility for the complete term of the sanction. For confinement sanctions imposed under *RCW 9.94A.737(2)(a), the local correctional facility shall be financially responsible. For confinement sanctions imposed under *RCW 9.94A.737(2)(b), the department of corrections shall be financially responsible for that portion of the sanction served during the time in which the sex offender is on community custody in lieu of earned release, and the local correctional facility shall be financially responsible for that portion of the sanction served by the sex offender after the time in which the sex offender is on community custody in lieu of earned release. The department, in consultation with the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and those counties in which the sheriff does not operate a correctional facility, shall establish a methodology for determining the department's local correctional facilities bed utilization rate, for each county in calendar year 1998, for offenders being held for violations of conditions of community custody, community placement, or community supervision. For confinement sanctions imposed under *RCW 9.94A.737(2) (c) or (d), the local correctional facility shall continue to be financially responsible to the extent of the calendar year 1998 bed utilization rate. If the department's use of bed space in local correctional facilities of any county for confinement sanctions imposed on offenders sentenced to a term of community custody under *RCW 9.94A.737(2) (c) or (d) exceeds the 1998 bed utilization rate for the county, the department shall compensate the county for the excess use at the per diem rate equal to the lowest rate charged by the county under its contract with a municipal government during the year in which the use occurs. [1999 c 196 § 9; 1996 c 275 § 4; 1988 c 153 § 5. Formerly RCW 9.94A.207.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The 1996 Legislature clarified financial responsibility between local and state correctional authorities for sex offenders sanctioned for community custody violations.

The 1999 Legislature directed the Department of Corrections to devise methods, after consulting with the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs, for determining the 1998 bed utilization rate in local jails, and to compensate counties for the use of jail beds to confine offenders for violating conditions of community custody, if such use exceeds a county's 1998 bed utilization rate.

RCW 9.94A.745 Interstate compact for adult offender supervision. The interstate compact for adult offender supervision is hereby entered into and enacted into law with all jurisdictions legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

ARTICLE I
PURPOSE

(a) The compacting states to this interstate compact recognize that each state is responsible for the supervision of adult offenders in the community who are authorized pursuant to the bylaws and rules of this compact to travel across state lines both to and from each compacting state in such a manner as to track the location of offenders, transfer supervision authority in an orderly and efficient manner, and, when necessary, return offenders to the originating jurisdictions. The compacting states also recognize that congress, by enacting the crime control act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 112 (1965), has authorized and encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime.

(b) It is the purpose of this compact and the interstate commission created hereunder, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states: To provide the framework for the promotion of public safety and protect the rights of victims through the control and regulation of the interstate movement of offenders in the community; to provide for the effective tracking, supervision, and rehabilitation of these offenders by the sending and receiving states; and to equitably distribute the costs, benefits and obligations of the compact among the compacting states.

(c) In addition, this compact will: Create an interstate commission which will establish uniform procedures to manage the movement between states of adults placed under community supervision and released to the community under the jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities, corrections, or other criminal justice agencies which will promulgate rules to achieve the purpose of this compact; ensure an opportunity for input and timely notice to victims and to jurisdictions where defined offenders are authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines; establish a system of uniform data collection, access to information on active cases by authorized criminal justice officials, and regular reporting of compact activities to heads of state councils, state executive, judicial, and legislative branches and criminal justice administrators; monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of offenders and initiate interventions to address and correct noncompliance; and coordinate training and education regarding regulations of interstate movement of offenders for officials involved in such activity.

(d) The compacting states recognize that there is no "right" of any offender to live in another state and that duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any offender under supervision subject to the provisions of this compact and bylaws and rules promulgated hereunder. It is the policy of the compacting states that the activities conducted by the interstate commission created herein are the formation of public policies and are therefore public business.

ARTICLE II DEFINITIONS

As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:

(a) "Adult" means both individuals legally classified as adults and juveniles treated as adults by court order, statute, or operation of law.

(b) "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the interstate commission for its governance, or for directing or controlling the interstate commission's actions or conduct.

(c) "Compact administrator" means the individual in each compacting state appointed pursuant to the terms of this compact responsible for the administration and management of the state's supervision and transfer of offenders subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the interstate commission and policies adopted by the state council under this compact.

(d) "Compacting state" means any state which has enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

(e) "Commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting state appointed pursuant to article III of this compact.

(f) "Interstate commission" means the interstate commission for adult offender supervision established by this compact.

(g) "Member" means the commissioner of a compacting state or designee, who shall be a person officially connected with the commissioner.

(h) "Noncompacting state" means any state which has not enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.

(i) "Offender" means an adult placed under, or subject, to supervision as the result of the commission of a criminal offense and released to the community under the jurisdiction of courts, paroling authorities, corrections, or other criminal justice agencies.

(j) "Person" means any individual, corporation, business enterprise, or other legal entity, either public or private.

(k) "Rules" means acts of the interstate commission, duly promulgated pursuant to article VIII of this compact, substantially affecting interested parties in addition to the interstate commission, which shall have the force and effect of law in the compacting states.

(l) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia and any other territorial possessions of the United States.

(m) "State council" means the resident members of the state council for interstate adult offender supervision created by each state under article IV of this compact.

(n) "Victim" means a person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of criminal conduct against the person or a member of the person's family.

ARTICLE III THE COMPACT COMMISSION

(a) The compacting states hereby create the "interstate commission for adult offender supervision." The interstate commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The interstate commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers and duties set forth herein; including the power to sue and be sued, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact.

(b) The interstate commission shall consist of commissioners selected and appointed by resident members of a state council for interstate adult offender supervision for each state. In addition to the commissioners who are the voting representatives of each state, the interstate commission shall include individuals who are not commissioners but who are members of interested organizations. Such noncommissioner members must include a member of the national organizations of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys general and crime victims. All noncommissioner members of the interstate commission shall be ex officio, nonvoting members. The interstate commission may provide in its bylaws for such additional, ex officio, nonvoting members as it deems necessary.

(c) Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the interstate commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the interstate commission.

(d) The interstate commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of twenty-seven or more compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and meetings shall be open to the public.

(e) The interstate commission shall establish an executive committee which shall include commission officers, members and others as shall be determined by the bylaws. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate commission during periods when the interstate commission is not in session, with the exception of rulemaking and/or amendment to the compact. The executive committee oversees the day-to-day activities managed by the executive director and interstate commission staff; administers enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws and as directed by the interstate commission and performs other duties as directed by the commission or set forth in the bylaws.

ARTICLE IV THE STATE COUNCIL

(a) Each member state shall create a state council for interstate adult offender supervision which shall be responsible for the appointment of the commissioner who shall serve on the interstate commission from that state. Each state council shall appoint as its commissioner the compact administrator from that state to serve on the interstate commission in such capacity under or pursuant to applicable law of the member state. While each member state may determine the membership of its own state council, its membership must include at least one representative from the legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government, victims' groups, and compact administrators.

(b) Each compacting state retains the right to determine the qualifications of the compact administrator who shall be appointed by the state council or by the governor in consultation with the legislature and the judiciary.

(c) In addition to appointment of its commissioner to the national interstate commission, each state council shall exercise oversight and advocacy concerning its participation in interstate commission activities and other duties as may be determined by each member state including, but not limited to, development of policy concerning operations and procedures of the compact within that state.

ARTICLE V POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

The interstate commission shall have the following powers:

(a) To adopt a seal and suitable bylaws governing the management and operation of the interstate commission;

(b) To promulgate rules which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact;

(c) To oversee, supervise and coordinate the interstate movement of offenders subject to the terms of this compact and any bylaws adopted and rules promulgated by the compact commission;

(d) To enforce compliance with compact provisions, interstate commission rules, and bylaws, using all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited to, the use of judicial process;

(e) To establish and maintain offices;

(f) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

(g) To borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, members and their staffs;

(h) To establish and appoint committees and hire staff which it deems necessary for the carrying out of its functions including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required by article III of this compact which shall have the power to act on behalf of the interstate commission in carrying out its powers and duties hereunder;

(i) To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine their qualifications; and to establish the interstate commission's personnel policies and programs relating to, among other things, conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel;

(j) To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of same;

(k) To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal, or mixed;

(l) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed;

(m) To establish a budget and make expenditures and levy dues as provided in article X of this compact;

(n) To sue and be sued;

(o) To provide for dispute resolution among compacting states;

(p) To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact;

(q) To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the interstate commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by the interstate commission;

- (r) To coordinate education, training and public awareness regarding the interstate movement of offenders for officials involved in such activity;
- (s) To establish uniform standards for the reporting, collecting, and exchanging of data.

ARTICLE VI
ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE
INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(a) **Bylaws.** The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the members, within twelve months of the first interstate commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the interstate commission;
- (2) Establishing an executive committee and such other committees as may be necessary, providing reasonable standards and procedures:
 - (i) For the establishment of committees, and
 - (ii) Governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the interstate commission;
- (3) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the interstate commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such meeting;
- (4) Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of the interstate commission;
- (5) Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the interstate commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar laws of any compacting state, the bylaws shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and programs of the interstate commission;
- (6) Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of the interstate commission and the equitable return of any surplus funds that may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations;
- (7) Providing transition rules for "start up" administration of the compact;
- (8) Establishing standards and procedures for compliance and technical assistance in carrying out the compact.

(b) **Officers and staff.** (1) The interstate commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect from among its members a chairperson and a vice chairperson, each of whom shall have such authorities and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in his or her absence or disability, the vice-chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the interstate commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the interstate commission: PROVIDED, That subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for any actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as officers of the interstate commission.

(2) The interstate commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation as the interstate commission may deem appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the interstate commission, and hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the interstate commission, but shall not be a member.

(c) **Corporate records of the interstate commission.** The interstate commission shall maintain its corporate books and records in accordance with the bylaws.

(d) **Qualified immunity, defense and indemnification.** (1) The members, officers, executive director and employees of the interstate commission shall be immune from suit and

liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities: PROVIDED, That nothing in this subsection (d)(1) shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person.

(2) The interstate commission shall defend the commissioner of a compacting state, or his or her representatives or employees, or the interstate commission's representatives or employees in any civil action seeking to impose liability, arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities: PROVIDED, That the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from intentional wrongdoing on the part of such person.

(3) The interstate commission shall indemnify and hold the commissioner of a compacting state, the appointed designee or employees, or the interstate commission's representatives or employees harmless in the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of interstate commission employment, duties or responsibilities, provided, that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did not result from gross negligence or intentional wrongdoing on the part of such person.

ARTICLE VII ACTIVITIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(a) The interstate commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this compact.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this compact and unless a greater percentage is required by the bylaws, in order to constitute an act of the interstate commission, such act shall have been taken at a meeting of the interstate commission and shall have received an affirmative vote of a majority of the members present.

(c) Each member of the interstate commission shall have the right and power to cast a vote to which that compacting state is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs of the interstate commission. A member shall vote in person on behalf of the state and shall not delegate a vote to another member state. However, a state council shall appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the member state at a specified meeting. The bylaws may provide for members' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication. Any voting conducted by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication shall be subject to the same quorum requirements of meetings where members are present in person.

(d) The interstate commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. The chairperson of the interstate commission may call additional meetings at any time and, upon the request of a majority of the members, shall call additional meetings.

(e) The interstate commission's bylaws shall establish conditions and procedures under which the interstate commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The interstate commission may exempt from disclosure any

information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests. In promulgating such rules, the interstate commission may make available to law enforcement agencies records and information otherwise exempt from disclosure, and may enter into agreements with law enforcement agencies to receive or exchange information or records subject to nondisclosure and confidentiality provisions.

(f) Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The interstate commission shall promulgate rules consistent with the principles contained in the "government in sunshine act," 5 U.S.C. Sec. 552(b), as may be amended. The interstate commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to the public where it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to:

(1) Relate solely to the interstate commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;

(2) Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by statute;

(3) Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential;

(4) Involve accusing any person of a crime, or formally censuring any person;

(5) Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

(6) Disclose investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes;

(7) Disclose information contained in or related to examination, operating or condition reports prepared by, or on behalf of or for the use of, the interstate commission with respect to a regulated entity for the purpose of regulation or supervision of such entity;

(8) Disclose information, the premature disclosure of which would significantly endanger the life of a person or the stability of a regulated entity;

(9) Specifically relate to the interstate commission's issuance of a subpoena, or its participation in a civil action or proceeding.

(g) For every meeting closed pursuant to this provision, the interstate commission's chief legal officer shall publicly certify that, in his or her opinion, the meeting may be closed to the public, and shall reference each relevant provision authorizing closure of the meeting. The interstate commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of any actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description of each of the views expressed on any item and the record of any roll call vote (reflected in the vote of each member on the question). All documents considered in connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes.

(h) The interstate commission shall collect standardized data concerning the interstate movement of offenders as directed through its bylaws and rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange and reporting requirements.

ARTICLE VIII

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(a) The interstate commission shall promulgate rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact including transition rules governing administration of the compact during the period in which it is being considered and enacted by the states.

(b) Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the federal administrative procedure act, 5 U.S.C. Sec. 551 et seq., and the federal

advisory committee act, 5 U.S.C.S. app. 2, section 1 et seq., as may be amended (hereinafter "APA"). All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.

(c) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any compacting state.

(d) When promulgating a rule, the interstate commission shall:

(1) Publish the proposed rule stating with particularity the text of the rule which is proposed and the reason for the proposed rule;

(2) Allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and arguments, which information shall be publicly available;

(3) Provide an opportunity for an informal hearing; and

(4) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on the rulemaking record. Not later than sixty days after a rule is promulgated, any interested person may file a petition in the United States district court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district court where the interstate commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the interstate commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence, (as defined in the APA), in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside.

(e) Subjects to be addressed within twelve months after the first meeting must at a minimum include:

(1) Notice to victims and opportunity to be heard;

(2) Offender registration and compliance;

(3) Violations/returns;

(4) Transfer procedures and forms;

(5) Eligibility for transfer;

(6) Collection of restitution and fees from offenders;

(7) Data collection and reporting;

(8) The level of supervision to be provided by the receiving state;

(9) Transition rules governing the operation of the compact and the interstate commission during all or part of the period between the effective date of the compact and the date on which the last eligible state adopts the compact;

(10) Mediation, arbitration and dispute resolution.

(f) The existing rules governing the operation of the previous compact superseded by this act shall be null and void twelve months after the first meeting of the interstate commission created hereunder.

(g) Upon determination by the interstate commission that an emergency exists, it may promulgate an emergency rule which shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to said rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after the effective date of the rule.

ARTICLE IX OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(a) **Oversight.** (1) The interstate commission shall oversee the interstate movement of adult offenders in the compacting states and shall monitor such activities being administered in noncompacting states which may significantly affect compacting states.

(2) The courts and executive agencies in each compacting state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. In any judicial or administrative proceeding in a compacting state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or actions of the interstate commission, the interstate commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.

(b) **Dispute resolution.** (1) The compacting states shall report to the interstate commission on issues or activities of concern to them, and cooperate with and support the interstate commission in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities.

(2) The interstate commission shall attempt to resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to the compact and which may arise among compacting states and noncompacting states.

The interstate commission shall enact a bylaw or promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among the compacting states.

(c) **Enforcement.** The interstate commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions of this compact using any or all means set forth in article XII(b) of this compact.

ARTICLE X FINANCE

(a) The interstate commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing activities.

(b) The interstate commission shall levy on and collect an annual assessment from each compacting state to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of the interstate commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the interstate commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the interstate commission, taking into consideration the population of the state and the volume of interstate movement of offenders in each compacting state and shall promulgate a rule binding upon all compacting states which governs said assessment.

(c) The interstate commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the interstate commission pledge the credit of any of the compacting states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

(d) The interstate commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the interstate commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the interstate commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the interstate commission.

ARTICLE XI COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT

(a) Any state, as defined in article II of this compact, is eligible to become a compacting state.

(b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than thirty-five of the states. The initial effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2001, or upon enactment into law by the thirty-fifth jurisdiction. Thereafter it

shall become effective and binding, as to any other compacting state, upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states or their designees will be invited to participate in interstate commission activities on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states and territories of the United States.

(c) Amendments to the compact may be proposed by the interstate commission for enactment by the compacting states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the interstate commission and the compacting states unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the compacting states.

ARTICLE XII WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION, AND JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT

(a) **Withdrawal.** (1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and every compacting state: PROVIDED, That a compacting state may withdraw from the compact ("withdrawing state") by enacting a statute specifically repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.

(2) The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of the repeal.

(3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the interstate commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the withdrawing state. The interstate commission shall notify the other compacting states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within sixty days of its receipt thereof.

(4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including any obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.

(5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of any compacting state shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the interstate commission.

(b) **Default.** (1) If the interstate commission determines that any compacting state has at any time defaulted ("defaulting state") in the performance of any of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, the bylaws or any duly promulgated rules, the interstate commission may impose any or all of the following penalties:

(i) Fines, fees and costs in such amounts as are deemed to be reasonable as fixed by the interstate commission;

(ii) Remedial training and technical assistance as directed by the interstate commission;

(iii) Suspension and termination of membership in the compact. Suspension shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance under the bylaws and rules have been exhausted. Immediate notice of suspension shall be given by the interstate commission to the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer of the state, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council.

(2) The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a compacting state to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, interstate commission bylaws, or duly promulgated rules. The interstate commission shall immediately notify the defaulting state in writing of the penalty imposed by the interstate commission on the defaulting state pending a cure of the default. The interstate commission shall stipulate the conditions and the time period within which the defaulting state must cure its default. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the time period specified by the interstate commission, in addition to any other penalties imposed herein, the defaulting state may be

terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of suspension. Within sixty days of the effective date of termination of a defaulting state, the interstate commission shall notify the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer and the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature and the state council of such termination.

(3) The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination including any obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of termination.

(4) The interstate commission shall not bear any costs relating to the defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed upon between the interstate commission and the defaulting state. Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state requires both a reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the interstate commission pursuant to the rules.

(c) **Judicial enforcement.** The interstate commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal action in the United States district court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the interstate commission, in the federal district where the interstate commission has its offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its duly promulgated rules and bylaws, against any compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorneys' fees.

(d) **Dissolution of compact.** (1) The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the compacting state which reduces membership in the compact to one compacting state.

(2) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the interstate commission shall be wound up and any surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

ARTICLE XIII SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION

(a) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.

(b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally constructed to effectuate its purposes.

ARTICLE XIV BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS

(a) **Other laws.** (1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a compacting state that is not inconsistent with this compact.

(2) All compacting states' laws conflicting with this compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

(b) **Binding effect of the compact.** (1) All lawful actions of the interstate commission, including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the interstate commission, are binding upon the compacting states.

(2) All agreements between the interstate commission and the compacting states are binding in accordance with their terms.

(3) Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning or interpretation of interstate commission actions, and upon a majority vote of the compacting states, the interstate commission may issue advisory opinions regarding such meaning or interpretation.

(4) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any compacting state, the obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by such provision upon the interstate commission shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be exercised by the agency thereof to which such obligations, duties, powers or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time this compact becomes effective. [2001 c 35 § 2.]

RCW 9.94A.74501 State council. (1) The sentencing guidelines commission shall serve as the state council for interstate adult offender supervision as required under article IV of RCW 9.94A.745, the interstate compact for adult offender supervision. To assist the commission in performing its functions as the state council, the department of corrections shall provide staffing and support services. The commission may form a subcommittee, including members representing the legislative, judicial, and executive branches of state government, victims' groups, and the secretary of corrections, to perform the functions of the state council. Any such subcommittee shall include representation of both houses and at least two of the four largest political caucuses in the legislature.

(2) The commission, or a subcommittee if formed for that purpose, shall:

(a) Review department operations and procedures under RCW 9.94A.745, and recommend policies to the compact administrator, including policies to be pursued in the administrator's capacity as the state's representative on the interstate commission created under article III of RCW 9.94A.745;

(b) Report annually to the legislature on interstate supervision operations and procedures under RCW 9.94A.745, including recommendations for policy changes; and

(c) Not later than December 1, 2004, report to the legislature on the effectiveness of its functioning as the state council under article IV of RCW 9.94A.745, and recommend any legislation it deems appropriate.

(3) The commission, or a subcommittee if formed for that purpose, shall appoint one of its members, or an employee of the department designated by the secretary, to represent the state at meetings of the interstate commission created under article III of RCW 9.94A.745 when the compact administrator cannot attend. [2001 c 35 § 3.]

RCW 9.94A.74502 Compact administrator. The secretary of corrections, or an employee of the department designated by the secretary, shall serve as the compact administrator under article IV of RCW 9.94A.745, the interstate compact for adult offender supervision. The legislature intends that the compact administrator, representing the state on the interstate commission created under article III of RCW 9.94A.745, will take an active role to assure that the interstate compact operates to protect the safety of the people and communities of the state. [2001 c 35 § 4.]

RCW 9.94A.74503 Other compacts and agreements--Withdrawal from current compact. (1) The state shall continue to meet its obligations under RCW 9.95.270, the interstate compact for the supervision of parolees and probationers, to those states which continue to meet

their obligations to the state of Washington under the interstate compact for the supervision of parolees and probationers, and have not approved the interstate compact for adult offender supervision after July 1, 2001.

(2) If a state withdraws from the interstate compact for adult offender supervision under article XII(a) of RCW 9.94A.745, the state council for interstate adult offender supervision created by RCW 9.94A.74501 shall seek to negotiate an agreement with the withdrawing state fulfilling the purposes of RCW 9.94A.745, subject to the approval of the legislature.

(3) Nothing in chapter 35, Laws of 2001 limits the secretary's authority to enter into agreements with other jurisdictions for supervision of offenders. [2001 c 35 § 5.]

RCW 9.94A.750 Restitution. This section applies to offenses committed on or before July 1, 1985.

(1) If restitution is ordered, the court shall determine the amount of restitution due at the sentencing hearing or within one hundred eighty days. The court may continue the hearing beyond the one hundred eighty days for good cause. The court shall then set a minimum monthly payment that the offender is required to make towards the restitution that is ordered. The court should take into consideration the total amount of the restitution owed, the offender's present, past, and future ability to pay, as well as any assets that the offender may have.

(2) During the period of supervision, the community corrections officer may examine the offender to determine if there has been a change in circumstances that warrants an amendment of the monthly payment schedule. The community corrections officer may recommend a change to the schedule of payment and shall inform the court of the recommended change and the reasons for the change. The sentencing court may then reset the monthly minimum payments based on the report from the community corrections officer of the change in circumstances.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, restitution ordered by a court pursuant to a criminal conviction shall be based on easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for treatment for injury to persons, and lost wages resulting from injury. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses, but may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. The amount of restitution shall not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain or the victim's loss from the commission of the offense.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the offender shall remain under the court's jurisdiction for a term of ten years following the offender's release from total confinement or ten years subsequent to the entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period is longer. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an additional ten years for payment of restitution. The portion of the sentence concerning restitution may be modified as to amount, terms and conditions during either the initial ten-year period or subsequent ten-year period if the criminal judgment is extended, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision and regardless of the statutory maximum sentence for the crime. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because the offender may lack the ability to pay the total amount. The offender's compliance with the restitution shall be supervised by the department only during any period which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.94A.728, 9.94A.501, or in which the offender is in confinement in a state correctional institution or a correctional facility pursuant to a transfer agreement with the department, and the department shall supervise the offender's compliance during any such period. The department is responsible for supervision of the offender only during confinement and authorized supervision

and not during any subsequent period in which the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. The county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid restitution at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations.

(5) Restitution may be ordered whenever the offender is convicted of an offense which results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property or as provided in subsection (6) of this section. In addition, restitution may be ordered to pay for an injury, loss, or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which are not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement.

(6) Restitution for the crime of rape of a child in the first, second, or third degree, in which the victim becomes pregnant, shall include: (a) All of the victim's medical expenses that are associated with the rape and resulting pregnancy; and (b) child support for any child born as a result of the rape if child support is ordered pursuant to a proceeding in superior court or administrative order for support for that child. The clerk must forward any restitution payments made on behalf of the victim's child to the Washington state child support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW. Identifying information about the victim and child shall not be included in the order. The offender shall receive a credit against any obligation owing under the administrative or superior court order for support of the victim's child. For the purposes of this subsection, the offender shall remain under the court's jurisdiction until the offender has satisfied support obligations under the superior court or administrative order but not longer than a maximum term of twenty-five years following the offender's release from total confinement or twenty-five years subsequent to the entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period is longer. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because the offender may lack the ability to pay the total amount. The department shall supervise the offender's compliance with the restitution ordered under this subsection.

(7) In addition to any sentence that may be imposed, an offender who has been found guilty of an offense involving fraud or other deceptive practice or an organization which has been found guilty of any such offense may be ordered by the sentencing court to give notice of the conviction to the class of persons or to the sector of the public affected by the conviction or financially interested in the subject matter of the offense by mail, by advertising in designated areas or through designated media, or by other appropriate means.

(8) This section does not limit civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender including support enforcement remedies for support ordered under subsection (6) of this section for a child born as a result of a rape of a child victim. The court shall identify in the judgment and sentence the victim or victims entitled to restitution and what amount is due each victim. The state or victim may enforce the court-ordered restitution in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action. Restitution collected through civil enforcement must be paid through the registry of the court and must be distributed proportionately according to each victim's loss when there is more than one victim. [2003 c 379 § 15; 2000 c 28 § 32. Prior: 1997 c 121 § 3; 1997 c 52 § 1; 1995 c 231 § 1; 1994 c 271 § 601; 1989 c 252 § 5; 1987 c 281 § 3; 1982 c 192 § 5; 1981 c 137 § 14. Formerly RCW 9.94A.140.]

Comment

The 1995 Legislature extended the time for determining the amount of restitution from 60 days to 180 days after the sentencing hearing, or longer for good cause. This extension is retroactive to cases where the defendant was sentenced within a year before the effective date (i.e., on or after July 23, 1994) and restitution was not set within 60 days after that sentencing, unless the

defendant would be unfairly prejudiced by the delay. In cases meeting that definition, the court may set restitution within 180 days of the effective date, or later for good cause. The same legislation prohibited the court from reducing the amount of restitution ordered because the offender may not be able to pay the full amount, required the court to identify each victim entitled to restitution and the amount due each victim, authorized the state or any victim to collect restitution through civil enforcement, and required that restitution collected be distributed proportionately to multiple victims.

Ordinarily the court's jurisdiction to enforce restitution expires ten years after the entry of the judgment and sentence or the offender's release from total confinement, whichever is later. The 1997 Legislature authorized the court to extend jurisdiction an additional ten years for payment of restitution.

The 1997 Legislature also required restitution, in cases of Rape of a Child 1, 2, or 3 in which the victim becomes pregnant, to include medical expenses and child support for up to 25 years.

RCW 9.94A.753 Restitution--Application dates. This section applies to offenses committed after July 1, 1985.

(1) When restitution is ordered, the court shall determine the amount of restitution due at the sentencing hearing or within one hundred eighty days except as provided in subsection (7) of this section. The court may continue the hearing beyond the one hundred eighty days for good cause. The court shall then set a minimum monthly payment that the offender is required to make towards the restitution that is ordered. The court should take into consideration the total amount of the restitution owed, the offender's present, past, and future ability to pay, as well as any assets that the offender may have.

(2) During the period of supervision, the community corrections officer may examine the offender to determine if there has been a change in circumstances that warrants an amendment of the monthly payment schedule. The community corrections officer may recommend a change to the schedule of payment and shall inform the court of the recommended change and the reasons for the change. The sentencing court may then reset the monthly minimum payments based on the report from the community corrections officer of the change in circumstances.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, restitution ordered by a court pursuant to a criminal conviction shall be based on easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for treatment for injury to persons, and lost wages resulting from injury. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses, but may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. The amount of restitution shall not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain or the victim's loss from the commission of the crime.

(4) For the purposes of this section, for an offense committed prior to July 1, 2000, the offender shall remain under the court's jurisdiction for a term of ten years following the offender's release from total confinement or ten years subsequent to the entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period ends later. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an additional ten years for payment of restitution. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the offender shall remain under the court's jurisdiction until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. The portion of the sentence concerning restitution may be modified as to amount, terms, and conditions during any period of time the offender remains

under the court's jurisdiction, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision and regardless of the statutory maximum sentence for the crime. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because the offender may lack the ability to pay the total amount. The offender's compliance with the restitution shall be supervised by the department only during any period which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.94A.728, 9.94A.501, or in which the offender is in confinement in a state correctional institution or a correctional facility pursuant to a transfer agreement with the department, and the department shall supervise the offender's compliance during any such period. The department is responsible for supervision of the offender only during confinement and authorized supervision and not during any subsequent period in which the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. The county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid restitution at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations.

(5) Restitution shall be ordered whenever the offender is convicted of an offense which results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property or as provided in subsection (6) of this section unless extraordinary circumstances exist which make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment and the court sets forth such circumstances in the record. In addition, restitution shall be ordered to pay for an injury, loss, or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which are not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement.

(6) Restitution for the crime of rape of a child in the first, second, or third degree, in which the victim becomes pregnant, shall include: (a) All of the victim's medical expenses that are associated with the rape and resulting pregnancy; and (b) child support for any child born as a result of the rape if child support is ordered pursuant to a civil superior court or administrative order for support for that child. The clerk must forward any restitution payments made on behalf of the victim's child to the Washington state child support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW. Identifying information about the victim and child shall not be included in the order. The offender shall receive a credit against any obligation owing under the administrative or superior court order for support of the victim's child. For the purposes of this subsection, the offender shall remain under the court's jurisdiction until the offender has satisfied support obligations under the superior court or administrative order for the period provided in RCW 4.16.020 or a maximum term of twenty-five years following the offender's release from total confinement or twenty-five years subsequent to the entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period is longer. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because the offender may lack the ability to pay the total amount. The department shall supervise the offender's compliance with the restitution ordered under this subsection.

(7) Regardless of the provisions of subsections (1) through (6) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the judgment and sentence for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

(8) In addition to any sentence that may be imposed, an offender who has been found guilty of an offense involving fraud or other deceptive practice or an organization which has been found guilty of any such offense may be ordered by the sentencing court to give notice of

the conviction to the class of persons or to the sector of the public affected by the conviction or financially interested in the subject matter of the offense by mail, by advertising in designated areas or through designated media, or by other appropriate means.

(9) This section does not limit civil remedies or defenses available to the victim, survivors of the victim, or offender including support enforcement remedies for support ordered under subsection (6) of this section for a child born as a result of a rape of a child victim. The court shall identify in the judgment and sentence the victim or victims entitled to restitution and what amount is due each victim. The state or victim may enforce the court-ordered restitution in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action. Restitution collected through civil enforcement must be paid through the registry of the court and must be distributed proportionately according to each victim's loss when there is more than one victim. [2003 c 379 § 16. Prior: 2000 c 226 § 3; 2000 c 28 § 33; prior: 1997 c 121 § 4; 1997 c 52 § 2; prior: 1995 c 231 § 2; 1995 c 33 § 4; 1994 c 271 § 602; 1989 c 252 § 6; 1987 c 281 § 4; 1985 c 443 § 10. Formerly RCW 9.94A.142.]

Comment

The 1997 Legislature required the Department of Corrections to supervise compliance with payment of legal financial obligations for up to ten years after entry of the judgment and sentence or release from total confinement. The court was also authorized to extend the time for payment of legal financial obligations a subsequent ten years, but the Department is not responsible for supervision after the initial ten-year period.

RCW 9.94A.760 Legal financial obligations. (1) Whenever a person is convicted of a felony, the court may order the payment of a legal financial obligation as part of the sentence. The court must on either the judgment and sentence or on a subsequent order to pay, designate the total amount of a legal financial obligation and segregate this amount among the separate assessments made for restitution, costs, fines, and other assessments required by law. On the same order, the court is also to set a sum that the offender is required to pay on a monthly basis towards satisfying the legal financial obligation. If the court fails to set the offender monthly payment amount, the department shall set the amount. Upon receipt of an offender's monthly payment, restitution shall be paid prior to any payments of other monetary obligations. After restitution is satisfied, the county clerk shall distribute the payment proportionally among all other fines, costs, and assessments imposed, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

(2) If the court determines that the offender, at the time of sentencing, has the means to pay for the cost of incarceration, the court may require the offender to pay for the cost of incarceration at a rate of fifty dollars per day of incarceration. Payment of other court-ordered financial obligations, including all legal financial obligations and costs of supervision shall take precedence over the payment of the cost of incarceration ordered by the court. All funds recovered from offenders for the cost of incarceration in the county jail shall be remitted to the county and the costs of incarceration in a prison shall be remitted to the department.

(3) The court may add to the judgment and sentence or subsequent order to pay a statement that a notice of payroll deduction is to be issued immediately. If the court chooses not to order the immediate issuance of a notice of payroll deduction at sentencing, the court shall add to the judgment and sentence or subsequent order to pay a statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income-withholding action may be taken, without further notice to the offender if a monthly court-ordered legal financial obligation payment is not paid when due, and an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month is owed.

If a judgment and sentence or subsequent order to pay does not include the statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income-withholding action may be taken if a monthly legal financial obligation payment is past due, the department or the county clerk may serve a notice on the offender stating such requirements and authorizations. Service shall be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(4) Independent of the department or the county clerk, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to use any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. These remedies include enforcement in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action by the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed. Restitution collected through civil enforcement must be paid through the registry of the court and must be distributed proportionately according to each victim's loss when there is more than one victim. The judgment and sentence shall identify the party or entity to whom restitution is owed so that the state, party, or entity may enforce the judgment. If restitution is ordered pursuant to RCW 9.94A.750(6) or 9.94A.753(6) to a victim of rape of a child or a victim's child born from the rape, the Washington state child support registry shall be identified as the party to whom payments must be made. Restitution obligations arising from the rape of a child in the first, second, or third degree that result in the pregnancy of the victim may be enforced for the time periods provided under RCW 9.94A.750(6) and 9.94A.753(6). All other legal financial obligations for an offense committed prior to July 1, 2000, may be enforced at any time during the ten-year period following the offender's release from total confinement or within ten years of entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period ends later. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the superior court may extend the criminal judgment an additional ten years for payment of legal financial obligations including crime victims' assessments. All other legal financial obligations for an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, may be enforced at any time the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for purposes of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. The department may only supervise the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations during any period in which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.94A.728, 9.94A.501, or in which the offender is confined in a state correctional institution or a correctional facility pursuant to a transfer agreement with the department, and the department shall supervise the offender's compliance during any such period. The department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during any subsequent period of time the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. The county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid legal financial obligations at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations.

(5) In order to assist the court in setting a monthly sum that the offender must pay during the period of supervision, the offender is required to report to the department for purposes of preparing a recommendation to the court. When reporting, the offender is required, under oath, to respond truthfully and honestly to all questions concerning present, past, and future earning capabilities and the location and nature of all property or financial assets. The offender is further required to bring all documents requested by the department.

(6) After completing the investigation, the department shall make a report to the court on the amount of the monthly payment that the offender should be required to make towards a satisfied legal financial obligation.

(7)(a) During the period of supervision, the department may make a recommendation to

the court that the offender's monthly payment schedule be modified so as to reflect a change in financial circumstances. If the department sets the monthly payment amount, the department may modify the monthly payment amount without the matter being returned to the court. During the period of supervision, the department may require the offender to report to the department for the purposes of reviewing the appropriateness of the collection schedule for the legal financial obligation. During this reporting, the offender is required under oath to respond truthfully and honestly to all questions concerning earning capabilities and the location and nature of all property or financial assets. The offender shall bring all documents requested by the department in order to prepare the collection schedule.

(b) Subsequent to any period of supervision, or if the department is not authorized to supervise the offender in the community, the county clerk may make a recommendation to the court that the offender's monthly payment schedule be modified so as to reflect a change in financial circumstances. If the county clerk sets the monthly payment amount, the clerk may modify the monthly payment amount without the matter being returned to the court. During the period of repayment, the county clerk may require the offender to report to the clerk for the purpose of reviewing the appropriateness of the collection schedule for the legal financial obligation. During this reporting, the offender is required under oath to respond truthfully and honestly to all questions concerning earning capabilities and the location and nature of all property or financial assets. The offender shall bring all documents requested by the county clerk in order to prepare the collection schedule.

(8) After the judgment and sentence or payment order is entered, the department is authorized, for any period of supervision, to collect the legal financial obligation from the offender. Subsequent to any period of supervision or, if the department is not authorized to supervise the offender in the community, the county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid legal financial obligations from the offender. Any amount collected by the department shall be remitted daily to the county clerk for the purpose of disbursements. The department and the county clerks are authorized, but not required, to accept credit cards as payment for a legal financial obligation, and any costs incurred related to accepting credit card payments shall be the responsibility of the offender.

(9) The department or any obligee of the legal financial obligation may seek a mandatory wage assignment for the purposes of obtaining satisfaction for the legal financial obligation pursuant to RCW 9.94A.7701. Any party obtaining a wage assignment shall notify the county clerk. The county clerks shall notify the department, or the administrative office of the courts, whichever is providing the monthly billing for the offender.

(10) The requirement that the offender pay a monthly sum towards a legal financial obligation constitutes a condition or requirement of a sentence and the offender is subject to the penalties for noncompliance as provided in RCW 9.94A.634, 9.94A.737, or 9.94A.740.

(11)(a) Until January 1, 2004, the department shall mail individualized monthly billings to the address known by the department for each offender with an unsatisfied legal financial obligation.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2004, the administrative office of the courts shall mail individualized monthly billings to the address known by the office for each offender with an unsatisfied legal financial obligation.

(c) The billing shall direct payments, other than outstanding cost of supervision assessments under RCW 9.94A.780, parole assessments under RCW 72.04A.120, and cost of probation assessments under RCW 9.95.214, to the county clerk, and cost of supervision, parole, or probation assessments to the department.

(d) The county clerk shall provide the administrative office of the courts with notice of

payments by such offenders no less frequently than weekly.

(e) The county clerks, the administrative office of the courts, and the department shall maintain agreements to implement this subsection.

(12) The department shall arrange for the collection of unpaid legal financial obligations during any period of supervision in the community through the county clerk. The department shall either collect unpaid legal financial obligations or arrange for collections through another entity if the clerk does not assume responsibility for collection pursuant to subsection (4) of this section. The costs for collection services shall be paid by the offender.

(13) Nothing in this chapter makes the department, the state, the counties, or any state or county employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations or for the acts of any offender who is no longer, or was not, subject to supervision by the department for a term of community custody, community placement, or community supervision, and who remains under the jurisdiction of the court for payment of legal financial obligations. [2003 c 379 § 14; 2001 c 10 § 3. Prior: 2000 c 226 § 4; 2000 c 28 § 31; 1999 c 196 § 6; prior: 1997 c 121 § 5; 1997 c 52 § 3; 1995 c 231 § 3; 1991 c 93 § 2; 1989 c 252 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.145.]

Comment

The 1995 Legislature extended the time for determining the amount of restitution from 60 days to 180 days after the sentencing hearing, or longer for good cause. This extension is retroactive to cases where the defendant was sentenced within a year before the effective date (i.e., on or after July 23, 1994) and restitution was not set within 60 days after that sentencing, unless the defendant would be unfairly prejudiced by the delay. In cases meeting that definition, the court may set restitution within 180 days of the effective date, or later for good cause. The same legislation prohibited the court from reducing the amount of restitution ordered because the offender may not be able to pay the full amount, required the court to identify each victim entitled to restitution and the amount due each victim, authorized the state or any victim to collect restitution through civil enforcement, and required that restitution collected be distributed proportionately to multiple victims. This legislation was apparently in response to State v. Krall, 125 Wn. 2d 146 (1994).

The 1995 Legislature also authorized the Department of Labor and Industries, which administers the State Crime Victim Compensation Program, to petition the court to order restitution on behalf of a victim entitled to compensation by the program. The same legislation provided an administrative mechanism for the Department to recover from offenders the amounts paid to victims under the program.

Ordinarily the court's jurisdiction to enforce restitution expires ten years after the entry of the judgment and sentence or the offender's release from total confinement, whichever is later. The 1997 Legislature authorized the court to extend jurisdiction an additional ten years for payment of restitution.

The 1997 Legislature also required restitution, in cases of Rape of a Child 1, 2, or 3 in which the victim becomes pregnant, to include medical expenses and child support for up to 25 years.

RCW 9.94A.7601 "Earnings," "disposable earnings," and "obligee" defined. As used in this chapter, the term "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, hours, or otherwise, and notwithstanding any other provision of law making such payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy court-ordered legal financial obligations, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type. Earnings shall specifically include all gain derived from capital, from labor, or from both, not including profit gained through sale or conversion of capital assets. The term "disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of any individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. The term "obligee" means the department, party, or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed, or the department, party, or entity to whom the right to receive or collect support has been assigned. [1991 c 93 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200005.]

RCW 9.94A.7602 Legal financial obligation--Notice of payroll deduction--Issuance and content. (1) The department may issue a notice of payroll deduction in a criminal action if:

- (a) The court at sentencing orders its immediate issuance; or
- (b) The offender is more than thirty days past due in monthly payments in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month, provided:
 - (i) The judgment and sentence or subsequent order to pay contains a statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued without further notice to the offender; or
 - (ii) The department has served a notice on the offender stating such requirements and authorization. Service of such notice shall be made by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(2) The notice of payroll deduction is to be in writing and include:

- (a) The name, social security number, and identifying court case number of the offender/employee;
- (b) The amount to be deducted from the offender/employee's disposable earnings each month, or alternative amounts and frequencies as may be necessary to facilitate processing of the payroll deduction by the employer;
- (c) A statement that the total amount withheld on all payroll deduction notices for payment of court-ordered legal financial obligations combined shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the offender/employee's disposable earnings; and
- (d) The address to which the payments are to be mailed or delivered.

(3) An informational copy of the notice of payroll deduction shall be mailed to the offender's last known address by regular mail or shall be personally served.

(4) Neither the department nor any agents of the department shall be held liable for actions taken under *RCW 9.94A.760 and 9.94A.7601 through 9.94A.761. [1991 c 93 § 3. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200010.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7603 Legal financial obligations--Payroll deductions--Maximum amounts withheld, apportionment. (1) The total amount to be withheld from the offender/employee's earnings each month, or from each earnings disbursement, shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the disposable earnings of the offender.

(2) If the offender is subject to two or more notices of payroll deduction for payment of a court-ordered legal financial obligation from different obligees, the employer or entity shall, if the nonexempt portion of the offender's earnings is not sufficient to respond fully to all notices of payroll deduction, apportion the offender's nonexempt disposable earnings between or among the various obligees equally. [1991 c 93 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200015.]

RCW 9.94A.7604 Legal financial obligations--Notice of payroll deduction--Employer or entity rights and responsibilities. (1) An employer or entity upon whom a notice of payroll deduction is served, shall make an answer to the department within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall confirm compliance and institution of the payroll deduction or explain the circumstances if no payroll deduction is in effect. The answer shall also state whether the offender is employed by or receives earnings from the employer or entity, whether the employer or entity anticipates paying earnings, and the amount of earnings. If the offender is no longer employed, or receiving earnings from the employer or entity, the answer shall state the present employer or entity's name and address, if known.

(2) Service of a notice of payroll deduction upon an employer or entity requires an employer or entity to immediately make a mandatory payroll deduction from the offender/employee's unpaid disposable earnings. The employer or entity shall thereafter at each pay period deduct the amount stated in the notice divided by the number of pay periods per month. The employer or entity must remit the proper amounts to the appropriate clerk of the court on each date the offender/employee is due to be paid.

(3) The employer or entity may combine amounts withheld from the earnings of more than one employee in a single payment to the clerk of the court, listing separately the amount of the payment that is attributable to each individual employee.

(4) The employer or entity may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the employee's earnings after withholding under the notice of payroll deduction, even if the remainder is exempt under *RCW 9.94A.761. The processing fee may not exceed:

(a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made by the employer to the clerk of the court; and

(b) One dollar for each subsequent disbursement made under the notice of payroll deduction.

(5) The notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until released by the department or the court enters an order terminating the notice.

(6) An employer shall be liable to the obligee for the amount of court-ordered legal financial obligation moneys that should have been withheld from the offender/employee's earnings, if the employer:

(a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a notice of payroll deduction, to deduct and promptly remit from unpaid earnings the amounts of money required in the notice; or

(b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of payroll deduction after being served. In such cases, liability may be established in superior court. Awards in superior court shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, reasonable attorney fees, and staff costs as part of the award.

(7) No employer who complies with a notice of payroll deduction under this chapter may be liable to the employee for wrongful withholding.

(8) No employer may discipline or discharge an employee or refuse to hire a person by reason of an action authorized in this chapter. If an employer disciplines or discharges an employee or refuses to hire a person in violation of this section, the employee or person shall have a cause of action against the employer. The employer shall be liable for double the amount of lost wages and any other damages suffered as a result of the violation and for costs and reasonable attorney fees, and shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars for each violation. The employer may also be ordered to hire, rehire, or reinstate the aggrieved individual. [1991 c 93 § 5. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200020.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7605 Motion to quash, modify, or terminate payroll deduction--Grounds for relief. (1) The offender subject to a payroll deduction under this chapter, may file a motion in superior court to quash, modify, or terminate the payroll deduction. The court may grant relief if:

(a) It is demonstrated that the payroll deduction causes extreme hardship or substantial injustice; or

(b) In cases where the court did not immediately order the issuance of a notice of payroll deduction at sentencing, that a court-ordered legal financial obligation payment was not more than thirty days past due in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month.

(2) Satisfaction by the offender of all past-due payments subsequent to the issuance of the notice of payroll deduction is not grounds to quash, modify, or terminate the notice of payroll deduction. If a notice of payroll deduction has been in operation for twelve consecutive months and the offender's payment towards a court-ordered legal financial obligation is current, upon motion of the offender, the court may order the department to terminate the payroll deduction, unless the department can show good cause as to why the notice of payroll deduction should remain in effect. [1991 c 93 § 6. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200025.]

RCW 9.94A.7606 Legal financial obligations--Order to withhold and deliver--Issuance and contents. (1) The department may issue to any person or entity an order to withhold and deliver property of any kind, including but not restricted to, earnings that are due, owing, or belonging to the offender, if the department has reason to believe that there is in the possession of such person or entity, property that is due, owing, or belonging to the offender. Such order to withhold and deliver may be issued when a court-ordered legal financial obligation payment is past due:

(a) If an offender's judgment and sentence or a subsequent order to pay includes a statement that other income-withholding action under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the offender.

(b) If a judgment and sentence or a subsequent order to pay does not include the statement that other income-withholding action under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the offender but the department has served a notice on the offender stating such

requirements and authorizations. The service shall have been made by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(2) The order to withhold and deliver shall:

(a) Include the amount of the court-ordered legal financial obligation;

(b) Contain a summary of moneys that may be exempt from the order to withhold and deliver and a summary of the civil liability upon failure to comply with the order; and

(c) Be served by personal service or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(3) The department shall also, on or before the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver, mail or cause to be mailed by any form of mail requiring a return receipt, a copy of the order to withhold and deliver to the offender at the offender's last known post office address, or, in the alternative, a copy of the order shall be personally served on the offender on or before the date of service of the order or within two days thereafter. The copy of the order shall be mailed or served together with an explanation of the right to petition for judicial review. If the copy is not mailed or served as this section provides, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing or service, the superior court, in its discretion on motion of the offender promptly made and supported by affidavit showing that the offender has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail the copy, may set aside the order to withhold and deliver. [1991 c 93 § 7. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200030.]

RCW 9.94A.7607 Legal financial obligations--Order to withhold and deliver--Duties and rights of person or entity served. (1) A person or entity upon whom service has been made is hereby required to:

(a) Answer the order to withhold and deliver within twenty days, exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and shall make true answers to the matters inquired of in the order; and

(b) Provide further and additional answers when requested by the department.

(2) Any person or entity in possession of any property that may be subject to the order to withhold and deliver shall:

(a)(i) Immediately withhold such property upon receipt of the order to withhold and deliver;

(ii) Deliver the property to the appropriate clerk of the court as soon as the twenty-day answer period expires;

(iii) Continue to withhold earnings payable to the offender at each succeeding disbursement interval and deliver amounts withheld from earnings to the appropriate clerk of the court within ten days of the date earnings are payable to the offender;

(iv) Inform the department of the date the amounts were withheld as requested under this section; or

(b) Furnish the appropriate clerk of the court a good and sufficient bond, satisfactory to the clerk, conditioned upon final determination of liability.

(3) Where money is due and owing under any contract of employment, expressed or implied, or is held by any person or entity subject to withdrawal by the offender, the money shall be delivered by remittance payable to the order of the appropriate clerk of the court.

(4) Delivery to the appropriate clerk of the court of the money or other property held or claimed shall satisfy the requirement and serve as full acquittance of the order to withhold and deliver.

(5) The person or entity required to withhold and deliver the earnings of a debtor under this action may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the offender's earnings, even if the

remainder would otherwise be exempt under *RCW 9.94A.761. The processing fee may not exceed:

- (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement to the appropriate clerk of the court; and
- (b) One dollar for each subsequent disbursement.

(6) A person or entity shall be liable to the obligee in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the value of the court-ordered legal financial obligation that is the basis of the order to withhold and deliver, or the amount that should have been withheld, whichever amount is less, together with costs, interest, and reasonable attorneys' fees if that person or entity fails or refuses to deliver property under the order.

The department is authorized to issue a notice of debt pursuant to and to take appropriate action to collect the debt under this chapter if a judgment has been entered as the result of an action by the court against a person or entity based on a violation of this section.

(7) Persons or entities delivering money or property to the appropriate clerk of the court under this chapter shall not be held liable for wrongful delivery.

(8) Persons or entities withholding money or property under this chapter shall not be held liable for wrongful withholding. [1991 c 93 § 8. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200035.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7608 Legal financial obligations--Financial institutions--Service on main office or branch, effect--Collection actions against community bank account, court hearing. An order to withhold and deliver or any other income-withholding action authorized by this chapter may be served on the main office of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union or on a branch office of the financial institution. Service on the main office shall be effective to attach the deposits of an offender in the financial institution and compensation payable for personal services due the offender from the financial institution. Service on a branch office shall be effective to attach the deposits, accounts, credits, or other personal property of the offender, excluding compensation payable for personal services, in the possession or control of the particular branch served.

Notwithstanding any other provision of *RCW 9.94A.760 and 9.94A.7601 through 9.94A.761, if the department initiates collection action against a joint bank account, with or without the right of survivorship, or any other funds which are subject to the community property laws of this state, notice shall be given to all affected parties that the account or funds are subject to potential withholding. Such notice shall be by first class mail, return receipt required, or by personal service and be given at least twenty calendar days before withholding is made. Upon receipt of such notice, the nonobligated person shall have ten calendar days to file a petition with the department contesting the withholding of his or her interest in the account or funds. The department shall provide notice of the right of the filing of the petition with the notice provided in this paragraph. If the petition is not filed within the period provided for herein, the department is authorized to proceed with the collection action. [1991 c 93 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200040.]

RCW 9.94A.7609 Legal financial obligations--Notice of debt--Service or mailing--Contents--Action on, when. (1) The department may issue a notice of debt in order to enforce and collect a court-ordered legal financial obligation debt through either a notice of payroll deduction or an order to withhold and deliver.

(2) The notice of debt may be personally served upon the offender or be mailed to the offender at his or her last known address by any form of mail requiring a return receipt, demanding payment within twenty days of the date of receipt.

(3) The notice of debt shall include:

(a) A statement of the total court-ordered legal financial obligation and the amount to be paid each month.

(b) A statement that earnings are subject to a notice of payroll deduction.

(c) A statement that earnings or property, or both, are subject to an order to withhold and deliver.

(d) A statement that the net proceeds will be applied to the satisfaction of the court-ordered legal financial obligation.

(4) Action to collect a court-ordered legal financial obligation by notice of payroll deduction or an order to withhold and deliver shall be lawful after twenty days from the date of service upon the offender or twenty days from the receipt or refusal by the offender of the notice of debt.

(5) The notice of debt will take effect only if the offender's monthly court-ordered legal financial obligation payment is not paid when due, and an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month is owned.

(6) The department shall not be required to issue or serve the notice of debt in order to enforce and collect a court-ordered legal financial obligation debt through either a notice of payroll deduction or an order to withhold and deliver if either the offender's judgment and sentence or a subsequent order to pay includes a statement that income-withholding action under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the offender. [1991 c 93 § 10. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200045.]

RCW 9.94A.761 Legal financial obligations--Exemption from notice of payroll deduction or order to withhold and deliver. Whenever a notice of payroll deduction or order to withhold and deliver is served upon a person or entity asserting a court-ordered legal financial obligation debt against earnings and there is in the possession of the person or entity any of the earnings, RCW 6.27.150 shall not apply, but seventy-five percent of the disposable earnings shall be exempt and may be disbursed to the offender whether such earnings are paid, or to be paid weekly, monthly, or at other intervals and whether there is due the offender earnings for one week or for a longer period. The notice of payroll deduction or order to withhold and deliver shall continue to operate and require said person or entity to withhold the nonexempt portion of earnings, at each succeeding earnings disbursement interval until the entire amount of the court-ordered legal financial obligation debt has been withheld. [1991 c 93 § 11. Formerly RCW 9.94A.200050.]

RCW 9.94A.7701 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Petition or motion. A petition or motion seeking a mandatory wage assignment in a criminal action may be filed by the department or any obligee if the offender is more than thirty days past due in monthly payments in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month. The petition or motion shall include a sworn statement by the secretary or designee, or if filed solely by an obligee, by such obligee, stating the facts authorizing the issuance of the wage assignment order, including: (1) That the offender, stating his or her name and last known residence, is more than thirty days past due in payments in an amount equal to or greater than the amount payable for one month; (2) a description of the terms of the judgment and sentence and/or payment order

requiring payment of a court-ordered legal financial obligation, the total amount remaining unpaid, and the amount past due; (3) the name and address of the offender's employer; (4) that notice by personal service, or any form of mail requiring a return receipt, has been provided to the offender at least fifteen days prior to the filing of a mandatory wage assignment, unless the judgment and sentence or the order for payment states that the department or obligee may seek a mandatory wage assignment without notice to the defendant. A copy of the judgment and sentence or payment order shall be attached to the petition or motion seeking the wage assignment. [1989 c 252 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2001.]

RCW 9.94A.7702 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Answer. Upon receipt of a petition or motion seeking a mandatory wage assignment that complies with *RCW 9.94A.7701, the court shall issue a wage assignment order as provided in *RCW 9.94A.7704 and including the information required in *RCW 9.94A.7701, directed to the employer, and commanding the employer to answer the order on the forms served with the order that comply with *RCW 9.94A.7706 within twenty days after service of the order upon the employer. [1989 c 252 § 10. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2002.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: These RCW references have been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7703 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Amounts to be withheld. (1) The wage assignment order in *RCW 9.94A.7702 shall include: (a) The maximum amount or current amount owed on a court-ordered legal financial obligation, if any, to be withheld from the defendant's earnings each month, or from each earnings disbursement; and (b) the total amount of the arrearage or reimbursement judgment previously entered by the court, if any, together with interest, if any.

(2) The total amount to be withheld from the defendant's earnings each month, or from each earnings disbursement, shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the disposable earnings of the defendant. If the amounts to be paid toward the arrearage are specified in the payment order, then the maximum amount to be withheld is the sum of the current amount owed and the amount ordered to be paid toward the arrearage, or twenty-five percent of the disposable earnings of the defendant, whichever is less.

(3) If the defendant is subject to two or more attachments for payment of a court-ordered legal financial obligation on account of different obligees, the employer shall, if the nonexempt portion of the defendant's earnings is not sufficient to respond fully to all the attachments, apportion the defendant's nonexempt disposable earnings between or among the various obligees equally. Any obligee may seek a court order reapportioning the defendant's nonexempt disposable earnings upon notice to all interested parties. Notice shall be by personal service, or in the manner provided by the civil rules of superior court or applicable statute. [1989 c 252 § 11. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2003.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7704 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Rules. The department shall develop a form and adopt rules for the wage assignment order. [1989 c 252 § 12. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2004.]

RCW 9.94A.7705 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Employer responsibilities. (1) An employer upon whom service of a wage assignment order has been made shall answer the order by sworn affidavit within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall state whether the offender is employed by or receives earnings from the employer, whether the employer will honor the wage assignment order, and whether there are multiple attachments against the offender.

(2) If the employer possesses any earnings due and owing to the offender, the earnings subject to the wage assignment order shall be withheld immediately upon receipt of the wage assignment order. The employer shall deliver the withheld earnings to the clerk of the court pursuant to the wage assignment order. The employer shall make the first delivery no sooner than twenty days after receipt of the wage assignment order.

(3) The employer shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt earnings of the offender until notified that the wage assignment has been modified or terminated. The employer shall promptly notify the clerk of the court who entered the order when the employee is no longer employed.

(4) The employer may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the employee's earnings after withholding under the wage assignment order, even if the remainder is exempt under *RCW 9.94A.7703. The processing fee may not exceed: (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made by the employer to the clerk of the court; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement made under the wage assignment order.

(5) An employer who fails to withhold earnings as required by a wage assignment order issued under this chapter may be held liable for the amounts disbursed to the offender in violation of the wage assignment order, and may be found by the court to be in contempt of court and may be punished as provided by law.

(6) No employer who complies with a wage assignment order issued under this chapter may be liable to the employee for wrongful withholding.

(7) No employer may discharge, discipline, or refuse to hire an employee because of the entry or service of a wage assignment order issued and executed under this chapter. A person who violates this subsection may be found by the court to be in contempt of court and may be punished as provided by law.

(8) An employer shall deliver a copy of the wage assignment order to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible. [1989 c 252 § 13. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2005.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7706 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Form and rules. The department shall develop a form and adopt rules for the wage assignment answer, and instructions for employers for preparing such answer. [1989 c 252 § 14. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2006.]

RCW 9.94A.7707 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Service. (1)

Service of the wage assignment order on the employer is invalid unless it is served with five answer forms in substantial conformance with *RCW 9.94A.7706, together with stamped envelopes addressed to, respectively, the clerk of the court where the order was issued, the obligee's attorney, the petitioner, the department, and the obligor. The petitioner shall also include an extra copy of the wage assignment order for the employer to deliver to the obligor. Service on the employer shall be in person or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(2) On or before the date of service of the wage assignment order on the employer, the petitioner shall mail or cause to be mailed by certified mail a copy of the wage assignment order to the obligor at the obligor's last known post office address; or, in the alternative, a copy of the wage assignment order shall be served on the obligor in the same manner as a summons in a civil action on, before, or within two days after the date of service of the order on the employer. This requirement is not jurisdictional, but if the copy is not mailed or served as this subsection provides, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing of service, the superior court, in its discretion, may quash the wage assignment order, upon motion of the obligor promptly made and supported by an affidavit showing that the defendant has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail or serve the copy. [1989 c 252 § 15. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2007.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

RCW 9.94A.7708 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Hearing--Scope of relief. In a hearing to quash, modify, or terminate the wage assignment order, the court may grant relief only upon a showing that the wage assignment order causes extreme hardship or substantial injustice. Satisfaction by the defendant of all past-due payments subsequent to the issuance of the wage assignment order is not grounds to quash, modify, or terminate the wage assignment order. If a wage assignment order has been in operation for twelve consecutive months and the obligor's payment towards a court-ordered legal financial obligation is current, the court may terminate the order upon motion of the obligor unless the obligee or the department can show good cause as to why the wage assignment order should remain in effect. The department shall notify the employer of any modification or termination of the wage assignment order. [1989 c 252 § 16. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2008.]

RCW 9.94A.7709 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Recovery of costs, attorneys' fees. In any action to enforce legal financial obligations under this chapter, the prevailing party is entitled to a recovery of costs, including an award for reasonable attorneys' fees. An obligor may not be considered a prevailing party under this section unless the obligee has acted in bad faith in connection with the proceeding in question. [1989 c 252 § 17. Formerly RCW 9.94A.2009.]

RCW 9.94A.771 Legal financial obligations--Wage assignments--Sentences imposed before July 1, 1989. For those individuals who, as a condition and term of their sentence imposed on or before July 1, 1989, have had financial obligations imposed, and who are not in compliance with the court order requiring payment of that legal financial obligation, no action shall be brought before the court from July 1, 1989, through and including December 31, 1989,

to impose a penalty for their failure to pay. All individuals who, after December 31, 1989, have not taken the opportunity to bring their legal financial obligation current, shall be proceeded against pursuant to *RCW 9.94A.634. [1989 c 252 § 18. Formerly RCW 9.94A.201.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

The preceding sections were passed by the 1989 Legislature, effective July 1, 1990, to set criteria for collecting legal financial obligations by the Department of Corrections. RCW 9.94A.201 was effective in 1989 but stayed action against offenders in noncompliance with their payments on legal financial obligations until January 1990.

RCW 9.94A.772 Legal financial obligations--Monthly payment, starting dates--
Construction. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, monthly payment or starting dates set by the court or the department before or after October 1, 2003, shall not be construed as a limitation on the due date or amount of legal financial obligations, which may be immediately collected by civil means. Monthly payments and commencement dates are to be construed to be applicable solely as a limitation upon the deprivation of an offender's liberty for nonpayment. [2003 c 379 § 22.]

RCW 9.94A.775 Legal financial obligations--Termination of supervision--
Monitoring of payments. If an offender with an unsatisfied legal financial obligation is not subject to supervision by the department for a term of community placement, community custody, or community supervision, or has not completed payment of all legal financial obligations included in the sentence at the expiration of his or her term of community placement, community custody, or community supervision, the department shall notify the administrative office of the courts of the termination of the offender's supervision and provide information to the administrative office of the courts to enable the county clerk to monitor payment of the remaining obligations. The county clerk is authorized to monitor payment after such notification. The secretary of corrections and the administrator for the courts shall enter into an interagency agreement to facilitate the electronic transfer of information about offenders, unpaid obligations, and payees to carry out the purposes of this section. [2003 c 379 § 17.]

RCW 9.94A.780 Offender supervision assessments. (1) Whenever a punishment imposed under this chapter requires supervision services to be provided, the offender shall pay to the department of corrections the monthly assessment, prescribed under subsection (2) of this section, which shall be for the duration of the terms of supervision and which shall be considered as payment or part payment of the cost of providing supervision to the offender. The department may exempt or defer a person from the payment of all or any part of the assessment based upon any of the following factors:

(a) The offender has diligently attempted but has been unable to obtain employment that provides the offender sufficient income to make such payments.

(b) The offender is a student in a school, college, university, or a course of vocational or technical training designed to fit the student for gainful employment.

(c) The offender has an employment handicap, as determined by an examination

acceptable to or ordered by the department.

(d) The offender's age prevents him or her from obtaining employment.

(e) The offender is responsible for the support of dependents and the payment of the assessment constitutes an undue hardship on the offender.

(f) Other extenuating circumstances as determined by the department.

(2) The department of corrections shall adopt a rule prescribing the amount of the assessment. The department may, if it finds it appropriate, prescribe a schedule of assessments that shall vary in accordance with the intensity or cost of the supervision. The department may not prescribe any assessment that is less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

(3) All amounts required to be paid under this section shall be collected by the department of corrections and deposited by the department in the dedicated fund established pursuant to RCW 72.11.040.

(4) This section shall not apply to probation services provided under an interstate compact pursuant to chapter 9.95 RCW or to probation services provided for persons placed on probation prior to June 10, 1982.

(5) If a county clerk assumes responsibility for collection of unpaid legal financial obligations under RCW 9.94A.760, or under any agreement with the department under that section, whether before or after the completion of any period of community placement, community custody, or community supervision, the clerk may impose a monthly or annual assessment for the cost of collections. The amount of the assessment shall not exceed the actual cost of collections. The county clerk may exempt or defer payment of all or part of the assessment based upon any of the factors listed in subsection (1) of this section. The offender shall pay the assessment under this subsection to the county clerk who shall apply it to the cost of collecting legal financial obligations under RCW 9.94A.760. [2003 c 379 § 18; 1991 c 104 § 1; 1989 c 252 § 8; 1984 c 209 § 15; 1982 c 207 § 2. Formerly RCW 9.94A.270.]

RCW 9.94A.800 Sex offender treatment in correctional facility. (1) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and on or before July 1, 1990, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(b) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

(c) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;

(d) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department.

Nothing in this subsection shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987.

(2) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds. [2000 c 28 § 34.]

Comment

The 1986 Legislature amended the provisions for inpatient treatment of sex offenders. The sex offender treatment program was transferred from the Department of Social and Health Services to the Department of Corrections. The 1987 Legislature clarified that the transfer of the treatment program applies to offenders whose crimes were committed after July 1, 1987. Offenders whose crimes were committed before that date were still to be sent to the programs at Eastern or Western State Hospitals, but all sex offenders were to be transferred to the Department of Corrections by 1993. A provision requiring that the treatment provider find the offender amenable to treatment went into effect in 1986.

The 1990 Legislature revised several aspects of the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative. These include increasing the accountability of the treatment provider to the court, changing the maximum sentence allowed from six years to eight years, increasing the length of community supervision and treatment and directing that, after July 1991, examinations and treatment under SSOSA be conducted by certified sex offender treatment providers.

RCW 9.94A.810 Transition and relapse prevention strategies. Within the funds available for this purpose, the department shall develop and monitor transition and relapse prevention strategies, including risk assessment and release plans, to reduce risk to the community after sex offenders' terms of confinement in the custody of the department. [2000 c 28 § 35.]

RCW 9.94A.820 Sex offender treatment in the community. (1) Sex offender examinations and treatment ordered as a special condition of community placement or community custody under this chapter shall be conducted only by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health under chapter 18.155 RCW unless the court or the department finds that: (a) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (b) the treatment provider is employed by the department; or (c)(i) no certified providers are available to provide treatment within a reasonable geographic distance of the offender's home, as determined in rules adopted by the secretary; and (ii) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with the rules adopted by the department of health. A treatment provider selected by an offender under (c) of this subsection, who is not certified by the department of health shall consult with a certified provider during the offender's period of treatment to ensure compliance with the rules adopted by the department of health. The frequency and content of the consultation shall be based on the recommendation of the certified provider.

(2) A sex offender's failure to participate in treatment required as a condition of community placement or community custody is a violation that will not be excused on the basis

that no treatment provider was located within a reasonable geographic distance of the offender's home. [2000 c 28 § 36.]

RCW 9.94A.830 Legislative finding and intent--Commitment of felony sexual offenders after July 1, 1987. The legislature finds that the sexual offender treatment programs at western and eastern state hospitals, while not proven to be totally effective, may be of some benefit in positively affecting the behavior of certain sexual offenders. Given the significance of the problems of sexual assault and sexual abuse of children, it is therefore appropriate to review and revise these treatment efforts.

At the same time, concerns regarding the lack of adequate security at the existing programs must be satisfactorily addressed. In an effort to promote public safety, it is the intent of the legislature to transfer the responsibility for felony sexual offenders from the department of social and health services to the department of corrections.

Therefore, no person committing a felony sexual offense on or after July 1, 1987, may be committed under *RCW 9.94A.505(7)(b) to the department of social and health services at eastern state hospital or western state hospital. Any person committed to the department of social and health services under *RCW 9.94A.505(7)(b) for an offense committed before July 1, 1987, and still in the custody of the department of social and health services on June 30, 1993, shall be transferred to the custody of the department of corrections. Any person eligible for evaluation or treatment under *RCW 9.94A.505(7)(b) shall be committed to the department of corrections. [1987 c 402 § 2; 1986 c 301 § 1. Formerly RCW 9.94A.123.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6. RCW 9.94A.505 (formerly RCW 9.94A.120) was amended by 1995 c 108 § 3, which deleted subsection (7)(b).

RCW 9.94A.835 Sexual motivation special allegation--Procedures. (1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of sexual motivation in every criminal case other than sex offenses as defined in *RCW 9.94A.030(33) (a) or (c) when sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual motivation by a reasonable and objective fact-finder.

(2) In a criminal case wherein there has been a special allegation the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the accused committed the crime with a sexual motivation. The court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not a sexual motivation was present at the time of the commission of the crime, or if a jury trial is had, the jury shall, if it finds the defendant guilty, also find a special verdict as to whether or not the defendant committed the crime with a sexual motivation. This finding shall not be applied to sex offenses as defined in *RCW 9.94A.030(33) (a) or (c).

(3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special allegation of sexual motivation without approval of the court through an order of dismissal of the special allegation. The court shall not dismiss this special allegation unless it finds that such an order is necessary to correct an error in the initial charging decision or unless there are evidentiary problems which make proving the special allegation doubtful. [1999 c 143 § 11; 1990 c 3 § 601. Formerly RCW 9.94A.127.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: RCW 9.94A.030 was amended by 1999 c 352 § 8, changing subsection (33)(c) to subsection (33)(d). RCW 9.94A.030 was also amended by 1999 c 196 § 2, changing subsection (33) to subsection (36). RCW 9.94A.030 was subsequently amended by 2000 c 28 § 2, changing subsection (36) to subsection (37), effective July 1, 2001. RCW 9.94A.030 was subsequently amended by 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 301, changing subsection (37) to subsection (38).

Comment

A finding of sexual motivation was authorized by the 1990 Legislature, to be applicable to any offense except a sex offense.

RCW 9.94A.840 Sex offenders--Release from total confinement--Notification of prosecutor. (1)(a) When it appears that a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense may meet the criteria of a sexually violent predator as defined in *RCW 71.09.020(1), the agency with jurisdiction over the person shall refer the person in writing to the prosecuting attorney of the county where that person was convicted, three months prior to the anticipated release from total confinement.

(b) The agency shall inform the prosecutor of the following:

(i) The person's name, identifying factors, anticipated future residence, and offense history; and

(ii) Documentation of institutional adjustment and any treatment received.

(2) This section applies to acts committed before, on, or after March 26, 1992.

(3) The agency with jurisdiction, its employees, and officials shall be immune from liability for any good-faith conduct under this section.

(4) As used in this section, "agency with jurisdiction" means that agency with the authority to direct the release of a person serving a sentence or term of confinement and includes the department of corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, and the department of social and health services. [1992 c 45 § 1; 1990 c 3 § 122. Formerly RCW 9.94A.151.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: RCW 71.09.020 was amended by 2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 102, changing subsection (1) to subsection (12).

RCW 9.94A.843 Sex offenders--Release of information--Immunity. The department, its employees, and officials, shall be immune from liability for release of information regarding sex offenders that complies with RCW 4.24.550. [1990 c 3 § 123. Formerly RCW 9.94A.152.]

RCW 9.94A.846 Sex offenders--Release of information. In addition to any other information required to be released under other provisions of this chapter, the department may, pursuant to RCW 4.24.550, release information concerning convicted sex offenders confined to the department of corrections. [1990 c 3 § 124. Formerly RCW 9.94A.153.]

RCW 9.94A.850 Sentencing guidelines commission--Established--Powers and duties. (Effective until July 1, 2004.) (1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.

(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:

(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:

(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and

(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.

The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years

thereafter;

(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;

(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;

(d)(i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;

(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;

(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first-time offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards. The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department's responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion, including the use of youth court programs, and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and

(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:

(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing, and, if available, the impact that diversions, such as youth courts, have on racial disproportionality in juvenile prosecution, adjudication, and sentencing;

(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and

(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.

(3) Each of the commission's recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community restitution, and a fine.

(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter are subject to the following limitations:

(a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;

(b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range, except that for murder in the second degree in seriousness level XIV under *RCW 9.94A.510, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than fifty percent of the maximum term in the range; and

(c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(5)(a) Not later than December 31, 1999, the commission shall propose to the legislature the initial community custody ranges to be included in sentences under RCW 9.94A.715 for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000. Not later than December 31 of each year, the commission may propose modifications to the ranges. The ranges shall be based on the principles in RCW 9.94A.010, and shall take into account the funds available to the department for community custody. The minimum term in each range shall not be less than one-half of the maximum term.

(b) The legislature may, by enactment of a legislative bill, adopt or modify the community custody ranges proposed by the commission. If the legislature fails to adopt or modify the initial ranges in its next regular session after they are proposed, the proposed ranges shall take effect without legislative approval for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.

(c) When the commission proposes modifications to ranges pursuant to this subsection, the legislature may, by enactment of a bill, adopt or modify the ranges proposed by the commission for crimes committed on or after July 1 of the year after they were proposed. Unless the legislature adopts or modifies the commission's proposal in its next regular session, the proposed ranges shall not take effect.

(6) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW. [2002 c 237 § 16; 2002 c 175 § 16; 2000 c 28 § 41. Prior: 1999 c 352 § 1; 1999 c 196 § 3; prior: 1997 c 365 § 2; 1997 c 338 § 3; 1996 c 232 § 1; 1995 c 269 § 303; 1994 c 87 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 18; 1982 c 192 § 2; 1981 c 137 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.040.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2002 c 175 § 16 and by 2002 c 237 § 16, each without reference to the other. Both amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

RCW 9.94A.850 Sentencing guidelines commission--Established--Powers and duties. (Effective July 1, 2004.) (1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.

(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:

(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:

(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and

(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.

The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;

(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the

commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;

(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;

(d)(i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;

(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;

(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first-time offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards. The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department's responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion, including the use of youth court programs, and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and

(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:

(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing, and, if available, the impact that diversions, such as youth courts, have on racial disproportionality in juvenile prosecution, adjudication, and sentencing;

(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and

(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.

(3) Each of the commission's recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community restitution, and a fine.

(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter, except as provided in RCW 9.94A.517, are subject to the following limitations:

(a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;

(b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range, except that for murder in the second degree in seriousness level XIV under *RCW 9.94A.510, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than fifty percent of the maximum term in the range; and

(c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(5)(a) Not later than December 31, 1999, the commission shall propose to the legislature the initial community custody ranges to be included in sentences under RCW 9.94A.715 for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000. Not later than December 31 of each year, the commission may propose modifications to the ranges. The ranges shall be based on the principles in RCW 9.94A.010, and shall take into account the funds available to the department for community custody. The minimum term in each range shall not be less than one-half of the maximum term.

(b) The legislature may, by enactment of a legislative bill, adopt or modify the community custody ranges proposed by the commission. If the legislature fails to adopt or modify the initial ranges in its next regular session after they are proposed, the proposed ranges shall take effect without legislative approval for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2000.

(c) When the commission proposes modifications to ranges pursuant to this subsection, the legislature may, by enactment of a bill, adopt or modify the ranges proposed by the commission for crimes committed on or after July 1 of the year after they were proposed. Unless the legislature adopts or modifies the commission's proposal in its next regular session, the proposed ranges shall not take effect.

(6) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW. [2002 c 290 § 22; 2002 c 237 § 16; 2002 c 175 § 16; 2000 c 28 § 41. Prior: 1999 c 352 § 1; 1999 c 196 § 3; prior: 1997 c 365 § 2; 1997 c 338 § 3; 1996 c 232 § 1; 1995 c 269 § 303; 1994 c 87 § 1; 1986 c 257 § 18; 1982 c 192 § 2; 1981 c 137 § 4. Formerly RCW 9.94A.040.]

NOTES: Reviser's note: *(1) This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

(2) This section was amended by 2002 c 175 § 16, 2002 c 237 § 16, and by 2002 c 290 § 22, each without reference to the other. All amendments are incorporated in the publication of this section under RCW 1.12.025(2). For rule of construction, see RCW 1.12.025(1).

Comment

The 1996 Legislature updated and expanded the Commission's responsibilities to reflect the fact that a determinate sentencing system had been in place for over a decade, and also that there was a need for independent review of juvenile disposition standards and related issues in the juvenile justice system.

The 1997 Legislature expanded the permissible sentence ranges for Murder 2 at Seriousness Level XIII, reducing the allowable minimum to 50% of the maximum, consistent with an amendment to the sentencing grid (RCW 9.94A.310) that increased the maximum in the standard range. However, the 1997 Legislature also included additional offenses at Level XIII without authorizing an expansion of the permissible range for those offenses. The 1999 Legislature subsequently remedied this inconsistency, amending the sentencing grid to place Murder 2 alone at Level XIV with its own "range width," returning Level XIII to its original standard ranges and adjusting the upper seriousness levels accordingly. See RCW 9.94A.310.

The 1999 Legislature, enacting the Offender Accountability Act, directed the Sentencing Guidelines Commission to formulate community custody ranges to be included in sentences for offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000. Through its rulemaking authority, the Commission adopted community custody ranges, which became effective July 1, 2000, and are published in WAC 437.20.010.

RCW 9.94A.855 Sentencing guidelines commission--Research staff--Data, information, assistance--Bylaws--Salary of executive officer. The commission shall appoint a research staff of sufficient size and with sufficient resources to accomplish its duties. The commission may request from the office of financial management, the indeterminate sentence review board, administrator for the courts, the department of corrections, and the department of social and health services such data, information, and data processing assistance as it may need to accomplish its duties, and such services shall be provided without cost to the commission. The commission shall adopt its own bylaws.

The salary for a full-time executive officer, if any, shall be fixed by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. [1999 c 143 § 10; 1982 c 192 § 3; 1981 c 137 § 5. Formerly RCW 9.94A.050.]

RCW 9.94A.860 Sentencing guidelines commission--Membership--Appointments--Terms of office--Expenses and compensation. (1) The commission consists of twenty voting members, one of whom the governor shall designate as chairperson. With the exception of ex officio voting members, the voting members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate.

(2) The voting membership consists of the following:

(a) The head of the state agency having general responsibility for adult correction programs, as an ex officio member;

(b) The director of financial management or designee, as an ex officio member;

(c) The chair of the indeterminate sentence review board, as an ex officio member;

(d) The head of the state agency, or the agency head's designee, having responsibility for juvenile corrections programs, as an ex officio member;

(e) Two prosecuting attorneys;

(f) Two attorneys with particular expertise in defense work;

(g) Four persons who are superior court judges;

(h) One person who is the chief law enforcement officer of a county or city;

(i) Four members of the public who are not prosecutors, defense attorneys, judges, or law enforcement officers, one of whom is a victim of crime or a crime victims' advocate;

(j) One person who is an elected official of a county government, other than a prosecuting attorney or sheriff;

(k) One person who is an elected official of a city government;

(l) One person who is an administrator of juvenile court services.

In making the appointments, the governor shall endeavor to assure that the commission membership includes adequate representation and expertise relating to both the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system. In making the appointments, the governor shall seek the recommendations of Washington prosecutors in respect to the prosecuting attorney members, of the Washington state bar association in respect to the defense attorney members, of the association of superior court judges in respect to the members who are judges, of the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs in respect to the member who is a law enforcement officer, of the Washington state association of counties in respect to the member who is a county official, of the association of Washington cities in respect to the member who is a city official, of the office of crime victims advocacy and other organizations of crime victims in respect to the member who is a victim of crime or a crime victims' advocate, and of the Washington association of juvenile court administrators in respect to the member who is an administrator of juvenile court services.

(3)(a) All voting members of the commission, except ex officio voting members, shall serve terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.

(b) The governor shall stagger the terms of the members appointed under subsection (2)(j), (k), and (l) of this section by appointing one of them for a term of one year, one for a term of two years, and one for a term of three years.

(4) The speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate may each appoint two nonvoting members to the commission, one from each of the two largest caucuses in each house. The members so appointed shall serve two-year terms, or until they cease to be members of the house from which they were appointed, whichever occurs first.

(5) The members of the commission shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. Legislative members shall be reimbursed by their respective houses as provided under RCW 44.04.120. Members shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.250. [2001 2nd sp.s. c 12 § 311; 1996 c 232 § 3; 1993 c 11 § 1; 1988 c 157 § 2; 1984 c 287 § 10; 1981 c 137 § 6. Formerly RCW 9.94A.060.]

Comment

The 1993 Legislature expanded the voting membership of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission to 16 members. It added the chair of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board. It also authorized the director of the Office of Financial Management to name a designee as a voting member of the Commission.

The 1996 Legislature modified the Commission's voting membership to reflect its new responsibilities in juvenile justice, to provide for local government representation and to assure representation of crime victims. Added as members were the Assistant Secretary of Social and Health Services for Juvenile Rehabilitation, a county juvenile court administrators, an elected official from county government, an elected official from city government and a citizen representative of crime victims. The Legislature removed the chair of the Clemency and Pardons Board as a member.

RCW 9.94A.865 Standard sentence ranges--Revisions or modifications--Submission to legislature. Revisions or modifications of standard sentence ranges or other standards, together with any additional list of standard sentence ranges, shall be submitted to the legislature at least every two years. [1986 c 257 § 19; 1981 c 137 § 7. Formerly RCW 9.94A.070.]

RCW 9.94A.870 Emergency due to inmate population exceeding correctional facility capacity. If the governor finds that an emergency exists in that the population of a state residential correctional facility exceeds its reasonable, maximum capacity, then the governor may do any one or more of the following:

(1) Call the sentencing guidelines commission into an emergency meeting for the purpose of evaluating the standard ranges and other standards. The commission may adopt any revision or amendment to the standard ranges or other standards that it believes appropriate to deal with the emergency situation. The revision or amendment shall be adopted in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW and shall take effect on the date prescribed by the commission. The legislature shall approve or modify the commission's revision or amendment at the next legislative session after the revision or amendment takes effect. Failure of the legislature to act shall be deemed as approval of the revision or amendment;

(2) Call the clemency and pardons board into an emergency meeting for the purpose of recommending whether the governor's commutation or pardon power should be exercised to meet the present emergency. [1999 c 143 § 13; 1984 c 246 § 1; 1983 c 163 § 4; 1981 c 137 § 16. Formerly RCW 9.94A.160.]

RCW 9.94A.875 Emergency in county jails population exceeding capacity. If the governor finds that an emergency exists in that the populations of county jails exceed their reasonable, maximum capacity in a significant manner as a result of increases in the sentenced felon population due to implementation of chapter 9.94A RCW, the governor may do any one or more of the following:

(1) Call the sentencing guidelines commission into an emergency meeting for the purpose of evaluating the standard ranges and other standards. The commission may adopt any revision or amendment to the standard ranges or other standards that it believes appropriate to deal with the emergency situation. The revision or amendment shall be adopted in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW and shall take effect on the date prescribed by the commission. The legislature shall approve or modify the commission's revision or amendment at the next legislative session after the revision or amendment takes effect. Failure of the legislature to act shall be deemed as approval of the revision or amendment. The commission shall also analyze how alternatives to total confinement are being provided and used and may recommend other emergency measures that may relieve the overcrowding.

(2) Call the clemency and pardons board into an emergency meeting for the purpose of recommending whether the governor's commutation or pardon power should be exercised to meet the present emergency. [1984 c 209 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.165.]

RCW 9.94A.880 Clemency and pardons board--Membership--Terms--Chairman--Bylaws--Travel expenses--Staff. (1) The clemency and pardons board is established as a board within the office of the governor. The board consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to confirmation by the senate.

(2) Members of the board shall serve terms of four years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed. However, the governor shall stagger the terms by appointing one of the initial members for a term of one year, one for a term of two years, one for a term of three years, and two for terms of four years.

(3) The board shall elect a chairman from among its members and shall adopt bylaws governing the operation of the board.

(4) Members of the board shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended.

(5) The attorney general shall provide a staff as needed for the operation of the board. [1981 c 137 § 25. Formerly RCW 9.94A.250.]

RCW 9.94A.885 Clemency and pardons board--Petitions for review--Hearing. (1) The clemency and pardons board shall receive petitions from individuals, organizations, and the department for review and commutation of sentences and pardoning of offenders in extraordinary cases, and shall make recommendations thereon to the governor.

(2) The board shall receive petitions from individuals or organizations for the restoration of civil rights lost by operation of state law as a result of convictions for federal offenses or out-of-state felonies. The board may issue certificates of restoration limited to the elective rights to vote and to engage in political office. Any certifications granted by the board must be filed with the secretary of state to be effective. In all other cases, the board shall make recommendations to the governor.

(3) The board shall not recommend that the governor grant clemency under subsection (1) of this section until a public hearing has been held on the petition. The prosecuting attorney of the county where the conviction was obtained shall be notified at least thirty days prior to the scheduled hearing that a petition has been filed and the date and place at which the hearing on the petition will be held. The board may waive the thirty-day notice requirement in cases where it determines that waiver is necessary to permit timely action on the petition. A copy of the petition shall be sent to the prosecuting attorney. The prosecuting attorney shall make reasonable efforts to notify victims, survivors of victims, witnesses, and the law enforcement agency or agencies that conducted the investigation, of the date and place of the hearing. Information regarding victims, survivors of victims, or witnesses receiving this notice are confidential and shall not be available to the offender. The board shall consider written, oral, audio, or videotaped statements regarding the petition received, personally or by representation, from the individuals who receive notice pursuant to this section. This subsection is intended solely for the guidance of the board. Nothing in this section is intended or may be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by any person. [1999 c 323 § 3; 1989 c 214 § 2; 1981 c 137 § 26. Formerly RCW 9.94A.260.]

Comment

The 1999 Legislature provided that the Clemency and Pardons Board may not recommend clemency until after a public hearing, and that the prosecutor in the county where the conviction was obtained must receive at least 30 days notice of such a hearing. The 30-day notice may be waived in cases where the Board must take timely action on a petition. As to victim's rights, reasonable efforts must be made to notify victims and witnesses of Board hearings, and victims and survivors of victims must be given adequate opportunities to present statements in person, by audio or videotape, in writing or through a representative at any hearing regarding an application for a pardon or commutation of a sentence. The 1999 Legislature also amended RCW 9.95.260 to provide the same notice and hearing requirements and victims' rights protections in connection with recommendations for clemency by the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board.

RCW 9.94A.890 Abused victim--Resentencing for murder of abuser. (1) The sentencing court or the court's successor shall consider recommendations from the indeterminate sentence review board for resentencing offenders convicted of murder if the indeterminate sentence review board advises the court of the following:

- (a) The offender was convicted for a murder committed prior to July 23, 1989;
- (b) *RCW 9.94A.535(1)(h), if effective when the offender committed the crime, would have provided a basis for the offender to seek a mitigated sentence; and
- (c) Upon review of the sentence, the indeterminate sentence review board believes that the sentencing court, when originally sentencing the offender for the murder, did not consider

evidence that the victim subjected the offender or the offender's children to a continuing pattern of sexual or physical abuse and the murder was in response to that abuse.

(2) The court may resentence the offender in light of *RCW 9.94A.535(1)(h) and impose an exceptional mitigating sentence pursuant to that provision. Prior to resentencing, the court shall consider any other recommendation and evidence concerning the issue of whether the offender committed the crime in response to abuse.

(3) The court shall render its decision regarding reducing the inmate's sentence no later than six months after receipt of the indeterminate sentence review board's recommendation to reduce the sentence imposed. [2000 c 28 § 42; 1993 c 144 § 5. Formerly RCW 9.94A.395.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: This RCW reference has been corrected to reflect the reorganization of chapter 9.94A RCW by 2001 c 10 § 6.

Comment

In 1993, the Legislature enacted RCW 9.94A.395 to establish a procedure for reducing the sentences of certain offenders convicted of murder prior to the effective date of RCW 9.94A.390(1)(h) (July 23, 1989).

RCW 9.94A.905 Effective date of *RCW 9.94A.080 through 9.94A.130, 9.94A.150 through 9.94A.230, 9.94A.250, 9.94A.260--Sentences apply to felonies committed after June 30, 1984. *RCW 9.94A.080 through 9.94A.130, 9.94A.150 through 9.94A.230, and 9.94A.250 and 9.94A.260 shall take effect on July 1, 1984. The sentences required under this chapter shall be prescribed in each sentence which occurs for a felony committed after June 30, 1984. [1981 c 137 § 28.]

NOTES: *Reviser's note: The majority of chapter 9.94A RCW was recodified by 2001 c 10 § 6. See Comparative Table for chapter 9.94A RCW in the Table of Disposition of Former RCW Sections, this volume.

RCW 9.94A.910 Severability--1981 c 137. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. [1981 c 137 § 41.]

RCW 9.94A.920 Headings and captions not law--2000 c 28. Part headings and section captions used in this act do not constitute any part of the law. [2000 c 28 § 43.]

RCW 9.94A.921 Effective date--2000 c 28. Sections 1 through 42 of this act take effect July 1, 2001. [2000 c 28 § 46.]

RCW 9.94A.922 Severability--2000 c 28. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. [2000 c 28 § 47.]

RCW 9.94A.923 Nonentitlement. Nothing in chapter 290, Laws of 2002 creates an entitlement for a criminal defendant to any specific sanction, alternative, sentence option, or substance abuse treatment. [2002 c 290 § 26.]

RCW 9.94A.924 Severability--2002 c 290. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. [2002 c 290 § 28.]

RCW 9.94A.925 Application--2003 c 379 §§ 13-27. The provisions of sections 13 through 27, chapter 379, Laws of 2003 apply to all offenders currently, or in the future, subject to sentences with unsatisfied legal financial obligations. The provisions of sections 13 through 27, chapter 379, Laws of 2003 do not change the amount of any legal financial obligation or the maximum term for which any offender is, or may be, under the jurisdiction of the court for collection of legal financial obligations. [2003 c 379 § 24.]

RCW 9.94A.930 Recodification. The code reviser shall recodify sections within chapter 9.94A RCW, and correct any cross-references to any such recodified sections, as necessary to simplify the organization of chapter 9.94A RCW. [2001 c 10 § 6.]

Digest of Court Cases Interpreting the Sentencing Reform Act

The following is a digest of 2002-2003 Washington Supreme Court and Washington Court of Appeals cases interpreting the Sentencing Reform Act (SRA) of 1981 (RCW Chapter 9.94A). This digest only includes cases decided up to July 1, 2003. There is a possibility that some cases decided after July 1, 2003 might have changed or affected in some way the courts' previous interpretations of the Sentencing Reform Act.

This digest was prepared by the Criminal Justice Division of the Attorney General of Washington and not by the Sentencing Guidelines Commission. The Commission does not endorse nor necessarily agree with the interpretations of the court cases set forth in this digest. Any questions or comments regarding this digest should be directed to the Criminal Justice Division of the Attorney General of Washington.

Washington Supreme Court

State v. DeSantiago, --- Wn.2d ---, 68 P.3d 1065 (May 15, 2003).

Two codefendants were convicted of first degree kidnapping and remaining codefendants were convicted of kidnapping and burglary. Defendants received one sentence enhancement for possessing a firearm and a second sentence enhancement for possessing a deadly weapon during the commission of the offense. Defendants appealed, contending that both a firearm sentence enhancement and a deadly weapon enhancement could not apply to a single underlying offense committed with two weapons. The Supreme Court held that where a jury determines that a defendant was armed with more than one weapon, RCW 9.94A.510 unambiguously requires the sentencing judge to apply the proper enhancement for each firearm or other deadly weapon carried. However, the total sentence remains presumptively limited by the statutory maximum for the underlying crime.

State v. Williams, 149 Wn.2d 143, 65 P.3d 1214 (April 10, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to possessing ephedrine or pseudoephedrine with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, and received a Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) (RCW 9.94A.660) sentence of 75 months' imprisonment and 75 months' community supervision. The State appealed, contending that the trial court erred in imposing the DOSA sentence because Defendant did not meet the eligibility requirements for DOSA. The Court of Appeals declined to review the merits of the appeal, and State petitioned for further review. The Washington Supreme Court held that the State was entitled to appeal. Although sentences within the proper presumptive sentencing ranges are generally not subject to appellate review, the court held that appellate review is still available to correct legal errors or abuse of discretion in the determination of what sentence applies. The court further held that, in the present case, the State contended that the trial court had "improperly given retroactive effect to the DOSA eligibility provisions of former RCW 9.94A.120(6)(a)(ii) (1999) dealing with prior criminal history and had ignored the 'small' drug quantity requirement of former RCW 9.94A.120(6)(a)(iii) (1999). These are not challenges to a standard range sentence as such, but challenges to claimed legal errors in determining which sentencing provision applies. The State therefore had the right to appeal, and the Court of Appeals erred when it declined to reach the merits of the State's case." Williams, 149 Wn.2d at 147.

State v. Delgado, 148 Wn.2d 723, 63 P.3d 792 (Feb. 20, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of one count of first degree child rape and one count of first degree child molestation. The trial court did not count a prior out-of-state statutory rape conviction as a “strike” under the Persistent Offender Accountability Act (POAA, former RCW 9.94A.030(27)(b)(i-ii) (1998)) because statutory rape was not a specifically listed “strike” offense. The State appealed the trial court's failure to sentence defendant as a two-strike persistent offender. The Court of Appeals, at 109 Wn.App. 61, 33 P.3d 753, reversed Defendant's sentence and remanded for resentencing. Defendant petitioned for review, contending that the POAA only included those offenses specifically listed as strikes. The Washington Supreme Court agreed, holding that the list of strike offenses contained in the POAA was exclusive. The court ruled that the unambiguous statutory language expressly listed qualifying prior convictions and that comparable out-of-state convictions were excluded. The Supreme Court reversed the Court of Appeals' decision and affirmed the Defendant's sentence.

State v. Tili, 148 Wn.2d 350, 60 P.3d 1192 (Jan. 9, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of three counts of first degree rape based on three separate penetrations of the same victim, one count of first-degree burglary, and one count of second-degree assault. Defendant was sentenced to three consecutive sentences for the rapes, totaling 417 months, but the trial court did not impose an exceptional sentence. Defendant appealed and the Washington Supreme Court, at 139 Wn.2d 107, 985 P.2d 365, held that the three rapes were the “same criminal conduct” for the purposes of sentencing and remanded for resentencing under the former RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a) (1998). On remand, the trial court considered the three rapes as the same criminal conduct, but imposed an exceptional sentence of 417 months based on deliberate cruelty, vulnerability of the victim, and multiple offenses. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by miscalculating his offender scores, that the trial court was collaterally estopped from imposing an exceptional sentence because the trial court declined to do so at the original sentencing, and that the exceptional sentence was not justified. The Court of Appeals, at 108 Wash.App. 289, 29 P.3d 1285, affirmed and review was granted.

The Washington Supreme Court addressed each contention in turn. First, the Supreme Court held that remand for recalculation of Defendant's offender scores was unnecessary. Although the offender scores and presumptive ranges were incorrectly stated in the judgment, the findings of fact contained the correct calculations and the sentencing court used the correct calculations to calculate Defendant's exceptional sentence. Second, the court held that the trial court was not collaterally estopped from imposing the exceptional sentence. The trial court's consideration of whether to impose an exceptional sentence on resentencing was a different issue than at the original sentencing. The court correctly reconsidered the exceptional sentence in light of the new sentencing context after the three rapes became the same criminal conduct on remand. Finally, the court held that the exceptional sentence was warranted due to the express finding of at least two statutory aggravating factors. Under former RCW 9.94.390(2)(a) (1998), Defendant's conduct of hitting the victim repeatedly, threatening to kill her, penetrating her multiple times, and forcing her to say that she “liked it” constituted deliberate cruelty. Additionally, allowing Defendant to receive one standard range sentence for these three exceptional rape convictions would constitute an “operation of the multiple offense policy of [former] RCW 9.94A.400 result[ing] in a presumptive sentence that was clearly too lenient in light of the purposes of [the SRA],” and warranted an exceptional sentence under former RCW 9.94.390(2)(d)(i) (1998). The Supreme Court affirmed the sentence.

State v. Vickers, 148 Wn.2d 91, 59 P.3d 58 (Dec. 12, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of first degree felony murder and attempted first degree murder while armed with a firearm. Defendant appealed, contending in part that the trial court erred by applying a preponderance of the evidence standard in proving a prior out-of-state conviction to establish his persistent offender status under former RCW 9.94A.120(4). The Washington Supreme Court held that the preponderance of the evidence standard was the proper standard under this statute, and that the state met this burden by presenting the signed docket sheet, indicating that Defendant pleaded "guilty" to assault and battery by a dangerous weapon, acknowledged by signature of a Massachusetts judge and attested as a true copy by a court clerk.

State v. Lopez, 147 Wn.2d 515, 55 P.3d 609 (Oct. 10, 2002)

Defendant, who was convicted on assault and firearm possession charges, admitted his previous conviction for first degree burglary on direct examination. The prosecution did not present any evidence of Defendant's other prior conviction. At sentencing, the Defendant objected to the court's consideration of his prior convictions without evidence proving these convictions. The trial court sentenced Defendant to life without parole under the Persistent Offender Accountability Act (POAA), under former RCW 9.94A.120(4) (2000). The Court of Appeals reversed and vacated the sentence for lack of proof of prior convictions, and remanded. The state petitioned for discretionary review on whether the Court of Appeals erred when it remanded for sentencing without providing the State an opportunity to present evidence of Defendant's prior convictions on remand. The Washington Supreme Court held that the State was not entitled to a second opportunity to prove prior offenses at resentencing where Defendant had made a specific objection to the lack of proof to the sentencing court.

State v. Schelin, 147 Wn.2d 562, 55 P.3d 632 (Oct. 17, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of manufacturing marijuana and manufacturing marijuana with intent to deliver. When police officers executed the search warrant on Defendant's home that led to his arrest, he was found standing within 10 feet of a loaded revolver hanging from the wall. Defendant received a deadly weapon sentencing enhancement pursuant to former RCW 9.94A.310 (2000). Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by not dismissing the deadly weapon allegation because the State did not meet its burden of proving that Defendant was "armed" within the meaning of former RCW 9.94A.125 (2000). The Washington Supreme Court affirmed, holding that the evidence established Defendant's constructive possession of an easily accessible and readily available deadly weapon when police discovered him in his home, and that the evidence established a nexus between the deadly weapon and the crimes, satisfying the requirements for a sentence enhancement based on having been armed with deadly weapon.

In re Goodwin, 146 Wn.2d 861, 50 P.3d 618 (July 25, 2002).

Petitioner filed a personal restraint petition, alleging his offender score was miscalculated because juvenile offenses that had "washed out" were used to determine the score. The Washington Supreme Court held that Petitioner's sentence was not "valid on its face" under former RCW 9.94A.030(12)(b) as applied by State v. Smith, 144 Wn.2d 665, 30 P.3d 1245 (2001), because petitioner's juvenile offenses "washed out" and were not revived by later

statutory amendments. Moreover, the court held that Petitioner, by agreeing to the criminal history listed in his statement on plea of guilty, did not waive a collateral attack on his sentence. The Supreme Court granted the petition, vacated the sentence, and remanded for resentencing.

In re King, 146 Wn.2d 658, 49 P.3d 854 (July 3, 2002).

Petitioner filed a personal restraint petition, alleging the Department of Corrections (DOC) failed to give him full credit for pre-sentence detention. Prior to receiving both a standard time sentence of 190 months for first degree assault and a 60 month sentence enhancement because Petitioner employed a firearm in the assault, Petitioner had served 287 days in pre-sentence detention and earned 57 days of good time credits. However, DOC only credited Petitioner with 287 days served because under DOC policy pre-sentence time applies against any enhanced sentence time first and petitioner could not earn good time credits while serving enhancement time. DOC policy runs enhanced sentence time before standard time in order to provide an incentive for good behavior during the enhancement time. The Supreme Court held that this DOC policy violated statutory mandates of former RCW 9.94A.150(1) (1996) (now codified at RCW 9.94A.728(1)) that both allows the inmate to earn good time credits for pre-sentence sentence detention and prevents the inmate from earning good time credits while serving a firearm sentence enhancement. In order to give full effect to the entire statute, the court ruled that the DOC can run the enhancement time first but must apply the pre-sentence detention time against the standard time. The Supreme Court granted the petition in part, ordered the reinstatement of the petitioner's good time credits and ordered the DOC to restructure its policies in a manner consistent with this opinion.

Washington State Court of Appeals

State v. Crandall, 71 P.3d 701 (Div. II, July 1, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to second degree attempted burglary, and the trial court added one point to his offender score, because he committed his current offense while on community placement for an earlier offense. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred because he was on community custody, not community placement, at the time of the current offense. The Court of Appeals affirmed, holding that community custody as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(5) is a subset of community placement as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(7), and the sentencing court properly added one point to the Defendant's offender score pursuant to RCW 9.94A.525(17).

State v. Xaviar, 69 P.3d 901 (Div. II, June 3, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to sexual exploitation of a minor, first and second degree child rape, and first degree child molestation, and was sentenced to a 480 month exceptional sentence under the Sentencing Reform Act (SRA). Defendant appealed the sentence, contending that under Apprendi v. New Jersey, 530 U.S. 466 (2000) and Ring v. Arizona, 536 U.S. 584 (2002), the State must prove to a jury the existence of aggravating circumstances beyond a reasonable doubt. In Apprendi, the U.S. Supreme Court held that a New Jersey sentence enhancement for hate crimes must be determined by a jury beyond a reasonable doubt. Apprendi, 530 U.S. at 476. However, the Washington Supreme Court, when addressing the effect of Apprendi on the SRA, noted that unlike the New Jersey statute, the SRA limits exceptional sentences to the statutory

maximum for the offense and need not be proved to a jury beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Gore, 143 Wn.2d 228, 313-14, 21 P.3d 262 (2001). Subsequently, in Ring, the U.S. Supreme Court held that even though the death penalty was within the statutory maximum for first degree murder in Arizona, the existence of aggravating factors must be proved to a jury beyond a reasonable doubt. 536 U.S. at 597. Defendant acknowledged that his argument was counter to the Washington Supreme Court's analysis in Gore, but contended that the rule of Ring requires a jury to find the existence of aggravating factors beyond a reasonable doubt before imposition of an exceptional sentence, even though the exceptional sentence is within the statutory maximum.

The Court of Appeals disagreed, holding that the State did not have to prove aggravating circumstances to a jury or satisfy proof beyond reasonable doubt standard before an exceptional sentence could be imposed under the SRA. Unlike the Arizona statute in Ring, the SRA does not strictly enumerate a list of aggravating factors and is not the "functional equivalent of an element of a greater offence." Ring, 536 U.S. at 609. The court found that the SRA merely gave guidance to the trial court in the imposition of a sentence within a specified range, after a jury had found each element of the crime beyond a reasonable doubt, and was consistent with Ring. The Court of Appeals ultimately reversed and remanded on other grounds.

State v. Payne, 69 P.3d 889 (Div. II, May 28, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of first degree child molestation and was sentenced to life imprisonment as a persistent offender under the two-strike provision of Washington's Persistent Offender Accountability Act (POAA) (former RCW 9.94A.030(29)(b) (2000)). Defendant appealed, contending that the sentencing judge erred by counting a Canadian conviction as one strike, considering it comparable to Washington's first degree child molestation. The Court of Appeals held that the life sentence was erroneous because the prior Canadian conviction is not an offense specifically listed in the statute, as required by State v. Delgado, 148 Wn.2d 723, 63 P.3d 792 (2003), and is not a strike under the POAA. However, the court said that the testimony and supporting documents relating to a Canadian sexual assault conviction were sufficient to support the trial court's finding in favor of authenticity and admission of the documents, and that the trial court could consider this conviction at sentencing as either an unscored offense or for the purposes of the three strike statute (former RCW 9.94A.030(29)(a)).

State v. Hickman, 116 Wn.App. 902 (Div. II, May 20, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to two counts of unlawful possession of a controlled substance and stipulated that his out-of-state convictions were comparable to Washington offenses. Defendant appealed his sentence challenging his offender score. The Court of Appeals, at 112 Wn. App. 187, dismissed the appeal, and Defendant petitioned for review. The Washington Supreme Court remanded for reconsideration in light of In re Goodwin, 146 Wn.2d 861, 50 P.3d 618 (2002). The Court of Appeals upheld its previous ruling, holding that a defendant who stipulates that his out-of-state convictions are comparable to Washington offenses waives the opportunity to challenge comparability on appeal. The Goodwin court reasoned that a defendant cannot, by way of a negotiated plea agreement, agree to a sentence in excess of that authorized by statute and thus cannot waive a challenge to such a sentence. Goodwin, 146 Wn.2d at 872, 873-74, 876. However, the Court of Appeals held that this waiver is limited to legal errors, such as improperly stipulating to juvenile offenses that would have "washed out" in Goodwin. In the present case, the trial court made a factual determination as to the comparability of Defendant's out-of-state offenses. At sentencing, Defendant agreed that his convictions were comparable, resolving any

factual dispute. The court held that the doctrine of wavier properly applied because Defendant's stipulation was confined to the factual inquiry, not the legal standard to be applied.

State v. Blunt, 71 P.3d 657 (Div. II, May 13, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of vehicular homicide. Defendant appealed his sentence, contending that there was insufficient evidence to prove his prior offenses and that the trial court erred by inferring his acknowledgement of these offenses from his silence. The Court of Appeals held that evidence presented at sentencing was sufficient to support the finding that Defendant had three prior convictions for driving while under the influence (DWI) and that the trial court did not improperly infringe on Defendant's right to remain silent by summarizing evidence of defendant's prior convictions. Former RCW 9.94A.370(2) (now recodified at 9.94A.530) allows the court to infer Defendant's acknowledgment of prior convictions from his silence. The court held that this statute does not violate Defendant's right against self-incrimination, because the facts inferred from Defendant's silence are not factual details of the underlying crime.

State v. Woodward, 116 Wn.App. 697, 67 P.3d 530 (Div. III, May 1, 2003).

State filed petition to confine Defendant for failing to pay legal financial obligations arising from prior conviction and for failing to appear at review hearing. The Superior Court entered an order of noncompliance and imposed a 60 day jail sentence. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by imposing this sentence because his non-payment was not willful. The Court of Appeals held that incarcerating defendant for 60 days for failing to pay his legal financial obligations was within the discretion of the trial court under RCW 9.94A.634, and the sentence was not "clearly erroneous". The court affirmed the sentence.

State v. Bell, 116 Wn.App. 678, 67 P.3d 527 (Div. III, May 1, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to first degree kidnapping and second degree assault and was sentenced to an aggravated exceptional sentence based on the trial court's finding that the convictions related to an ongoing pattern of domestic violence, under RCW 9.94A.535(2)(h)(i). Defendant appealed, contending that this finding was not supported by the record because he asserted real facts objections. The Court of Appeals held that imposition of an aggravated exceptional sentence was not "clearly erroneous" by finding that defendant's kidnapping and assault offenses were part of an ongoing pattern of abuse over a prolonged period of time and that the Defendant failed to raise a specific objection to any material fact relevant to sentencing. The court affirmed the sentence.

State v. Murray, 66 P.3d 649 (Div. I, April 7, 2003).

The State appealed an order of the King County Superior Court, modifying Defendant's sentence from partial confinement to home detention for the final six months of her sentence. The Court of Appeals held that trial court did not abuse its discretion by modifying Defendant's sentence. Former RCW 9.94A.150 (recodified as RCW 9.94A.728 by Laws 2001, Ch. 10, § 6) allows post sentence modification in limited circumstances. Former RCW 9.94A.150(5) (recodified as RCW 9.94A.728(6) by Laws 2001, Ch. 10, § 6) authorizes a sentence modification to permit an offender to serve the final six months, or less, of his or her sentence "in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself into the community." The court interpreted former RCW 9.94A.150(5) to allow modification from one type of partial confinement to another, when the other requirements of the

section are met. The court ruled that the trial court did not abuse its discretion by applying former RCW 9.94A.150(5) to the Defendant.

State v. Reed, 116 Wn.App. 418, 66 P.3d 646 (Div. III, March 13, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of second degree possession of stolen property. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by adding one point to her offender score by finding that the current crime was committed while she was on community placement for a prior drug crime. Defendant argued that her sentence of “community custody” under the Drug Offender Sentencing Act (DOSA), was not “community placement” for sentencing purposes under RCW 9.94A.525. The Court of Appeals affirmed the sentence, holding that Defendant’s offender score was properly calculated. “Community custody” as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(5) is a subset of “community placement” as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(7). Therefore, Defendant was on community placement at the time of the offense, and the trial court properly added one point to her offender score.

State v. Hudnall, 116 Wn.App. 190, 64 P.3d 687 (Div. II, March 11, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to assault of a child in the third degree with sexual motivation and communication with a minor for immoral purposes, and was sentenced to 36 months confinement and 36 months community placement. On appeal, the Court of Appeals, at 108 Wn.App. 1052, vacated the sentence because it exceeded the five-year statutory maximum for assault of a child with sexual motivation. On remand, the trial court imposed an exceptional sentence of 36 months confinement and 24 months community placement. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by imposing this sentence because former RCW 9.94A.120(10)(a) requires 36 months community placement, leaving a maximum allowable confinement term of 24 months.

The Court of Appeals affirmed the sentence in part, holding that the length of Defendant’s sentence did not violate RCW 9.94A.120(10)(a) because the trial court had discretion to impose an exceptional community custody sentence so long as the overall maximum sentence was not exceeded. The court reasoned that the Sentencing Guidelines Commission recognized that trial courts may impose exceptional sentences that depart from the community custody ranges under WAC 437-20-010 (2001). WAC 437-20-010 provides community custody ranges for felonies committed on or after July 1, 2000, and states that the ranges “are not intended to affect or limit the authority to impose exceptional community custody ranges, either above or below the standard community custody range as authorized by RCW 9.94A.120(2) and pursuant to guidelines specified in RCW 9.94A.390.” Therefore, the trial court was within its discretion to impose a shorter period of community custody. However, the trial court should have sentenced Defendant to community custody, not community placement, and must enter a finding for the record that the court is imposing an exceptional sentence below the statutory period for community custody to allow Defendant to complete her sentence before the expiration of the five-year maximum. Affirmed in part and remanded for modification of judgment and sentence.

State v. Preuett, 116 Wn.App. 746 (Div. I, March 10, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to vehicular homicide, and was sentenced to an additional 24-month enhancement, based on a prior deferred driving while under the influence prosecution. Defendant appealed, contending that imposition of this sentence enhancement for his deferred prosecution violated the Due Process Clause and the Ex Post Facto Clause. He also contended

that his sentence contravened the Washington Supreme Court's decision in State v. Cruz, 139 Wn.2d 186, 985 P.2d 384 (1999), holding that amendments to the Sentencing Reform Act regarding the washing out of juvenile offenses were not retroactive. The Court of Appeals held that Defendant's sentence enhancement did not violate his due process rights because the State was not required to notify Defendant of all of the consequences of his deferred prosecution. The court further held that sentence enhancement did not increase or enhance punishment for the previously committed deferred prosecution, and thus, did not violate constitutional prohibitions against ex post facto laws. Finally, the court held that Defendant's deferred prosecution is distinctly different than the "washed out" juvenile offenses in Cruz, and Defendant's reliance on Cruz was misplaced. The court affirmed the sentence.

State v. Bramme, 115 Wn.App. 844, 64 P.3d 60 (Div. III, Feb. 25, 2003).

Defendant pled guilty to manufacturing methamphetamine. The trial court declined to impose a Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) (RCW 9.94A.660) sentence. In doing so, the trial court reasoned that the quantity of drugs involved in the offense was not "small" for the purposes of DOSA, and that DOSA was not being administered as the Legislature intended to ensure qualified offenders received needed treatment. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court violated the separation of powers doctrine. The Court of Appeals did not reach the constitutional issue and resolved the case on the drug quantity issue alone. However, the court held that trial court did not abuse its discretion in declaring Defendant ineligible for a DOSA sentence based on the amount of methamphetamine involved in his drug charge. To be eligible for DOSA the offense must "involve[e] only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance." RCW 9.94A.660(1)(c). Defendant did not dispute his arrest in connection with a methamphetamine operation recently connected to 5,000 processed cold tablets. Testimony from a police detective showed that 5,000 cold tablets could be processed into 75 to 552 grams of methamphetamine, depending on the size of the tablets and the skill of the cook. Interpreting the statutory language and applying it to these facts, the court ruled that Defendant's offense did not "involve a small quantity" of drugs. The court found no abuse of discretion and affirmed the sentence.

State v. Ehli, 115 Wn.App. 556, 62 P.3d 929 (Div. III, Feb. 11, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of dealing in depictions of a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct and four counts of possession of depictions of a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct that he downloaded via the Internet. The sentencing court concluded that the four possession counts involved depictions of different juvenile female victims, and were not the "same criminal conduct", under former RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a) (2000) (now RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a)). Defendant was sentenced to 48 months on an offender score of 4. Defendant appealed, contending that the children's lack of knowledge of the downloading and the State's failure to identify the particular victims renders the crime "victimless" for purposes of a "same criminal conduct" determination. The Court of Appeals disagreed, holding that the Defendant's acts of downloading images of four different children did not amount to the "same criminal conduct." Additionally, the court ruled that the distribution and possession of child pornography was not "victimless" because distribution victimizes the children even if the children are unaware of this distribution. The court affirmed the sentence.

State v. Rotko, 116 Wn.App. 230, 67 P.3d 1098 (Div. II, Feb. 07, 2003).

Defendants were convicted of first degree criminal mistreatment of a child, their eleven-month-old infant. The trial court imposed 60 month exceptional sentences on Defendants based on victim vulnerability, deliberate cruelty, and the protracted nature of the offense. Defendants appealed, contending in part that the trial court erred by imposing an exceptional sentence without authority under RCW 9.94A.535. The Court of Appeals held that imposition of the exceptional sentences was authorized. Under RCW 9.94A.535(2)(b), the extreme youth of the victim could justify the trial court's finding that "defendant knew or should have known that the victim of the current offense was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance due to extreme youth, advanced age, disability, or ill health," even though all victims of criminal mistreatment must be below a certain age. The trial court did not err in finding deliberate cruelty under RCW 9.94A.535(2)(a) where the record showed that Defendants nurtured one of their children but systematically starved and neglected the other. Finally, the trial court did not err in finding the protracted nature of the offense under RCW 9.94A.535(2)(e)(v) where the record showed that the mistreatment lasted for the entire 11 month life of the victim. The court affirmed the exceptional sentences.

State v. Cunningham, 116 Wn.App. 219, 65 P.3d 325 (Div. III, Jan. 28, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of taking a motor vehicle without permission. Defendant appealed, contending his sentence was based on an erroneous offender score. Defendant had been convicted of juvenile felony offenses at a time when the Sentencing Reform Act of 1981(SRA) (former RCW 9.94A.030(12) (1996)) governing adult offenders only counted juvenile offenses in the offender score until the offender was 23 years old. He alleges that the sentencing court erred by reviving adjudications that washed out when he turned 23. The Court of Appeals held that Defendant's juvenile offenses did not wash out under the prior version of the SRA. The SRA was amended in 1997 to include all juvenile offenses in the offender score. The court compared this case to State v. Perry, 110 Wn.App. 554, 42 P.3d 436 (2002), and ruled that since Defendant was only 20 years old at the time of the 1997 amendment, the washout of his prior juvenile criminal history did not vest before the law changed. The court affirmed the sentencing court's application of the current law regarding criminal history. However, the court remanded for correction of the offender score and sentence because the State conceded that the trial court improperly included the current offense as a point in Defendant's criminal history.

State v. Bunting, 115 Wn.App. 135, 61 P.3d 375 (Div. I, Jan. 21, 2003).

Defendant was convicted of second degree assault with a deadly weapon. The trial court sentenced him under the Persistent Offender Accountability Act (POAA) to life in prison without the possibility of parole based upon the assault conviction and prior Illinois convictions for armed robbery and murder/armed robbery. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred in finding that his conviction for armed robbery was a "strike" for purposes of the POAA, because the Illinois statute did not require specific intent to deprive of ownership, which was an element of armed robbery in Washington. The Court of Appeals held that the Illinois conviction of armed robbery charge was not a strike under the POAA. The court noted that the Illinois statute did not include the intent to steal or deprive. Additionally, citing State v. Morley, 134 Wn.2d 588, 606, 952 P.2d 167 (1998), the court looked to Defendant's conduct as specified in the indictment for the Illinois offense and determined that intent to steal was not alleged. Under this analysis, the court ruled that neither Defendant's conviction nor his underlying criminal

conduct, would have satisfied the Washington statute for armed robbery, and the trial court erred by counting this conviction as a strike. The court remanded for resentencing.

State v. Robinson, 114 Wn.App. 800, 60 P.3d 1221 (Div. II, Jan. 03, 2003).

Defendant appeals his conviction for first degree child molestation and his sentence to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. Defendant had been previously convicted for a lewd and lascivious act with a child under the age of 14, under to California Penal Code § 288(a). Defendant contended that the trial court erred in finding him to be a persistent offender under former RCW 9.94A.030(29) (1999) because the elements and the name of the offense in the California statute were textually different from the Washington child rape and molestation statutes. The Court of Appeals rejected this strict interpretation of the statute and compared the underlying conduct of the different crimes. The court held that Defendant's California conviction was "clearly comparable to at least first degree child molestation in Washington (12-year-old statutory threshold). And first degree child molestation is a prior strike under Washington's former persistent offender statute, RCW 9.94A.030(29)(b)(i)." The court found no error and affirmed the life sentence.

In re Dutcher, 114 Wn.App. 755, 60 P.3d 635 (Div. I, Dec. 30, 2002).

Petitioner, a convicted sex offender, filed a personal restraint petition seeking Department of Corrections (DOC) review of his plan for early release to community custody. Under DOC policy 350.200, if an inmate has been referred by the End of Sentence Review Committee for civil commitment as a sexually violent predator, the DOC will not allow the inmate to submit a plan for release into community custody. However, former RCW 9.94A.150(2) afforded all sex offenders the opportunity to become eligible for community custody. The Court of Appeals, while recognizing the Petitioner's slim chances for approval, held that the DOC was mandated under the statute to review the community custody plans of all sex offenders, including those referred for civil commitment. The court granted the petition and ordered the DOC to permit Petitioner to submit a community custody plan.

State v. Mitchell, 114 Wn.App. 713, 59 P.3d 717 (Div. I, Dec. 23, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of possession of heroin, and was sentenced to 57 months imprisonment and to community custody for a period of 9 to 12 months or the entire period of his earned early release credits pursuant to RCW 9.94A.715(1). Defendant appealed, contending that the sentence is not "definite and certain" because the sentence does not state the potential maximum period of community custody. Although acknowledging that the period of community confinement was dependent on the Defendant's actions, the Court of Appeals rejected his contention, holding that the sentencing court was not required to calculate the exact maximum period of community confinement to which Defendant might have been subject in order to be sufficiently definite and certain.

State v. Rawls, 114 Wn.App. 719, 60 P.3d 113 (Div. I, Dec. 23, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of second degree robbery. At sentencing, the trial court used Defendant's unscored juvenile convictions to impose an exceptional sentence upward. Defendant contends the court erred in deviating from the standard range because his prior juvenile convictions washed out for all sentencing purposes. The Court of Appeals held that although Defendant's prior unscored juvenile adjudications could not be used for calculating his

offender score, they could be used to justify imposition of exceptional sentence, and that Defendant's four juvenile convictions was a substantial and compelling reason to support the trial court's imposition of an exceptional sentence under former RCW 9.94A.310 (now recodified at RCW 9.94A.510).

State v. Bankes, 114 Wn.App. 280, 57 P.3d 284 (Div. III, Nov. 05, 2002).

Defendant pled guilty to one count of third degree child molestation and one count of third degree rape. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial court erred by using his Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (SSOSA) evaluation to support its finding of “further dangerousness” as an aggravating factor underlying an exceptional sentence. The Court of Appeals agreed that a defendant's admissions of prior conduct made during a SSOSA psychological evaluation could not be used against him at sentencing without a warning that it might be used against him at sentencing. The Court of Appeals held that under the former RCW 9.94A.120(8) (2000) (recodified as RCW 9.94A.670(3) (2001)), the trial court can only order a SSOSA if the defendant does not have a criminal history, but a finding of “future dangerousness” requires the defendant to have a “history of similar criminal acts.” So, either the Defendant had a criminal history and the trial court had no authority to order the SSOSA, or if the Defendant did not have a criminal history the finding of “further dangerousness” was not a possible sentencing issue. The Court of Appeals therefore reversed the sentence and remanded for resentencing.

In re Forbis, 113 Wn.App. 822, 57 P.3d 630 (Div. I, Oct. 14, 2002).

Petitioner filed a personal restraint petition alleging that his right to be free of ex post facto laws was violated by Department of Corrections (DOC) policy, adopted after petitioner was sentenced, that required him to participate in stress/anger management classes or lose earned early release credits. The DOC policy in question (320.400) was instituted pursuant to the former RCW 9.94A.132 (1994) (recodified as RCW 9.94A.580 (2001)). The Court of Appeals granted the petition and held that the DOC policy violated the Ex Post Facto Clause because it was adopted after Petitioner's conviction and required him to satisfy additional conditions to receive the same sentence for his underlying offense.

State v. Thomas, 113 Wn.App. 755, 54 P.3d 719 (Div. I, Sept. 30, 2002)

Defendant was convicted of two counts of second degree robbery. Defendant appealed his sentence of two concurrent 84-month sentences and two 36-month firearm enhancement for each robbery, to be served consecutively to each other and to the base sentences as required by former RCW 9.94A.310(3) (1995). Defendant contended that his total confinement of 156 months (84 plus 36 plus 36) exceeded the statutory maximum for second degree robbery (10 years or 120 months). The Court of Appeals held that Defendant's sentence, including firearm enhancements, did not exceed the statutory maximum for the offenses. Although the presumptive sentence for an offense cannot exceed the statutory maximum, the statutory maximum is determined for each offense separately. In this case, Defendant was sentenced to 120 months (84 plus 36) for each offense which does not exceed the maximum sentence for second degree robbery.

State v. Dean, 113 Wn.App. 691, 54 P.3d 243 (Div. II, Sept. 27, 2002)

Defendant pled guilty to possession of a controlled substance with intent to deliver on

November 21, 2000. Defendant was sentenced using an offender score that included two juvenile offenses. Defendant appealed, arguing that these juvenile offenses “washed out” on his 23rd birthday. The Court of Appeals ruled that Substitute Senate Bill 6423 (SSB 6423), effective on June 13, 2002, contravened the Washington Supreme Court’s construction of the 1997 SRA Amendment and could not be applied retroactively to allow the court to use Defendant’s juvenile offenses to determine his offender score. The Court of Appeals, applying RCW 9.94A.345 (the Timing Statute), held that the Defendant’s offender score should be calculated with the law in effect in November 2000, specifically the Washington Supreme Court’s interpretation of the 1997 SRA Amendment that washed out juvenile offenses for all future sentencing purposes. The Court of Appeals vacated the sentence and remanded for resentencing.

State v. Hepton, 113 Wn.App. 673, 54 P.3d 233 (Div. III, Sept. 26, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of one count of manufacturing a controlled substance while minors were present. The State cross-appealed, contending that the trial court erred in refusing to submit special interrogatory verdict forms for each of the five children who were present, in order to establish a basis for multiple sentence enhancements for endangerment of a child under RCW 9.94A.510(6), .605. The Court of Appeals held that unambiguous statutory language provided that the 24 month enhancement for manufacturing methamphetamine when a child was present on premises was to be applied to each controlled substance offense, not to each child victim.

State v. Atkinson, 113 Wn.App. 661, 54 P.3d 702 (Div. III, Sept. 26, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of second degree assault after beating up his live-in girlfriend. The trial court imposed an exceptional sentence of 10 years. Defendant appealed, contending the trial court erred by imposing an exceptional sentence based upon insufficient facts and without substantial and compelling reasons under former RCW 9.94A.120(1), (2) (1999). The Court of Appeals rejected the Defendant’s contentions, finding that sufficient evidence existed to support the finding of substantial and compelling reasons. Former RCW 9.94A.390(2) (1999) provides a nonexclusive list of substantial and compelling grounds that may justify an exceptional sentence, including: Unscored Crimes, Greater Mental Culpability, and Domestic Violence Manifesting Deliberate Cruelty, Intimidation, and an Ongoing Pattern of Abuse. The evidence showed that (1) Defendant had five unscored misdemeanors, (2) that the Defendant was aware that one of the predictable consequences of his alcohol abuse was a proclivity for violence against women, showing Greater Mental Culpability, and (3) that he attacked the victim without provocation, hit her, knocked her to the floor, tore her clothes off while continuing to hit and kick her, and then locked her outside, in the cold and rain while she was still naked, showing both deliberate cruelty and a pattern of abuse. The Court of Appeals held that this evidence was sufficient to support the exceptional sentence and affirmed.

State v. Lindahl, 114 Wn.App. 1, 56 P.3d 589 (Div. II, Sept. 20, 2002).

Defendant appealed his exceptional sentence after pleading guilty to second degree felony murder, contending that the trial court erred by imposing an exceptional 330-month sentence without justification. The Court of Appeals affirmed the sentence. The court found that the Defendant’s infliction of 23 separate wounds to his live-in girl friend in front of their daughter manifested deliberate cruelty and satisfied the “domestic violence” aggravating factor set forth in former RCW 9.94A.390(2)(h) (2001) (recodified as RCW 9.94A.535(2)(h) (2001)). The court

held that the 330-month sentence did not “shock the conscience” and was not excessive.

State v. Israel, 113 Wn.App. 243, 54 P.3d 1218 (Div. I, Sept. 9, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of multiple counts of kidnapping, robbery, assault, and taking indecent liberties with the robbery victim. Defendant appeals, contending in part that the trial court erred by ordering him to serve consecutive sentences, and that the trial court erred by not counting all of his crimes as the same criminal conduct. The Court of Appeals rejected these contentions. The court found that the Defendant’s consecutive sentences for two counts of first degree kidnapping were required under former RCW 9.94A.400 (now recodified at RCW 9.94A.589, because kidnapping is a “serious violent offense.” The court also found that the trial court properly treated the assault and burglary of each victim as separate crimes because former RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a) defined “same criminal conduct” as crimes involving the same victim. Finally, the court found that the trial court properly treated the indecent liberties count as a separate crime because this crime requires a different criminal intent than the assault and robbery and is not part of the “same criminal conduct” under former RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a).

State v. Nordlund, 113 Wn.App. 171, 53 P.3d 520 (Div. II, Aug. 30, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of indecent liberties by forcible compulsion, two counts of unlawful imprisonment and second degree attempted rape and was sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole. Defendant appealed, contending in part that the trial court erred in using his 1985 second degree attempted rape convictions to find that he was a persistent offender under the Persistent Offender Accountability Act (POAA) (former RCW 9.94A.030(29) (2000), currently codified at RCW 9.94A.030(32)). Defendant argued that the POAA’s scoring of anticipatory offenses the same as convictions for the completed offense increased the punishment for his 1985 conviction. The Court of Appeals rejected this contention. The court held that the Defendant committed the current convictions well after the 1993 passage of the POAA, and the use of the Defendant’s prior attempted rape convictions to find defendant was a second strike persistent offender under the POAA did not violate ex post facto protections.

State v. Wilson, 113 Wn.App. 122, 52 P.3d 545 (Div. III, Aug. 22, 2002).

Defendant was convicted of second degree assault, first degree unlawful possession of a firearm, and gross misdemeanor reckless endangerment. The trial court used two California drug convictions in the Defendant’s offender score and imposed a 90-month standard range sentence, including a 36-month weapon enhancement. Defendant appealed, contending that the trial erred by including the California drug convictions because the State failed its threshold burden of producing authenticated documents to prove those convictions. The Court of Appeals agreed, holding that the State’s presentation of nothing other than uncertified/unauthenticated copies and faxes of the information and plea hearing transcript was insufficient to meet the burden of proving the existence of out of state convictions by a preponderance of the evidence under RCW 9.94A.525(3), and 110. The court remanded for re-sentencing without including these convictions in the Defendant’s offender score.

State v. Zatkovich, 113 Wn.App. 70, 52 P.3d 36 (Div. II, Aug. 16, 2002).

Defendant pled guilty to violating a protective order, stalking, third degree malicious mischief, and reckless driving. Defendant appealed his 60 month exceptional sentence for stalking, contending that the trial court erred by failing to conduct an evidentiary hearing sua

sponte, by considering unstipulated evidence in violation of the “real facts” doctrine, and that the exceptional sentence was not justified as a matter of law. The Court of Appeals held that: (1) the trial court was not required to sua sponte conduct an evidentiary hearing when determining whether to impose an exceptional sentence under RCW 9.94A.370(2), where Defendant did not object to specific evidence presented at sentencing; and (2) the Defendant's acts of domestic violence and ongoing pattern of psychological abuse upon the victim could be used as an aggravating factor to justify defendant's exceptional sentence for stalking under RCW 9.94A.535(2)(h). The court affirmed Defendant’s exceptional sentence.

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INTRODUCTION: SCORING FORMS

General Scoring Forms are provided at the beginning of this section and are followed by the Individual Offense Reference Sheets. The General Scoring Forms include scoring sheets intended to assist in the calculation of offender scores and sentence ranges for offenses imposed with either a deadly weapon enhancement or with a sexual motivation finding.

The Individual Offense Reference Sheets are arranged alphabetically. The individual sheets for controlled substances, imitation controlled substances and legend drug crimes are grouped together. Please note that the General Scoring Forms do not present sentencing options eligibility (e.g., work release, work ethic camp). Please refer to Section II of this manual for clarification of eligibility rules or conditions for each sentencing option.

2003 LEGISLATIVE OVERVIEW

The 2003 Legislature enacted two substantial changes to the Sentencing Reform Act, one relating to drug offenses and the other to release from confinement. These changes can be summarized as follows:

ESSB 5990, codified in part at RCW 9.94A.728, revises times and supervision standards for the release of offenders. The bill increases to 50 percent, the aggregate earned release time of certain offenders. In general the increase does not apply to any offender with a prior or current conviction for a sex offense; a violent offense; a crime against persons; felony domestic violence; residential burglary; the completed or inchoate offenses of manufacture, delivery or possession with the intent to deliver methamphetamine and delivery or possession with intent to deliver a controlled substance to a minor. The fifty percent earned release time is further limited to offenders falling within the two lowest risk categories as determined by the Department of Corrections.

The bill also limits the aggregate earned release time of offenders convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, to ten percent of the sentence. Offenders convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990 and before July 1, 2003 are permitted to earn release time not to exceed fifteen percent of the sentence.

Additionally, the bill also effects the operation of the 2002 drug-sentencing bill, 2SHB 2338. The drug bill, codified in part in RCW 9.94A.515, 525, 585, and 660, adopted the recommendations of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission regarding treatment for drug offenders and reinforces the legislative intent to provide viable alternatives to incarceration of certain drug offenders. As originally enacted, portions of the law became effective in July 2002 and portions were to apply in 2004. The amendments effective in 2002 lowered the seriousness level of certain drug offenses from Level VIII to Level VII Seriousness and changed the scoring of certain prior drug offenses in history from triple to single scoring.

ESSB 5990, amends the effective date of the application of the new drug-sentencing grid from 2004 to offenses committed on or after July 1, 2003.

Table 4. Felony Offenses Affected by 2003 Session Laws

Title	RCW	CLASS	Level	Effective Law		Comment
				Date	Reference	
Cigarettes— Delivery 1 st offense	70.155.10(6)(a)	C	Unranked	7/27/2003	c. 113 § 1	RCW 70.155.10 definition of delivery was amended, regulating shipping and delivery of cigarettes
Cigarettes— Delivery 2nd offense	70.155.10(6)(b)	B	Unranked	7/27/2003	c. 113 § 1	RCW 70.155.10 definition of delivery was amended, regulating shipping and delivery of cigarettes
Fraudulent creation or revocation of a Mental Health Advance Directives	9.94A.515	C	1	7/27/2004	c. 283 § 29	RCW 11.94.010 & 7.70.065 was amended to include an offense that disallows a person with a mental illness and has capacity, to control decisions relating to his or her care.
Unlawful Transaction of Insurance	9.94A.515	B	4	7/27/2003	c. 250 § 4	A new section is added to 48.15.020(1) making unlawful transactions of health coverage a class B felony
Unlawful Transaction of Insurance	48.17.060(1)&(2)	B	4	7/27/2003	c. 250 § 4	Sets as a Class B felony anyone who is not licensed and holds him or herself as an agent, broker, solicitor or adjuster
Unlawful Transaction of Insurance	48.44.015(1) & 48.46.027(1)	B	4	7/27/2003	c. 250 § 7	48.44.01 sets as a Class B felony anyone who is not licensed and holds him or herself as an health care service contractor or 48.46.027 as a health maintenance organization
Identity Theft-- Drivers License-- Identicards	46.20.0921	C		7/27/2003	c.214 § 1	RCW 46.20.0921 was amended to prescribe penalties for sale or delivery of counterfeited drivers license or identicards
Unlawful Factoring of Credit Card or Payment Card Transactions second offense	9A.56.280	C	2	7/27/2003	c. 119 § 4; c.52 § 2	RCW 9A.56.280 amended to include payment cards to the definition
Unlawful Factoring of Credit Card or Payment Card Transactions	9A.56.290	B	4	7/1/2004	c. 119 § 4; c.52 § 2	9A.56.290 sets a new sentence for subsequent violations.

Police Horses	9A.76.200	C		7/27/2003 c. 269 § 1	RCW 9A.76.200 was amended to establish penalties for harming a police horse.
Trafficking in Persons 1	9A.40.100	A	14	7/27/2003 c. 267 § 1	RCW 9A.40 was amended to add a new section trafficking in persons in the first degree and to prescribe penalties
Trafficking in Persons 2	9A.40.100	A	12	7/27/2003 c. 267 § 1	RCW 9A.40 was amended to add a new section trafficking in persons in the second degree and to prescribe penalties
Trafficking in Persons departures from guidelines	9.94A.535(2)(n)	A	14 or 12	7/27/2003 c. 267 § 4	RCW 9.94A.535(2)(n) was amended to add an exceptional penalty for trafficking in persons if the person was a minor
Securities Prosecution Fund	21.20.400	B		7/27/2003 c. 53 § 163	RCW 21.20.400 amended to prescribe penalties connected with the altering or destroying of records relative to official proceedings regarding the offer, sale, or purchase of securities
Mineral Trespass	78.44.330	C	1	7/27/2003 c. 335 § 2	Creates the crime of mineral trespass and amends RCW 9.94A.515 to prescribe penalties
Uniform Money Services Act	19.230.300	C		10/1/2003 c. 287 § 32	A new act adding a chapter to Title 19 relating to licensing and regulating money transmission and currency exchange establishes penalties for false statements
Financial Fraud	9A.56.280	C	1	7/27/2003 c. 119 § 3; c.52 § 1	RCW 9A.56.280 &.290, and 9A.60.020 an act relating to possession of instruments or equipment of financial fraud.
Cigarettes Stamps	82.24.570	C		7/27/2003 c. 114 § 6	RCW 82.24 was amended to regulate counterfeit cigarettes.
Sentencing Drug Offenses	9.94A.517		1 or 2 or 3	6/14/2002 2002 c 290 § 8	RCW 9.94A.517 was amended to change the drug offender sentencing grid effective date.
Chemical Dependency Treatment Expenditures	70.96A.520			6/15/2002 c. 207 § 7	70.96A RCW as added to create substance abuse programs

GENERAL DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT - FORM A

Firearm or Other Deadly Weapon Enhancements*¹

For offenses committed after July 23, 1995

Use of this form: Only for offenses committed after July 23, 1995 that have a firearm or other deadly weapon finding.

CLASS A FELONY DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENTS:

First Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense**:		Subsequent*** Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense:	
Firearm	5 years	Firearm	10 years
Other Deadly Weapon	2 years	Other Deadly Weapon	4 years

CLASS B FELONY DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENTS:

First Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense**:		Subsequent*** Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense:	
Firearm	3 years	Firearm	6 years
Other Deadly Weapon	1 year	Other Deadly Weapon	2 years

CLASS C FELONY DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENTS:

First Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense**:		Subsequent*** Deadly Weapon/Firearm Offense:	
Firearm	18 months	Firearm	3 years
Other Deadly Weapon	6 months	Other Deadly Weapon	1 year

* Excluded offenses: Possession of a Machine Gun, Possessing a Stolen Firearm, Drive-by Shooting, Theft of a Firearm, Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1 and 2, Use of a Machine Gun in a felony, or any offense committed on or before July 23, 1995 with a deadly weapon finding.

** This enhancement is limited to offenses committed after July 23, 1995.

*** To be sentenced as a subsequent deadly weapon finding, the offense in history with a deadly weapon finding must also have been committed after July 23, 1995.

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION

CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	BASE STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE		
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TO	<input type="text"/>
			LOW		HIGH
	DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>
		STANDARD RANGE	<input type="text"/>	TO	<input type="text"/>
			LOW		HIGH

NOTE: The "base standard sentence range" is the appropriate standard sentence without the deadly weapon enhancement.

¹For anticipatory offenses with a deadly weapon finding, add the enhancement after reducing the standard sentence range by 25%.

GENERAL DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT - FORM B

Deadly Weapon Enhancements¹

For offenses committed between June 13, 1994 and July 23, 1995

Use of this form: Only for the following offenses committed after June 12, 1994 and before July 24, 1995, which have a deadly weapon finding.

The crimes eligible for a specific deadly weapon enhancement are:

<u>Offense</u>	<u>Deadly Weapon Enhancement</u>
First Degree Kidnapping	24 months
First Degree Rape	24 months
First Degree Robbery	24 months
First Degree Burglary	18 months
Second Degree Assault	12 months
Second Degree Assault of a Child	12 months
First Degree Escape	12 months
Second Degree Kidnapping	12 months
Second Degree Burglary	12 months
Drug Offense	12 months
Theft of Livestock (First and Second Degree)	12 months
Any Violent Offense (Including Serious Violent) not Listed Above	12 months

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION

CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	BASE STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE						
			<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50%; height: 25px;"></td> <td style="font-size: 1.5em; vertical-align: middle;">TO</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50%; height: 25px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">LOW</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">HIGH</td> </tr> </table>		TO		LOW		HIGH
	TO								
LOW		HIGH							
<p>NOTE 1: The "base standard sentence range" is the appropriate standard sentence without the deadly weapon enhancement.</p> <p>NOTE 2: The standard range may in no case exceed the statutory maximum.</p>			<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50%; height: 25px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">STANDARD RANGE</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50%; height: 25px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">LOW</td> <td style="text-align: center; font-size: 0.8em;">HIGH</td> </tr> </table>	DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT		STANDARD RANGE		LOW	HIGH
DEADLY WEAPON ENHANCEMENT									
STANDARD RANGE									
LOW	HIGH								

¹ For anticipatory offenses with a deadly weapon finding, add the enhancement after reducing the standard sentence range by 25%.

DRUG OFFENDER SENTENCING ALTERNATIVE (DOSA) FORM

RCW 9.94A.660

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	$\div 2 =$	<input type="text"/>
OFFENSE LEVEL	MIDPOINT OF STANDARD RANGE		ALTERNATIVE SENTENCE*

If the offense was a solicitation, multiply one-half the midpoint of the standard range (the alternative sentence) listed above by 75%.

Eligibility:

1. The offender is convicted of a felony that is not a violent offense or sex offense and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.510 (3) or (4);
2. The offender has no current or prior convictions for a sex offense or violent offense in this state, another state, or the United States;
3. For a violation of the uniform controlled substances act under chapter 69.50 RCW or a criminal solicitation to commit such a violation under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance; and
4. The offender has not been found by the United States attorney general to be subject to a deportation detainer or order.

*DOSAs offenders serve half of the standard range sentence in total confinement and the remaining half on community custody, receiving substance abuse treatment both in the institution and in the community. All sentences must be served in a state facility.

GENERAL SCORING FORMS

GENERAL SCORING FORMS INDEX

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Burglary, First Degree, Conspiracy or Solicitation, with a Sexual Motivation Finding	III-11
Burglary, Residential and Second Degree with a Sexual Motivation Finding	III-12
Nonviolent Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding	III-13
Drug Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding	III-14
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GENERAL SCORING FORM
Burglary 1, or Attempt, with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for Burglary 1 offenses.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*					
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW TO HIGH MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE**	TO	HIGH MAXIMUM TERM***

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt.
- ** The minimum term for this offense (must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001) if the offender is not a persistent offender is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- *** Maximum Term is the Statutory Maximum for the offense.

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Burglary 1, Conspiracy or Solicitation, with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for Burglary 1 offenses.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*

				TO	
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW		HIGH
			STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE		

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt or solicitation.

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 With a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 offenses.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 1 dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other Residential Burglary and Burglary 2 convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*

					TO	
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE		LOW STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**		HIGH STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation.
- ** If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Nonviolent Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for the following offenses: Abandonment of Dependent Persons 1 and 2; Abstract of Driving Records – Intentional Use; Advancing Money or Property for Extortionate Extension of Credit; Assault 3; Assault by Watercraft; Assault of a Child 3; Bail Jumping with Class A Felony; Bail Jumping with Class B or C Felony; Bribe Received by Witness; Bribery; Bribing a Witness; Commercial Bribery; Computer Trespass 1; Counterfeiting – 3rd Conviction & Value Greater Than \$10,000; Counterfeiting – Endangering Public Health & Safety; Criminal Gang Intimidation; Criminal Mistreatment 1; and 2; Custodial Assault; Domestic Violence Court Order Violation; Delivery of Imitation Controlled Substance by Person 18 or Over to Person Under 18; Digital Signatures Fraud; Extortion 2; Extortionate Extension of Credit; Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit; False Verification for Welfare; Forged Prescription (Legend Drug); Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance; Forgery; Harassment; Health Care False Claims; Hit and Run with Vessel - Injury Accident; Improperly Obtaining Financial Information; Identity Theft 1 and 2; Inciting Criminal Profiteering; Indecent Exposure to Person under Age 14; Influencing Outcome of a Sporting Event; Intimidating a Judge; Intimidating a Juror; Intimidating a Public Servant; Intimidating a Witness; Intentional Infliction of Injury or Death to Guide Dog; Introducing Contraband 1 and 2; Malicious Explosion 3; Malicious Harassment; Malicious Injury to Railroad Property; Malicious Mischief 1 and 2; Malicious Placement of Explosives 2 and 3; Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 1 and 2; Manufacture, Distribute, or Possess with Intent to Distribute an Imitation Controlled Substance; Perjury 1 and 2; Persistent Prison Misbehavior; Possession of a Stolen Firearm; Possession of a Controlled Substance that is Heroin or a Narcotic from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV; Possession of a Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or a Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except PCP or Flunitrazepam); Possession of Incendiary Device; Possession of Machine Gun or Short-Barreled Shotgun or Rifle; Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP); Possession of Stolen Property 1 and 2; Promoting Prostitution 1 and 2; Reckless Burning 1; Rendering Criminal Assistance 1; Securities Act Violation; Stalking; Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission; Tampering with a Witness; Telephone Harassment; Theft 1 and 2; Theft of Anhydrous Ammonia; Theft of a Firearm; Theft of Livestock 1 and 2; Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchase Property-Class B and C; Threats to Bomb; Trafficking in Insurance Claims; Trafficking in Stolen Property 1 and 2, Unlawful Imprisonment; Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts; Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1 and 2; Unlawful Practice of Law; Unlawful Storage of Anhydrous Ammonia; Unlawful Use of a Professional Title; Unlawful use of Building for Drug Purposes; Unlawful Use of Food Stamps; Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business; Unused Property Merchant; Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering; Vehicle Prowl 1; Voting Violation-Mail Ballot.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*				
				TO
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW	HIGH
			STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**	

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation under RCW 9A.28. For Possession of a Controlled Substance or Forged Prescription of a Controlled Substance, see RCW 69.50.407.
- ** If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

GENERAL SCORING FORM

Drug Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for the following offenses: Controlled Substance Homicide; Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Methamphetamine; Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance - Schedule I or II Narcotic; Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance - Schedule III-V Narcotic or Schedule I-V Nonnarcotic; Deliver or Possess with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine; Delivery of a Material in Lieu of a Controlled Substance; Involving a Minor in Drug Dealing; Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine; Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana; Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver a Narcotic from Schedule I-II (except Heroin or Cocaine), or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV; Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam); Maintaining a Dwelling for Controlled Substances; Over 18 and Deliver Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18; Over 18 and Deliver Narcotics from Schedule III-V or a Nonnarcotic, except Flunitrazepam or Methamphetamine, from Schedule I-V to Someone Under 18 and 3 Years Junior; Possession of Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine or Anhydrous Ammonia with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine; Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) any Controlled Substance.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of felony drug convictions* (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(16)) _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony drug dispositions* (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(16)) _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony drug convictions* (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030(16)) _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES: If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 _____ = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense.(RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the Offender Score (Round down to the nearest whole number)	
--	--

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION

				TO	
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**		HIGH

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - Add additional time to the standard range for some drug offenses committed in a correctional facility or in a protected zone. See the individual offense reference sheets for specifics.
 - If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
 - If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7.
- * The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See State v. Howell, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).
- ** If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Serious Violent Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for the following offenses: Assault 1; Assault of a Child 1; Homicide by Abuse; Kidnapping 1; Manslaughter 1; Murder 1 and 2.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions (excluding Rape 1) _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*					
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW TO HIGH MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE**	TO HIGH	MAXIMUM TERM***

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt.
- ** The minimum term for this offense (must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001), if the offender is not a persistent offender, is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712. (Manslaughter 1 with sexual motivation is not subject to RCW 9.94A.712).
- *** Maximum Term is the Statutory Maximum for the offense. (Manslaughter 1 with sexual motivation is not subject to RCW 9.94A.712).

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Violent Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for the following offenses: Arson 1 and 2; Assault 2; Assault of a Child 2; Bail Jumping with Murder 1; Drive-by Shooting; Explosive Devices Prohibited; Extortion 1; Homicide by Watercraft, by Being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug; Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others; Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner; Kidnapping 2; Leading Organized Crime; Malicious Explosion 1 and 2; Malicious Placement of Explosives 1; Manslaughter 2; Robbery 1 and 2; Use of a Machine Gun in Commission of a Felony.

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Those offenses not encompassing the same criminal conduct)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

If on community placement at time of current offense, add 1 point + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*

					TO	
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE		LOW STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**		HIGH

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation.
- ** If the offender has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense is either Assault 2 with sexual motivation or Assault of a Child 2 with sexual motivation, and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

GENERAL SCORING FORM

Unranked Offenses

Use this form only for unranked offenses (not listed on any other scoring form).

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

not scored

JUVENILE HISTORY:

not scored

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TO	<input type="text"/>
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE	LOW STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE		HIGH STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE

- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

* Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation.

GENERAL SCORING FORM
Unranked Offenses with a Sexual Motivation Finding

Use this form only for unranked offenses (not listed on any other scoring form).

OFFENDER'S NAME	OFFENDER'S DOB	STATE ID#
JUDGE	CAUSE#	FBI ID#

ADULT HISTORY:

not scored

JUVENILE HISTORY:

not scored

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STATUS AT TIME OF CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STANDARD RANGE CALCULATION*

					TO	
CURRENT OFFENSE BEING SCORED		SERIOUSNESS LEVEL		OFFENDER SCORE		LOW STANDARD SENTENCE RANGE**

- If no prior sex offense conviction, the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is an option.
- If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- * Multiply the range by 75% if the current offense is an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation.
- ** If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712. (Fail to Register as a Sex Offender is not subject to 9.94A.712).

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ABANDONMENT OF DEPENDENT PERSONS, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.42.060)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13.)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSAs) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ABANDONMENT OF DEPENDENT PERSONS, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.42.070)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ADVANCING MONEY OR PROPERTY FOR EXTORTIONATE EXTENSION OF CREDIT
(RCW 9A.82.030)
CLASS B FELONY
NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions..... _____ x ½

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions..... _____ x 1

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
B. STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

AGGRAVATED MURDER, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 10.95.020)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

I. OFFENDER SCORING

ADULT HISTORY:

not scored

JUVENILE HISTORY:

not scored

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STATUS:

not scored

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:
STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL XVI)

NONE
DEATH SENTENCE OR LIFE SENTENCE WITHOUT PAROLE

B. A person found to be mentally retarded under RCW 10.95.030 may in no case be sentenced to death (RCW 10.95.070).

ARSON, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.48.020)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ARSON, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.48.030)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.36.011)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or solicitation, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3
 Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3
 Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. Statutory minimum sentence is 60 months if the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim (RCW 9.94A.540).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, FIRST DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.011)
CLASS A FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, please reference RCW 9.94A.525(12)(a)(ii) for purposes of computing the offender score.
- **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, FIRST DEGREE, ATTEMPT
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.011)
CLASS B FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense** is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, please reference RCW 9.94A.525(12)(a)(ii) for purposes of computing the offender score.
- **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *** The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION OR CONSPIRACY
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.011)
CLASS B FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. Statutory minimum sentence is 60 months if the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim (RCW 9.94A.540).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 9A.36.021)
CLASS B FELONY
VIOLENT

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT SECOND DEGREE WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.021)
CLASS A FELONY
VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense*, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

ASSAULT, SECOND DEGREE, ATTEMPT WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
 (RCW 9A.36.021)
 CLASS B FELONY
 NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	2.25 - 6.75 months	4.5 - 9 months	9 - 10.5 months	9.75 - 12.75 months	11.25 - 15 months	16.5 - 21.75 months	24.75 - 32.25 months	32.25 - 42.75 months	39.75 - 52.5 months	47.25 - 63 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

**ASSAULT, SECOND DEGREE, SOLICITATION OR CONSPIRACY
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.36.021)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	2.25 - 6.75 months	4.5 - 9 months	9 - 10.5 months	9.75 - 12.75 months	11.25 - 15 months	16.5 - 21.75 months	24.75 - 32.25 months	32.25 - 42.75 months	39.75 - 52.5 months	47.25 - 63 months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

• *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 9A.36.031)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT BY WATERCRAFT

(RCW 88.12.032)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.36.120)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or solicitation, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. Statutory minimum sentence is 60 months if the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim (RCW 9.94A.540).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.120)
CLASS A FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

B. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE, ATTEMPTED
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.36.120)
CLASS B FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**ASSAULT OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION OR CONSPIRACY
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.36.120)

CLASS B FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT OF A CHILD, SECOND DEGREE
 (RCW 9A.36.130)
 CLASS B FELONY
 VIOLENT
 (If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120*	120*

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ASSAULT OF A CHILD, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 9A.36.140)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ATTEMPTING TO ELUDE PURSUING POLICE VEHICLE
(RCW 46.61.024)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving and
 misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
 and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
 and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BAIL JUMPING WITH CLASS A FELONY
 (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(b))
CLASS B FELONY
NONVIOLENT
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BAIL JUMPING WITH CLASS B OR C FELONY
 (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(c))
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT
 (If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, please reference RCW 9.94A.525(12)(ii) for purposes of computing the offender score.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BAIL JUMPING WITH MURDER 1

(RCW 9A.76.170(2)(a))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
 - C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BRIBE RECEIVED BY WITNESS

(RCW 9A.72.100)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- E. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- F. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- G. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BRIBERY
 (RCW 9A.68.010)
CLASS B FELONY
NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**BRIBING A WITNESS
(RCW 9A.72.090)
CLASS B FELONY
NONVIOLENT**

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BURGLARY, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.52.020)

CLASS A FELONY

BURGLARY 1 (VIOLENT)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or solicitation, use form on page III-8)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(10))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BURGLARY, FIRST DEGREE WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
 (RCW 9A.52.020)
 CLASS A FELONY
 BURGLARY 1 (VIOLENT SEX)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B.** If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C.** When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D.** If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A.** If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BURGLARY, FIRST DEGREE, ATTEMPT WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.52.020)
CLASS B FELONY
BURGLARY 1 (VIOLENT SEX)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	11.25 - 15 months	15.75 - 20.25 months	19.5 - 25.5 months	23.25 - 30.75 months	27 - 36 months	30.75 - 40.5 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	65.25 - 87 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

**BURGLARY, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION OR CONSPIRACY
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.52.020)

CLASS B FELONY

BURGLARY 1 (VIOLENT SEX)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	11.25 - 15 months	15.75 - 20.25 months	19.5 - 25.5 months	23.25 - 30.75 months	27 - 36 months	30.75 - 40.5 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	65.25 - 87 months

- B.** When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (9.94A.120).
- C.** If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A.** If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9A.20.120).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BURGLARY, RESIDENTIAL
 (RCW 9A.52.025)
CLASS B FELONY
RESIDENTIAL AND SECOND DEGREE BURGLARY (NONVIOLENT)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-12)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(15))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

BURGLARY, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 9A.52.030)
CLASS B FELONY
RESIDENTIAL AND SECOND DEGREE BURGLARY (NONVIOLENT)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-12)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(15))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
B. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).
E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CHILD MOLESTATION OR ATTEMPTED CHILD MOLESTATION, FIRST DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.083)
CLASS A FELONY
VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001 and the offender must have been over 17 years of age at the time of the offense.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CHILD MOLESTATION, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION
(RCW 9A.44.083)
CLASS A FELONY
VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 128.25 months	111.75 - 148.5 months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CHILD MOLESTATION , FIRST DEGREE, CONSPIRACY
(RCW 9A.44.083)
CLASS B FELONY
VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 120* months	111.75 - 120* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CHILD MOLESTATION, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.086)
CLASS B FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CHILD MOLESTATION, THIRD DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.089)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

COMMERCIAL BRIBERY

(RCW 9A.68.060)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... x 1 =

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... x 1 =

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions..... x 1/2 =

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions..... x 1 =

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 =

Total the last column to get the Offender Score (Round down to the nearest whole number)

Empty box for Offender Score

II. SENTENCE RANGE

Table with 10 columns: OFFENDER SCORE (0-9 or more) and STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV) (3-9 months to 63-84 months)

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody.
B. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
C. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
E. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSAs) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

COMMUNICATION WITH A MINOR FOR IMMORAL PURPOSES
(RCW 9.68A.090)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

COMPUTER TRESPASS, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.52.110)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

COUNTERFEITING – ENDANGER PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY
 (RCW 9.16.035(4))
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT
 (If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

COUNTERFEITING – 3RD
 CONVICTION AND VALUE GREATER THAN \$10,000
 (RCW 9.16.035(3))
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**CRIMINAL GANG INTIMIDATION
(RCW 9A.46.120)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT**

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, please reference RCW 9.94A.525(12)(ii) for purposes of computing the offender score.
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CRIMINAL MISTREATMENT, FIRST DEGREE
 (RCW 9A.42.020)
 CLASS B FELONY
 NONVIOLENT
 (If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*



CRIMINAL MISTREATMENT, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 9A.42.030)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CUSTODIAL ASSAULT

(RCW 9A.36.100)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

CUSTODIAL SEXUAL MISCONDUCT, FIRST DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.160)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**DEALING IN DEPICTIONS OF MINOR
ENGAGED IN SEXUALLY EXPLICIT CONDUCT**

(RCW 9.68A.050)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE COURT ORDER VIOLATION

(RCW 26.50.110)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).

E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

DRIVE-BY SHOOTING

(RCW 9A.36.045)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ESCAPE, FIRST DEGREE
 (RCW 9A.76.110)
 CLASS B FELONY
 ESCAPE - RULE 2 (NONVIOLENT)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(14))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony dispositions..... _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
B. STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ESCAPE, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.76.120)

CLASS C FELONY

ESCAPE - RULE 2 (NONVIOLENT)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(14))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ESCAPE FROM COMMUNITY CUSTODY

(RCW 72.09.310)

CLASS C FELONY

ESCAPE - RULE 1 (NONVIOLENT)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(13))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Escape 1, Escape 2, Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, and Escape from Community Custody convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Escape 1, Escape 2, Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, and Willful Failure to Return from Work Release dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Escape 1, Escape 2, Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, and Escape from Community Custody convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

EXPLOSIVE DEVICES PROHIBITED

(RCW 70.74.180)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

EXTORTION, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.120)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- A. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

EXTORTION, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.130)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

EXTORTIONATE EXTENSION OF CREDIT

(RCW 9A.82.020)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

EXTORTIONATE MEANS TO COLLECT EXTENSIONS OF CREDIT

(RCW 9A.82.040)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

FALSE VERIFICATION FOR WELFARE

(RCW 74.08.055)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

FORGERY

(RCW 9A.60.020)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HARASSMENT

(RCW 9A.46.020)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HEALTH CARE FALSE CLAIMS

(RCW 48.80.030)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HIT AND RUN WITH A VESSEL - INJURY ACCIDENT

(RCW 79A.60.200(3))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL IV)

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HIT AND RUN – DEATH
 (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a))
 CLASS B FELONY
 NONVIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
 and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
 and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
 and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120* months	*120 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HIT AND RUN - INJURY
(RCW 46.52.020 (4)(b))
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving and
misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____
Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving and
misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving and
misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSAs) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HOMICIDE BY ABUSE

(RCW 9A.32.055)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or solicitation, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	240 - 320 months	250 - 333 months	261 - 347 months	271 - 361 months	281 - 374 months	291 - 388 months	312 - 416 months	338 - 450 months	370 - 493 months	411 - 548 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

HOMICIDE BY ABUSE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION
(RCW 9A.32.055)
CLASS A FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	240 - 320 months	250 - 333 months	261 - 347 months	271 - 361 months	281 - 374 months	291 - 388 months	312 - 416 months	338 - 450 months	370 - 493 months	411 - 548 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**HOMICIDE BY ABUSE, ATTEMPTED
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**
(RCW 9A.32.055)
CLASS B FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

B. The minimum term for this offense** is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.

C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.

D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
- ***The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**HOMICIDE BY WATERCRAFT, BY BEING UNDER
THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR ANY DRUG**

(RCW 79A.60.050)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**HOMICIDE BY WATERCRAFT, BY DISREGARD
FOR THE SAFETY OF OTHERS**

(RCW 79A.60.050)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**HOMICIDE BY WATERCRAFT, BY THE OPERATION
OF ANY VESSEL IN A RECKLESS MANNER**

(RCW 79A.60.050)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

IDENTITY THEFT, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9.35.020(a))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL IV)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63-84 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

IDENTITY THEFT, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9.35.020(b))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

IMPROPERLY OBTAINING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(RCW 9.35.010)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INCEST, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.64.020(1))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INCEST, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.64.020(2))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INCITING CRIMINAL PROFITEERING

(RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120* months	120* months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**INDECENT EXPOSURE TO PERSON UNDER AGE 14
(SUBSEQUENT SEX OFFENSE)**

(RCW 9A.88.010)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

**INDECENT LIBERTIES OR ATTEMPTED INDECENT LIBERTIES
(WITH FORCIBLE COMPULSION)**

(RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INDECENT LIBERTIES WITH FORCIBLE COMPULSION, SOLICITATION

(RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 128.25 months	111.75 - 148.5 months

- B. The range for solicitation is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INDECENT LIBERTIES WITH FORCIBLE COMPULSION, CONSPIRACY

(RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))

CLASS B FELONY -VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 120* months	111.75 - 120* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INDECENT LIBERTIES WITHOUT FORCIBLE COMPULSION

(RCW 9A.44.100 (1)(b) and (c))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INFLUENCING OUTCOME OF SPORTING EVENT

(RCW 9A.82.070)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTIMIDATING A JUDGE

(RCW 9A.72.160)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTIMIDATING A JUROR

(RCW 9A.72.130)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTIMIDATING A PUBLIC SERVANT

(RCW 9A.76.180)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTIMIDATING A WITNESS

(RCW 9A.72.110)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTRODUCING CONTRABAND, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.76.140)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

INTRODUCING CONTRABAND, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.76.150)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

KIDNAPPING, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.40.020)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspire or solicitation, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, FIRST DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.40.020)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, FIRST DEGREE,
ATTEMPT WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**
(RCW 9A.40.020)
CLASS B FELONY
SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 120* months	111.75 - 120* months

- B. The minimum term for this offense** is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - ***The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, FIRST DEGREE, CONSPIRACY OR SOLICITATION
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.40.020)

CLASS B FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	38.25 - 51 months	42.75 - 56.25 months	46.5 - 61.5 months	50.25 - 66.75 months	54 - 72 months	57.75 - 76.5 months	73.5 - 97.5 months	81 - 108 months	96.75 - 120*	111.75 - 120*

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).
 - The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

KIDNAPPING, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.40.030)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, SECOND DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.40.030)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

B. The minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712

C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.

D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).

B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

C. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, SECOND DEGREE, ATTEMPT
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.40.030)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions..... _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	4.5 - 9 months	9 – 10.5 months	9.75 – 12.75 months	11.25 - 15 months	16.5 – 21.75 months	24.75 – 32.25 months	30.75 – 40.5 months	38.25 - 51 months	46.5 – 60* months	54 – 60* months

- B. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense** is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- C. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *** The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**KIDNAPPING, SECOND DEGREE,
CONSPIRACY OR SOLICITATION WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.40.030)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	4.5 - 9 months	9 - 10.5 months	9.75 - 12.75 months	11.25 - 15 months	16.5 - 21.75 months	24.75 - 32.25 months	30.75 - 40.5 months	38.25 - 51 months	46.5 - 60* months	54 - 60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

LEADING ORGANIZED CRIME

(RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS EXPLOSION, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.280(1))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	240 - 320 months	250 - 333 months	261 - 347 months	271 - 361 months	281 - 374 months	291 - 388 months	312 - 416 months	338 - 450 months	370 - 493 months	411 - 548 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS EXPLOSION, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.280(2))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL XIII)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
123 - 164 months	134 - 178 months	144 - 192 months	154 - 205 months	165 - 219 months	175 - 233 months	195 - 260 months	216 - 288 months	257 - 342 months	298 - 397 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets in pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS EXPLOSION, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.280(3))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021)*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MALICIOUS HARASSMENT

(RCW 9A.36.080)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 60* months	60* months

STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL IV)

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MALICIOUS INJURY TO RAILROAD PROPERTY

(RCW 81.60.070)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.48.070)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.48.080)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS PLACEMENT OF EXPLOSIVE, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.270(1))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XIII)	123 - 164 months	134 - 178 months	144 - 192 months	154 - 205 months	165 - 219 months	175 - 233 months	195 - 260 months	216 - 288 months	257 - 342 months	298 - 397 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MALICIOUS PLACEMENT OF EXPLOSIVES, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 70.74.270(2))**

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120*	120* months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS PLACEMENT OF EXPLOSIVES, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.270(3))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS PLACEMENT OF IMITATION DEVICE, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 120* months	102 - 120* months	111 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MALICIOUS PLACEMENT OF IMITATION DEVICE, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MANSLAUGHTER, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.32.060)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	78 - 102 months	86 - 114 months	95 - 125 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 158 months	146 - 194 months	159 - 211 months	185 - 245 months	210 - 280 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MANSLAUGHTER, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.32.070)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MURDER, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.32.030)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or solicitation, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	240 - 320 months	250 - 333 months	261 - 347 months	271 - 361 months	281 - 374 months	291 - 388 months	312 - 416 months	338 - 450 months	370 - 493 months	411 - 548 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *Statutory minimum sentence is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 9.94A.540).*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MURDER OR ATTEMPTED MURDER, FIRST DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.32.030)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XV)	240 - 320 months	250 - 333 months	261 - 347 months	271 - 361 months	281 - 374 months	291 - 388 months	312 - 416 months	338 - 450 months	370 - 493 months	411 - 548 months

- B. The range for attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- **The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MURDER, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.32.050)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict for conspiracy or attempt, use form on page III-15)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(9))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XIV)	123 - 220 months	134 - 234 months	144 - 244 months	154 - 254 months	165 - 265 months	175 - 275 months	195 - 295 months	216 - 316 months	257 - 357 months	298 - 397 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 24 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MURDER OR ATTEMPTED MURDER, SECOND DEGREE
WITH A FINDING OF SEXUAL MOTIVATION**

(RCW 9A.32.050)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XIV)	123 - 220 months	134 - 234 months	144 - 244 months	154 - 254 months	165 - 265 months	175 - 275 months	195 - 295 months	216 - 316 months	257 - 357 months	298 - 397 months

- B. The range for attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PATRONIZING A JUVENILE PROSTITUTE

(RCW 9.68A.100)
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PERJURY, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.72.020)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PERJURY, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.72.030)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PERSISTENT PRISON MISBEHAVIOR

(RCW 9.94.070)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- D. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- E. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (9.94A.030).
- D.F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

POSSESSION OF A STOLEN FIREARM*

(RCW 9A.56.310)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

** Each firearm possessed under this section is a separate offense.*

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions**..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. If the offender is convicted under section 9.41.040 for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).

D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

F. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**** If the present conviction is for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2° and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, charged under 9.41.040, other current convictions for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2°, Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or Theft of a Firearm, may not be included in the computation of the offender score (per RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c)), rather the offender will serve consecutive sentences for these particular offenses.**

POSSESSION OF INCENDIARY DEVICES

(RCW 9.40.120)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**POSSESSION OF MACHINE GUN OR SHORT-BARRELED
SHOTGUN OR RIFLE**

(RCW 9.41.190)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030)
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSAs) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

POSSESSION OF STOLEN PROPERTY, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.150)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

POSSESSION OF STOLEN PROPERTY, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.160)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PROMOTING PROSTITUTION, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.88.070)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120* months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- C. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

PROMOTING PROSTITUTION, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.88.080)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OR ATTEMPTED RAPE, FIRST DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.040)
 CLASS A FELONY
 SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- *Statutory minimum sentence for a completed offense is 60 months (RCW 9.94A.540).*
 - *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION

(RCW 9A.44.040)

CLASS A FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525 (16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 128.25 months	103.5 - 138 months	121.5 - 162 months	133.5 - 177 months	156.75 - 207.75 months	180 - 238.5 months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. Statutory *minimum* sentence is 60 months (RCW 9.94A.540).
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE, FIRST DEGREE, CONSPIRACY

(RCW 9A.44.040)

CLASS B FELONY

SERIOUS VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525 (16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent felony dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. Statutory *minimum* sentence is 60 months (RCW 9.94A.540).
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**RAPE OR ATTEMPTED RAPE, SECOND DEGREE
(RCW 9A.44.050)
CLASS A FELONY
VIOLENT SEX**

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	78 - 102 months	86 - 114 months	95 - 125 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 158 months	146 - 194 months	159 - 211 months	185 - 245 months	210 - 280 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE, SECOND DEGREE, SOLICITATION

(RCW 9A.44.050)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	58.5 – 76.5 months	64.5 – 85.5 months	71.25 – 93.75 months	76.5 – 102 months	83.25 – 110.25 months	90 – 118.5 months	109.5 – 145.5 months	119.25 – 158.25 months	138.75 – 183.75 months	157.5 – 210 months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE, SECOND DEGREE, CONSPIRACY

(RCW 9A.44.050)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	58.5 – 76.5 months	64.5 – 85.5 months	71.25 – 93.75 months	76.5 – 102 months	83.25 – 110.25 months	90 – 118.5 months	109.5 – 120* months	119.25 – 120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 9A.44.060)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD OR ATTEMPTED RAPE OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.44.073)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	93 - 123 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 160 months	129 - 171 months	138 - 184 months	162 - 216 months	178 - 236 months	209 - 277 months	240 - 318 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE, SOLICITATION

(RCW 9A.44.073)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 128.25 months	103.5 - 138 months	121.5 - 162 months	133.5 - 177 months	156.75 - 207.75 months	180 - 238.5 months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD, FIRST DEGREE, CONSPIRACY

(RCW 9A.44.073)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XII)	69.75 - 92.25 months	76.5 - 102 months	83.25 - 110.25 months	90 - 120 months	96.75 - 120* months	103.5 - 120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD OR ATTEMPTED RAPE OF CHILD, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.44.076)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	78 - 102 months	86 - 114 months	95 - 125 months	102 - 136 months	111 - 147 months	120 - 158 months	146 - 194 months	159 - 211 months	185 - 245 months	210 - 280 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD, SECOND DEGREE, SOLICITATION

(RCW 9A.44.076)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	58.5 – 76.5 months	64.5 – 85.5 months	71.25 – 93.75 months	76.5 – 102 months	83.25 – 110.25 months	90 – 118.5 months	109.5 – 145.5 months	119.25 – 158.25 months	138.75 – 183.75 months	157.5 – 210 months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD, SECOND DEGREE, CONSPIRACY

(RCW 9A.44.076)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE (DISPLAYED RANGE HAS ALREADY BEEN REDUCED TO 75% PER RCW 9.94A.595).

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL XI)	58.5 – 76.5 months	64.5 – 85.5 months	71.25 – 93.75 months	76.5 – 102 months	83.25 – 110.25 months	90 – 118.5 months	109.5 – 120* months	119.25 – 120* months	120* months	120* months

- B. The range for conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RAPE OF A CHILD, THIRD DEGREE

(RCW 9A.44.079)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RECKLESS BURNING, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.48.040)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses, which do not encompass the same conduct, count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RENDERING CRIMINAL ASSISTANCE, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.76.070)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

(RCW 9A.52.025)

CLASS B FELONY

RESIDENTIAL AND SECOND DEGREE BURGLARY (NONVIOLENT)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-12)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(15))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Burglary 1 dispositions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Burglary 1 convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other Burglary 2 or Residential Burglary convictions _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ROBBERY, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.200)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

ROBBERY, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.210)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be order ed for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SECURITIES ACT VIOLATION

(RCW 21.20.400)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**SENDING, BRINGING INTO THE STATE DEPICTIONS
OF A MINOR ENGAGED IN SEXUALLY EXPLICIT CONDUCT**

(RCW 9.68A.060)
CLASS C FELONY
NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

- A. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SEXUAL EXPLOITATION

(RCW 9.68A.040)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions..... _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 120* months	120* months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SEXUALLY VIOLATING HUMAN REMAINS

(RCW 9A.44.105)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATOR ESCAPE

(RCW 9A.76.115)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL X)	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	62 - 82 months	67 - 89 months	72 - 96 months	77 - 102 months	98 - 130 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months	149 - 198 months

- B. The range for an attempt is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender, then the minimum term for this offense* is the standard sentence range, and the maximum term is the statutory maximum for the offense. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- D. When a court sentences a non-persistent offender to this offense, the court shall also sentence the offender* to Community Custody under the supervision of the Dept. of Corrections and the authority of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board for any period of time the person is released from total confinement before the expiration of the maximum sentence. See RCW 9.94A.712.
- E. Statutory minimum sentence is 60 months (RCW 9.94A.540).
- F. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - *The offense must have been committed on or after September 1, 2001.*
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT WITH A MINOR, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.44.093)
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT SEX

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(16))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of sex offense dispositions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other sex offense convictions _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL V)	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

- A. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 36 to 48 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. If the offender is not a persistent offender and has a prior conviction for an offense listed in RCW 9.94A.030(32)(b), and the current offense occurred on or after September 1, 2001, then the sentence is subject to the requirements of RCW 9.94A.712.
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If no prior sex offense conviction and sentence is less than eleven years: Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative (RCW 9.94A.670).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

STALKING

(RCW 9A.46.110)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

STANDARD RANGE
(LEVEL V)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41 - 54 months	51 - 60* months	60* months	60* months

If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, please reference RCW 9.94A.525(12)(ii) for purposes of computing the offender score.
 - **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**TAKING MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT PERMISSION
IN THE FIRST DEGREE**

(RCW 9A.56.070(1))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL 5)	6 - 12 days	12+ - 14 days	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	41+ - 54 months	51 - 68 months	62 - 82 months	72 - 96 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

TAKING MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT PERMISSION

In the Second Degree

(RCW 9A.56.070(2))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

TAMPERING WITH A WITNESS

(RCW 9A.72.120)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**TELEPHONE HARASSMENT
(SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR THREAT OF DEATH)**

(RCW 9.61.230)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THEFT, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.030)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THEFT, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.040)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THEFT OF A FIREARM*
(RCW 9A.56.300)
 CLASS B FELONY
 NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

***Each firearm possessed under this section is a separate offense.**

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions** _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VI)	12+ - 14 months	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	46 - 61 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is convicted under section 9.41.040 for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- D. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**** If the present conviction is for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2° and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, charged under 9.41.040, other current convictions for any of the offenses previously listed may not be included in the computation of the offender score (per RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c)), rather the offender will serve consecutive sentences for these particular offenses.**

THEFT OF LIVESTOCK, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.080(1))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. A mandatory fine of \$2,000 for each animal shall be imposed (RCW 9A.56.085).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THEFT OF LIVESTOCK, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.56.080(2))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. A mandatory fine of \$2,000 for each animal shall be imposed (RCW 9A.56.085).

- **Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).

E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**THEFT OF RENTAL, LEASED, OR LEASE-PURCHASED PROPERTY
(VALUED AT \$1,500 OR MORE)**

(RCW 9A.56.096(4))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).

C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.

B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).

C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).

D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).

E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).

F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**THEFT OF RENTAL, LEASED, OR LEASE-PURCHASED PROPERTY
(VALUED AT \$250 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$1,500 DOLLARS)**

(RCW 9A.56.096(4))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THREATS TO BOMB

(RCW 9.61.160)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (if against a person) (9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

TRAFFICKING IN INSURANCE CLAIMS

(RCW 48.30A.015)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- C. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- D. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- E. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

TRAFFICKING IN STOLEN PROPERTY, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.82.050(2))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

TRAFFICKING IN STOLEN PROPERTY, SECOND DEGREE

(RCW 9A.82.050(1))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

- *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT

(RCW 9A.40.040)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60* months

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- E. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL ISSUANCE OF CHECKS OR DRAFTS

(RCW 9A.56.060)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM, FIRST DEGREE*

(RCW 9.41.040(1)(a))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

**Each firearm possessed under this section is a separate offense.*

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions** _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the offender is convicted under section 9.41.040 for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- B. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**** If the present conviction is for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2° and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, charged under 9.41.040, other current convictions for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2°, Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or Theft of a Firearm, may not be included in the computation of the offender score (per RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c)), rather the offender will serve consecutive sentences for these particular offenses.**

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM, SECOND DEGREE*
(RCW 9.41.040(1)(b))
 CLASS C FELONY
 NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

**Each firearm possessed under this section is a separate offense.*

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions** _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 60*** months

B. If the offender is convicted under section 9.41.040 for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the First or Second Degree and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences.

- *** Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**** If the present conviction is for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2° and for the felony crimes of Theft of a Firearm or Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or both, charged under 9.41.040, other current convictions for Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1° or 2°, Possession of a Stolen Firearm, or Theft of a Firearm, may not be included in the computation of the offender score (per RCW 9.94A.589(1)(c)), rather the offender will serve consecutive sentences for these particular offenses.**

UNLAWFUL PRACTICE OF LAW

(RCW 2.48.180)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- C. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- D. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- E. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL USE OF FOOD STAMPS

(RCW 9.91.140 (2) and (3))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLICENSED PRACTICE OF A PROFESSION OR BUSINESS

(RCW 18.130.190(7))

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL II)	0 - 90 days	2 - 6 months	3 - 9 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- C. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- D. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- E. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNRANKED OFFENSE

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-18)

I. OFFENDER SCORING

ADULT HISTORY:

not scored

JUVENILE HISTORY:

not scored

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES:

not scored

STATUS:

not scored

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

NONE

STANDARD RANGE
(unranked)

not more than 12 months (9.94A.505)

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If not a sex offense, not a drug offense and not a violent offense (RCW 9.94A.030), and if "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. Sentence can include community service work and a term of community custody not to exceed one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- C. If not a sex offense (RCW 9.94A.030), not a drug offense (RCW 9.94A.030), and not a violent offense (RCW 9.94A.030), then partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- D. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

USE OF PROCEEDS OF CRIMINAL PROFITEERING

(RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

USE OF A MACHINE GUN IN COMMISSION OF A FELONY

(RCW 9.41.225)

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-16)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(8))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
 - C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
 - D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

VEHICLE PROWL, FIRST DEGREE

(RCW 9A.52.095)

CLASS C FELONY

NONVIOLENT

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL I)	0 - 60 days	0 - 90 days	2 - 5 months	2 - 6 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	14 - 18 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. Partial confinement may be served in home detention (RCW 9.94A.030).
- E. If eligible, Work Ethic Camp may be recommended (RCW 9.94A.690).
- F. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-7 (RCW 9.94A.660).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**VEHICULAR ASSAULT BY BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OR BY THE
OPERATION OR DRIVING OF A VEHICLE IN A RECKLESS MANNER**

(RCW 46.61.522)

CLASS B FELONY

VIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions..... _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IV)	3 - 9 months	6 - 12 months	12+ - 14 months	13 - 17 months	15 - 20 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	53 - 70 months	63 - 84 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**VEHICULAR ASSAULT BY THE OPERATION OF A VEHICLE
WITH DISREGARD FOR THE SAFETY OF OTHERS**

(RCW 46.61.522)

CLASS B FELONY

NONVIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving and
misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL III)	1 - 3 months	3 - 8 months	4 - 12 months	9 - 12 months	12+ - 16 months	17 - 22 months	22 - 29 months	33 - 43 months	43 - 57 months	51 - 68 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 18 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS

- A. If sentence is one year or less: part or all of the sentence may be converted to partial confinement (RCW 9.94A.680).
- B. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
 - *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**VEHICULAR HOMICIDE BY DISREGARD
FOR SAFETY OF OTHERS**

(RCW 46.61.520(1)(c))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VII)	15 - 20 months	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	57 - 75 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
 - *he scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**VEHICULAR HOMICIDE BY BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE
OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR ANY DRUG**

(RCW 46.61.520(1)(a))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions* _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions* _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL IX)	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	51 - 68 months	57 - 75 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months	129 - 171 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

* **If the current offense occurred on or after January 1, 1999, add two years to the sentence for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055, but do not include such offenses in the computation of the offender score.**

**VEHICULAR HOMICIDE BY THE OPERATION OF ANY VEHICLE
IN A RECKLESS MANNER**

(RCW 46.61.520(1)(b))

CLASS A FELONY

VIOLENT TRAFFIC OFFENSE

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(11))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault dispositions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other Vehicular Homicide and Vehicular Assault convictions _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of Driving While Intoxicated, Actual Physical Control, Reckless Driving
and misdemeanor Hit and Run - Attended convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 61 months	67 - 89 months	77 - 102 months	87 - 116 months	108 - 144 months

- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 18 to 36 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, IMITATION SUBSTANCES,
AND LEGEND DRUG OFFENSE REFERENCE SHEETS
(Chapters 69.41, 69.50, 69.52, 69.55)**

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE HOMICIDE

(RCW 69.50.415)

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.415).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE HOMICIDE

(RCW 69.50.415)

CLASS B DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)*

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or year of III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-268.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

II. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED
SUBSTANCE - METHAMPHETAMINE**

(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(ii))

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____
 + When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or year of III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-268.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).
 *The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See State v. Howell, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See In re Hopkins, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED
SUBSTANCE - METHAMPHETAMINE**

(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(ii))

CLASS B DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED
SUBSTANCE - SCHEDULE I OR II NARCOTIC**

(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(i))

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.

D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.

E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED
SUBSTANCE - SCHEDULE I OR II NARCOTIC
(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(i))**

Class B DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense.* (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGE

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE - SCHEDULE III-V
NARCOTIC OR SCHEDULE I-V NONNARCOTIC (except Methamphetamine)**
(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(iii-v))

CLASS C DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense.* (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 60 months (five years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**CREATE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS A COUNTERFEIT CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE - SCHEDULE III-V
NARCOTIC OR SCHEDULE I-V NONNARCOTIC (except Methamphetamine)**

(RCW 69.50.401(b)(1)(iii-v))

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS – See page III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

DELIVER OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER METHAMPHETAMINE

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION OR NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGESS

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

DELIVER OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER METHAMPHETAMINE

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))

CLASS B - SUBSEQUENT DRUG CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENECE RANGE

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See State v. Howell, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See In re Hopkins, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

•The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.

**DELIVERY OF IMITATION CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES BY PERSON 18
OR OVER TO PERSON UNDER 18
(RCW 69.52.030 (2))**

CLASS B - NONVIOLENT

*For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)*

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions..... x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions..... x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. The range for attempt, solicitation, and conspiracy is 75% of the range for the completed crime (RCW 9.94A.595).
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

•The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

DELIVERY OF MATERIAL IN LIEU OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
(RCW 69.50.401(c))
CLASS C DRUG – FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points

for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS See page III-268

•The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.

**DELIVERY OF MATERIAL IN LIEU OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
(RCW 69.50.401(c))**

CLASS C - SUBSEQUENT DRUG CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. *Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.408).*

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS – See page III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

FORGED PRESCRIPTION (Legend Drug)

(RCW 69.41.020)

CLASS B - NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGE

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

III. - SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

FORGED PRESCRIPTION FOR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(RCW 69.50.403)

CLASS C– NONVIOLENT- FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--	--

DRUG GRID SENTENCING RANGE

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. A \$1,000 mandatory fine shall be imposed, unless indigent (RCW 69.50.430).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 24 months (2 years) (RCW 69.50.403).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

FORGED PRESCRIPTION FOR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(RCW 69.50.403)

CLASS C - NON VIOLENT - -SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 manual.
- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. A \$2,000 mandatory fine shall be imposed, unless indigent (RCW 69.50.430).
- D. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 48 months (4 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.

INVOLVING A MINOR IN DRUG DEALING

(RCW 69.50.401(f))

CLASS C DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

*For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)*

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) for the first conviction (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

INVOLVING A MINOR IN DRUG DEALING

(RCW 69.50.401(f))

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- E. Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) for the subsequent conviction (RCW 69.50.408)

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules..*

MAINTAINING A DWELLING OR PLACE FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(RCW 69.50.402(a)(6))

CLASS C DRUG- FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)*

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 24 months (two years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

MAINTAINING A DWELLING OR PLACE FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(RCW 69.50.402(a)(6))

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 48 months (four years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER AMPHETAMINE

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION , NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)*

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER AMPHETAMINE

- SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE
(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii) CLASS B DRUG

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER HEROIN OR COCAINE
FIRST CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITHOUT SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)) CLASS B - DRUG –

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ x 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS – See page III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER HEROIN OR COCAINE
SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITHOUT SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)) CLASS B DRUG –

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER HEROIN OR COCAINE-
FIRST DRUG CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITH A SERIOUS VIOLENT OR A SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i)) CLASS B

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 3= _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 3= _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ x 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER HEROIN OR COCAINE

SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

WITH SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))

CLASS B FELONY DRUG .-

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 2 = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 3 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See pages III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER MARIJUANA

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))

CLASS C DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 60 months (five years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER MARIJUANA

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 15 months to the entire standard range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER NARCOTICS
FROM SCHEDULE I OR II (EXCEPT HEROIN OR COCAINE) OR FLUNITRAZEPAM FROM SCHEDULE IV**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*+ _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER NARCOTICS
FROM SCHEDULE I OR II (EXCEPT HEROIN OR COCAINE) OR FLUNITRAZEPAM FROM SCHEDULE IV**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))

CLASS B DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III - 268

- The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER NARCOTICS FROM SCHEDULE III-V OR
NONNARCOTICS FROM SCHEDULE I-V (EXCEPT MARIJUANA, AMPHETAMINE, METHAMPHETAMINE, OR
FLUNITRAZEPAM)**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii-v))

CLASS C DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 15 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 60 months (five years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See pages III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE, DELIVER, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DELIVER NARCOTICS FROM SCHEDULE III-V OR
NONNARCOTICS FROM SCHEDULE I-V (EXCEPT MARIJUANA, AMPHETAMINE, METHAMPHETAMINE, OR
FLUNITRAZEPAM)**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii-v))

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435)..Add 15 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See pages III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, OR POSSESS WITH INTENT TO DISTRIBUTE
AN IMITATION CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE**

(RCW 69.52.030(1))

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level II	12+ to 20 months	20+ to 60 months	60+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)*.
- C. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence
- D. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE - FIRST CONVICTION OR NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITHOUT SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii) CLASS B DRUG –
For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)
(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 2 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 3 = _____

 Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x1 = _____

 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)* **.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III - 269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules.*

**MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITHOUT SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSES IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401 (a)(1)(ii)) CLASS B DRUG –

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*..... _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 2 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*..... _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*..... _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III- 269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See pages III - 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE - FIRST CONVICTION OR NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITH SERIOUS VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSE IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)) –CLASS B DRUG -

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 3 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)**+ _____ x 3= _____

 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 2 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)**+ _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methampheramine..... _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)**+ _____ x3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 =

+ When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual. -

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).

D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.

E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.

F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS- -See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE- SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE
WITH VIOLENT OR SEX OFFENSE IN OFFENDER'S HISTORY**

(RCW 69.50.401 (a)(1)(ii)) –CLASS B DRUG -

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 3 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*** _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 2 = _____

 Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*** _____ x 2 = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of felony drug convictions for Manufacture of Methamphetamine..... _____ x 3 = _____

 Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)*** _____ x 3 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

+ *When the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense.* (RCW 9.94A.525)

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. A mandatory \$3,000 fine is to be deposited with the law enforcement agency responsible for clean-up of laboratories, sites, or substances used in the manufacture of the methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401).

Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69. MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE

- *The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).
- **The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See pages III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**OVER 18 AND DELIVER HEROIN, METHAMPHETAMINE, A NARCOTIC FROM SCHEDULE I OR II,
OR FLUNITRAZEPAM TO SOMEONE UNDER 18**

(RCW 69.50.406)

CLASS B - DRUG OFFENSE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other serious violent and violent felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- F. Statutory maximum for this offense is 240 months (20 years) (69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS- -See pages III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

OVER 18 AND DELIVER NARCOTIC FROM SCHEDULE III-V, OR A NONNARCOTIC, EXCEPT FLUNITRAZEPAM OR METHAMPHETAMINE, FROM SCHEDULE I-V TO SOMEONE UNDER 18 AND 3 YEARS JUNIOR

(RCW 69.50.406)

CLASS C - DRUG OFFENSE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

. II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus route stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school grounds, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 15 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.406).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE THAT IS EITHER HEROIN OR
NARCOTICS FROM SCHEDULE I OR II OR FLUNITRAZEPAM (e.g., Cocaine)**

(RCW 69.50.401(d))

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.

B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).

C. Add 12 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).

D. A \$1,000 mandatory fine shall be imposed (\$2,000 for a subsequent conviction), unless indigent (RCW 69.50.430).

E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

F. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.

G. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE THAT IS A NARCOTIC FROM SCHEDULE III-V OR A NONNARCOTIC FROM SCHEDULE I-V(EXCEPT PHENCYCLIDINE OR FLUNITRAZEPAM) (e.g., Methamphetamine and Marijuana)

(RCW 69.50.401(d))

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. Add 12 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. A \$1,000 mandatory fine shall be imposed (\$2,000 for a subsequent conviction), unless indigent (RCW 69.50.430).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- F. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- G. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS- -See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**POSSESSION OF EPHEDRINE, PSEUDOEPHEDRINE OR ANHYDROUS AMMONIA
WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE**

(RCW 69.50.440)

CLASS B DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- D. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 120 months (ten years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS -See page III- 268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**POSSESSION OF EPHEDRINE, PSEUDOEPHEDRINE OR ANHYDROUS AMMONIA
WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE METHAMPHETAMINE
(RCW 69.50.440)**

CLASS B DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____
 Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

Error! Not a valid filename.A For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.

- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- E. Statutory maximum sentence for subsequent conviction under RCW 69.50 is 240 months (20 years) (RCW 69.50.408).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).
 **The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

POSSESSION OF PHENCYCLIDINE (PCP)

(RCW 69.50.401(d))

CLASS C -NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**

(Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715).
- C. Add 12 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- D. A \$1,000 mandatory fine shall be imposed (\$2,000 for a subsequent conviction), unless indigent (RCW 69.50.430).
- E. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- F. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269
- G. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

**SELLING FOR PROFIT (CONTROLLED OR COUNTERFEIT)
ANY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE**

(RCW 69.50.410)

CLASS C DRUG - FIRST CONVICTION AND NOT IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* x ½ = _____

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* x 1 = _____

Enter number of other felony convictions x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)***.
- D. Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for first conviction under RCW 69.50 is 60 months (five years) (RCW 69.50.401).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

SELLING FOR PROFIT (CONTROLLED OR COUNTERFEIT) ANY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(RCW 69.50.410)

CLASS C DRUG - SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION OR IN A PROTECTED ZONE

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-14)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(12))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of felony drug dispositions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x ½ = _____
 Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony drug convictions (as defined by RCW 9.94A.030)* _____ x 1 = _____
 Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
 (Round down to the nearest whole number)

--

II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level III	51 to 68 months	68+ to 100 months	100+ to 120 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. When a court sentences an offender to the custody of the Dept. of Corrections, the court shall also sentence the offender to community custody for the range of 9 to 12 months, or to the period of earned release, whichever is longer (RCW 9.94A.715)**.
- D. Add 24 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense took place within 1,000 feet of a school bus stop, within 1,000 feet of the perimeter of school ground, in a public park, on a public transit vehicle, or in a public transit stop shelter (RCW 9.94A.510, 69.50.435). Add 18 months to the entire standard sentence range with a finding that the offense was committed in a county jail or state correctional facility (RCW 9.94A.510).
- E. For sentence ranges for anticipatory drug offenses, see page III-269.
- F. Statutory maximum sentence for this crime is 120 months (ten years) for the second conviction or violation of a protected zone.

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

THEFT OF ANHYDROUS AMMONIA

(RCW 69.55.010)

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

This offense is not effected by RCW 9.94A.517 (new drug grid).

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

C. *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL STORAGE OF ANHYDROUS AMMONIA

(RCW 69.55.020)

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

This offense is not effected by RCW 9.94A.517 (new drug grid).

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x 1/2 = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), _____ + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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II. SENTENCE RANGE

A. OFFENDER SCORE:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
STANDARD RANGE (LEVEL VIII)	21 - 27 months	26 - 34 months	31 - 41 months	36 - 48 months	41 - 54 months	46 - 60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months	60* months

A. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.

B. *Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

UNLAWFUL USE OF BUILDING FOR DRUG PURPOSES

(RCW 69.53.010)

CLASS C - NONVIOLENT

For offenses occurring after June 30, 2003 (RCW 9.94A.517)

(If sexual motivation finding/verdict, use form on page III-13)

I. OFFENDER SCORING (RCW 9.94A.525(7))

ADULT HISTORY:

Enter number of felony convictions..... _____ x 1 = _____

JUVENILE HISTORY:

Enter number of serious violent and violent felony dispositions..... _____ x 1 = _____

Enter number of nonviolent felony dispositions _____ x ½ = _____

OTHER CURRENT OFFENSES: (Other current offenses which do not encompass the same conduct count in offender score)

Enter number of other felony convictions _____ x 1 = _____

STATUS: Was the offender on community placement on the date the current offense was committed? (if yes), + 1 = _____

Total the last column to get the **Offender Score**
(Round down to the nearest whole number)

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II. DRUG GRID SENTENCE RANGES

Offender Score:	0 to 2	3 to 5	6 to 9+
Standard Range Level I	0 to 6 months	6+ to 18 months	12+ to 24 months

- A. For current offenses occurring after June 30, 2002 but before July 1, 2003, please reference the 2002 sentencing manual for applicable scoring rules. For current offenses occurring prior to July 1, 2002, please reference the 2001 sentencing manual.
- B. If the court orders a deadly weapon enhancement, use the applicable enhancement sheets on pages III-5 or III-6 to calculate the enhanced sentence.
- C. Statutory maximum sentence is 60 months (five years) (RCW 9A.20.021).

*The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See *State v. Howell*, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).

**The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not "drug offenses" and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See *In re Hopkins*, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS - See page III-268

- *The scoring sheets are intended to provide assistance in most cases but do not cover all permutations of the scoring rules*

III. SENTENCING OPTIONS FOR DRUG OFFENSES

(CHAPTERS. 69.50, 69.55, 69.41)

- A. If "First-time Offender" eligible: 0-90 days confinement and up to one year of community custody. If treatment is ordered, the period of community custody may include up to the period of treatment, but shall not exceed two years.
- B. If sentence is one year or less: one day of jail can be converted to one day of partial confinement or eight hours of community service (up to 240 hours) (RCW 9.94A.680).
- C. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- D. If Drug Offender Sentencing Alternative (DOSA) eligible: see DOSA form for alternative sentence on page III-8 (RCW 9.94A.660).
- E. If sentence is one year or less: community custody may be ordered for up to one year (RCW 9.94A.545).
- F. Partial confinement may be served in home detention under certain conditions (RCW 9.94A.030).

SENTENCE RANGES FOR ANTICIPATORY DRUG OFFENSES

The appropriate sentence ranges for anticipatory offenses (attempts and conspiracies) involving violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (VUCSA) have been clarified through a series of court decisions and legislative actions. Table 5 presents the current status of statute and case law on appropriate sentence ranges for anticipatory violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act.

Table 5. Sentence Ranges for Anticipatory Drug Offenses

	SENTENCE RANGE	STATUTE
Attempt** Possession, Delivery or Manufacture	Unranked (0 to 12)	RCW 69.50.407
Solicitation* Possession Delivery or Manufacture	75% of Standard Range	RCW 9A.28.030
Conspiracy** Possession, Delivery or Manufacture	Unranked (0 to 12)	RCW 69.50.407

RELEVANT STATUTES FOR VUCSA OFFENSES

RCW 69.50.101(f) “Deliver” or “delivery” means the actual or constructive transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

RCW 69.50.407 Conspiracy. Any person who attempts or conspires to commit any offense defined in this chapter is punishable by imprisonment or fine or both which may not exceed the maximum punishment prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy.

****RCW 9.94A.505 Sentences. (b)** If a standard sentence range has not been established for the offender's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement; community restitution work; until July 1, 2000, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year and on and after July 1, 2000, a term of community custody not to exceed one year, subject to conditions and sanctions as authorized in RCW 9.94A.710 (2) and (3); and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds reasons justifying an exceptional sentence as provided in *RCW 9.94A.535.

RCW 9A.28.030 Criminal solicitation. (1) A person is guilty of criminal solicitation when, with intent to promote or facilitate the commission of a crime, he offers to give or gives money or other thing of value to another to engage in specific conduct which would constitute such crime or which would establish complicity of such other person in its commission or attempted commission had such crime been attempted or committed.

(2) Criminal solicitation shall be punished in the same manner as criminal attempt under RCW 9A.28.020.

*Solicitations drop one class from the underlying offense (e.g., a solicitation to commit a Class B felony is a Class C felony). Solicitations to commit Class C felonies are gross misdemeanors

- *The Washington State Court of Appeals ruled that although solicitations to commit violations of 69.50 are not considered drug offenses as defined in 9.94A.030, they do score as a drug offense. See State v. Howell, 102 Wn. App. 288, 6 P.3d 1201 (2000).*
- *The Supreme Court clarified that solicitations to commit violations of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50) are not “drug offenses” and are not subject to the community custody requirement for drug offenses, under RCW 9.94A.715. See In re Hopkins, 137 Wn.2d 897 (1999).*

RELEVANT STATUTES – NON VUCSA OFFENSES

RCW 9A.28.020 Criminal attempt. (1) A person is guilty of an attempt to commit crime if, with intent to commit a specific crime, he does any act which is a substantial step toward the commission of that crime.

(2) If the conduct in which a person engages otherwise constitutes an attempt to commit a crime, it is no defense to a prosecution of such attempt that the crime charged to have been attempted was, under the attendant circumstances, factually or legally impossible of commission.

(3) An attempt to commit a crime is a:

(a) Class A felony when the crime attempted is murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, or arson in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, indecent liberties by forcible compulsion, rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the first degree, or rape of a child in the second degree.

(b) Class B felony when the crime attempted is a Class A felony other than an offense listed in (a) of this subsection;

(c) Class C felony when the crime attempted is a Class B felony,

(d) Gross misdemeanor when the crime attempted is a Class C felony,

(e) Misdemeanor when the crime attempted is a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor.

RCW 9A.28.030 Criminal solicitation. (1) A person is guilty of criminal solicitation when, with intent to promote or facilitate the commission of a crime, he offers to give or gives money or other thing of value to another to engage in specific conduct which would constitute such crime or which would establish complicity of such other person in its commission or attempted commission had such crime been attempted or committed.

(2) Criminal solicitation shall be punished in the same manner as criminal attempt under RCW 9A.28.020.

RCW 9A.28.040 Criminal conspiracy. (1) A person is guilty of criminal conspiracy when, with intent that conduct constituting a crime be performed, he agrees with one or more persons to engage in or cause the performance of such conduct, and any one of them takes a substantial step in pursuance of such agreement.

(2) It shall not be a defense to criminal conspiracy that the person or persons with whom the accused is alleged to have conspired:

(a) Has not been prosecuted or convicted, or

(b) Has been convicted of a different offense, or

(c) Is not amenable to justice, or

(d) Has been acquitted, or

(e) Lacked the capacity to commit an offense.

(3) Criminal conspiracy is a:

(a) Class A felony when an object of the conspiratorial agreement is murder in the first degree,

(b) Class B felony when an object of the conspiratorial agreement is a Class A felony other than murder in the first degree,

(c) Class C felony when an object of the conspiratorial agreement is a Class B felony,

(d) Gross misdemeanor when an object of the conspiratorial agreement is a Class C felony,

(e) Misdemeanor when an object of the conspiratorial agreement is a gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor.

RCW 9.94A.595 Anticipatory offenses. For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

In calculating an offender score, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for the completed offense. When these convictions are used as criminal history, score them the same as a completed crime.

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APPENDIX A
FELONY INDEX

FELONY INDEX

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.42.060	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 1	B	V
9A.42.070	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 2	C	III
29.36.160	Absentee Voting Violation	C	Unranked
46.52.130	Abstracts of Driving Records – Intentional Misuse	C	Unranked
9A.82.030	Advancing Money or Property for Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
10.95.020	Aggravated Murder 1	A	XVI
9.41.170	Alien Possession of a Firearm Without an Alien Firearm License	C	Unranked
46.12.220	Alteration or Forgery - Motor Vehicle Title	B	Unranked
9.45.210	Altering Sample or Certificate of Assay	C	Unranked
16.52.205	Animal Cruelty 1	C	Unranked
9A.48.020	Arson 1	A	VIII
9A.48.030	Arson 2	B	IV
9A.36.011	Assault 1	A	XII
9A.36.021	Assault 2	B	IV
9A.36.021 & 9.94A.127	Assault 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	IV
9A.36.031	Assault 3	C	III
79A.60.060	Assault by Watercraft	B	IV
9A.36.120	Assault of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.36.130	Assault of a Child 2	B	IX
9A.36.140	Assault of a Child 3	C	III
9.05.030	Assembly of Saboteurs	B	Unranked
72.23.170	Assist Escape of Mental Patient	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
46.61.024	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle	C	I
9A.76.170(2)(b)	Bail Jump with Class A Offense	B	V
9A.76.170(2)(c)	Bail Jump with Class B or C Offense	C	III
9A.76.170(2)(a)	Bail Jump with Murder 1 Offense	A	VI
30.12.100	Bank or Trust Company/Destroy or Secrete Records	B	Unranked
30.12.090	Bank or Trust Company/False Entry, Statements, etc.	B	Unranked
30.44.120	Bank or Trust Company/Receiving Deposits When Insolvent	B	Unranked
9A.64.010	Bigamy	C	Unranked
9.61.160	Bomb Threat	B	IV
9A.72.100	Bribe Received by Witness	B	IV

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
16.49A.360	Bribe Received by/Offering to Meat Inspector	C	Unranked
9A.68.010	Bribery	B	VI
9A.72.090	Bribing a Witness	B	IV
72.23.300	Bringing Narcotics, Liquor, or Weapons into Institution or Grounds	B	Unranked
9.47.120	Bunco Steering	B	Unranked
9A.52.020	Burglary 1	A	VII
9A.52.030	Burglary 2	B	III
9.46.180	Causing Person to Violate Gambling Laws	B	Unranked
65.12.730	Certification of Land Registration Subject to Larceny	B	Unranked
9.46.1961	Cheating 1	C	IV
49.12.410	Child Labor Law Violation – Death/Disability	C	Unranked
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
9A.44.089	Child Molestation 3	C	V
9A.64.030	Child Selling or Buying	C	Unranked
82.24.110(2)	Cigarette Transportation Unlawfully	C	Unranked
9A.48.120	Civil Disorder Training	B	VII
9A.68.060	Commercial Bribery	B	IV
77.15.500	Commercial Fishing Without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
19.158.160	Commercial Telephone Solicitor Deception	C	Unranked
20.01.460	Commission Merchant, Dealer, Cash Buyer Without License	C	Unranked
9.68A.090	Communication with Minor for Immoral Purposes (Subsequent Sex Offense)	C	III
9A.52.110	Computer Trespass 1	C	II
32.04.110	Conceal or Destroy Evidence by Savings Bank	B	Unranked
69.50.415	Controlled Substance Homicide	B	IX
69.50.416	Controlled Substance Label Violation	C	Unranked
9.16.035(4)	Counterfeiting – Endangering Public Health and Safety	C	IV
9.16.035(3)	Counterfeiting –3 rd Conviction and Value Greater than \$10,000	C	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(ii)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Methamphetamine	B	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(i)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Schedule I or II Narcotic	B	II

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.401(b)(1)(iii-v)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Schedule III-V Narcotic or Schedule I-V Nonnarcotic	C	II
9.08.090	Crimes Against Animal Facilities	C	Unranked
9A.28.020(3)(a)	Criminal Attempt – Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2	A	*
9A.28.020(3)(b)	Criminal Attempt – Class A Felony (Not Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2)	B	*
9A.28.020(3)(c)	Criminal Attempt – Class B Felony	C	*
9A.28.040(3)(b)	Criminal Conspiracy – Class A Felony (Not Murder 1)	B	*
9A.28.040(3)(c)	Criminal Conspiracy – Class B Felony	C	*
9A.28.040(3)(a)	Criminal Conspiracy – Murder 1	A	*
9A.46.120	Criminal Gang Intimidation	C	III
9A.42.020	Criminal Mistreatment 1	B	V
9A.42.030	Criminal Mistreatment 2	C	III
9.05.060	Criminal Sabotage	B	Unranked
9A.28.030(2)	Criminal Solicitation – Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2	A	*
9A.28.030(2)	Criminal Solicitation – Class A Felony (Not Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2)	B	*
9A.28.030(2)	Criminal Solicitation – Class B Felony	C	*
9A.36.100	Custodial Assault	C	III
9A.40.060	Custodial Interference 1	C	Unranked
9A.40.070	Custodial Interference 2 (Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
9A.44.160	Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1	C	V
16.08.100(2)	Dangerous Dog Attacks Person or Another Domestic Animal (Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
9.68A.050	Dealing in Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9A.61.030	Defrauding a Public Utility 1	B	Unranked
9A.61.040	Defrauding a Public Utility 2	C	Unranked
19.48.110	Defrauding an Innkeeper, Amount Greater than \$75.00	B	Unranked
9.41.110(8)	Delivery of Firearm by Dealer to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
9.41.080	Delivery of Firearms to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
69.52.030(2)	Delivery of Imitation Controlled Substance by Person 18 or Over to Person Under 18	B	V

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.401(c)	Delivery of Material in Lieu of a Controlled Substance	C	III
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine	B	VIII
43.06.230	Destroy, Damage Property or Cause Personal Injury after Emergency Proclaimed	B	Unranked
68.60.040	Destruction of Tomb, Plot, Marker, Enclosure, or Cemetery Property	C	Unranked
9.38.060	Digital Signatures Fraud	C	Unranked
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer	C	Unranked
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer and Firearm is Discharged	B	Unranked
19.110.070	Disclosures Knowingly Not Provided at Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
69.50.402	Dispensing Violation (VUCSA)	C	Unranked
27.44.040	Disturbing Indian Graves	C	Unranked
26.50.110	Domestic Violence Court Order Violation	C	V
9A.36.045	Drive-by Shooting	B	VII
29.15.110	Duplication of Names – Conspiracy	B	Unranked
29.15.100	Duplication of, Use of Nonexistent or Untrue Names	B	Unranked
29.85.110	Election Law Violations	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Eluding a Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
36.18.140	Embezzle County Funds – Fail to Pay Treasurer	C	Unranked
43.08.140	Embezzlement by State Treasurer	B	Unranked
51.48.015	Employer Knowingly Reports False Information Regarding Payroll	C	Unranked
9A.42.100	Endangerment With a Controlled Substance	B	IV
51.48.103(2)	Engaging in Business after Revocation	C	Unranked
77.15.620	Engaging in Fish Dealing Activity without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
16.08.100(4)	Entering Dog in a Dog Fight	C	Unranked
9.68.060	Erotic Material (3rd Offense)	B	Unranked
9A.76.110	Escape 1	B	IV
9A.76.120	Escape 2	C	III
72.09.310	Escape from Community Custody	C	II
51.48.020(1)	Evading Industrial Insurance Premiums	C	Unranked
70.74.022(1)	Explosive Device Activities Without License	C	Unranked
70.74.180	Explosive Devices Prohibited (Possession of Explosive Device for Unlawful Purpose)	A	IX

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.56.120	Extortion 1	B	V
9A.56.130	Extortion 2	C	III
9A.82.020	Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
9A.82.040	Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit	B	V
39.44.101	Facsimile Signatures on Bonds and Coupons	B	Unranked
9A.56.290	Factoring of Credit Card Transactions	C	Unranked
10.19.130	Failure to Appear after Release on Recognizance	C	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(a)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (100 or More Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(b)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (More than 10 and up to 99 Recordings)	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(11)	Failure to Register as a Kidnapping Offender	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(10)	Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	C	Unranked
19.146.110	Failure to Use a Trust Account	C	Unranked
19.142.080	Failure to Use a Trust Account or Furnish Bond for Health Studio	C	Unranked
42.24.100	False Claim from Municipal Corporation (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
51.48.020(2)	False Information in Industrial Insurance Claim	B	Unranked
48.30.230	False Insurance Claims in Excess of \$1,500	C	Unranked
9.24.050	False Report of Corporation	B	Unranked
74.09.230	False Statement for Medical Assistance	C	Unranked
69.43.080	False Statement in Report of Precursor Drugs	C	Unranked
46.12.210	False Statement or Illegal Transfer of Motor Vehicle Ownership	B	Unranked
82.32.290(2)	False Statement to Department of Revenue	C	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 1)	B	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
74.08.055	False Verification for Welfare	B	I
33.36.040	Falsify Savings and Loan Association Books	C	Unranked
32.04.100	Falsify Savings Books, etc.	B	Unranked
26.20.030	Family Abandonment	C	Unranked
75.10.190	Food Fish/Shellfish - Commercial Violation	C	Unranked
69.41.020	Forged Prescription (Legend Drug)	B	I
69.50.403	Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance	C	I

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
76.48.120	Forged, False, Stolen Specialized Forest Products Permit, Sales Invoice, Bill of Lading, etc.	C	Unranked
9A.60.020	Forgery	C	I
76.36.120	Forgery of Forest Product Mark	B	Unranked
65.12.760	Forgery of Registrar's Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
82.24.100	Forgery or Counterfeit Cigarette Tax Stamp	B	Unranked
29.85.100	Fraud in Certification of Nomination or Ballot	C	Unranked
9.45.160	Fraud in Liquor Warehouse Receipts	C	Unranked
9.45.124	Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked
9.26A.110	Fraud in Obtaining Telecommunications Services, \$250+	C	Unranked
67.24.010	Fraud in Sporting Contest	B	Unranked
9.91.090	Fraudulent Destruction of Insured Property	B	Unranked
9.24.020	Fraudulent Issue of Stock, etc.	B	Unranked
65.12.750	Fraudulent Procurement or False Entry on Registration	C	Unranked
31.12.724	Fraudulently Receiving Credit Union Deposit	B	Unranked
82.36.380	Fuel Tax Evasion	C	Unranked
9.46.160	Gambling Without License	B	Unranked
9A.46.020(2)	Harassment (Subsequent Violation or Deadly Threat Made)	C	III
9A.76.200	Harming a Police Dog or an Accelerate Detection Dog	C	Unranked
70.105.085(1)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place Another Person in Danger of Injury or Death	B	Unranked
70.105.085(2)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place Another Person's Property in Danger of Harm	C	Unranked
48.80.030	Health Care False Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
46.52.020(4)(a)	Hit and Run - Death	B	IX
46.52.020(4)(b)	Hit and Run - Injury	C	IV
79A.60.200(3)	Hit and Run with Vessel; Injury Accident	C	IV
9.94.030	Holding Hostages or Interfering with Officer's Duty	B	Unranked
9A.32.055	Homicide by Abuse	A	XV
79A.60.050(a)	Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
79A.60.050(c)	Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
79A.60.050(b)	Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
9.35.020(2)(a)	Identity Theft 1	B	IV
9.35.020(2)(b)	Identity Theft 2	C	II

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
48.30.190	Illegal Dealing in Premiums	B	Unranked
9.46.215	Illegal Gambling Device	C	Unranked
69.41.040	Illegal Issuance of Legend Drug Prescription	B	Unranked
9.16.020	Imitating Lawful Brands	C	Unranked
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2	C	V
9A.82.060(1)(b)	Inciting Criminal Profiteering	B	IX
9A.88.010	Indecent Exposure to Person Under 14 (Subsequent Offense)	C	IV
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9.45.126	Inducing Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked
9A.82.070	Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event	C	IV
29.79.440	Initiative and Referendum - Violation	C	Unranked
40.16.010	Injury to a Public Record	C	Unranked
40.16.020	Injury to and Misappropriation of Public Record by Officer	B	Unranked
9.24.030	Insolvent Bank Receiving Deposit	B	Unranked
48.06.190	Insurance Fraud, False Accounts of Insurer	B	Unranked
9.91.170	Intentional Infliction or Injury or Death to a Guide Dog or Service Animal	C	Unranked
29.85.060	Intimidate, Influence or Bribe an Elector	C	Unranked
9A.72.160	Intimidating a Judge	B	VI
9A.72.130	Intimidating a Juror	B	VI
9A.76.180	Intimidating a Public Servant	B	III
9A.72.110	Intimidating a Witness	B	VI
70.74.275	Intimidation with an Explosive	C	Unranked
9A.76.140	Introducing Contraband 1	B	VII
9A.76.150	Introducing Contraband 2	C	III
69.50.401(f)	Involving a Minor in Drug Dealing	C	VII
9A.40.020	Kidnapping 1	A	X
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2	B	V
9A.40.030 & 9.94A.127	Kidnapping 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	V
9A.82.050(2)	Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property	B	IV
9A.82.060(1)(a)	Leading Organized Crime	A	X
30.12.120	Loan to Officer or Employee from Trust Fund	B	Unranked
67.70.130	Lottery Fraud	B	Unranked
9A.40.090	Luring of a Child or Developmentally Disabled Person	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9.41.190	Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/Rifle Possession Prohibited	C	III
9.47.090	Maintaining a Bucket Shop	C	Unranked
69.50.402(a)(6)	Maintaining a Dwelling for Controlled Substances	C	III
9.45.220	Making False Sample or Assay of Ore	B	Unranked
70.74.280(1)	Malicious Explosion 1	A	XV
70.74.280(2)	Malicious Explosion 2	A	XIII
70.74.280(3)	Malicious Explosion 3	B	X
9A.36.080	Malicious Harassment	C	IV
81.60.070	Malicious Injury to Railroad Property	B	III
9A.48.070	Malicious Mischief 1	B	II
9A.48.080	Malicious Mischief 2	C	I
70.74.270(1)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 1	A	XIII
70.74.270(2)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 2	B	IX
70.74.270(3)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 3	B	VII
70.74.272(1)(a)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 1	B	XII
70.74.272(1)(b)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 2	C	VI
9.62.010	Malicious Prosecution	C	Unranked
9A.32.060	Manslaughter 1	A	XI
9A.32.070	Manslaughter 2	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	X
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (Except When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana	C	III
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule I and II (Except Heroin or Cocaine) or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	B	VI

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii-v)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam)	C	IV
69.52.030(1)	Manufacture, Distribute, or Possess with Intent to Distribute Imitation Controlled Substance	C	III
69.51A.060	Medical Marijuana Fraudulent Records	C	Unranked
9.81.030	Member Subversive Organization	C	Unranked
42.20.070	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Public	B	Unranked
42.20.090	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Treasurer	C	Unranked
19.110.120	Misleading/Untrue Statements Made During Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
9.82.030	Misprision of Treason	C	Unranked
29.04.120	Misuse of Registered Voter Data Tapes	C	Unranked
9.45.070	Mock Auction	C	Unranked
9A.83.020	Money Laundering	B	Unranked
9A.32.030	Murder 1	A	XV
9A.32.050	Murder 2	A	XIV
69.50.403	Obtain Controlled Substance by Fraud or Forged Prescription	C	I
19.48.110	Obtaining Accommodations by Fraud	B	Unranked
9A.60.030	Obtaining Signature by Deception or Duress	C	Unranked
46.70.180(5)	Odometer Offense	C	Unranked
40.16.030	Offering False Instrument for Filing or Record	C	Unranked
68.50.140	Opening Graves, Removing Personal Effects, Removing or Receiving Human Remains	C	Unranked
90.56.540	Operating Covered Vessel While Under the Influence of Liquor or Drugs (Pilotage Act)	C	Unranked
69.50.406(a)	Over 18 and Deliver Heroin, Methamphetamine, a Narcotic from Schedule I or II, or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18	A	X
69.50.406(b)	Over 18 and Deliver Narcotic from Schedule III-V, or a Nonnarcotic, except Flunitrazepam, from Schedule I-V to Someone Under 18 and 3 Years Junior	B	IX
16.08.100(3)	Owner of Dog that Attacks	C	Unranked
9.46.215	Owning, Buying, etc., Gambling Devices or Records	C	Unranked
9.68A.100	Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute	C	III
9A.72.020	Perjury 1	B	V
9A.72.030	Perjury 2	C	III
9.94.070	Persistent Prison Misbehavior	C	V

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.40.030	Placing Poison or Other Harmful Object or Substance in Food, Drinks, Medicine or Water	B	Unranked
69.40.020	Poison in Milk or Food Product	C	Unranked
9.41.040(6)	Possession of a Firearm by Person Under Court Order for Mental Illness Treatment	C	Unranked
9.41.190	Possession of a Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/ Rifle	C	III
9A.56.310	Possession of a Stolen Firearm	B	V
9.94.041	Possession of Controlled Substance by Prisoners	C	Unranked
9.94.045	Possession of Controlled Substance in Prison by Non-prisoner	C	Unranked
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Phencyclidine or Flunitrazepam)	C	I
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is either Heroin or Narcotics from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	C	II
9.68A.070	Possession of Depictions of a Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	Unranked
69.50.440	Possession of Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine or Anhydrous Ammonia with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	VIII
9.46.215	Possession of Gambling Device	C	Unranked
9.40.120	Possession of Incendiary Device	B	III
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP)	C	II
69.41.070(8)(b)	Possession of Steroids in Excess of 200 tablets or eight 2cc Bottles, Without a Valid Prescription	C	Unranked
9A.56.150	Possession of Stolen Property 1	B	II
9A.56.160	Possession of Stolen Property 2	C	I
9.94.040	Possession of Weapons by Prisoners	B	Unranked
9.94.043	Possession of Weapons in Prison by Non-prisoner	B	Unranked
33.36.030	Preference in Case of Insolvency - Savings Bank	C	Unranked
30.44.110	Preference Prohibited - Bank or Trust Company	B	Unranked
31.12.724	Preferential Transfer of Credit Union Assets	B	Unranked
9.94.020	Prison Riot	B	Unranked
9.46.220	Professional Gambling 1	B	Unranked
9.46.221	Professional Gambling 2	C	Unranked
9A.36.060	Promoting a Suicide Attempt	C	Unranked
9.68.140	Promoting Pornography	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.88.070	Promoting Prostitution 1	B	VIII
9A.88.080	Promoting Prostitution 2	C	III
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.44.079	Rape of a Child 3	C	VI
29.82.170	Recall (Violation by Signer)	B	Unranked
9A.68.030	Receiving or Granting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.48.040	Reckless Burning 1	C	I
90.56.530	Reckless Operation of a Tank Vessel	C	Unranked
9A.82.050(1)	Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property	C	III
19.110.050	Registration Knowingly Not Obtained Prior to Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
46.12.075	Remove Marking Inscribed by WSP on Rebuilt Vehicles	C	Unranked
68.50.145	Removing Human Remains	C	Unranked
9.16.010	Removing Lawful Brands	C	Unranked
9A.76.070	Rendering Criminal Assistance 1	C	V
19.25.020(2)(a)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 1,000 Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked
19.25.020(2)(b)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings)	C	Unranked
9A.68.020	Requesting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.52.025	Residential Burglary	B	IV
9A.84.010	Riot	C	Unranked
9A.56.200	Robbery 1	A	IX
9A.56.210	Robbery 2	B	IV
81.60.080	Sabotaging Rolling Stock	C	Unranked
46.12.215	Sale or Convey a Vehicle Certificate of Ownership Except in Conjunction with the Sale or Transfer of the Vehicle	C	Unranked
69.43.070	Sale or Receipt of Precursor Drugs	B	Unranked
69.41.030	Sale, Delivery, or Possession of Legend Drug Without Prescription or Order	B	Unranked
21.20.400	Securities Act Violation	B	III

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.410	Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) any Controlled Substance	C	VIII
9.68A.060	Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9A.44.093	Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1	C	V
9A.44.105	Sexually Violating Human Remains	C	V
9A.76.115	Sexually Violent Predator Escape	A	X
77.15.450	Spotlighting Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9A.46.110	Stalking	C	V
9.45.020	Substitution of Child	B	Unranked
9.81.020	Subversive Acts	B	Unranked
33.36.060	Suppress, Secrete or Destroy Evidence or Records	C	Unranked
9A.56.070(1)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1	B	V
9A.56.070(2)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2	C	I
9A.72.120	Tampering with a Witness	C	III
9.40.100(2)	Tampering with Fire Alarm, Emergency Signal, or Fire-fighting Equipment with Intent to Commit Arson	B	Unranked
9.61.230	Telephone Harassment (Subsequent Conviction or Threat of Death)	C	III
9A.56.030	Theft 1	B	II
9A.56.040	Theft 2	C	I
9A.56.300	Theft of a Firearm	B	VI
69.55.010	Theft of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VIII
9A.56.080(1)	Theft of Livestock 1	B	IV
9A.56.080(2)	Theft of Livestock 2	C	III
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$1,500 dollars or more)	B	II
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$250 dollars or more but less than \$1,500)	C	I
9A.56.262	Theft of Telecommunication Service	C	Unranked
9A.36.090	Threats Against Governor or Family	C	Unranked
9.61.160	Threats to Bomb	B	IV
9A.68.040	Trading in Public Office	C	Unranked
9A.68.050	Trading in Special Influence	C	Unranked
48.30A.015	Trafficking in Insurance Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
9A.82.050(2)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 1	B	IV

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.82.050(1)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 2	C	III
32.24.080	Transfer Mutual Savings Bank Assets When Insolvent	B	Unranked
9.82.010	Treason	A	Unranked
9.02.120	Unauthorized Abortion	C	Unranked
39.62.040	Unauthorized Use of Public Official Facsimile Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
69.43.070(1)	Unlawful Delivery of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
9A.49.020	Unlawful Discharge of a Laser 1	C	Unranked
77.15.570	Unlawful for a Person who is not a Treaty Indian Fisherman to take Fish or Shellfish in a Treaty Indian Fishery with the Intent of Acting for Commercial Purposes	C	Unranked
69.53.020	Unlawful Fortification of Building for Drug Purposes	C	Unranked
77.15.410	Unlawful Hunting of Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9A.40.040	Unlawful Imprisonment	C	III
9A.56.060	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts	C	I
9A.56.264	Unlawful Manufacture of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked
88.46.080	Unlawful Operation of a Covered Vessel	C	Unranked
90.56.300	Unlawful Operation of Onshore or Offshore Facility (Subsequent Conviction)	C	Unranked
9.41.040(1)(a)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1	B	VII
9.41.040(1)(b)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2	C	III
2.48.180(3)	Unlawful Practice of Law (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
77.15.650	Unlawful Purchase or Use of a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
69.43.070(2)	Unlawful Receipt of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
77.15.250	Unlawful Release of Deleterious Exotic Wildlife	C	Unranked
9A.56.266	Unlawful Sale of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked
9A.56.230	Unlawful Sale of Subscription Television Services	C	Unranked
69.55.020	Unlawful Storage of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VI
19.116.080	Unlawful Subleasing of Motor Vehicle	C	Unranked
77.15.120	Unlawful Taking of Endangered Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
46.80.020	Unlawful to Engage in Business of Wrecking Vehicles Without a License	B	Unranked
77.15.260	Unlawful Trafficking in Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.530	Unlawful Use of a Nondesignated Vessel	C	Unranked
18.04.370	Unlawful Use of a Professional Title	C	Unranked
69.53.010	Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes - Owner or Manager Knowingly Leases or Rents	C	III

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
77.15.630	Unlawful Use of Fish Buying and Dealing License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9.91.140(2),(3)	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps	C	I
69.53.030	Unlawful Use of Fortified Building	C	Unranked
66.44.120	Unlawful Use of Liquor Board Seal (3rd Offense)	C	Unranked
77.15.580	Unlawful Use of Nets to Take Fish in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9.35.010	Improperly Obtaining Financial Information	C	II
18.130.190(7)	Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
29.85.240	Unqualified Person Voting	C	Unranked
9.45.260	Unsafe Sprinkler Contractor Work	C	Unranked
19.210.040	Unused Property, Merchants –Prohibited Sales, 3 rd or Subsequent Offense within 5 Years	C	Unranked
9.41.225	Use of Machine Gun in Commission of Felony	A	VII
9A.82.080(1),(2)	Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering	B	IV
19.25.030(2)(a)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 1,000 Recordings or More than 100 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recordings or Subsequent Offense)	B	Unranked
19.25.030(2)(b)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings or More than 10 and up to 99 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recording or Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
69.50.403	Utter False or Forged Prescription	C	I
9A.52.095	Vehicle Prowl 1	C	I
46.61.522(1)(a),(b)	Vehicular Assault, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	B	IV
46.61.522(1)(c)	Vehicular Assault, by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle With Disregard for the Safety of Others	B	III
46.61.520(1)(a)	Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
46.61.520(1)(c)	Vehicular Homicide by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
46.61.520(1)(b)	Vehicular Homicide by the Operation of any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
77.15.670	Violating a Suspension of Department Privileges	C	Unranked
77.15.550	Violating Commercial Fishing Area or Time in the First Degree	C	Unranked
26.52.070(3),(4)	Violation of a Foreign Protection Order	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
29.07.410	Voter Violation of Registration Law	C	Unranked
29.85.260	Voting Machine - Tampering or Extra Keys	C	Unranked
29.36.160	Voting Violation – Mail Ballot	C	Unranked
9A.44.115	Voyeurism	C	Unranked
48.30.220	Willful Destruction, Injury, Secretion, etc., of Insured Property	C	Unranked
10.66.090	Willfully Disobeys Order to Remain Outside "Protected Against Drug Trafficking Area" (School Area or Subsequent Violation)	C	Unranked

* Refer to Table 5 in Section III of this manual for sentence ranges for persons convicted of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit an offense in violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act (RCW 69.50). For all other persons convicted of criminal attempt, solicitation, or any conspiracy under Chapter 9A.28 RCW, the standard range is 75 percent of the range for a completed offense. (See Table 3 in Section I of this manual.)

Felonies defined in Title 9A and Title 9 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) fall into one of three classes: Class A, Class B or Class C. The class of these felonies is either defined explicitly as part of the definition of the offense, or implicitly, based on the statutory maximum period of incarceration. A felony washout period (RCW 9.94A.525(2),(4)), vacation of conviction record (RCW 9.94A.640(2)), status as a violent offense (Class A felonies are defined as violent-RCW 9.94A.030(45)) and statutory maximum period of incarceration are functions of offense class.

Felonies Defined in Title 9A RCW

Felonies defined by Title 9A RCW have an A, B or C class designation explicitly stated. These felonies carry the following maximum penalties (RCW 9A.20.021):

Class A	Life in prison, \$50,000 fine
Class B	Ten years in prison, \$20,000 fine
Class C	Five years in prison, \$10,000 fine

Felonies Defined Outside Title 9A

Some felonies are defined outside Title 9A RCW without an explicit felony class. The 1996 Legislature¹ enacted RCW 9.94A.035, establishing the classes of such offenses for SRA purposes. The class is based on the maximum period of incarceration provided for the first conviction of violating the statute creating the offense:

Class A	20 years or more
Class B	Eight or more, less than 20 years
Class C	Less than eight years

Therefore, statutes increasing the maximum sentence for subsequent convictions do not affect the classification of the offense for SRA purposes, even though they increase the maximum sentence that may be imposed.

Felonies for which no maximum punishment is specifically prescribed are punished by confinement for not more than ten years and a fine not to exceed \$20,000 or both, and are classified as Class B felonies (See RCW 9.92.010, as amended in 1996).

¹ Historically, RCW 9A.20.040 was used to determine the class of these “unclassified” offenses for SRA sentencing purposes, based on the same relationship between the offense and the maximum sentence as shown above. A 1995 decision of the Court of Appeals, Division II (*State v. Kelley*, 77 Wn. App. 66) held that RCW 9A.20.040 should not be used to determine the class of crimes defined outside Title 9A, or where the statutory maximum has been doubled as a result of sentencing enhancements. The 1996 legislation was intended to be consistent with the *Kelley* decision.

APPENDIX B (PART 1)
SERIOUS VIOLENT OFFENSES

FELONY INDEX OF SERIOUS VIOLENT OFFENSES

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
10.95.020	Aggravated Murder 1	A	XVI
9A.36.011	Assault 1	A	XII
9A.36.120	Assault of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.32.055	Homicide by Abuse	A	XV
9A.40.020	Kidnapping 1	A	X
9A.32.060	Manslaughter 1	A	XI
9A.32.030	Murder 1	A	XV
9A.32.050	Murder 2	A	XIV
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII

NOTE: Also defined as a serious violent offense in RCW 9.94A.030 is attempt, criminal solicitation or criminal conspiracy to commit one of the above offenses.

APPENDIX B (PART 2)

VIOLENT OFFENSES

FELONY INDEX OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.48.020	Arson 1	A	VIII
9A.48.030	Arson 2	B	IV
9A.36.021	Assault 2	B	IV
9A.36.021 & 9.94A.127	Assault 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	IV
9A.36.130	Assault of a Child 2	B	IX
9A.76.170(2)(a)	Bail Jump with Murder 1 Offense	A	VI
9A.52.020	Burglary 1	A	VII
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.28.020(3)(a)	Criminal Attempt – Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2	A	*
9A.28.030(2)	Criminal Solicitation – Arson 1, Murder 1, Murder 2, Child Molestation 1, Indecent Liberties with Force, Rape 1, Rape 2, Rape of a Child 1, or Rape of a Child 2	A	*
9A.36.045	Drive-by Shooting	B	VII
70.74.180	Explosive Devices Prohibited (Possession of Explosive Device for Unlawful Purpose)	A	IX
9A.56.120	Extortion 1	B	V
79A.60.050(a)	Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
79A.60.050(c)	Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
79A.60.050(b)	Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2	B	V
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	V
9A.82.060(1)(a)	Leading Organized Crime	A	X
70.74.280(1)	Malicious Explosion 1	A	XV
70.74.280(2)	Malicious Explosion 2	A	XIII
70.74.270(1)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 1	A	XIII
9A.32.070	Manslaughter 2	B	VIII
69.50.406(a)	Over 18 and Deliver Heroin, Methamphetamine, a Narcotic from Schedule I or II, or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18	A	X
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.56.200	Robbery 1	A	IX
9A.56.210	Robbery 2	B	IV
9A.76.115	Sexually Violent Predator Escape	A	X
9.82.010	Treason	A	Unranked

FELONY INDEX (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9.41.225	Use of Machine Gun in Commission of Felony	A	VII
46.61.522(1)(a),(b)	Vehicular Assault, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	B	IV
46.61.520(1)(a)	Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
46.61.520(1)(c)	Vehicular Homicide by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
46.61.520(1)(b)	Vehicular Homicide by the Operation of any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII

* For persons convicted of criminal attempt, solicitation or any conspiracy under 9A.28 RCW, the standard range is 75% of the range for a completed offense. (See Table 3 in Section I of this manual.)

APPENDIX B (PART 3)

NONVIOLENT OFFENSES

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.42.060	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 1	B	V
9A.42.070	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 2	C	III
29.36.160	Absentee Voting Violation	C	Unranked
46.52.130	Abstracts of Driving Records – Intentional Misuse	C	Unranked
9A.82.030	Advancing Money or Property for Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
9.41.170	Alien Possession of a Firearm Without an Alien Firearm License	C	Unranked
46.12.220	Alteration or Forgery – Motor Vehicle Title	B	Unranked
9.45.210	Altering Sample or Certificate of Assay	C	Unranked
16.52.205	Animal Cruelty 1	C	Unranked
9A.36.031	Assault 3	C	III
79A.60.060	Assault by Watercraft	B	IV
9A.36.140	Assault of a Child 3	C	III
9.05.030	Assembly of Saboteurs	B	Unranked
72.23.170	Assist Escape of Mental Patient	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
46.61.024	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle	C	I
9A.76.170(2)(b)	Bail Jump with Class A Offense	B	V
9A.76.170(2)(c)	Bail Jump with Class B or C Offense	C	III
30.12.100	Bank or Trust Company/Destroy or Secrete Records	B	Unranked
30.12.090	Bank or Trust Company/False Entry, Statements, etc.	B	Unranked
30.44.120	Bank or Trust Company/Receiving Deposits When Insolvent	B	Unranked
9A.64.010	Bigamy	C	Unranked
9.61.160	Bomb Threat	B	IV
9A.72.100	Bribe Received by Witness	B	IV
16.49A.360	Bribe Received by/Offering to Meat Inspector	C	Unranked
9A.68.010	Bribery	B	VI
9A.72.090	Bribing a Witness	B	IV
72.23.300	Bringing Narcotics, Liquor, or Weapons into Institution or Grounds	B	Unranked
9.47.120	Bunco Steering	B	Unranked
9A.52.030	Burglary 2	B	III
9.46.180	Causing Person to Violate Gambling Laws	B	Unranked
65.12.730	Certification of Land Registration Subject to Larceny	B	Unranked
9.46.1961	Cheating 1	C	IV

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
49.12.410	Child Labor Law Violation - Death/Disability	C	Unranked
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
9A.44.089	Child Molestation 3	C	V
9A.64.030	Child Selling or Buying	C	Unranked
82.24.110(2)	Cigarette Transportation Unlawfully	C	Unranked
9A.48.120	Civil Disorder Training	B	VII
9A.68.060	Commercial Bribery	B	IV
77.15.500	Commercial Fishing Without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
19.158.160	Commercial Telephone Solicitor Deception	C	Unranked
20.01.460	Commission Merchant, Dealer, Cash Buyer Without License	C	Unranked
9.68A.090	Communication with Minor for Immoral Purposes (Subsequent Sex Offense)	C	III
9A.52.110	Computer Trespass 1	C	II
32.04.110	Conceal or Destroy Evidence by Savings Bank	B	Unranked
69.50.415	Controlled Substance Homicide	B	IX
69.50.416	Controlled Substance Label Violation	C	Unranked
9.16.035(4)	Counterfeiting – Endangering Public Health and Safety	C	IV
9.16.035(3)	Counterfeiting –3 rd Conviction and Value Greater than \$10,000	C	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(ii)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Methamphetamine	B	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(i)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Schedule I or II Narcotic	B	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(iii-v)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance – Schedule III-V Narcotic or Schedule I-V Nonnarcotic	C	II
9.08.090	Crimes Against Animal Facilities	C	Unranked
9A.46.120	Criminal Gang Intimidation	C	III
9A.42.020	Criminal Mistreatment 1	B	V
9A.42.030	Criminal Mistreatment 2	C	III
9.05.060	Criminal Sabotage	B	Unranked
9A.36.100	Custodial Assault	C	III
9A.40.060	Custodial Interference 1	C	Unranked
9A.40.070	Custodial Interference 2 (Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
9A.44.160	Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1	C	V
9.68A.050	Dealing in Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.61.030	Defrauding a Public Utility 1	B	Unranked
9A.61.040	Defrauding a Public Utility 2	C	Unranked
19.48.110	Defrauding an Innkeeper, Amount Greater than \$75.00	B	Unranked
9.41.110(8)	Delivery of Firearm by Dealer to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
9.41.080	Delivery of Firearms to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
69.52.030(2)	Delivery of Imitation Controlled Substance by Person 18 or Over to Person Under 18	B	V
69.50.401(c)	Delivery of Material in Lieu of a Controlled Substance	C	III
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine	B	VIII
43.06.230	Destroy, Damage Property or Cause Personal Injury after Emergency Proclaimed	B	Unranked
68.60.040	Destruction of Tomb, Plot, Marker, Enclosure, or Cemetery Property	C	Unranked
9.38.060	Digital Signatures Fraud	C	Unranked
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer	C	Unranked
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer and Firearm is Discharged	B	Unranked
19.110.070	Disclosures Knowingly Not Provided at Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
69.50.402	Dispensing Violation (VUCSA)	C	Unranked
27.44.040	Disturbing Indian Graves	C	Unranked
26.50.110	Domestic Violence Court Order Violation	C	V
29.15.110	Duplication of Names – Conspiracy	B	Unranked
29.15.100	Duplication of, Use of Nonexistent or Untrue Names	B	Unranked
29.85.110	Election Law Violations	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Eluding a Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
36.18.140	Embezzle County Funds – Fail to Pay Treasurer	C	Unranked
43.08.140	Embezzlement by State Treasurer	B	Unranked
51.48.015	Employer Knowingly Reports False Information Regarding Payroll	C	Unranked
9A.42.100	Endangerment With a Controlled Substance	B	IV
51.48.103(2)	Engaging in Business after Revocation	C	Unranked
77.15.620	Engaging in Fish Dealing Activity without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
16.08.100(4)	Entering Dog in a Dog Fight	C	Unranked
9.68.060	Erotic Material (3rd Offense)	B	Unranked
9A.76.110	Escape 1	B	IV

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.76.120	Escape 2	C	III
72.09.310	Escape from Community Custody	C	II
51.48.020(1)	Evading Industrial Insurance Premiums	C	Unranked
70.74.022(1)	Explosive Device Activities Without License	C	Unranked
9A.56.130	Extortion 2	C	III
9A.82.020	Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
9A.82.040	Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit	B	V
39.44.101	Facsimile Signatures on Bonds and Coupons	B	Unranked
9A.56.290	Factoring of Credit Card Transactions	C	Unranked
10.19.130	Failure to Appear after Release on Recognizance	C	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(a)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (100 or More Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(b)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (More than 10 and up to 99 Recordings)	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(11)	Failure to Register as a Kidnapping Offender	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(10)	Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	C	Unranked
19.146.110	Failure to Use a Trust Account	C	Unranked
19.142.080	Failure to Use a Trust Account or Furnish Bond for Health Studio	C	Unranked
42.24.100	False Claim from Municipal Corporation (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
51.48.020(2)	False Information in Industrial Insurance Claim	B	Unranked
48.30.230	False Insurance Claims in Excess of \$1,500	C	Unranked
9.24.050	False Report of Corporation	B	Unranked
74.09.230	False Statement for Medical Assistance	C	Unranked
69.43.080	False Statement in Report of Precursor Drugs	C	Unranked
46.12.210	False Statement or Illegal Transfer of Motor Vehicle Ownership	B	Unranked
82.32.290(2)	False Statement to Department of Revenue	C	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 1)	B	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
74.08.055	False Verification for Welfare	B	I
33.36.040	Falsify Savings and Loan Association Books	C	Unranked
32.04.100	Falsify Savings Books, etc.	B	Unranked
26.20.030	Family Abandonment	C	Unranked
75.10.190	Food Fish/Shellfish - Commercial Violation	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.41.020	Forged Prescription (Legend Drug)	B	I
69.50.403	Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance	C	I
76.48.120	Forged, False, Stolen Specialized Forest Products Permit, Sales Invoice, Bill of Lading, etc.	C	Unranked
9A.60.020	Forgery	C	I
76.36.120	Forgery of Forest Product Mark	B	Unranked
65.12.760	Forgery of Registrar's Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
82.24.100	Forgery or Counterfeit Cigarette Tax Stamp	B	Unranked
29.85.100	Fraud in Certification of Nomination or Ballot	C	Unranked
9.45.160	Fraud in Liquor Warehouse Receipts	C	Unranked
9.45.124	Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked
9.26A.110	Fraud in Obtaining Telecommunications Services, \$250+	C	Unranked
67.24.010	Fraud in Sporting Contest	B	Unranked
9.91.090	Fraudulent Destruction of Insured Property	B	Unranked
9.24.020	Fraudulent Issue of Stock, etc.	B	Unranked
65.12.750	Fraudulent Procurement or False Entry on Registration	C	Unranked
31.12.724	Fraudulently Receiving Credit Union Deposit	B	Unranked
82.36.380	Fuel Tax Evasion	C	Unranked
9.46.160	Gambling Without License	B	Unranked
9A.46.020(2)	Harassment (Subsequent Violation or Deadly Threat Made)	C	III
9A.76.200	Harming a Police Dog or an Accelerate Detection Dog	C	Unranked
70.105.085(1)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place Another Person in Danger of Injury or Death	B	Unranked
70.105.085(2)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place Another Person's Property in Danger of Harm	C	Unranked
48.80.030	Health Care False Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
46.52.020(4)(a)	Hit and Run - Death	B	IX
46.52.020(4)(b)	Hit and Run - Injury	C	IV
79A.60.200(3)	Hit and Run with Vessel; Injury Accident	C	IV
9.94.030	Holding Hostages or Interfering with Officer's Duty	B	Unranked
9.35.020(2)(a)	Identity Theft 1	B	IV
9.35.020(2)(b)	Identity Theft 2	C	II
48.30.190	Illegal Dealing in Premiums	B	Unranked
9.46.215	Illegal Gambling Device	C	Unranked
69.41.040	Illegal Issuance of Legend Drug Prescription	B	Unranked
9.16.020	Imitating Lawful Brands	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2	C	V
9A.82.060(1)(b)	Inciting Criminal Profiteering	B	IX
9A.88.010	Indecent Exposure to Person Under 14 (Subsequent Offense)	C	IV
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9.45.126	Inducing Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked
9A.82.070	Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event	C	IV
29.79.440	Initiative and Referendum - Violation	C	Unranked
40.16.010	Injury to a Public Record	C	Unranked
40.16.020	Injury to and Misappropriation of Public Record by Officer	B	Unranked
9.24.030	Insolvent Bank Receiving Deposit	B	Unranked
48.06.190	Insurance Fraud, False Accounts of Insurer	B	Unranked
9.91.170	Intentional Infliction or Injury or Death to a Guide Dog or Service Animal	C	Unranked
29.85.060	Intimidate, Influence or Bribe an Elector	C	Unranked
9A.72.160	Intimidating a Judge	B	VI
9A.72.130	Intimidating a Juror	B	VI
9A.76.180	Intimidating a Public Servant	B	III
9A.72.110	Intimidating a Witness	B	VI
70.74.275	Intimidation with an Explosive	C	Unranked
9A.76.140	Introducing Contraband 1	B	VII
9A.76.150	Introducing Contraband 2	C	III
69.50.401(f)	Involving a Minor in Drug Dealing	C	VII
9A.82.050(2)	Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property	B	IV
30.12.120	Loan to Officer or Employee from Trust Fund	B	Unranked
67.70.130	Lottery Fraud	B	Unranked
9A.40.090	Luring of a Child or Developmentally Disabled Person	C	Unranked
9.41.190	Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/Rifle Possession Prohibited	C	III
9.47.090	Maintaining a Bucket Shop	C	Unranked
69.50.402(a)(6)	Maintaining a Dwelling for Controlled Substances	C	III
9.45.220	Making False Sample or Assay of Ore	B	Unranked
70.74.280(3)	Malicious Explosion 3	B	X
9A.36.080	Malicious Harassment	C	IV
81.60.070	Malicious Injury to Railroad Property	B	III
9A.48.070	Malicious Mischief 1	B	II

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.48.080	Malicious Mischief 2	C	I
70.74.270(2)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 2	B	IX
70.74.270(3)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 3	B	VII
70.74.272(1)(a)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 1	B	XII
70.74.272(1)(b)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 2	C	VI
9.62.010	Malicious Prosecution	C	Unranked
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	X
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (Except When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana	C	III
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule I and II (Except Heroin or Cocaine) or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	B	VI
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii-v)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam)	C	IV
69.52.030(1)	Manufacture, Distribute, or Possess with Intent to Distribute Imitation Controlled Substance	C	III
69.51A.060	Medical Marijuana Fraudulent Records	C	Unranked
9.81.030	Member Subversive Organization	C	Unranked
42.20.070	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Public	B	Unranked
42.20.090	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Treasurer	C	Unranked
19.110.120	Misleading/Untrue Statements Made During Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
9.82.030	Misprision of Treason	C	Unranked
29.04.120	Misuse of Registered Voter Data Tapes	C	Unranked
9.45.070	Mock Auction	C	Unranked
9A.83.020	Money Laundering	B	Unranked
69.50.403	Obtain a Controlled Substance by Fraud or Forged Prescription	C	I

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
19.48.110	Obtaining Accommodations by Fraud	B	Unranked
9A.60.030	Obtaining Signature by Deception or Duress	C	Unranked
46.70.180(5)	Odometer Offense	C	Unranked
40.16.030	Offering False Instrument for Filing or Record	C	Unranked
68.50.140	Opening Graves, Removing Personal Effects, Removing or Receiving Human Remains	C	Unranked
90.56.540	Operating Covered Vessel While Under the Influence of Liquor or Drugs (Pilotage Act)	C	Unranked
69.50.406(a)	Over 18 and Deliver Heroin, Methamphetamine, a Narcotic from Schedule I or II, or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18	A	X
69.50.406(b)	Over 18 and Deliver Narcotic from Schedule III-V, or a Nonnarcotic, except Flunitrazepam, from Schedule I-V to Someone Under 18 and 3 Years Junior	B	IX
16.08.100(3)	Owner of Dog that Attacks	C	Unranked
9.46.215	Owning, Buying, etc., Gambling Devices or Records	C	Unranked
9.68A.100	Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute	C	III
9A.72.020	Perjury 1	B	V
9A.72.030	Perjury 2	C	III
9.94.070	Persistent Prison Misbehavior	C	V
69.40.030	Placing Poison or Other Harmful Object or Substance in Food, Drinks, Medicine or Water	B	Unranked
69.40.020	Poison in Milk or Food Product	C	Unranked
9.41.040(6)	Possession of a Firearm by Person Under Court Order for Mental Illness Treatment	C	Unranked
9.41.190	Possession of a Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/ Rifle	C	III
9A.56.310	Possession of a Stolen Firearm	B	V
9.94.041	Possession of Controlled Substance by Prisoners	C	Unranked
9.94.045	Possession of Controlled Substance in Prison by Non-prisoner	C	Unranked
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Phencyclidine or Flunitrazepam)	C	I
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is either Heroin or Narcotics from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	C	II
9.68A.070	Possession of Depictions of a Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.440	Possession of Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine or Anhydrous Ammonia with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	VIII
9.46.215	Possession of Gambling Device	C	Unranked
9.40.120	Possession of Incendiary Device	B	III
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP)	C	II
69.41.070(8)(b)	Possession of Steroids in Excess of 200 tablets or eight 2cc Bottles, Without a Valid Prescription	C	Unranked
9A.56.150	Possession of Stolen Property 1	B	II
9A.56.160	Possession of Stolen Property 2	C	I
9.94.040	Possession of Weapons by Prisoners	B	Unranked
9.94.043	Possession of Weapons in Prison by Non-prisoner	B	Unranked
33.36.030	Preference in Case of Insolvency - Savings Bank	C	Unranked
30.44.110	Preference Prohibited - Bank or Trust Company	B	Unranked
31.12.724	Preferential Transfer of Credit Union Assets	B	Unranked
9.94.020	Prison Riot	B	Unranked
9.46.220	Professional Gambling 1	B	Unranked
9.46.221	Professional Gambling 2	C	Unranked
9A.36.060	Promoting a Suicide Attempt	C	Unranked
9.68.140	Promoting Pornography	C	Unranked
9A.88.070	Promoting Prostitution 1	B	VIII
9A.88.080	Promoting Prostitution 2	C	III
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.079	Rape of a Child 3	C	VI
29.82.170	Recall (Violation by Signer)	B	Unranked
9A.68.030	Receiving or Granting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.48.040	Reckless Burning 1	C	I
90.56.530	Reckless Operation of a Tank Vessel	C	Unranked
9A.82.050(1)	Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property	C	III
19.110.050	Registration Knowingly Not Obtained Prior to Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
46.12.075	Remove Marking Inscribed by WSP on Rebuilt Vehicle	C	Unranked
68.50.145	Removing Human Remains	C	Unranked
9.16.010	Removing Lawful Brands	C	Unranked
9A.76.070	Rendering Criminal Assistance 1	C	V
19.25.020(2)(a)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 1,000 Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
19.25.020(2)(b)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings)	C	Unranked
9A.68.020	Requesting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.52.025	Residential Burglary	B	IV
9A.84.010	Riot	C	Unranked
81.60.080	Sabotaging Rolling Stock	C	Unranked
46.12.215	Sale or Convey a Vehicle Certificate of Ownership Except in Conjunction with the Sale or Transfer of the Vehicle	C	Unranked
69.43.070	Sale or Receipt of Precursor Drugs	B	Unranked
69.41.030	Sale, Delivery, or Possession of Legend Drug Without Prescription or Order	B	Unranked
21.20.400	Securities Act Violation	B	III
69.50.410	Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) any Controlled Substance	C	VIII
9.68A.060	Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9A.44.093	Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1	C	V
9A.44.105	Sexually Violating Human Remains	C	V
77.15.450	Spotlighting Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9A.46.110	Stalking	C	V
9.45.020	Substitution of Child	B	Unranked
9.81.020	Subversive Acts	B	Unranked
33.36.060	Suppress, Secrete or Destroy Evidence or Records	C	Unranked
9A.56.070(1)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1	B	V
9A.56.070(2)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2	C	I
9A.72.120	Tampering with a Witness	C	III
9.40.100(2)	Tampering with Fire Alarm, Emergency Signal, or Fire-fighting Equipment with Intent to Commit Arson	B	Unranked
9.61.230	Telephone Harassment (Subsequent Conviction or Threat of Death)	C	III
9A.56.030	Theft 1	B	II
9A.56.040	Theft 2	C	I
9A.56.300	Theft of a Firearm	B	VI
69.55.010	Theft of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VIII
9A.56.080(1)	Theft of Livestock 1	B	IV

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.56.080(2)	Theft of Livestock 2	C	III
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$1,500 dollars or more)	B	II
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$250 dollars or more but less than \$1,500)	C	I
9A.56.262	Theft of Telecommunication Service	C	Unranked
9A.36.090	Threats Against Governor or Family	C	Unranked
9.61.160	Threats to Bomb	B	IV
9A.68.040	Trading in Public Office	C	Unranked
9A.68.050	Trading in Special Influence	C	Unranked
48.30A.015	Trafficking in Insurance Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
9A.82.050(2)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 1	B	IV
9A.82.050(1)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 2	C	III
32.24.080	Transfer Mutual Savings Bank Assets When Insolvent	B	Unranked
9.02.120	Unauthorized Abortion	C	Unranked
39.62.040	Unauthorized Use of Public Official Facsimile Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
69.43.070(1)	Unlawful Delivery of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
9A.49.020	Unlawful Discharge of a Laser 1	C	Unranked
77.15.570	Unlawful for a Person who is not a Treaty Indian Fisherman to take Fish or Shellfish in a Treaty Indian Fishery with the Intent of Acting for Commercial Purposes	C	Unranked
69.53.020	Unlawful Fortification of Building for Drug Purposes	C	Unranked
77.15.410	Unlawful Hunting of Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9A.40.040	Unlawful Imprisonment	C	III
9A.56.060	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts	C	I
9A.56.264	Unlawful Manufacture of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked
88.46.080	Unlawful Operation of a Covered Vessel	C	Unranked
90.56.300	Unlawful Operation of Onshore or Offshore Facility (Subsequent Conviction)	C	Unranked
9.41.040(1)(a)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1	B	VII
9.41.040(1)(b)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2	C	III
2.48.180(3)	Unlawful Practice of Law (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
77.15.650	Unlawful Purchase or use of a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
69.43.070(2)	Unlawful Receipt of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
77.15.250	Unlawful Release of Deleterious Exotic Wildlife	C	Unranked
9A.56.266	Unlawful Sale of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.56.230	Unlawful Sale of Subscription Television Services	C	Unranked
69.55.020	Unlawful Storage of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VI
19.116.080	Unlawful Subleasing of Motor Vehicle	C	Unranked
77.15.120	Unlawful Taking of Endangered Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
46.80.020	Unlawful to Engage in Business of Wrecking Vehicles Without a License	B	Unranked
77.15.260	Unlawful Trafficking in Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.530	Unlawful Use of a Nondesignated Vessel	C	Unranked
18.04.370	Unlawful Use of a Professional Title	C	Unranked
69.53.010	Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes - Owner or Manager Knowingly Leases or Rents	C	III
77.15.630	Unlawful Use of Fish Buying and Dealing License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9.91.140(2),(3)	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps	C	I
69.53.030	Unlawful Use of Fortified Building	C	Unranked
66.44.120	Unlawful Use of Liquor Board Seal (3rd Offense)	C	Unranked
77.15.580	Unlawful Use of Nets to Take Fish in the First Degree	C	Unranked
9.35.010	Improperly Obtaining Financial Information	C	II
18.130.190(7)	Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
29.85.240	Unqualified Person Voting	C	Unranked
9.45.260	Unsafe Sprinkler Contractor Work	C	Unranked
19.210.040	Unused Property, Merchants –Prohibited Sales, 3 rd or Subsequent Offense within 5 Years	C	Unranked
9A.82.080(1),(2)	Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering	B	IV
19.25.030(2)(a)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 1,000 Recordings or More than 100 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recordings or Subsequent Offense)	B	Unranked
19.25.030(2)(b)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings or More than 10 and up to 99 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recording or Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
69.50.403	Utter False or Forged Prescription	C	I
46.61.522(1)(c)	Vehicular Assault, by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle with Disregard for the Safety of Others	B	III
9A.52.095	Vehicle Prowl 1	C	I
77.15.670	Violating a Suspension of Department Privileges	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
77.15.550	Violating Commercial Fishing Area or Time in the First Degree	C	Unranked
26.52.070(3),(4)	Violation of a Foreign Protection Order	C	Unranked
29.07.410	Voter Violation of Registration Law	C	Unranked
29.85.260	Voting Machine - Tampering or Extra Keys	C	Unranked
29.36.160	Voting Violation – Mail Ballot	C	Unranked
9A.44.115	Voyeurism	C	Unranked
48.30.220	Willful Destruction, Injury, Secretion, etc., of Insured Property	C	Unranked
10.66.090	Willfully Disobeys Order to Remain Outside "Protected Against Drug Trafficking Area" (School Area or Subsequent Violation)	C	Unranked

APPENDIX B (PART 4)

SEX OFFENSES

FELONY INDEX OF SEX OFFENSES

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.36.021& 9.94A.712	Assault 2 with Sexual Motivation*	A	IV
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
9A.44.089	Child Molestation 3	C	V
9.68A.090	Communication with Minor for Immoral Purposes (Subsequent Sex Offense)	C	III
9A.44.160	Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1	C	V
9.68A.050	Dealing in Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9A.44.130(10)	Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	C	Unranked
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2	C	V
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9A.40.030 & 9.94A.712	Kidnapping 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	V
9.68A.100	Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute	C	III
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.44.079	Rape of a Child 3	C	VI
9.68A.060	Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9A.44.093	Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1	C	V
9A.44.105	Sexually Violating Human Remains	C	V
9A.44.115	Voyeurism	C	Unranked

NOTE: The following are also defined in RCW 9.94A.030 as sex offenses:

- (a) any criminal attempt, criminal solicitation or criminal conspiracy to commit one of the above;
- (b) any felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.127 (*Specifically referenced as a sex offense because when committed with sexual motivation, changes offense from a Class B offense to a Class A offense); or
- (c) any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense.

APPENDIX B (PART 5)

MOST SERIOUS OFFENSES

FELONY INDEX OF MOST SERIOUS OFFENSES

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
10.95.020	Aggravated Murder 1	A	XVI
9A.48.020	Arson 1	A	VIII
9A.36.011	Assault 1	A	XII
9A.36.021	Assault 2	B	IV
9A.36.021 & 9.94A.127	Assault 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	IV
9A.36.120	Assault of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.36.130	Assault of a Child 2	B	IX
9A.76.170(2)(a)	Bail Jump with Murder 1 Offense	A	VI
9A.52.020	Burglary 1	A	VII
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
69.50.415	Controlled Substance Homicide	B	IX
70.74.180	Explosive Devices Prohibited (Possession of Explosive Device for Unlawful Purpose)	A	IX
9A.56.120	Extortion 1	B	V
9A.32.055	Homicide by Abuse	A	XV
79A.60.050(a)	Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
79A.60.050(c)	Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
79A.60.050(b)	Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1 (Victim under the Age of 14)	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2 (Victim under the Age of 14)	C	V
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9A.40.020	Kidnapping 1	A	X
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2	B	V
9A.40.030 & 9.94A.127	Kidnapping 2 with Sexual Motivation	A	V
9A.82.060(1)(a)	Leading Organized Crime	A	X
70.74.280(1)	Malicious Explosion 1	A	XV
70.74.280(2)	Malicious Explosion 2	A	XIII
70.74.270(1)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 1	A	XIII
9A.32.060	Manslaughter 1	A	XI
9A.32.070	Manslaughter 2	B	VIII
9A.32.030	Murder 1	A	XV

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.32.050	Murder 2	A	XIV
9A.88.070	Promoting Prostitution 1	B	VIII
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.56.200	Robbery 1	A	IX
9A.56.210	Robbery 2	B	IV
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9A.76.115	Sexually Violent Predator Escape	A	X
9.82.010	Treason	A	Unranked
9.41.225	Use of Machine Gun in Commission of Felony	A	VII
46.61.522(1)(a),(b)	Vehicular Assault, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	B	IV
46.61.520(1)(a)	Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
46.61.520(1)(c)	Vehicular Homicide by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
46.61.520(1)(b)	Vehicular Homicide by the Operation of any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
	Any criminal solicitation or criminal conspiracy to commit a Class A offense		
	Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a Most Serious Offense		
	Any felony attempt to commit any Most Serious Offense		
	Any other Class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation		
	Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under 9.94A.125		

APPENDIX B (PART 6)

REPORTABLE OFFENSES UNDER RCW 9.94A.480

REPORTABLE OFFENSES UNDER RCW 9.94A.480

RCW 9.94A.480 requires the Sentencing Commission to compile a record of each Superior Court judge's sentences for the offenses listed in this table. The Commission is required to publish an annual report comparing these sentences to the standard range.

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
10.95.020	Aggravated Murder 1	A	XVI
9A.48.020	Arson 1	A	VIII
9A.48.030	Arson 2	B	IV
9A.36.011	Assault 1	A	XII
9A.36.021	Assault 2	B	IV
9A.36.120	Assault of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.36.130	Assault of a Child 2	B	IX
9A.76.170(2)(a)	Bail Jump with Murder 1 Offense	A	VI
9A.52.020	Burglary 1	A	VII
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
69.50.415	Controlled Substance Homicide	B	IX
9A.36.045	Drive-by Shooting	B	VII
70.74.180	Explosive Devices Prohibited (Possession of Explosive Device for Unlawful Purpose)	A	IX
9A.56.120	Extortion 1	B	V
9A.32.055	Homicide by Abuse	A	XV
79A.60.050(a)	Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
79A.60.050(c)	Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
79A.60.050(b)	Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1 (Victim under the Age of 14)	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2 (Victim under the Age of 14)	C	V
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9A.40.020	Kidnapping 1	A	X
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2	B	V
9A.82.060(1)(a)	Leading Organized Crime	A	X
9.41.190	Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/Rifle Possession Prohibited	C	III
70.74.280(1)	Malicious Explosion 1	A	XV
70.74.280(2)	Malicious Explosion 2	A	XIII
70.74.270(1)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 1	A	XIII

FELONY INDEX OF NONVIOLENT OFFENSES (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.32.060	Manslaughter 1	A	XI
9A.32.070	Manslaughter 2	B	VIII
9A.32.030	Murder 1	A	XV
9A.32.050	Murder 2	A	XIV
9A.56.310	Possession of a Stolen Firearm	B	V
9A.88.070	Promoting Prostitution 1	B	VIII
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.56.200	Robbery 1	A	IX
9A.56.210	Robbery 2	B	IV
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9A.76.115	Sexually Violent Predator Escape	A	X
9A.56.300	Theft of a Firearm	B	VI
9.82.010	Treason	A	Unranked
9.41.040(1)(a)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1	B	VII
9.41.040(1)(b)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2	C	III
9.41.225	Use of Machine Gun in Commission of Felony	A	VII
46.61.522(1)(a),(b)	Vehicular Assault, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	B	IV
46.61.520(1)(a)	Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
46.61.520(1)(c)	Vehicular Homicide by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
46.61.520(1)(b)	Vehicular Homicide by the Operation of any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
	Any criminal solicitation or criminal conspiracy to commit a Class A offense		
	Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a Most Serious Offense		
	Any felony attempt to commit any Most Serious Offense		
	Any other Class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation		
	Any other felony with a deadly weapon enhancement under RCW 9.94A.510(3) or (4), or both		
	Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under 9.94A.602		

APPENDIX B (PART 7)
FELONY INDEX BY RCW

FELONY INDEX BY RCW

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
2.48.180(3)	Unlawful Practice of Law (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
9.02.120	Unauthorized Abortion	C	Unranked
9.05.030	Assembly of Saboteurs	B	Unranked
9.05.060	Criminal Sabotage	B	Unranked
9.08.090	Crimes Against Animal Facilities	C	Unranked
9.16.010	Removing Lawful Brands	C	Unranked
9.16.020	Imitating Lawful Brands	C	Unranked
9.16.035(3)	Counterfeiting – 3 rd Conviction and Value Greater than \$10,000	C	II
9.16.035(4)	Counterfeiting – Endangering Public Health and Safety	C	IV
9.24.020	Fraudulent Issue of Stock, etc.	B	Unranked
9.24.030	Insolvent Bank Receiving Deposit	B	Unranked
9.24.050	False Report of Corporation	B	Unranked
9.26A.110	Fraud in Obtaining Telecommunications Services, \$250+	C	Unranked
9.35.010	Improperly Obtaining Financial Information	C	II
9.35.020(2)(a)	Identity Theft 1	B	IV
9.35.020(2)(b)	Identity Theft 2	C	II
9.38.060	Digital Signatures Fraud	C	Unranked
9.40.100(2)	Tampering with Fire Alarm, Emergency Signal, or Fire-fighting Equipment with Intent to Commit Arson	B	Unranked
9.40.120	Possession of Incendiary Device	B	III
9.41.040(1)(a)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1	B	VII
9.41.040(1)(b)	Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2	C	III
9.41.040(6)	Possession of a Firearm by Person Under Court Order for Mental Illness Treatment	C	Unranked
9.41.080	Delivery of Firearms to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
9.41.110(8)	Delivery of Firearm by Dealer to Ineligible Person	C	Unranked
9.41.170	Alien Possession of a Firearm Without an Alien Firearm License	C	Unranked
9.41.190	Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/Rifle Possession Prohibited	C	III
9.41.190	Possession of a Machine Gun or Short-barreled Shotgun/Rifle	C	III
9.41.225	Use of Machine Gun in Commission of Felony	A	VII
9.45.020	Substitution of Child	B	Unranked
9.45.070	Mock Auction	C	Unranked
9.45.124	Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked
9.45.126	Inducing Fraud in Measurement of Goods	B	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9.45.160	Fraud in Liquor Warehouse Receipts	C	Unranked
9.45.210	Altering Sample or Certificate of Assay	B	Unranked
9.45.220	Making False Sample or Assay of Ore	B	Unranked
9.45.260	Unsafe Sprinkler Contractor Work	C	Unranked
9.46.160	Gambling Without License	B	Unranked
9.46.180	Causing Person to Violate Gambling Laws	B	Unranked
9.46.1961	Cheating 1	C	IV
9.46.215	Illegal Gambling Device	C	Unranked
9.46.215	Owning, Buying, etc., Gambling Devices or Records	C	Unranked
9.46.215	Possession of Gambling Device	C	Unranked
9.46.220	Professional Gambling 1	B	Unranked
9.46.221	Professional Gambling 2	C	Unranked
9.47.090	Maintaining a Bucket Shop	C	Unranked
9.47.120	Bunco Steering	B	Unranked
9.61.160	Bomb Threat	B	IV
9.61.160	Threats to Bomb	B	IV
9.61.230	Telephone Harassment (Subsequent Conviction or Threat of Death)	C	III
9.62.010	Malicious Prosecution	C	Unranked
9.68.060	Erotic Material (3 rd Offense)	B	Unranked
9.68.140	Promoting Pornography	C	Unranked
9.68A.040	Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	B	IX
9.68A.050	Dealing in Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9.68A.060	Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	VII
9.68A.070	Possession of Depictions of a Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct	C	Unranked
9.68A.090	Communication with Minor for Immoral Purposes (Subsequent Sex Offense)	C	III
9.68A.100	Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute	C	III
9.81.020	Subversive Acts	B	Unranked
9.81.030	Member Subversive Organization	C	Unranked
9.82.010	Treason	A	Unranked
9.82.030	Misprision of Treason	C	Unranked
9.91.170	Intentional Infliction or Injury or Death to a Guide Dog or Service Animal	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9.91.090	Fraudulent Destruction of Insured Property	B	Unranked
9.91.140(2),(3)	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps	C	I
9.94.020	Prison Riot	B	Unranked
9.94.030	Holding Hostages or Interfering with Officer's Duty	B	Unranked
9.94.040	Possession of Weapons by Prisoners	B	Unranked
9.94.041	Possession of Controlled Substance by Prisoners	C	Unranked
9.94.043	Possession of Weapons in Prison by Non-prisoner	B	Unranked
9.94.045	Possession of Controlled Substance in Prison by Non-prisoner	C	Unranked
9.94.070	Persistent Prison Misbehavior	C	V
9A.32.030	Murder 1	A	XV
9A.32.050	Murder 2	A	XIV
9A.32.055	Homicide by Abuse	A	XV
9A.32.060	Manslaughter 1	A	XI
9A.32.070	Manslaughter 2	B	VIII
9A.36.011	Assault 1	A	XII
9A.36.021	Assault 2	B	IV
9A.36.031	Assault 3	C	III
9A.36.045	Drive-by Shooting	B	VII
9A.36.060	Promoting a Suicide Attempt	C	Unranked
9A.36.080	Malicious Harassment	C	IV
9A.36.090	Threats Against Governor or Family	C	Unranked
9A.36.100	Custodial Assault	C	III
9A.36.120	Assault of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.36.130	Assault of a Child 2	B	IX
9A.36.140	Assault of a Child 3	C	III
9A.40.020	Kidnapping 1	A	X
9A.40.030	Kidnapping 2	B	V
9A.40.040	Unlawful Imprisonment	C	III
9A.40.060	Custodial Interference 1	C	Unranked
9A.40.070	Custodial Interference 2 (Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
9A.40.090	Luring of a Child or Developmentally Disabled Person	C	Unranked
9A.42.020	Criminal Mistreatment 1	B	V
9A.42.030	Criminal Mistreatment 2	C	III
9A.42.060	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 1	B	V
9A.42.070	Abandonment of Dependent Persons 2	C	III

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.42.100	Endangerment With a Controlled Substance	B	IV
9A.44.040	Rape 1	A	XII
9A.44.050	Rape 2	A	XI
9A.44.060	Rape 3	C	V
9A.44.073	Rape of a Child 1	A	XII
9A.44.076	Rape of a Child 2	A	XI
9A.44.079	Rape of a Child 3	C	VI
9A.44.083	Child Molestation 1	A	X
9A.44.086	Child Molestation 2	B	VII
9A.44.089	Child Molestation 3	C	V
9A.44.093	Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1	C	V
9A.44.100(1)(a)	Indecent Liberties (with Forcible Compulsion)	A	X
9A.44.100(1)(b),(c)	Indecent Liberties (without Forcible Compulsion)	B	VII
9A.44.105	Sexually Violating Human Remains	C	V
9A.44.115	Voyeurism	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(10)	Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	C	Unranked
9A.44.130(11)	Failure to Register as a Kidnapping Offender	C	Unranked
9A.44.160	Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1	C	V
9A.46.020(2)	Harassment (Subsequent Violation or Deadly Threat Made)	C	III
9A.46.110	Stalking	C	V
9A.46.120	Criminal Gang Intimidation	C	III
9A.48.020	Arson 1	A	VIII
9A.48.030	Arson 2	B	IV
9A.48.040	Reckless Burning 1	C	I
9A.48.070	Malicious Mischief 1	B	II
9A.48.080	Malicious Mischief 2	C	I
9A.48.120	Civil Disorder Training	B	VII
9A.49.020	Unlawful Discharge of a Laser 1	C	Unranked
9A.52.020	Burglary 1	A	VII
9A.52.025	Residential Burglary	B	IV
9A.52.030	Burglary 2	B	III
9A.52.095	Vehicle Prowl 1	C	I
9A.52.110	Computer Trespass 1	C	II
9A.56.030	Theft 1	B	II
9A.56.040	Theft 2	C	I

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.56.060	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts	C	I
9A.56.070(1)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1	B	V
9A.56.070(2)	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2	C	I
9A.56.080(1)	Theft of Livestock 1	B	IV
9A.56.080(2)	Theft of Livestock 2	C	III
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$1,500 dollars or more)	B	II
9A.56.096(4)	Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (valued at \$250 dollars or more but less than \$1,500)	C	I
9A.56.120	Extortion 1	B	V
9A.56.130	Extortion 2	C	III
9A.56.150	Possession of Stolen Property 1	B	II
9A.56.160	Possession of Stolen Property 2	C	I
9A.56.200	Robbery 1	A	IX
9A.56.210	Robbery 2	B	IV
9A.56.230	Unlawful Sale of Subscription Television Services	C	Unranked
9A.56.262	Theft of Telecommunication Service	C	Unranked
9A.56.264	Unlawful Manufacture of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked
9A.56.266	Unlawful Sale of a Telecommunication Device	C	Unranked
9A.56.290	Factoring of Credit Card Transactions	C	Unranked
9A.56.300	Theft of a Firearm	B	VI
9A.56.310	Possession of a Stolen Firearm	B	V
9A.60.020	Forgery	C	I
9A.60.030	Obtaining Signature by Deception or Duress	C	Unranked
9A.61.030	Defrauding a Public Utility 1	B	Unranked
9A.61.040	Defrauding a Public Utility 2	C	Unranked
9A.64.010	Bigamy	C	Unranked
9A.64.020(1)	Incest 1	B	VI
9A.64.020(2)	Incest 2	C	V
9A.64.030	Child Selling or Buying	C	Unranked
9A.68.010	Bribery	B	VI
9A.68.020	Requesting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.68.030	Receiving or Granting Unlawful Compensation	C	Unranked
9A.68.040	Trading in Public Office	C	Unranked
9A.68.050	Trading in Special Influence	C	Unranked
9A.68.060	Commercial Bribery	B	IV

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.72.020	Perjury 1	B	V
9A.72.030	Perjury 2	C	III
9A.72.090	Bribing a Witness	B	IV
9A.72.100	Bribe Received by Witness	B	IV
9A.72.110	Intimidating a Witness	B	VI
9A.72.120	Tampering with a Witness	C	III
9A.72.130	Intimidating a Juror	B	VI
9A.72.160	Intimidating a Judge	B	VI
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer	C	Unranked
9A.76.023	Disarming a Law Enforcement or Corrections Officer and Firearm is Discharged	B	Unranked
9A.76.070	Rendering Criminal Assistance 1	C	V
9A.76.110	Escape 1	B	IV
9A.76.115	Sexually Violent Predator Escape	A	X
9A.76.120	Escape 2	C	III
9A.76.140	Introducing Contraband 1	B	VII
9A.76.150	Introducing Contraband 2	C	III
9A.76.170(2)(a)	Bail Jump with Murder 1 Offense	A	VI
9A.76.170(2)(b)	Bail Jump with Class A Offense	B	V
9A.76.170(2)(c)	Bail Jump with Class B or C Offense	C	III
9A.76.180	Intimidating a Public Servant	B	III
9A.76.200	Harming a Police Dog or an Accelerate Detection Dog	C	Unranked
9A.82.020	Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
9A.82.030	Advancing Money or Property for Extortionate Extension of Credit	B	V
9A.82.040	Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit	B	V
9A.82.050(1)	Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property	C	III
9A.82.050(1)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 2	C	III
9A.82.050(2)	Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property	B	IV
9A.82.050(2)	Trafficking in Stolen Property 1	B	IV
9A.82.060(1)(a)	Leading Organized Crime	A	X
9A.82.060(1)(b)	Inciting Criminal Profiteering	B	IX
9A.82.070	Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event	C	IV
9A.82.080(1),(2)	Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering	B	IV
9A.83.020	Money Laundering	B	Unranked
9A.84.010	Riot	C	Unranked
9A.88.010	Indecent Exposure to Person Under 14 (Subsequent Offense)	C	IV

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
9A.88.070	Promoting Prostitution 1	B	VIII
9A.88.080	Promoting Prostitution 2	C	III
10.19.130	Failure to Appear after Release on Recognizance	C	Unranked
10.66.090	Willfully Disobeys Order to Remain Outside "Protected Against Drug Trafficking Area" (School Area or Subsequent Violation)	C	Unranked
10.95.020	Aggravated Murder 1	A	XVI
16.08.100(2)	Dangerous Dog Attacks Person or Another Domestic Animal (Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
16.08.100(3)	Owner of Dog that Attacks	C	Unranked
16.08.100(4)	Entering Dog in a Dog Fight	C	Unranked
16.49A.360	Bribe Received by/Offering to Meat Inspector	C	Unranked
16.52.205	Animal Cruelty 1	C	Unranked
18.04.370	Unlawful Use of a Professional Title	C	Unranked
18.130.190(7)	Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
19.210.040	Unused Property, Merchants –Prohibited Sales, 3 rd or Subsequent Offense within 5 Years	C	Unranked
19.110.050	Registration Knowingly Not Obtained Prior to Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
19.110.070	Disclosures Knowingly Not Provided at Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
19.110.120	Misleading/Untrue Statements Made During Sale of Business Opportunity	B	Unranked
19.116.080	Unlawful Subleasing of Motor Vehicle	C	Unranked
19.142.080	Failure to Use Trust Account /Furnish Bond for Health Studio	C	Unranked
19.146.110	Failure to Use a Trust Account	C	Unranked
19.158.160	Commercial Telephone Solicitor Deception	C	Unranked
19.25.020(2)(a)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 1,000 Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked
19.25.020(2)(b)	Reproduction of Sound Recordings Without Consent of Owner - Recording Fixed Before 2/15/1972 - (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings)	C	Unranked
19.25.030(2)(a)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 1,000 Recordings or More than 100 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recordings or Subsequent Offense)	B	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
19.25.030(2)(b)	Use of Recording of Live Performance Without Consent of Owner (More than 100 and up to 999 Recordings or More than 10 and up to 99 Unauthorized Audiovisual Recording or Subsequent Offense)	C	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(a)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (100 or More Recordings or Subsequent Conviction)	B	Unranked
19.25.040(2)(b)	Failure to Disclose Origin of Certain Recordings (More than 10 and up to 99 Recordings)	C	Unranked
19.48.110	Defrauding an Innkeeper, Amount Greater than \$75.00	B	Unranked
19.48.110	Obtaining Accommodations by Fraud	B	Unranked
20.01.460	Commission Merchant, Dealer, Cash Buyer Without License	C	Unranked
21.20.400	Securities Act Violation	B	III
26.20.030	Family Abandonment	C	Unranked
26.50.110	Domestic Violence Court Order Violation	C	V
26.52.070(3),(4)	Violation of a Foreign Protection Order	C	Unranked
27.44.040	Disturbing Indian Graves	C	Unranked
29.04.120	Misuse of Registered Voter Data Tapes	C	Unranked
29.07.410	Voter Violation of Registration Law	C	Unranked
29.15.100	Duplication of, Use of Nonexistent or Untrue Names	B	Unranked
29.15.110	Duplication of Names - Conspiracy	B	Unranked
29.36.160	Voting Violation – Mail Ballot	C	Unranked
29.36.160	Absentee Voting Violation	C	Unranked
29.79.440	Initiative and Referendum - Violation	C	Unranked
29.82.170	Recall (Violation by Signer)	B	Unranked
29.85.060	Intimidate, Influence or Bribe an Elector	C	Unranked
29.85.100	Fraud in Certification of Nomination or Ballot	C	Unranked
29.85.110	Election Law Violations	C	Unranked
29.85.240	Unqualified Person Voting	C	Unranked
29.85.260	Voting Machine - Tampering or Extra Keys	C	Unranked
30.12.090	Bank or Trust Company/False Entry, Statements, etc.	B	Unranked
30.12.100	Bank or Trust Company/Destroy or Secrete Records	B	Unranked
30.12.120	Loan to Officer or Employee from Trust Fund	B	Unranked
30.44.110	Preference Prohibited - Bank or Trust Company	B	Unranked
30.44.120	Bank or Trust Company/Receiving Deposits When Insolvent	B	Unranked
31.12.724	Fraudulently Receiving Credit Union Deposit	B	Unranked
31.12.724	Preferential Transfer of Credit Union Assets	B	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
32.04.100	Falsify Savings Books, etc.	B	Unranked
32.04.110	Conceal or Destroy Evidence by Savings Bank	B	Unranked
32.24.080	Transfer Mutual Savings Bank Assets When Insolvent	B	Unranked
33.36.030	Preference in Case of Insolvency - Savings Bank	C	Unranked
33.36.040	Falsify Savings and Loan Association Books	C	Unranked
33.36.060	Suppress, Secrete or Destroy Evidence or Records	C	Unranked
36.18.140	Embezzle County Funds - Fail to Pay Treasurer	C	Unranked
39.44.101	Facsimile Signatures on Bonds and Coupons	B	Unranked
39.62.040	Unauthorized Use of Public Official Facsimile Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
40.16.010	Injury to a Public Record	C	Unranked
40.16.020	Injury to and Misappropriation of Public Record by Officer	B	Unranked
40.16.030	Offering False Instrument for Filing or Record	C	Unranked
42.20.070	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Public	B	Unranked
42.20.090	Misappropriating and Falsifying Accounts by Treasurer	C	Unranked
42.24.100	False Claim from Municipal Corporation (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
43.06.230	Destroy, Damage Property or Cause Personal Injury after Emergency Proclaimed	B	Unranked
43.08.140	Embezzlement by State Treasurer	B	Unranked
46.12.075	Remove Marking Inscribed by WSP on Rebuilt Vehicles	C	Unranked
46.12.210	False Statement or Illegal Transfer of Motor Vehicle Ownership	B	Unranked
46.12.215	Sale or Convey a Vehicle Certificate of Ownership Except in Conjunction with the Sale or Transfer of the Vehicle	C	Unranked
46.12.220	Alteration or Forgery - Motor Vehicle Title	B	Unranked
46.52.020(4)(a)	Hit and Run - Death	B	IX
46.52.020(4)(b)	Hit and Run - Injury	C	IV
46.52.130	Abstracts of Driving Records – Intentional Misuse	C	Unranked
46.61.024	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle	C	I
46.61.520(1)(a)	Vehicular Homicide by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
46.61.520(1)(b)	Vehicular Homicide by the Operation of any Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
46.61.520(1)(c)	Vehicular Homicide by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
46.61.522(1)(a),(b)	Vehicular Assault, by Being Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug, or by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle in a Reckless Manner	B	IV

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
46.61.522(1)(c)	Vehicular Assault, by the Operation or Driving of a Vehicle with Disregard for the Safety of Others	B	III
46.70.180(5)	Odometer Offense	C	Unranked
46.80.020	Unlawful to Engage in Business of Wrecking Vehicles Without a License	B	Unranked
48.06.190	Insurance Fraud, False Accounts of Insurer	B	Unranked
48.30.190	Illegal Dealing in Premiums	B	Unranked
48.30.220	Willful Destruction, Injury, Secretion, etc., of Insured Property	C	Unranked
48.30.230	False Insurance Claims in Excess of \$1,500	C	Unranked
48.30A.015	Trafficking in Insurance Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
48.80.030	Health Care False Claims (Subsequent Violation)	C	II
49.12.410	Child Labor Law Violation - Death/Disability	C	Unranked
51.48.015	Employer Knowingly Reports False Information Regarding Payroll	C	Unranked
51.48.020(1)	Evading Industrial Insurance Premiums	C	Unranked
51.48.020(2)	False Information in Industrial Insurance Claim	B	Unranked
51.48.103(2)	Engaging in Business after Revocation	C	Unranked
65.12.730	Certification of Land Registration Subject to Larceny	B	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 1)	B	Unranked
65.12.740	False Swearing - Registration of Land Title (Charged as Perjury 2)	C	Unranked
65.12.750	Fraudulent Procurement or False Entry on Registration	C	Unranked
65.12.760	Forgery of Registrar's Signature or Seal	B	Unranked
66.44.120	Unlawful Use of Liquor Board Seal (3rd Offense)	C	Unranked
67.24.010	Fraud in Sporting Contest	C	Unranked
67.70.130	Lottery Fraud	B	Unranked
68.50.140	Opening Graves, Removing Personal Effects, Removing or Receiving Human Remains	C	Unranked
68.50.145	Removing Human Remains	C	Unranked
68.60.040	Destruction of Tomb, Plot, Marker, Enclosure, or Cemetery Property	C	Unranked
69.40.020	Poison in Milk or Food Product	C	Unranked
69.40.030	Placing Poison or Other Harmful Object or Substance in Food, Drinks, Medicine or Water	B	Unranked
69.41.020	Forged Prescription (Legend Drug)	B	I

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.41.030	Sale, Delivery, or Possession of Legend Drug Without Prescription or Order	B	Unranked
69.41.040	Illegal Issuance of Legend Drug Prescription	B	Unranked
69.41.070(8)(b)	Possession of Steroids in Excess of 200 tablets or eight 2cc Bottles, Without a Valid Prescription	C	Unranked
69.43.070	Sale or Receipt of Precursor Drugs	B	Unranked
69.43.070(1)	Unlawful Delivery of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
69.43.070(2)	Unlawful Receipt of Substance with Intent to Use	B	Unranked
69.43.080	False Statement in Report of Precursor Drugs	C	Unranked
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (Except When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Heroin or Cocaine (When the Offender has a Criminal History in This State or any Other State that Includes a Sex Offense or Serious Violent Offense or the Washington Equivalent)	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(i)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule I and II (Except Heroin or Cocaine) or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	B	VI
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Delivery or Possession with Intent to Deliver Methamphetamine	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	X
69.50.401(a)(1)(ii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Amphetamine	B	VIII
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Marijuana	C	III
69.50.401(a)(1)(iii-v)	Manufacture, Deliver, or Possess with Intent to Deliver Narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or Nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except Marijuana, Amphetamine, Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam)	C	IV
69.50.401(b)(1)(i)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance - Schedule I or II Narcotic	B	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(ii)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance - Methamphetamine	B	II
69.50.401(b)(1)(iii-v)	Create, Deliver, or Possess a Counterfeit Controlled Substance - Schedule III-V Narcotic or Schedule I-V Nonnarcotic	C	II
69.50.401(c)	Delivery of Material in Lieu of a Controlled Substance	C	III

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III-V or Nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V (Except Phencyclidine or Flunitrazepam)	C	I
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Controlled Substance that is either Heroin or Narcotics from Schedule I or II or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV	C	II
69.50.401(d)	Possession of Phencyclidine (PCP)	C	II
69.50.401(f)	Involving a Minor in Drug Dealing	C	VII
69.50.402	Dispensing Violation (VUCSA)	C	Unranked
69.50.402(a)(6)	Maintaining a Dwelling for Controlled Substances	C	III
69.50.403	Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance	C	I
69.50.403	Obtain Controlled Substance by Fraud or Forged Prescription	C	I
69.50.403	Utter False or Forged Prescription	C	I
69.50.406	Over 18 and Deliver Heroin, Methamphetamine, a Narcotic from Schedule I or II, or Flunitrazepam from Schedule IV to Someone Under 18	B	X
69.50.406	Over 18 and Deliver Narcotic from Schedule III-V, or a Nonnarcotic, except Flunitrazepam, from Schedule I-V to Someone Under 18 and 3 Years Junior	C	IX
69.50.410	Selling for Profit (Controlled or Counterfeit) any Controlled Substance	C	VIII
69.50.415	Controlled Substance Homicide	B	IX
69.50.416	Controlled Substance Label Violation	C	Unranked
69.50.440	Possession of Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine or Anhydrous Ammonia with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine	B	VIII
69.51A.060	Medical Marijuana Fraudulent Records	C	Unranked
69.52.030(1)	Manufacture, Distribute, or Possess with Intent to Distribute Imitation Controlled Substance	C	III
69.52.030(2)	Delivery of Imitation Controlled Substance by Person 18 or Over to Person Under 18	B	V
69.53.010	Unlawful Use of Building for Drug Purposes - Owner or Manager Knowingly Leases or Rents	C	III
69.53.020	Unlawful Fortification of Building for Drug Purposes	C	Unranked
69.53.030	Unlawful Use of Fortified Building	C	Unranked
69.55.010	Theft of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VIII
69.55.020	Unlawful Storage of Anhydrous Ammonia	C	VI
70.105.085(1)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place Another Person in Danger of Injury or Death	B	Unranked
70.105.085(2)	Hazardous Waste Management, Knowingly Place	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
	Another Person's Property in Danger of Harm		
70.74.022(1)	Explosive Device Activities Without License	C	Unranked
70.74.180	Explosive Devices Prohibited (Possession of Explosive Device for Unlawful Purpose)	A	IX
70.74.270(1)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 1	A	XIII
70.74.270(2)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 2	B	IX
70.74.270(3)	Malicious Placement of Explosives 3	B	VII
70.74.272(1)(a)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 1	B	XII
70.74.272(1)(b)	Malicious Placement of Imitation Device 2	C	VI
70.74.275	Intimidation with an Explosive	C	Unranked
70.74.280(1)	Malicious Explosion 1	A	XV
70.74.280(2)	Malicious Explosion 2	A	XIII
70.74.280(3)	Malicious Explosion 3	B	X
72.09.310	Escape from Community Custody	C	II
72.23.170	Assist Escape of Mental Patient	C	Unranked
72.23.300	Bringing Narcotics, Liquor, or Weapons into Institution or Grounds	B	Unranked
74.08.055	False Verification for Welfare	B	I
74.09.230	False Statement for Medical Assistance	C	Unranked
75.10.190	Food Fish/Shellfish - Commercial Violation	C	Unranked
76.36.120	Forgery of Forest Product Mark	B	Unranked
76.48.120	Forged, False, Stolen Specialized Forest Products Permit, Sales Invoice, Bill of Lading, etc.	C	Unranked
77.15.120	Unlawful Taking of Endangered Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.250	Unlawful Release of Deleterious Exotic Wildlife	C	Unranked
77.15.260	Unlawful Trafficking in Fish or Wildlife in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.410	Unlawful Hunting of Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.450	Spotlighting Big Game in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.500	Commercial Fishing Without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.530	Unlawful Use of a Nondesignated Vessel	C	Unranked
77.15.550	Violating Commercial Fishing Area or Time in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.570	Unlawful for a Person who is not a Treaty Indian Fisherman to take Fish or Shellfish in a Treaty Indian Fishery with the Intent of Acting for Commercial Purposes	C	Unranked
77.15.580	Unlawful Use of Nets to Take Fish in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.620	Engaging in Fish Dealing Activity without a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked

FELONY INDEX BY RCW (continued)

Statute (RCW)	Offense	Class	Seriousness Level
77.15.630	Unlawful Use of Fish Buying and Dealing License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.650	Unlawful Purchase or Use of a License in the First Degree	C	Unranked
77.15.670	Violating a Suspension of Department Privileges	C	Unranked
79A.60.050(a)	Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or any Drug	A	IX
79A.60.050(b)	Homicide by Watercraft, by the Operation of any Vessel in a Reckless Manner	A	VIII
79A.60.050(c)	Homicide by Watercraft, by Disregard for the Safety of Others	A	VII
79A.60.060	Assault by Watercraft	B	IV
79A.60.200(3)	Hit and Run with Vessel; Injury Accident	C	IV
81.60.070	Malicious Injury to Railroad Property	B	III
81.60.080	Sabotaging Rolling Stock	C	Unranked
82.24.100	Forgery or Counterfeit Cigarette Tax Stamp	B	Unranked
82.24.110(2)	Cigarette Transportation Unlawfully	C	Unranked
82.32.290(2)	False Statement to Department of Revenue	C	Unranked
82.36.380	Fuel Tax Evasion	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Attempting to Elude Pursuing Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
88.12.045	Eluding a Law Enforcement Vessel	C	Unranked
88.46.080	Unlawful Operation of a Covered Vessel	C	Unranked
90.56.300	Unlawful Operation of Onshore or Offshore Facility (Subsequent Conviction)	C	Unranked
90.56.530	Reckless Operation of a Tank Vessel	C	Unranked
90.56.540	Operating Covered Vessel While Under the Influence of Liquor or Drugs (Pilotage Act)	C	Unranked

APPENDIX C

SENTENCING GRIDS

**APPENDIX D - GRID A
SENTENCING GRID
FOR CRIMES COMMITTED BEFORE JULY 1, 1990**

SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
XIV	Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty									
XIII	23y 4m 240 - 320	24y 4m 250 - 333	25y 4m 261 - 347	26y 4m 271 - 361	27y 4m 281 - 374	28y 4m 291 - 388	30y 4m 312 - 416	32y 10m 338 - 450	36y 370 - 493	40y 411 - 548
XII	12y 123 - 164	13y 134 - 178	14y 144 - 192	15y 154 - 205	16y 165 - 219	17y 175 - 233	19y 195 - 260	21y 216 - 288	25y 257 - 342	29y 298 - 397
XI	6y 62 - 82	6y 9m 69 - 92	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 3m 85 - 113	9y 93 - 123	9y 9m 100 - 133	12y 6m 129 - 171	13y 6m 139 - 185	15y 6m 159 - 212	17y 6m 180 - 240
X	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 62 - 82	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 72 - 96	7y 6m 77 - 102	9y 6m 98 - 130	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171	14y 6m 149 - 198
IX	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171
VIII	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144
VII	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116
VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
V	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
IV	6m 3 - 9	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
III	2m 1 - 3	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 - 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
II	0 - 90 Days	4m 2 - 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
I	0 - 60 Days	0 - 90 Days	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 - 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29

**APPENDIX D - GRID B
SENTENCING GRID
FOR CRIMES COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 1990 AND BEFORE JULY 27, 1997**

SERIOUSNESS LEVEL	OFFENDER SCORE									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
XV	Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty									
XIV	23y 4m 240 - 320	24y 4m 250 - 333	25y 4m 261 - 347	26y 4m 271 - 361	27y 4m 281 - 374	28y 4m 291 - 388	30y 4m 312 - 416	32y 10m 338 - 450	36y 370 - 493	40y 411 - 548
XIII	12y 123 - 164	13y 134 - 178	14y 144 - 192	15y 154 - 205	16y 165 - 219	17y 175 - 233	19y 195 - 260	21y 216 - 288	25y 257 - 342	29y 298 - 397
XII	9y 93 - 123	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 8m 120 - 160	12y 6m 129 - 171	13y 5m 138 - 184	15y 9m 162 - 216	17y 3m 178 - 236	20y 3m 209 - 277	23y 3m 240 - 318
XI	7y 6m 78 - 102	8y 4m 86 - 114	9y 2m 95 - 125	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 7m 120 - 158	14y 2m 146 - 194	15y 5m 159 - 211	17y 11m 185 - 245	20y 5m 210 - 280
X	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 62 - 82	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 72 - 96	7y 6m 77 - 102	9y 6m 98 - 130	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171	14y 6m 149 - 198
IX	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171
VIII	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144
VII	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116
VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
V	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
IV	6m 3 - 9	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
III	2m 1 - 3	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 - 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
II	0 - 90 Days	4m 2 - 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
I	0 - 60 Days	0 - 90 Days	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 - 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29

**APPENDIX D - GRID C
SENTENCING GRID**

FOR CRIMES COMMITTED AFTER JULY 26, 1997 AND BEFORE JULY 25, 1999

**SERIOUSNESS
LEVEL**

OFFENDER SCORE

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more
XV	Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty									
XIV	23y 4m 240 - 320	24y 4m 250 - 333	25y 4m 261 - 347	26y 4m 271 - 361	27y 4m 281 - 374	28y 4m 291 - 388	30y 4m 312 - 416	32y 10m 338 - 450	36y 370 - 493	40y 411 - 548
XIII	14y 4m 123 - 220	15y 4m 134 - 234	16y 2m 144 - 244	17y 154 - 254	17y 11m 165 - 265	18y 9m 175 - 275	20y 5m 195 - 295	22y 2m 216 - 316	25y 7m 257 - 357	29y 298 - 397
XII	9y 93 - 123	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 8m 120 - 160	12y 6m 129 - 171	13y 5m 138 - 184	15y 9m 162 - 216	17y 3m 178 - 236	20y 3m 209 - 277	23y 3m 240 - 318
XI	7y 6m 78 - 102	8y 4m 86 - 114	9y 2m 95 - 125	9y 11m 102 - 136	10y 9m 111 - 147	11y 7m 120 - 158	14y 2m 146 - 194	15y 5m 159 - 211	17y 11m 185 - 245	20y 5m 210 - 280
X	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 62 - 82	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 72 - 96	7y 6m 77 - 102	9y 6m 98 - 130	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171	14y 6m 149 - 198
IX	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 51 - 68	5y 6m 57 - 75	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144	12y 6m 129 - 171
VIII	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	4y 6m 46 - 61	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116	10y 6m 108 - 144
VII	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 41 - 54	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102	8y 6m 87 - 116
VI	13m 12+ - 14	18m 15 - 20	2y 21 - 27	2y 6m 26 - 34	3y 31 - 41	3y 6m 36 - 48	4y 6m 46 - 61	5y 6m 57 - 75	6y 6m 67 - 89	7y 6m 77 - 102
V	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 41 - 54	5y 51 - 68	6y 62 - 82	7y 72 - 96
IV	6m 3 - 9	9m 6 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	15m 13 - 17	18m 15 - 20	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 2m 53 - 70	6y 2m 63 - 84
III	2m 1 - 3	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	11m 9 - 12	14m 12+ - 16	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57	5y 51 - 68
II	0 - 90 Days	4m 2 - 6	6m 3 - 9	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29	3y 2m 33 - 43	4y 2m 43 - 57
I	0 - 60 Days	0 - 90 Days	3m 2 - 5	4m 2 - 6	5m 3 - 8	8m 4 - 12	13m 12+ - 14	16m 14 - 18	20m 17 - 22	2y 2m 22 - 29